"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, colder today; tomorrow fair; west to northwest winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,200. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1918. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

ALLIES FIX TERMS THAT GERMANY MUST TAKE; AUSTRIA HAS MADE A COMPLETE SURRENDER; HER ARMY BROKEN, 300,000 MEN CAPTURED; HAIG CAPTURES 10,000; OUR MEN NEAR SEDAN

REPORTS POINT TO A DEMOCRATIC VICTORY AT POLLS

Leaders Predict Senate Majority of from 10 to 12 and House from 15 to 30.

WAR EVENTS SEEN AS AID

McAdoo Urges Support of President—Babson for Antidote to Bolshevism.

HAYS PREDICTS VICTORY

Chairman Says Republicans Will Gain 7 Senators and at Least 26 Representatives.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Telegraphic reports received tonight from State Chairmen and others throughout the nation by the Democratic National Committee indicated that sentiment had been strongly crystallized in favor of the Democratic candidates for Congress by the publication of the armistice imposed on Austria-Hungary and the belief that Germany would accept terms that would weaken completely her military autocracy and thereby end the war.

Opinion expressed in these telegrams, many of which came from men of affairs only indifferently associated with political management, was that, with the war ended, the voters proposed to ignore their political leanings and support the Democratic candidates for Congress, so as to assure President Wilson that there would be nothing to disturb the successful completion of the peace negotiations started by him.

The reports were so thoroughly favorable that the Democratic leaders contended that the Democratic majority in both houses would be increased. Some of the Democratic managers asserted that the present majority of eight in the Senate would be increased to ten, and perhaps twelve.

In the Republican camp great gloom existed. It was admitted that the approaching end of the war was working to the great advantage of the Democrats, although hope was expressed that the voters would digest conditions and vote their convictions, which, they said, would assure the restoration of the House to the Republicans and the reduction of the Democratic majority in the Senate. Those leaders said that the reason for the President's appeal for a Democratic House disappeared with the signing of the armistice with Austria-Hungary and the expected imposition of similar terms upon Germany. In their opinion the President will be unhampered by the political complexion of the Senate, as, the way peace is moving now all negotiations will be concluded before the next Senate enters upon its duties on March 4 next.

Most Commanding Factor.

The issue as defined by the Democrats is a vote of confidence in the President and the election of a Congress that will not hinder the peace negotiations so successfully initiated. The supreme issue the Republicans are urging is preparation for commercial war after peace and the placing of the Republican Party in control to erect a protective tariff wall against cheap European goods.

The Democrats are confident that more than a majority of voters are interested in seeing the war ended, that mothers and fathers with boys abroad or in this country in camp will forget partisanship and vote for the candidates of the Democratic party, by so doing making certain that their sons will be returned safe and sound to this country. Of the determining factors in the election, this apparently is the biggest and most commanding one.

The Democrats say they have precedents to support their conclusion that the Democratic candidates will be victorious, as never in war time has the party in power been overthrown, and in most cases the majorities have been increased.

The great struggle centres around the election of members of the Senate in more than a third of the States. President Wilson and his advisers are especially anxious to retain control of the Senate, the treaty-making body, which will be called upon to ratify the peace treaty. If the Senate is lost to the Democrats there might be opposition to the negotiations with Germany, as Senator Lodge would become Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee. Mr. Lodge has announced his op-

Continued on Page Eight.

TONIGHT AT THE PLAZA
Election returns will be displayed in the restaurants. Dancing.—Advt.

Wilson Congratulates The King of Italy.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—President Wilson today sent the following message by cable to the King of Italy:

May I not say how deeply and sincerely the people of the United States rejoice that the soil of Italy is delivered from her enemies? In their name I send your Majesty and the great Italian people the most enthusiastic congratulations.

WOODROW WILSON.

Secretary Lansing, through Ambassador Sharp at Paris, today sent the following message to Baron Sonnino, Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs, now in Versailles, attending the sessions of the Supreme War Council:

At the moment of the complete victory of the Italian arms I take this means of conveying to you my most sincere congratulations. The Government of the United States admires the valor of the Italian armies and unites with the Italian nation in this hour of rejoicing and of triumph.

OUR BIG GUNS CUT GERMAN RAILWAY

Make Breach at Montmedy and Conflans While Pershing's Drive Progresses.

BITTER FIGHTING AT MEUSE

Three Days' Gains Total Fifteen Miles and Net an Immense Lot of Material.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 4, (8 P. M.)—German resistance to the onward sweep of the American First Army has developed, and late today it became apparent that the German command had effected a stand against our troops. In the afternoon bitter fighting developed along the Meuse south of Stenay, where the German Fifth Army sent up heavy reinforcements in order to prevent our crossing the river at all costs.

Despite stubborn resistance we pushed ahead on the centre some five kilometers, reaching the southern edge of Beaumont. Further west we took Verrières and pushed ahead for a good gain between Authe and Osches. From the stubborn resistance on the Meuse and at Beaumont, one may hazard a guess that the Germans intend to try to stop us on a line running from Stenay to Omont.

Attack East of Meuse.

East of the Meuse we attacked this morning and found heavily organized resistance in the Bois de la Grande Montagne and Bois des Caures. We took prisoners on both sides of the river.

Our progress has put us within small gun range of the German Longuyon-Sedan road at a distance of less than five miles. Today also came news that big guns in the vicinity of Verdun had cut this German highway at Montmedy and Conflans, and that the Germans were using a thirty-kilometer detour, going north to Carignan and coming back on the main line at Virton.

The cutting of the line at Montmedy throws out of commission a twenty-five-mile stretch of railway from Carignan to east of Montmedy, and the cutting of Conflans seriously hampers German communication to the front of the American Second Army.

Heavy Fighting Near Halles.

Near Halles our line moved forward this morning between Beaufort and Beauclair toward the Meuse, precipitating heavy fighting this afternoon. Fighting of the most

Continued on Page Three.

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE.
Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

HAIG WINS ON 30-MILE LINE

His Troops Advancing Everywhere From Scheldt to Oise.

AVERAGE GAIN IS 3 MILES

Many Towns and Half of the Formidable Mormal Forest Carried by Storm.

FRENCH ADVANCE TO SOUTH

Supplement British Operations by a Two-Mile Dash Across the Sambre Canal.

LONDON, Nov 4.—Attacking on a thirty-mile front between the Scheldt and the Oise-Sambre Canal today, with the French co-operating at their right, British troops broke deeply into the enemy positions and captured more than 10,000 Germans and 200 guns.

The British advance, in which troops of the First, Third and Fourth Armies participated, resulted in the capture of Landrecies, (south of Mormal Forest,) Catillon, and many smaller towns, and carried the line more than three miles to the east of the Oise-Sambre Canal.

North of the canal strong German positions in the great Mormal Forest have been taken, the British having penetrated to the centre of the wood.

Farther south the First French Army, under General Debeney, linking up with the British, forced a passage of the canal and advanced to an average depth of two miles beyond it, capturing several villages of strategic importance.

Three thousand prisoners and fifty cannon were captured in the French advance.

On the Argonne front the French occupied the south bank of the Ardennes Canal between Semuy and Le Chesne.

In Belgium King Albert's army has completed its task of forcing the Germans across the Terneuzen Canal, which runs northward from Ghent, and is close to the northwestern and southern suburbs of that city. South of Ghent the west bank of the Scheldt south of Zwynaerde (three miles south of Ghent) is in the hands of the Allies.

Haig Recounts the Day's Gains.

Following is the text of Field Marshal Haig's night bulletin on the day's fighting:

This morning troops of the Fourth, Third, and First British Armies attacked between the Sambre Canal, Oisy, and the River Scheldt north of Valenciennes. On the whole of this thirty-mile front troops from the United Kingdom and New Zealand have broken deeply into the enemy's positions. Over 10,000 prisoners and 200 guns are already reported captured.

On the right of the attack the 1st and 32d Divisions advanced to the assault in conjunction with French forces operating to the south of them. With great dash and gallantry these two divisions stormed the formidable obstacle presented by the line of the Sambre Canal and in spite of strong resistance from the enemy have pressed on to a depth of over three miles to the east of it.

In these operations the 1st Division, under command of General Strickland, having captured the town of Catillon, forced passages of the canal opposite that place and near the lock two miles to the south of it. At the latter point, assisted by Royal Engineers, the 1st Cameron Highlanders effected the passage of the canal in six minutes.

In its subsequent advance this division captured the villages of

Continued on Page Six.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

Vienna Rejoices at Peace; Expects to Get Food Now.

GENEVA, Nov. 4, (Associated Press.)—Vienna was delirious with joy when it learned that an armistice had been declared. The streets were soon crowded with men, women, and children, crying and embracing each other.

The general opinion is that food will follow peace.

The report that Emperor Charles has abdicated roused little interest. The Austrian press is attempting to calm the population, emphasizing the fact that the armistice terms are of a most severe nature and involve great sacrifices to the empire and the people.

FULLY APPROVE TRUCE TERMS

Conditions Imposed on Austria Win Hearty Approbation of Congressmen.

SEE PRESIDENT VINDICATED

Fruit of His Diplomacy, Says Ashurst—Poindexter Credits Military Commanders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Hearty approval of the terms imposed on Austria by the Allies in granting an armistice was expressed today by members of Congress.

Senator Smith, Democrat, of Georgia said:

"It is difficult to suggest how the terms could be more complete or more satisfactory. Austria is not only eliminated entirely as a belligerent, but the Allies take charge and will control, under the terms of the suspension of hostilities, all facilities which Austria affords for attack by water and land on Eastern Germany.

"Within thirty days the Allies can occupy large parts of Eastern Germany, attacking both by land and water. Germany cannot spare the men from the western front to resist the army of invasion on the eastern front, and the eastern front of Germany lacks the defensive preparation which exists on the western front. There is nothing left for Germany but to accept the terms fixed by the Allies.

"I have no doubt that any armistice granted Germany will place the control of Germany as thoroughly in the hands of the Allies as the terms given Austria placed Austria in their control.

"The victory will shortly be complete. Prussian militarism has ceased as a menace to any other nation of the world, and I cannot help adding how proud we have a right to be of the part our own country has had in bringing about this result."

Wilson's Diplomacy Fruitful.

Senator Ashurst, Democrat, of Arizona, said:

"The terms of the armistice imposed upon Austria show how fruitful President Wilson's diplomacy has been. What the stout swords of our soldiers and the soldiers of our allies have won Wilson has held with an iron grasp. This is further evidence that there is no other man in the world upon whom the sons of freedom may more confidently lean with security and trust than Woodrow Wilson.

"Turkey caves in, Bulgaria quits, Austria surrenders or perishes, and Germany will soon bite the dust in like manner.

"In Prague, ancient capital of the Czechoslovak nation, (Bohemia,) streets are being named for Wilson; in Italy Irredenta statues are being erected in his honor; only here in America is Wilson traduced and slandered.

"America has saved the civilization of the human race. All hail Woodrow Wilson, the Captain General of the armies of freedom and Admiral of the Seven Seas! But nothing Wilson can do will bring to him one note of just or generous praise from Roosevelt, Taft, Lodge, Smoot, Penrose, Watson, New, or any other of those 'stand-patters' whose blood is water and whose day is done. They have served Wilson as the copperheads served Lincoln."

Gives Credit to Commanders.

Senator Poindexter, Republican, of Washington, said:

"Those terms are sufficient. When acted upon Austria will be under the control of the Allies. The conditions of peace can then, in due time and after full consideration, be dictated by the great, enlightened, liberty-loving nations

Continued on Page Two.

For Influenza Convalescents—Imperial Granum, the Unsweetened Food. Digestible. Strengthening. Nourishing. Any Druggist 25 cts.—Advt.

AUSTRIAN ARMY DESTROYED

300,000 Prisoners and 5,000 Guns Captured Before the Truce.

63 DIVISIONS DEFEATED

Were Opposed to 51 Italian Divisions and About Six of Other Allied Troops.

ITALIANS NOW IN DALMATIA

Allied Squadrons Ready to Occupy All of Austria's Naval Bases in Adriatic.

ROME, Nov. 4.—Before the armistice went into effect at 3 o'clock this afternoon the Italian army had captured 300,000 Austrians and at least 5,000 guns, an official statement issued by the War Office tonight announced. The text follows:

The war against Austria-Hungary which, under the high guidance of the King, the supreme leader of the Italian Army, inferior in numbers and material, began the 24th of May, 1915, and which, with unbending faith and tenacious valor has been conducted uninterruptedly and bitterly for forty-one months, has been won.

The gigantic battle engaged in on the 24th of October, in which fifty-one Italian divisions, and three British, two French, one Czechoslovak, and one American regiment participated against sixty-three Austro-Hungarian divisions, is ended.

The daring and very rapid advance of the 29th Army Corps on Trent, closing up the enemy's armies in Trentino, who were overcome to the west by troops from the Seventh Army and to the east by the First, Sixth and Fourth Armies, brought about the total collapse of the enemy's front.

From the Brenta to the Torre, with irresistible dash, the Twelfth, Eighth, and Tenth Armies and cavalry divisions are driving the fleeing enemy constantly further away. On the plains the Duke of Aosta is advancing rapidly at the head of his unconquered Third Army, with the purpose of reclaiming those positions which the enemy holds.

The Austro-Hungarian Army is destroyed. It suffered very heavy losses in the fierce resistance of the first days of the struggle, and in pursuit it has lost an immense quantity of material of all kinds, nearly all its stores and depots, and has left in our hands about 300,000 prisoners, with their commands complete, and not less than 5,000 guns.

This defeat has left what once was one of the most powerful armies in the world in disorder and without hope of returning along the valleys through which it descended with haughty assurance.

ITALIANS LAND IN DALMATIA.

In Albania Their Troops Occupy the Town of Scutari.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The Italians have landed at Zara, Dalmatia, according to a dispatch to the Central News from Rome.

ROME, Nov. 4.—Italian advance guards occupied the town of Scutari, in northern Albania, Oct. 31, the War Office communication issued tonight announces.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The Italian fleet and the allied units operating in the Adriatic, an official dispatch from Rome today said, were expected to occupy Pola, Cattaro, and the other naval bases and also to take over the enemy fleet and submarines soon after the armistice became effective. Numerous contingents were reported in readiness to land at the naval bases and on the islands of Dalmatia.

AUSTRIAN RUSE FAILED.

Premature Announcement Fighting Had Stopped Angered Italians.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—An Italian semi-official statement received here today took issue with the Austrian communiqué of yesterday afternoon, in which it was announced that the Aus-

Continued on Page Five.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA.
Delightful at The Greenbriar now. European plan. Open all year. Wonderful curative waters. No influenza. N. Y. office, The Plaza.—Advt.

Allies Agree on Terms for Germany.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Secretary Lansing issued this statement at 9 o'clock tonight:

"According to an official report received this evening the terms of the armistice to be offered to Germany have just been agreed to unanimously and signed by the representatives of the Allies and the United States in Paris. The report further states that diplomatic unity has been completely achieved under conditions of utmost harmony."

Terms of the Armistice Accepted by Austria

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The terms of the Austrian armistice, with parenthetical explanations of minor errors in cable transmission, were announced by the State Department today, as follows:

Following are the terms of the armistice imposed upon Austria, which will go into effect at 3 o'clock today:

MILITARY CLAUSES.

One—The immediate cessation of hostilities by land, by sea, and air.

Two—Total demobilization of the Austro-Hungarian Army and immediate withdrawal of all Austro-Hungarian forces operating on the front from the North Sea to Switzerland.

Within Austro-Hungarian territory, limited as in Clause Three, below, there shall only be maintained as an organized military force a (?) reduced to pre-war effectives. (Effectiveness?)

Half the divisional, corps, and army artillery and equipment shall be collected at points to be indicated by the Allies and United States of America for delivery to them, beginning with all such material as exists in the territories to be evacuated by the Austro-Hungarian forces.

Three—Evacuation of all territories invaded by Austria-Hungary since the beginning of the war.

Withdrawal within such periods as shall be determined by the Commander in Chief of the allied forces on each front of the Austro-Hungarian armies behind a line fixed as follows: From Pic Umbrail to the north of the Stelvio it will follow the crest of the Rhetian Alps up to the sources of the Adige and the Etsach, passing thence by Mounts Reschen and Brenner and the heights of Oetz and Zoaller. The line thence turns south, crossing Mount Toblach and meeting the present frontier Carnic Alps. It follows this frontier up to Mount Tarvis, and after Mount Tarvis the watershed of the Julian Alps by the Col of Predil, Mount Mangart, the Tricorno, (Terglou,) and the watershed of the Cols di Podberdo, Podlanscam, and Idria. From this point the line turns southeast toward the Schneeberg, excludes the whole basin of the Save and its tributaries. From Schneeberg it goes down toward the coast in such a way as to include Castua, Mattuglia, and Volosca in the evacuated territories.

It will also follow the administrative limits of the present province of Dalmatia, including the north Lisarica and Trivania, and to the south territory limited by a line from the (Semigrand) Cape Planca to the summits of the watersheds eastward, so as to include in the evacuated area all the valleys and water courses flowing toward Sebenico, such as the Cicola, Kerka, Butisnica, and their tributaries. It will also include all the islands in the north and west of Dalmatia from Premuda, Selve, Ulbo, Scherda, Maon, Paga, and Puntadura, in the north, up to Meleda, in the south, embracing Santandrea, Busi, Lisa, Lesina, Tercola, Curzola, Cazza, and Lagosta, as well as the neighboring rocks and islets and passages, only excepting the islands of Great and Small Zirona, Bua, Solta, and Brazza.

All territory thus evacuated (shall be occupied by the forces?) of the Allies and the United States of America.

All military and railway equipment of all kinds, including coal belonging to or within those territories, (to be?) left in situ and surrendered to the Allies, according to special orders given by the Commander in Chief of the forces of the associated powers on the different fronts. No new destruction, pillage, or requisition to be done by enemy troops in the territories to be evacuated by them and occupied by the forces of the associated powers.

Four—The Allies shall have the right of free movement over all road and rail and water ways in Austro-Hungarian territory and of the use of the necessary Austrian and Hungarian means of transportation. The armies of the associated powers shall occupy such strategic points in Austria-Hungary at times as they may deem necessary to enable them to conduct military operations or to maintain order.

They shall have the right of requisition on payment for the troops of the associated powers (wherever?) they may be.

Five—Complete evacuation of all German troops within fifteen days, not only from the Italian and Balkan fronts but from all Austro-Hungarian territory.

Internment of all German troops which have not left Austria-Hungary within the date.

Six—The administration of the evacuated territories of Austria-Hungary will be intrusted to the local authorities, under the control of the allied and associated armies of occupation.

Seven—The immediate repatriation without reciprocity of all allied prisoners of war and internal subjects of civil populations evacuated from their homes, on conditions to be laid down by the Commander in Chief of the forces of the associated powers on the various fronts. Sick and wounded who cannot be removed from evacuated territory will be cared for by Austro-Hungarian personnel who will be left on the spot with the medical material required.

NAVAL CONDITIONS.

One—Immediate cessation of all hostilities at sea and definite information to be given as to the location and movements of all Austro-Hungarian ships.

Notification to be made to neutrals that freedom of navigation in all territorial waters is given to the naval and mercantile marine of the allied and associated powers, all questions of neutrality being waived.

Two—Surrender to the Allies and the United States of fifteen Austro-Hungarian submarines completed between the years 1910 and 1918, and of all German submarines which are in or may hereafter enter Austro-Hungarian territorial waters. All other Austro-Hungarian submarines to be paid off and completely disarmed and to remain under the supervision of the Allies and the United States.

Three—Surrender to the Allies and the United States with their complete armament and equipment of three battleships, three light cruisers, nine destroyers, twelve torpedo boats, one mine layer, six Danube monitors, to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America. All other surface warships, including river craft, are to be concentrated in Austro-Hungarian naval bases to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America and are to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allies and the United States of America.

Four—Freedom of navigation to all warships and merchant ships of the allied and associated powers to be given in the Adriatic and up the River Danube and its tributaries in the territorial waters and territory of Austria-Hungary.

The Allies and associated powers shall have the right to sweep up all mine fields and obstructions, and the positions of these are to be indicated.

In order to insure the freedom of navigation on the Danube, the Allies and the United States of America shall be empowered to occupy or to dismantle all fortifications or defense works.

Five—The existing blockade conditions set up by the allied and associated powers are to remain unchanged and all Austro-Hungarian merchant ships found at sea are to remain liable to capture, save exceptions which may be made by a commission nominated by the Allies and the United States of America.

Six—All naval aircraft are to be concentrated and impactionized in Austro-Hungarian bases to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America.

Seven—Evacuation of all the Italian coasts and of all ports occupied by Austria-Hungary outside their national territory and the abandonment of all floating craft, naval materials, equipment and materials for inland navigation of all kinds.

Eight—Occupation by the Allies and the United States of America of the land and sea fortifications and the islands which form the defenses and of the dockyards and arsenal at Pola.

Nine—All merchant vessels held by Austria-Hungary belonging to the Allies and associated powers to be returned.

Ten—No destruction of ships or of materials to be permitted before evacuation, surrender, or restoration.

Eleven—All naval and mercantile marine prisoners of the allied and associated powers in Austro-Hungarian hands to be returned without reciprocity.

STATEMENT BY LANSING

He Announces Full Accord by the Allies at Versailles.

THINK BERLIN WILL ACCEPT

Demands Said to be as Severe as Those in Armistice Signed by Austria.

LATTER IS MADE HELPLESS

Dismisses Army, Gives Up Ships, Allows Allied Access, Evacuates Area Italy Claims.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The end of the world war is in sight.

With Austria-Hungary out of the conflict, an announcement was made by the State Department tonight that the Allies had agreed on the terms Germany must accept. The text of this announcement will be found at the head of an adjoining column.

The issuance of this statement conveyed the impression that the terms laid down in the Versailles conference would be accepted by Germany. There is a conviction in Washington that Germany is ready to accede to whatever terms are dictated by the Allies.

Official Washington has known for some days that the utter collapse of the Central Powers was inevitable. The diplomatic notes from Austria and Germany, it was felt, were a sure indication of the breakdown of the Hohenzollerns and Hapsburgs. Washington tonight feels that the end of the war is near at hand.

The stringent character of the armistice terms for Austria-Hungary, as made public today, gave an early impression of the Teuton collapse. These showed that the Dual Monarchy's surrender was complete.

With Austria-Hungary out of the conflict, Germany was left alone to fight it out. Germany's internal situation, according to intimate advices, is known to be critical. That Germany could attempt to prolong the war after her allies abandoned her appeared to officials as unthinkable.

Wilson's Diplomacy Praised.

In Washington tonight unstinted credit is given to President Wilson for having played a wonderfully skillful diplomatic hand in his dealings with the Central Powers. Even if Germany does not withdraw from the conflict, it is felt here that she will soon be in desperate straits and cannot long go on with the war.

The withdrawal of Austria means, to the official mind in Washington, the rapid disintegration of the German military forces.

Germany, it is believed, has virtually exhausted her military powers. Intimate advices to Washington show that Germany faces an economic crisis, aside from her military breakdown, that will prevent her carrying on the struggle many months.

One thing is certain as a result of the developments in the last few days. The power of the Hohenzollerns is gone. In whatever eventuality, with the Hapsburgs having surrendered, it is assured, according to official interpretation here, that the Hohenzollerns have made their last stand.

Members in Congress who have found fault with the President's note-writing to Germany and to Austria were inclined tonight, in the light of the day's developments, to concede that he had executed a skilful diplomatic manoeuvre. They were inclined to believe that the end

of the war was in sight and that to the President was due credit for having brought about a situation that meant the ending of the war upon the dictated terms of the Allies.

This does not mean that President Wilson receives the credit alone for the skilful manipulation of diplomatic intercourse as between the Allies and the Central Powers. It is well understood that Mr. Wilson has been in close touch with the Allies in every move that he has made in all the official interchanges.

Too much stress cannot be put upon the official conviction in Washington that the developments of the last few days, crowned with the surrender of Austria-Hungary, indicate the windup of the war within a few months.

The view of members of Congress who are still in the capital is that Austria is eliminated as a belligerent. As some members put it, Austria has quit, Turkey has quit, and Germany soon will have to quit.

The terms of armistice between the Dual Monarchy and Italy, which became effective at 3 P. M., were made public by the State Department at 1 o'clock this afternoon. As read here, these terms were construed as indicating the character of the terms that had been drafted for Germany.

Published Only in the United States.

By agreement between the United States and the allied Governments, the terms of Austrian armistice were given out only in the United States. It was explained at the State Department tonight that this was done simply to have initial publication of the terms of the armistice made here. It was stated that there was no political reason back of it. No cabling abroad of the terms of the armistice was permitted because of the fact that it was desired that the original publication be made here.

In yielding to the terms of the Allies, Austria has given free access to all of her railways and roads and to all avenues of military operation. She has agreed to withdraw her soldiers from the German armies on the north, and she must intern or expel German troops now in Austria, so that no German force will remain within the Austrian borders to fight the allied troops. She has agreed to the unrestricted use of the Danube and the dismantling of its fortifications.

Thus the Allies will have in Austria an unrestricted field for operation against Germany from the south if this becomes necessary as a military manoeuvre.

Austria, in addition to stripping herself of her military force, has agreed to turn over so much of her navy as to render it impossible for her to go on with the warfare by sea.

This complete surrender of Austria-Hungary will be, to the official mind in Washington, the determining factor in compelling the ultimate surrender of Germany. Austria-Hungary has been denuded of military strength, and just to that extent, officials here hold, the military force of Germany has been weakened.

One vitally important feature of the terms of the armistice, as viewed here, is that allowing the freedom of navigation to all warships and merchant ships of allied and associated powers in the Adriatic and up the Danube River.

Another important feature of the armistice is that the "armies of the associated powers shall occupy such strategic points in Austria-Hungary at such times as they may deem necessary to enable them to conduct military operations or to maintain order."

The withdrawal of Austria-Hungary from all occupied territory, as agreed upon in the armistice, was but a natural feature of her acceptance of terms. This also has been demanded of Germany, and to this Germany will have to agree if she accepts the terms of full surrender as Austria has done.

It is felt here tonight that Austria, in her unequivocal surrender to the terms put down by the Allies, has only indicated what Germany herself will do.

As Drastic as Terms to Austria.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4, (Associated Press.)—It may be stated authoritatively that the terms of the armistice for Germany, as signed by allied officials today in Paris, follow closely those under which Austria-Hungary surrendered and passed out of the war, leaving Germany to stand alone against the world.

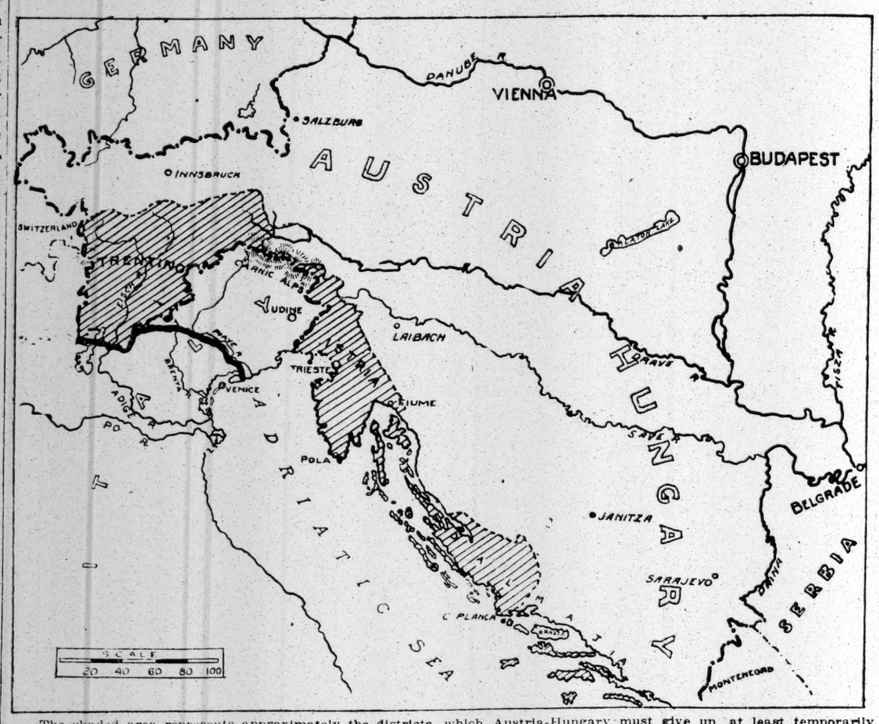
The presumption in official circles here tonight was that the stipulations would be in the hands of the German Government in less than twenty-four hours. If they are accepted, a reply, settling the issue of peace or further fighting, may be received within that time. The uncertainty caused President Wilson to cancel tonight his proposed trip to New Jersey tomorrow to cast his vote in the Congressional elections.

Although the complete text of the historic Versailles document is only now, probably, on the cables for Washington, its substance had been reported upon fully and approved by the President before the final draft was prepared.

The judgment of army officers as to the situation on the western front in a military sense is that Germany must accept the armistice conditions or face disaster to her armies. Signs of disintegration of the German forces facing the Franco-American lines have been evident for two days. The German official statement yesterday admitted an American "breakthrough." If the breach is widened the German armies will be cut in half as effectually as were the Austrian armies in Italy. They may then be crushed separately.

It is generally assumed that the German Government will receive the armistice terms through Washington,

Sections of Her Own Territory Which Austria Must Evacuate Under the Armistice



The shaded area represents approximately the districts which Austria-Hungary must give up, at least temporarily, under the armistice signed with the Allies. It coincides at some points very closely with the territory which Italy claims and at other points goes beyond those claims.

The black line from the Adriatic, near the mouth of the Piave, to the Trentino marks the battlefront before the recent offensive by the Italians and their allies began.

since its request was received in that way. The Austrian case does not form a precedent, as the appeal to Washington was supplemented after the collapse of the Austrian front by a direct application to General Diaz. Unless the situation of the German armies forces similar action on the western front, however, it is assumed here that the German case is being handled through diplomatic channels. The present Berlin civil government claims absolute authority over the army.

The Versailles conferees evidently did not sign the final draft of the armistice terms until late today. Just before 6 o'clock it was stated at the State Department that the work had not been completed. An hour later word went out from the department that an important statement would be forthcoming at 9 P. M.

Likely Terms for Kaiser.

An attempt to apply the lessons of the Austrian armistice to Germany's situation brings out several points upon which military men base their forecast of the German terms. It is regarded as certain that evacuation of Alsace-Lorraine will be insisted upon, as well as the occupation of the Rhine fortresses by allied garrisons. Surrender of the German submarines and a substantial part of the high seas fleet and the occupation of land defenses that protect German naval bases is implied.

So far as the German Army is concerned, it must go back into Germany, probably giving up the vast mechanism of war which it carried into France and Belgium. All the big guns, tanks, and aircraft, according to the Austrian precedent, would be concentrated and left under the direction there of the allied and American armies.

It was pointed out, however, that since Germany is the last of the Central Powers, when she surrenders, there will be no need to provide for the employment of her military equipment by Marshal Foch. There will be no one left against whom to turn the guns. The terms for Germany, therefore, probably will show that variation from the Austrian conditions.

Attention is already being given here to the next phase after Germany ceases fighting. Both in the United States and in the allied countries the necessity is recognized of setting in motion the wheels of peacetime industry at the earliest possible moment in order to afford employment and support to the millions of discharged soldiers. This is expected to hasten the peace conference once the Germans surrender.

The Entente Allies and America expect to go into the conference only after they have reached a perfect understanding among themselves. They will lay down the terms, and while they may choose to permit the latter to make arguments and "pleas in abatement," the result in the end must be what the victors choose to make it.

Attention is called here to the demand for evacuation of border territory which is a feature of the armistice, as signed by Austria-Hungary. A survey of the geographical lines fixed for this evacuation shows that the area is even greater than that set by the Italians as the goal of their ambition when they entered the war. At that time the Italian leaders outlined and indicated on their war maps the territory along their borders which they deemed it necessary that they acquire for racial and sentimental reasons, and also to insure the security of their frontiers.

In decreeing Austria's surrender terms the Supreme War Council at Versailles has followed this outline closely, but has enlarged upon it to some extent. The right of occupation of these vacated provinces is stipulated, but it is to be noted that for the time being civil government is to be administered by the existing local civil authorities in co-operation with the occupying garrisons. This means that the whole question of final disposition of the territory involved is left to be settled at the peace table.

GERMAN-AUSTRIAN FEELER.

Want Peace Accord with Berlin—German Overture to Czechs.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 4.—The German-Austrian State Council, says a Vienna dispatch, adopted a resolution today taking cognizance of the announcement of the armistice with Italy. It declared continued loyal friendship with the German Empire and its decision to conduct peace negotiations in close accord with Germany.

Finally the resolution declares that the council regards the German region in the southern Tyrol as an inseparable part of the German-Austrian State.

A dispatch received from Prague says that the German Consul General there called upon the leaders of the National Committee and announced that Germany recognized the independence of the Czechoslovak State. He added that Germany would be pleased to welcome an Ambassador in Berlin at the earliest possible moment.

APPLAUD STRINGENT TERMS.

French Newspapers Praise the Settlement with Austria.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Official dispatches report the French newspapers enthusiastic over the terms of the armistice, accepted by Austria-Hungary. One dispatch says:

"The Petit Parisien writes that the Berlin Government loses, at the same time, the help of a contingent including several millions of men, the possibility of resuming submarine warfare in Mediterranean waters, and the security of its southern and southeastern frontiers. It remains henceforth isolated, blocked on all sides. Bohemia, Moravia, Austrian Silesia, inhabited by Slav peoples hostile to Germany, are adjacent to Saxony, Bavaria, and German Silesia, for which they are now so many menacing bases in the Allies' hands. Dresden, Munich, and Breslau are near the new front, which may be created tomorrow."

Secretary Daniels stated today that, according to the latest information received by the Navy Department, the Austrian Navy, recently possessed 248 vessels as follows: Battleships, 15; cruisers, 15; torpedo boat destroyers, 21; torpedo boat, 67; torpedo gunboats, 13; mine layers, 45; submarines, 45; river monitors, 11; river torpedo boat, 1; scouts, 9; trawlers, 2; patrol boats, 7.

These figures are compiled without reference to recent losses. According to press dispatches, two battleships were recently destroyed and some war craft were taken over by the Jugoslavs.

GIVES UP LANDS ITALY CLAIMS

Austria to Evacuate Italia Irredenta with Other Areas.

The third clause in the terms of the Austrian armistice, which concerns the territory to be evacuated by the enemy in Tyrol, Friuli, the coastland of Görz, (Gorizia,) and Gradisca, Istria, Croatia, and Dalmatia, with the islands off the coast of the last two, corresponds in matter and, where identity of geography permits, in phrasing to Articles IV. and V. of the treaty Italy signed with Russia, Great Britain, and France on April 26, 1915. According to that document, "by the future treaty of peace Italy shall receive" those territories which by the armistice are now to be evacuated by Austria-Hungary.

Since the Interallied treaty was signed, however, Italy, as well as her associates in the war, has recognized "the movement of the Jugoslav peoples for the acquisition of their independence and for their constitution in a free state as being in harmony with the principles for which the Allies are fighting, as well as with the aims of a just and durable peace."

Now the territory on the Adriatic which is to be evacuated by Austria-Hungary, according to the third clause of the armistice and to be turned over to Italy, according to the treaty of 1915, is measurably included in the "free State" of Jugoslavia defined by the declaration of Corfu of July 20, 1917, as "the Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes." It includes a territory which goes far to the northeast of the littoral to be evacuated, as far as the River Moin on the frontier of Hungary and Transylvania, and from Corinthia on the north to the southern confines of Serbia on the south. It has an area of 90,000 square miles and a population of 13,000,000.

The identical territory, mentioned by the armistice for evacuation and by the treaty as Italian is known as "Italia Irredenta," or unredeemed Italy, and is claimed by the Rome Government on ethnic, historical, and defensive grounds.

If Italy's treaty with her allies stands, therefore, it is certain to conflict with the maximum aspirations of Jugoslavia, which cover the litteral of the Adriatic as far south as Albania, including all the islands. For the benefit of the new "free State," however, even, if the treaty of 1915 remains in force, what is designated as "neutral" in some notes attached to Article V. as well as other dispositions of territory may have already been interpreted in favor of Jugoslavia. According to the treaty the following shall be neutralized:

"(1) The whole coast from Cape Planka on the north to the southern point of the peninsula of Sabbioncello on the south, this peninsula being included in the neutral zone.

"(2) Part of the coast from a point ten kilometres south of Ragusavecchia as far as the River Vojussa on the south, so as to include in the neutralized zone the whole Gulf of Cattaro, with its ports—Antivari, Dulcigno, San Giovanni di Medua, and Durazzo—with the reservation that Montenegro's rights are not to be infringed in so far as they are based on the declarations exchanged between the contracting parties in April and May, 1909. * * *

"(3) The following districts on the Adriatic shall, by the work of the Entente Powers be included in the territory of Vroatia, Serbia, and Montenegro: To the north of the Adriatic the whole coast, beginning at the Gulf of Volusca, near the frontier of Italy, as far as the northern frontier of Delmatia, including the whole coast today belonging to Hungary; the whole coast of Croatia, the port of Fiume, and the small ports of Nevi and Carlopago, and in the same way the islands of Veglia, Pervicio, Gregorio, Kali, and Arbe; to the south of the Adriatic, where Serbia and Montenegro are interested, the whole coast from Cape Planka to the River Drin, with the very important ports of Spalato, Razusa, Cattaro, Antivari, Dulcigno, and San Giovanni di Medua, as also the islands of Grande and Picola Zirona, Busa, Solta, Brazza, Cikijan, and Calamotta.

"The port of Durazzo may be assigned to the independent Mohammedan State of Albania."

EMPEROR CHARLES READY TO ABDICATE

Hungary Will Vote Next Month on Republic—Karolyi Drops Council Leadership.

TURMOIL IN BOHEMIA

Czechs and German-Austrian Regiments Near Clash — Czechs Take Germans' Towns.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Evidence of discord and turmoil continue to come from Austria-Hungary.

German-Austrian and Czech regiments, according to a dispatch from Vienna to the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin, are advancing against each other near Leitmeritz, thirty-four miles north of Prague, and Leipa, forty-one miles northeast of Prague.

[Both towns are in Bohemia and on the border of the region set up by German Deputies as a State separate from the rest of Bohemia which is Czech.]

The Czech National Committee, with the aid of the Czech troops, is disarming German-Austrian and Hungarian troops in the Czech towns of Bohemia and Moravia, according to a dispatch from Prague to the Lokal-Anzeiger of Berlin. The Czechs also have occupied several German towns.

Advices reach Amsterdam from Vienna of the impending dissolution of the Court and the discharge of the guards in accordance with events that have taken place.

Josef Seliger, a Deputy in the Austrian Lower House, took charge yesterday of the Government of German Bohemia, according to a dispatch from Reichenberg, (which has been designated as capital of the region.)

The situation in German Austria has not yet cleared. An Associated Press dispatch from Basle reads:

"Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary is determined to abdicate and will retire to Switzerland, German newspapers say.

"The Emperor made this announcement, it is stated, during a conference on Saturday with the new Austrian Government and other influential leaders in the Dual Monarchy."

In contrast with this sign of submergence of the monarchy, a Berne dispatch to The Associated Press says:

"The Croatian Diet, meeting at Agram, has adopted unanimously a resolution calling for the re-establishment of the Austrian Kingdom and uniting Croatia, Slavonia, and Dalmatia with Independent Austria."

In Hungary, Archduke Joseph of Austria and his son, Archduke Joseph Franz, according to a dispatch from Budapest to Amsterdam, have taken an oath to "submit unconditionally to the orders of the National Council of Hungary and to support it in all its decrees."

The people of Hungary will take a public vote a month hence to decide on the question of a monarchy or a republic, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen. In the balloting the women will have the same electoral rights as the men.

Count Karolyi has resigned the Presidency of the Hungarian National Council, which position he considers incompatible with that of the Premiership. He has been succeeded at the head of the National Council by Deputy Johann Hoch. Count Karolyi will provisionally take the portfolio of Foreign Affairs.

In addressing a public meeting Karolyi is quoted in a dispatch from Budapest to Amsterdam as saying:

"The elementary power and public opinion having desired that not only democracy and independence should be realized, but that a decision should be taken regarding the future form of Government. The King, at the Government's request, has released the Ministers from their oath."

Every person imprisoned during the war for seditious utterances against the State and the conduct of the war, and for high treason and rebellion, will be released, it is officially announced in Vienna, according to a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam.

Dr. Friedrich Adler, who assassinated Austrian Premier Stuergkh on Oct. 21, 1916, has been released from prison, according to Vienna advices.

He is a son of Victor Adler, leader of the Austrian Socialists, who has already taken office in the new Government at Vienna.

LINE UNBROKEN, BERLIN SAYS.

Asserts That British, French, and American Attacks Were Checked.

BERLIN, Nov. 4, (via London.)—In a violent struggle between the Scheldt and the Oise, on a front of nearly forty miles, the attempt of the British and French to break through was frustrated, says the night bulletin from Army Headquarters.

The text of the statement follows:

There has been a violent struggle between the Scheldt and the Oise. The break through for which the British and French again have been striving on a front of over sixty kilometres (37 1-3 miles) was frustrated.

Between Le Quesnoy and Landrecies our reserves stemmed the enemy thrust. On the remainder of the front our foremost battle troops brought the assault to a standstill.

West of the Meuse engagements have developed in Dieulet Forest.

A recuperative diet in influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk is very digestible.—Advt.

GREAT JOY IN ITALY, AT FOE'S DOWNFALL

All Cities Subscribing Large Sums to Aid Inhabitants of the Liberated Territories.

CELEBRATION IN NEW YORK

Sirens, Whistles, and Bells Join in Triumphant Din at Surrender of Kaiser's Last Ally.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—News of the acceptance by Austria-Hungary of the armistice terms was received in all parts of Italy with great enthusiasm and indescribable joy. Extra editions of newspapers were exhausted soon after they were off the presses, and the Italian tricolor was floated above almost every home, official advices from Rome announce. A dispatch received by the Italian Embassy says:

"All the Italian cities are subscribing great sums for the inhabitants of the liberated territory. The Government is taking most energetic measures to remedy the conditions brought about by the untold barbarity of the enemy in Friuli and in the unredeemed lands of Italy."

Another dispatch says all trains bound for the liberated districts and the districts soon to be liberated under the armistice are crowded with refugees. Numerous officials are being commissioned by the Government to facilitate the return of these people to their homes.

The great victory achieved by Italian arms put an end to Austria as a belligerent and cannot fail ito be a decisive element in bringing the war to an end, said Count V. Macchi di Cellere, the Italian Ambassador, in a statement today to The Associated Press.

"The enemy," said the Ambassador, "has attempted to resist our victorious armies with utmost vigor. It has been only after their armies have been defeated in the field and put in the position of either surrendering or being utterly annihilated that the Austrians have begged an armistice from the Italian Commanding General.

"I cannot help taking the greatest joy and satisfaction in the victory achieved. It is a victory which cannot fail to be a decisive element in bringing the war to an end."

New York Celebrates Noisily.

The surrender of Austria was celebrated in New York yesterday afternoon with the blowing of sirens, the ringing of bells, and utilization of every other thing that can make a big noise. The celebration started at 3 o'clock, the official signal being the sounding of the twelve big sirens placed in various parts of the city by the police during the Fourth Liberty Loan drive. It was 9 o'clock yesterday morning, New York time, when the armistice which has put Austria out of the war went into effect. It was then 3 P. M. in Italy.

The fact that the sirens and bells and whistles would begin blowing and ringing at 3 o'clock in the afternoon was announced through the afternoon papers by Police Commissioner Enright shortly after noon yesterday. Despite the announcement, however, thousands of people did not know what the racket was about until told by neighbors who had read the papers and were expecting the celebration.

Promptly on the stroke of 3 o'clock the twelve sirens began to bellow. The bells in all parts of the city responded, and for the next ten minutes the racket was such as New York has seldom heard except on such occasions as election and New Year's nights.

In the Italian quarters the celebration had started early in the morning. In that on the lower east side the streets were bedecked with American, Italian, and allied flags. Men, women, and children thronged the streets, cheering for President Wilson, General Diaz, and King Victor Emmanuel.

In the Italian district of Harlem, State Senator Cotillo, who recently returned from a trip to Italy on behalf of the United States Government, made a speech in which he glorified the efforts of the Italian armies. He said that he communicated with Mayor Hylan regarding plans for celebrating the victory and that the Mayor had told him he would issue a proclamation calling upon all citizens to display the American and Italian flags in honor of the occasion.

"The victory of the Italians," said the Senator, "is due to the sturdy qualities and the utmost sacrifice of the Italian Army, for even with the disadvantage of position and the fact that they are not as well equipped as the other armies, it was their determination to go forward that has finally resulted in this great victory and lifted up the morale of the entire people."

ITALIAN ARTISTS CELEBRATE

Gatti-Casazza Joins in Great Outburst Over Austria's Surrender.

Italy's temperamental artists of the Metropolitan Opera Company celebrated the Austrian surrender yesterday with an outburst such as the big Broadway house never witnessed before. Chorus and orchestra were assembled for an afternoon rehearsal of "Boris," and they brought the revolutionary Russian folksongs to a sharp halt while Stage Director Ordynski, himself a Pole, whose country has been freed by the war, embraced Chorus Master Setti and shouted, "Viva Italia!"

While the orchestra thundered the "Marcia Reale" and "The Star-Spangled Banner," General Manager Gatti-Casazza arrived, with Signor Amato, M. Rothier, and Dr. Roversi, a friend. The Italian impresario, breaking his customary reserve, shouted with the rest. Then he threw his arms about everybody in turn, and, in the European fashion, kissed them all on both cheeks, a procedure novel and startling to some of the Americans.

ALLIED FLEET AT TRIESTE.

Italian Troops Who Occupied City Landed from Transports.

ROME, Nov. 4.—The Italian troops who occupied Trieste were taken there on transports escorted by destroyers and gunboats, according to the Idea Nazionale. The Italian flag was hoisted on the tower of the Cathedral of San Giusto and on public buildings. Private dwellings also were decorated with the Italian colors. The population acclaimed the Italian Bersaglieri enthusiastically.

The warships entered the harbor, the Tribuna says, with their yards lined with flags. A naval landing party was first put ashore, to be followed by three battalions of Bersaglieri.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 4.—The occupation of Trieste by allied naval contingents was in response to an invitation from the Committee on Public Welfare, which was sent from Trieste to Venice by torpedo boat, according to Vienna telegrams received here. A difficult situation had arisen in the town, while danger was threatened because of the Austrian troops streaming back from the front.

The Governor, the Chief of Police and the other Austrian authorities left Trieste on Thursday after the Public Welfare Committee, consisting of representatives of the Italian Slovene parties, had assumed the administration of the city, a Vienna dispatch states.

Throughout the day Thursday there were Italian and Socialist demonstrations in Trieste, and the imperial escutcheons were removed from all the public offices.

FULLY APPROVE TRUCE TERMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

composing the alliance against the Central Powers without compromise with the Austro-Hungarian Government.

"These terms were negotiated by the commanding officers at the front on the battlefield, General Diaz, of course, having the sanction of the several Governments involved. The terms are evidences of thorough familiarity both from a civil and military standpoint with the social, racial, and military conditions of this ally of Germany.

"The downfall of Austria followed promptly upon the conquest of Bulgaria and of Turkey by France, Italy, and Great Britain. The surrender was hastened by the successful attack on the Piave, but it was also made possible by the demoralization which followed the knowledge that the Serbians and French were already across the Danube, after having reoccupied Serbia. The statesmanship displayed in the terms dictated by General Franchet d'Esperey give an immortal example of military statesmanship to be added to his military laurels.

"The terms imposed upon Turkey were also adequate and, being adequate, furnished the necessary impregnable basis for the next step of imposing terms upon Austria. These terms having now been imposed, their execution will no doubt be pressed with the utmost celerity and vigor by the allied forces.

"It is evident from the news from Versailles that the example in Bulgaria, Turkey, and Austria is being followed there, and that General Foch, the immortal commander in chief of the allied forces, is formulating the terms upon which an armistice will be granted to Germany. The character and achievements of General Foch guarantee that there will be no compromise, and that the life blood and substance of the nations which have been poured out in support of this war for victory and freedom will not have been poured out in vain, but that complete unconditional subjugation will be imposed on the German Army and Navy.

"It furthermore appears, at least it is to be hoped, that the presentation and acceptance of these conditions will be at Grand Headquarters of the allied forces in the field.

"Our soldiers and sailors who have contributed to this result have added new fame to the American arms."

Senator Borah, Republican, of Idaho, said:

"It seems to be as thorough and complete as a military victory should dictate. In other words, it is an absolute surrender to the dictates of the Allies and the United States of the entire Austro-Hungarian forces.

"The Romanoffs have gone. The Hapsburgs are soon to go. And the Hohenzollerns are practically waiting for orders. Bless God for that!"

Senator Thomas, Democrat, of Colorado said:

"The terms of the Austrian armistice are the full equivalent of unconditional surrender. They are the final interpretation, as they are the initial step, in the application of the President's basis for an enduring peace.

"Germany receives her conditions very shortly. These will confirm Austria's lesson, with added requirements, due to her larger responsibilities and darker crimes. She will accept them because she must. These terms are also the President's vindication. Austria's collapse and Germany's disintegration are largely due to his replies to their recent petitions. These undermined autocracy within its lines while Foch was breaking through them.

"Who now doubts that the President has at all times required unconditional surrender. Who now dares to challenge his wisdom or his purposes? Who, save Roosevelt, still has the audacity to contend that he needs an unfriendly Congress to prevent the negotiations of an inconclusive peace? Who, save this noisy nuisance and his satellites, will now persist in the effort to exalt a domestic economic contention above the supreme necessity of dictating a peace among the nations which will prevent the further expenditure of blood and treasure and make of war a hideous memory?

"The nation will answer these gentlemen tomorrow."

DENIES ARMISTICE IS SIGNED.

Lansing Corrects Statement Concerning Germany Attributed to Weeks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Secretary Lansing today denied that an armistice with Germany was signed three days ago, a statement Senator Weeks is reported to have made in a recent speech. Secretary Lansing said:

"The statement of Senator Weeks has absolutely no foundation in fact. The German armistice has not yet been signed."

FIRES ON ITALY'S HILLS TOLD OF TRIESTE'S FALL

Rome Celebration Lasts All Night —American Sailors Carried in Triumph.

ROME, Nov. 4.—Bonfires lighted on all the hills throughout Italy last night spread far and wide the news of the occupation of Trieste, which by a strange coincidence was entered on the feast day of San Juste, the patron saint of the redeemed city, that all the population, including the Jews, used to celebrate under Austrian rules as a patriotic demonstration of their Italian nationality.

Church bells were rung and guns were fired. All the windows in Rome were illuminated regardless of the police orders concerning restricted lighting. The crowds, in the streets which eagerly sought newspapers fresh from the presses, paraded throughout the evening and early night, carrying American as well as Italian flags. American officers met on the streets were greeted by shouts of "Viva America! Viva Wilson!" A torchlight procession met a number of American sailors and carried them through the streets on their shoulders.

This morning the jubilation was still in progress, and when the rejoicing crowds met the workers going to the factories the two elements joined forces. All the Allied Embassies were visited and the achievements of the armies of the various nations concerned in the notable successes were loudly cheered.

The ovation was especially enthusiastic outside the American Embassy, where Ambassador Page appeared on the balcony and addressed the crowd. He was heartily acclaimed by the assembled citizens.

A committee from the demonstrators was received by the Ambassador. They asked him to convey to President Wilson the gratitude of the people of Rome and of Italy to America and to express their admiration for that country's part in the struggle. The committee wished him to assure the President that he could count on the constant support of the Italian nation for the triumph of his principles.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Profitable Economy

Pennywise and pound foolish never did pay when health was the stake. It is always the part of wisdom to keep a firm grip upon your strength, the body fit and the resistive powers strong.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is the economical way of conserving strength in that it offers a means of quick nourishment, plus definite tonic properties that help Nature maintain the body-forces.

Scott's Emulsion fortifies and builds up strength.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N.J. 18-93

"The Engine for Every Purpose"

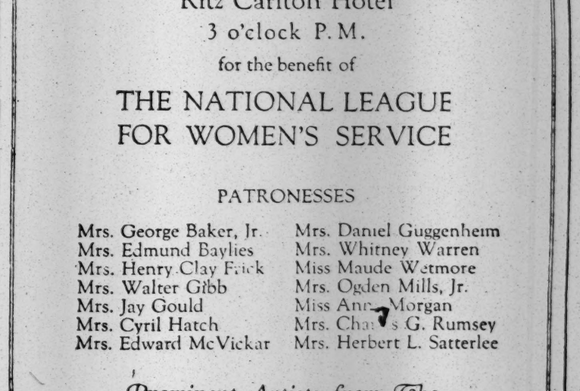
That is how we have advertised the Novo Engine, for the past ten years.

During this time the engine has furnished proof after proof of its right to the title. It has met a wide variety of power requirements, and in each case has not only shown itself able to do the required work, but to do it efficiently, economically and dependably.

Today practically all of our output is going into war work. Novo Engines and Outfits are furnishing power on big government construction jobs in many parts of the country. Novo Equipment is in demand because it is light, compact, quickly transported, quickly set up, simple in operation, and Reliable.

Outfits for Hoisting, Pumping, Air Compressing, Sawing, furnished to operate on gasoline, kerosene, natural or artificial gas. 1½ to 15 H. P.

NOVO ENGINE CO.
Clarence E. Bement, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgr.
Factory and Main Office: Lansing, Michigan
New York Office: 145 Chambers Street
Telephone Worth 1353



Hickson INC.

ANNOUNCE

A FASHION FETE

and ENTERTAINMENT

exploiting the desired War-Time simplicities in dress

will be held on

FRIDAY, NOV. 8th, 1918

at the

Ritz Carlton Hotel
3 o'clock P. M.

for the benefit of

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE FOR WOMEN'S SERVICE

PATRONESSES

Mrs. George Baker, Jr.
Mrs. Edmund Baylies
Mrs. Henry Clay Frick
Mrs. Walter Gibb
Mrs. Jay Gould
Mrs. Cyril Hatch
Mrs. Edward McVickar
Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim
Mrs. Whitney Warren
Miss Maude Wetmore
Mrs. Ogden Mills, Jr.
Miss Anne Morgan
Mrs. Charles G. Rumsey
Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee

Prominent Artists from The Théatre Du Vieux Colombier and the American stage have volunteered their services.

Tickets $3.00 each

The Avenue at Fifty Second Street New York

Boston *Paris*

Which?

HUNDREDS of medicinal products are sold in the form of plain white tablets.

In appearance alone they are indistinguishable. Plain white tablets are sometimes offered when Aspirin is called for, but an unmarked white tablet is an unknown quantity.

Bayer-Tablets and Capsules of Aspirin contain *genuine* Aspirin.

For your additional protection—every package and *every tablet* of genuine Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin is marked with The Bayer Cross.

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets and capsules is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

The Bayer Cross — BAYER — Your Guarantee of Purity

STRONG PRESSURE TO OUST KAISER

German War Cabinet Decides to Allow Public Discussion of the Question.

ANGER AT CROWN PRINCE

Element in the New Government Is Bent on Abolishing the Monarchy.

REICHSTAG FOR DYNASTY

Prince Max Asserts That a "Real, Peaceful Revolution" Has Come.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 4.—The Kaiser question is the topic of general discussion in Germany. The German War Cabinet has gone into the problem very fully during the last few days, and, inter alia, it decided to allow press and public discussion of the question.

People who come from Germany tell me that among the masses a highly inflamed feeling is shown toward the Crown Prince. "I don't think he could walk in safety down Unter Den Linden," is what one traveler says. The Kaiser has few of the people on his side, but the hottest hate of the people is reserved for his son.

The most democratic members of the Government, I learn, insist on both of them going, and there is a section of the Ministry which has openly told Prince Max that it would be well to do away with the crown altogether, now that the people's representatives have put their hands to the plow of reform.

Old Regime Gone, Max Declares.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 4, (Associated Press.)—Prince Maximilian of Baden, the German Chancellor, discussing German reforms in an interview, is quoted by the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin as saying:

"God be praised for a real, peaceful revolution! The old régime is gone for good. I am firmly convinced that a new German democracy soon will be living at peace with our present opponents, in order to be able to complete the task of remodeling Germany."

The Chancellor declared also that if in the future the Reichstag should pass a vote of want of confidence in him, he would be obliged to resign.

With reforms in the Federal States, he said, it was unthinkable that the Federal Council should ever receive instructions which would bring it in conflict with decisions by the Reichstag.

Reichstag for Retaining Kaiser.

Party leaders of the Reichstag, in their recent discussions, decided that there was no necessity for the abdication of Emperor William, the Lokal-Anzeiger of Berlin says.

Germania, the organ of the Centrists, already has announced that the Centrist Party demands the Emperor's retention on the throne. The National Liberals are reported to have taken the stand that the Emperor and the Hohenzollern dynasty must remain as a symbol of German unity. A majority of the Progressive Party also is said to support the Emperor, and the Christian Social Workers are championing his cause.

The Berlin Tageblatt's Munich correspondent says that the bourgeois as well as the Social-Democratic newspapers of Bavaria are demanding the abdication of the Emperor.

The Munich Neueste Nachrichten, a copy of which has been received here, says:

"Even the decree of the Kaiser indorsing the new State form of government could not restore the people's confidence in him."

Even the National-Liberal Augsburg Abend Zeitung demands that the Imperial and Federal Governments shall urgently request Emperor William to take "the inevitable step."

Ruler Loses Military Cabinet.

It was officially announced in Berlin today that Emperor William's military Cabinet has been placed under the Minister of War.

The supreme army command in an order issued to all Deputy Commanding Generals, Governments, and Commandants, says:

"The fundamental idea of our political life is to give the German people an extensive right to express their opinions in speech and writing, and they shall, unhampered, express their desires and complaints. Restrictions shall be made without regard to parties, according to the following rules:

"All meetings shall be permitted unless the objects of such meetings offend the Penal Code or are contrary to the interests of warfare, the conclusion of peace, or the maintenance of public order.

"The same restrictions apply to the censorship of newspapers and other printed matter. A preventive censorship of all news and articles of a military nature remains in force. A preventive censorship can in the future be placed on newspapers only with the assent of the supreme military commander."

The Berlin newspapers today published a message from Field Marshal von Hindenburg thanking societies and individuals for their expressions of "confidence and attachment." The Field Marshal declared:

"Our honor, freedom, and future are now at stake. We are invincible if we are united."

The military commander says that if the German Army is strongly supported "then our Fatherland will brave all onslaughts."

The German press is showing considerable disquiet over the Bolshevist danger in Germany. The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung publishes a long statement today concerning Bolshevist activities, which it attributes to the Russian Embassy at Berlin.

The Tageblatt says that a leaflet has been distributed to the people of Berlin, and in particular to soldiers, signed by the "Workers and Soldiers' Committee." The newspaper asserts that its object is to incite soldiers to disobey military commands.

Socialists Still for Abdication.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The German Socialists are not satisfied with the Emperor's proclamation issued on Sunday, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen. The Vorwärts says:

"The manifesto will not in any way change the standpoint of the Socialists nor weaken the demand for abdication."

The Berlin Vossische Zeitung, discussing the financial panic in Germany, says that it is of a more stubborn character and greater in extent than at the outbreak of the war. The newspaper adds that in the month ended Oct. 23 the note circulation of the Imperial and Loan Bank increased 2,650,090,000 marks. The note circulation of the Reichsbank had risen to 13,500,000,000 marks, as compared with 2,000,000,000 marks at the commencement of the war, and the loan banks now were circulating 9,000,000,000 marks in notes.

The newspaper says that the Vice President of the Reichsbank asserted that recent hoarding had attained unexampled dimensions. He warned the public that a continuation of hoarding would mean the complete cessation of the economic life of Germany.

GROWING DEMAND FOR GERMAN REPUBLIC

Socialist Ultimatum to the Kaiser Expected — Demonstrations in Berlin by Deserters.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 4.—Persons who have arrived here from Berlin speak of the growing demand for a republic. Yesterday the Executive Committee of the Social Democratic Party held a meeting to decide on taking action for the abdication of the Kaiser.

It is probable that they will offer an ultimatum, the terms of which will be that the Kaiser must go or the Social Democrats will leave the Government. The Majority Socialists are acting under pressure of the radical elements.

Demonstrations are going on in Berlin nearly every day. Deserters march through the streets with their arms. In Berlin there are 200,000 deserters from the army.

The Social Demokraten learns that the inhabitants of the Aland Islands will appeal to President Wilson that their claim for self-determination be considered at the peace conference.

SAYS GERMANY MUST SUBMIT.

Forced to Accept Allies' Terms, Socialist Paper Asserts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Further extracts from a recent editorial in the Schwäbische Tagwacht, a leading German Socialist paper, in which the assertion was made that Germany had lost the war and must acknowledge defeat, were received by the State Department today. The paper says:

"We have lost the war; we are conquered. These bitter words, which we were long reluctant to express, now force themselves upon the lips of all. After the defection of Austria and Turkey even the blindest must see clearly.

"The situation is clear. Although the German Army in the west holds its ground against overwhelming forces with great valor, new dangers arise on our hitherto safe flanks. We are conquered, and only mendacious demagogues can dare try to conceal this terrible fact. Three months of war cost us 100,000 dead and many more wounded. Nothing can be gained by such sacrifice. It is surely better to have populations heretofore belonging to the German Empire under foreign sovereignty than under the sod.

"We have nothing to expect from a further prosecution of the war but an enemy invasion and complete internal collapse. We have no alternative today but to acknowledge our defeat and conclude peace with the victors. What we wish is a just peace, but we are unable to enforce such a peace. If adversaries impose humiliating armistice terms and Entente Socialists and peace friends cannot prevent them, the future will be poisoned and the result will be that all those who hoped for gain for mankind from this war will share defeat with Germany. We should have to prepare ourselves for the future in which we could regain our liberty.

"But there is no sense in continuing the fight now, no matter what the Entente does. In all probability publication of the armistice terms will be tantamount to their acceptance and peace negotiations will soon follow. They will not be broken off, but conducted to an issue, come what may. It will depend on the wisdom of the adversaries whether that peace shall be a lasting peace or a preface to a new and more terrible world catastrophe."

FRENCH PUSH NORTH WITH US

Joint Movement Is Cutting the Germans' Routes of Retreat.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 4, (Associated Press.)—The operation which the Franco-American forces are engaged in carrying out north of the Argonne Forest has now resulted in definitely closing the Stenay Gap, one of the main lines of retreat for the German southern armies.

French troops again this morning moved northward in conjunction with the Americans to Le Chesne, Les Petites Armoises, and Verrières, north of the Argonne. The Franco-American advance west of the Meuse gradually is cutting the roads over which enemy troops may retreat to the frontiers of Luxemburg and Lorraine.

The railroad from Mezières to Montmedy has also been cut by the fire of the allied guns, which means that there is no direct line of communication with Germany for the enemy troops in France west of the Meuse, and that hereafter they must pass through Luxemburg and Belgium.

Indications are that the Germans have accelerated their retreat toward the frontiers of those two countries since yesterday morning.

DOWNED 124 ENEMY PLANES.

Americans' Score for Three Days Includes 29 Lost.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE SEDAN FRONT, Nov. 4, (Associated Press.)—Since the resumption of the American offensive on this front the Americans have brought down in three days 124 German airplanes.

The Americans have lost 29 machines.

"Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 2nd, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 17.10 cents per pound."—Advt.

OUR BIG GUNS CUT GERMAN RAILWAY

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

sensational character was reported from the vicinity of Wiseppe to below Dun, where we had the Germans between us and the river, with the Canal de l'Este beyond, while beyond the Meuse and the canal the Germans had heavy forces assisted by a new division rushed up.

We cleared a long stretch of the west bank of the river, and then to test the German strength sent across minor forces. North of Brieulles there was no bridge. The river, swollen by rains, was some ten feet deep at points, with fords where water ran about four feet. With machine guns peppering the surface of the river until it looked in spots as if there were a hailstorm and with scores of seventy-fives firing on them, while our guns and rifles worked on the enemy, the Americans crossed north of Sassey and met bitter hand-to-hand fighting on the east bank.

We got small bodies of troops across here three times, but had to retire. Four other small crossings of the stream developed such violent enemy resistance that we withdrew for the time being. We have a bridge across at Brieulles, but attempts by engineers to throw passageways over the stream further north last night and today were foiled.

The vigor and scale of the German resistance along the Meuse indicates that the enemy intends to try to make the stream his front line up to Stenay, or perhaps further north, where the river bends at Pouilly. Thence he will try to hold a line running along the wooded heights northwest to the forest of Mazarin. Of course, our attack east of the Meuse may embarrass these plans.

Our break through on Friday morning has carried us fifteen miles through German positions.

This afternoon three batteries of German guns drove at breakneck speed into our lines south of Beaumont and were captured. The artillerymen said they were on their way to reinforce the German front line.

Hampered by Heavy Rain.

Nov. 4, (10 P. M.)—Heavy rain has begun, which threatens to add greatly to our transport difficulties. Because of the long distance to the front from our headquarters extraordinary traffic regulations are in force for the passage of ambulances. This, with the fact that the roads in this section are narrow, presents a great problem for our supply service and hinders the rapidity of our advance. However, rain falls on the just and the unjust.

It is as bad for the boche as for us and worse, for we are moving by schedule and he is in disorder. Large numbers of guns have fallen into our hands, because the enemy cannot get them away. Hundreds of his horses, playing out and being cut from the harness, are being left by the roadside.

Our casualties are almost unbelievably light, considering the gains being made. On many days during the fighting of the last month we have lost more men without a foot of advance than we have lost in the last three days' sweep forward. I passed through two field hospitals today which were working at about 10 per cent. of capacity and with surgeons idling because there was no work to do.

Big Enemy Movement?

Additional reports coming in indicate that the Germans are making some sort of big movement east of the Meuse. There is extraordinarily heavy traffic through Remoiville. It is believed the German activity indicates a retirement in fear of an American drive east of the river.

In speculating where the Germans plan to make a stand on either side of the Meuse, one should bear in mind that their organization has gone to smash in front of the American First Army. Units have forsaken posts, and commands have been losing all home connection and in advance orders seem to be just moving north without system.

Two entire battalion staffs were captured today after they had established headquarters and attempted to organize a counterattack. Our doughboys just walked in on two Majors, loaded them into a truck, and sent them back. These officers were unable to give any information of value. They said they had lost communication with their Colonel yesterday.

The advance yesterday and today resembles in some respects the St. Mihiel picnic, only this time the easy going came as a reward for the grueling fight since Sept. 26. It is giving away no secrets to say that our advance has not seriously taxed the power we had prepared to make the drive. We have lots of punch which has not yet been put into the push ahead.

Today brought the final collapse of the German stronghold formed in the Argonne Forest, with the Bois de Boult to the north. It will be remembered as a bloody fight, in which the 77th Division, assisted by the 82d and 28th, broke the Hindenburg line in the Argonne and, bite by bite, reached Grand Pré.

We had chewed into the Bois de Bourgogne when the advance of the French on one side and the Americans on the other in two days induced the enemy to give up and get out last night. The allied line runs tonight well north of the Forest of Boult.

Tanks Too Slow.

Our tanks have been unable to do much in the advance because it has gone faster than the tanks travel. They will be ready when needed.

Rain today put a damper on aerial activities. We did a good bit of reconnoissance work in the rain and during a few clear hours. German machines appear to have gone on strike. One lone boche came over our lines, but ran home when seven Spads took the air after him.

Speaking broadly, it is hard luck for us if the rain continues, because we have got to slow down in that event. It looks like German weather tonight.

Americans Press Onward.

Nov. 4, (4 P. M.)—The American First Army in the Meuse region continues its advance with unabated speed. Not only does our drive press onward rapidly here, but this morning it was extended east of the Meuse, where satisfactory progress was reported.

In this victory, which takes rank with the biggest successes of the whole war and may become its greatest, troops from all parts of the United States are participating. Among the States represented, not including the regular troops coming, of course, from all parts of the United States, are Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri, New Mexico, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, West Virginia, the District of Columbia, and Virginia.

I can now give an idea of the advance from dawn to noon today. To the west of the Meuse we have passed far beyond the latitude of Stenay, reaching crests just south of Beaumont. We have passed through the Bois de Belval and are on the outskirts of Verrières. We have had only patrol contact with the Germans except on the banks of the Meuse, where despite opposition we have got across the stream north of Brieulles. These troops are cooperating with a corps east of the river in advance on the other side of the M[illegible].

Our [illegible] of prisoners grows hourly, but the amount of material, guns and ammunition captured is mounting far faster as the German troops go back in relative disorder. When I say disorder I speak advisedly, for prisoners tell of interrupted communication, of going for twenty-four hours without orders, of not knowing where the posts of command were.

Indications grow that the vigor and timing of our attack threw all the German resistance plans out of gear. Despite orders to stand on successive lines in case of an American attack, as shown on maps taken, we have reached those lines without finding the organized resistance that the German command had ordered.

Prisoners state that extensive plans are being made to defend Stenay, where machine guns and light artillery have been placed in every advantageous position. These prisoners stated that every building of moment in the town had been mined, ready for destruction, should the Germans have to leave it.

Our advance west of the river, coupled with our attack east of the stream, imperils the German position here. Especially is this position threatened by our hold on the heights across the Meuse to the west, which offer excellent locations for 75s, which could be used for direct fire.

Threw in Eight Divisions.

One of the astounding features of our advance is that in the last three days the Germans have actually thrown in eight new divisions in front of our First Army without slowing up our speedy movement northward.

Bad weather has greatly hampered aerial work. In the last twenty-four hours we have carried out several large bombing expeditions, but chasse and reconnaissance work has been very light. Since we started the battle on Sept. 26 we have accounted for 124 German planes in addition to twenty-two balloons.

It is an absorbingly interesting trip through Grand Pré up to Buzancy, which shows clearly the marks of the stubborn battle which preceded our immediately successful attack on Friday morning. At Grand Pré one finds the beautiful old town in ruins newly made. This place changed hands five times before the line settled down running through the town along the main street, which splits it east and west. The Americans were on the south side and the Germans on the north side.

North of the road is the old citadel on a hill where German dead and American dead lie in disarray. The Americans had charged this hill from the east, and in hand-to-hand fight vanquished the enemy. Perhaps two hundred dead lie in the small area of the citadel. Broken rifles, dented helmets, broken bayonets, wrecked packs, and dead strew the ground.

Battle in Loges Woods.

In the Bois des Loges, where Germands and Americans fought for two and a half weeks, the dead lie unburied—hundreds of them. The débris of battle tells the story of how a labor regiment jumped in with rifles and picks and shovels to help the infantry clean out the Germans who had filtered back after we supposed they were gone. One dead labor soldier lay with pick in hand and four dead Germans about him.

About Champigneulle marks of bitter fighting remain. Here the Germans held us all day Friday with machine guns, and the American dead show how vain charges were stopped south of the village. When darkness fell on Friday night the Germans gave up the task, and those who were left got out.

Going up the road to Buzancy one saw where there had been fighting south of that town. It was here that the Americans, after being stopped temporarily, brought up 75s on trucks, wheeled them into position by hand, and broke the German resistance.

Desolation in Buzancy.

Before the war Buzancy had some 3,000 inhabitants. They are all gone now and but sorry ruins are left of their once pretty town. What is left has been defiled beyond conception. All the streets have been renamed with German names and all shops bear Hun names. For four years the Germans cursed the place. Everything worth carrying away is gone and what has not been taken away has been destroyed with true Hun vandalism.

In the beautiful château the library was strewn around with leaves of priceless books. Human filth lay everywhere where boche officers of high degree had lived. What chinaware had not been carted away was ruthlessly broken. There were many signs that the last few hours the Germans were there had been devoted to defiling what they had left. In one dirty room were found church vestments which evidently the Germans had intended to take away.

The beautiful old church, which had been stripped and used for a barracks, contained the usual filth that German fighters leave behind. Empty wine bottles stood upon the altar. An overpowering stench hung over the whole place.

Everywhere one saw the results of the good work of our artillery. The roads north of Buzancy were torn to pieces by shells, which forced the Germans to leave behind much material that good roads would have enabled them to take away. Fortunately, the lateral railroad running through Buzancy was in good condition, the railroad station being about the only house in town which had not been hit.

Region Blighted by War.

Over the whole countryside the curse of war has wrought its worst. None of the villages we have reached has any civilians now, they having been moved away some weeks ago as far back as the Meuse River, which means to Mézières and Sedan.

As the Germans get out, they destroy what they find it inconvenient or impossible to take away. They have done their work of evacuation as is their wont when forced to retreat. It makes one speculate as to how they will evacuate the rest of France and Belgium.

VALUE OF AMERICAN VICTORY.

Success Crowning Campaign to Cut German Supply Railway.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Nov. 3.—Reports which have just come in from the front lines say there is sharp fighting on our right along the Meuse, especially in the vicinity of Nouart, in which region we nevertheless are making excellent progress. Still better progress is being made on our centre north of Fosse, while on the left we are sweeping ahead rapidly. Our patrols entered one town this morning, reaching the southern edge as the German wagons were pulling out on the northern edge.

The renewal of our advance today makes it certain that the latest American effort has resulted in an important victory, and one that may have an important bearing on the whole military situation. We are now less than eight miles from Stenay, which means that as soon as we can get the guns up, that transportation centre will be under the fire of even small-calibre field guns. We are about nineteen miles from Sedan, through which runs the German Longuyon-Mézières supply line.

The intense desire of the German command to protect this transportation system at once raises the speculation as to what lines of resistance the Germans have this side of it. From Stenay northwest along the Meuse to where it turns sharply north at Mézières and Charleville, the Germans have, of course, a strong line along the river. But to have the Americans reach that position would take away from the Germans the use of their railroad, because we would be practically on it.

There is good reason for the belief that halfway between our present front line and the Meuse there is a German defense front dependent largely on natural positions and running through Stenay, Beaumont, and Vendresse to Montigny on the Vence River.

A glance at a contour map shows that this line rests on a series of hills, the front of which runs through the wooded stretches of the Forest of Dieulet, near Stenay, and then northwest of the Bois St. Pierremont, the Bois Mont Dieu, and the Forest of Mazarin. This line offers great natural advantages for machine-gun defensive warfare, though it is by no means considered as good as the positions which gave strength to the Kriemhilde Stellung, which held back the Americans for three weeks.

Should we reach Stenay, we would be less than five miles from the German main line from Longuyon to Mezières. The reaching of the Sedan junction would, of course, actually cut this line. However, it is not necessary to put infantry on the railroad to stop the traffic, for under a five-mile range our 75s could make the road impassable.

I have explained the importance to the Germans of keeping open the Longuyon-Mezières railroad, which is the most important artery of the whole German Army. Not only is it the shuttle line by which the German staff moves troops from one part of the front to another, being invaluable in case of an allied attack on lower Lorraine or Alsace, but it supplies the entire German front from the region of Laon to the region east of the Meuse. More than that, looking at the whole western front situation, the German Army has two avenues of withdrawal—one the rail gateway through Liége and the other through Luxemburg by way of the Mezières-Sedan-Longuyon system.

In other words, the German Army is in a big bottle with two mouths. Should we advance again as far as in the last two days, the Luxemburg gateway will be closed. Between this neck and the Liége neck lies the great Ardennes Forest, through which there are no railroads east and west. In a word, the breaking of this Mezières-Sedan-Longuyon railroad line will be perhaps the biggest victory which could be achieved on the whole battle-front. That victory is in sight.

One of our 28 jobs for this client.

Turner for Concrete

Some recent contracts:

American Woolen Co.	2 Storehouses
American Agriculture Chemical Co.	2 Buildings
Vacuum Oil Co.	1 Building
Navy Dept.	6 Buildings
Robert Gair Co.	1 Building

Four of them are former clients. (53⅓ per cent. of all Turner work is on repeat orders.)

TURNER Construction Co

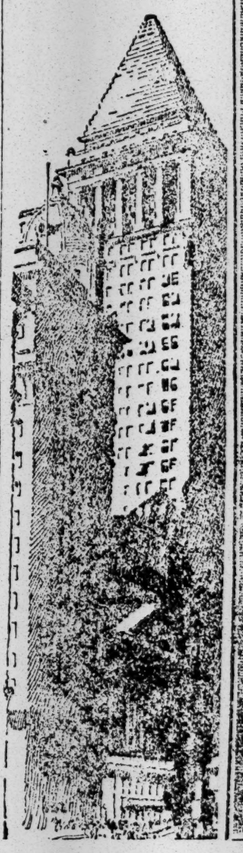
Safe Deposit Boxes on Ground Floor in Each Building.

Lexington Ave. and 42nd Street.
Seventh Ave. and 42nd Street.

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating. No payment accepted unless successful.

Frederick N. Whitley, Inc. Engineers and Contractors. 247 Fulton St. Brooklyn.



To the needy of France, first—to his heirs, afterward

Have you a favorite charity?

A wealthy American who had long been an admirer and friend of France died some time after the outbreak of the war. To his will, which had been made long before, he added a codicil placing funds in trust with this Company, for the benefit of certain non-combatant victims of the war. The income is payable to them as long as they live, and at their death the principal reverts to his own heirs.

You can establish trusts with this Company for charitable purposes or for your own heirs, by having your lawyer make a simple codicil to your will. Ask for "The First Step in Making Your Will."

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
Member Federal Reserve System
Downtown Office: 16 Wall Street
Astor Trust Office: 5th Avenue at 42nd Street

COLDS AND INFLUENZA

Every user of Kolynos will find, upon reflection, that since he began its regular use he has been *freer from colds* and *throat troubles* than he was before.

Kolynos contains among other ingredients, Eucalyptus, Thymol, and Menthol (the active principal of Oil of Peppermint), three of the *best known remedies for nose and throat affections.*

Combined with them are, also, Benzoic Acid and Saccharine, which still further increase their antiseptic value.

In selecting a preparation to keep your mouth clean and healthy, you want *not only* the mechanical cleansing, brought about by soap and chalk, but *a plus* in the true *antiseptic action* furnished by the *other* ingredients contained in Kolynos Dental Cream.

Kolynos, at all times, is a valuable dentifrice, but in times like these it renders a service *which removes it entirely from the ordinary.*

The Kolynos Company
New Haven, Conn.
U. S. A.

Familiar Green Glass Shade

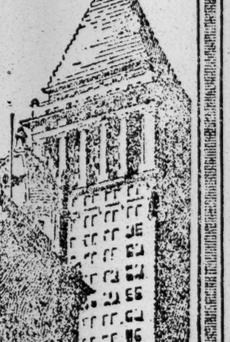
EMERALITE

The National Desk Lamp

Where big business is conducted you will find Emeralite. The best is none too good for your eyes. Emeralite is also the finishing touch to the modern office—and promotes personal efficiency.

At office supply and electrical stores or write for booklet showing Emeralite for every purpose.
H. G. McFADDIN & CO., 36 Warren St., N.Y.

WARMTH



THE GREAT COLLAR AND INGENIOUSLY TREATED POCKET FLAPS GIVE A PRACTICAL COLD TERM AIR TO THE FINCHLEY ULSTER SKETCHED.

THE HARNESS STITCHING, AN ITEM COMMONLY ASSOCIATED WITH ENGLISH ULSTERS, HAS BEEN APPLIED WITH CUSTOMARY ADROITNESS.

The Hosiery shown by Finchley may be considered entirely dependable.

$60

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

READY-TO-PUT-ON TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th. Street
NEW YORK

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Quick Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Contains no dangerous or deleterious substance.

The date, page and column of news articles on this page are always available in the quarterly issue of The New York Times Index. $5 per annum.—Advt.

CASUALTIES IN THE ARMY AND THE MARINES NOW TOTAL 67,091

348 Dead in Today's Army List; 577 Wounded Also Named

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The two casualty lists given out by the War Department today contained 953 names, bringing the total for the army up to 63,100. No Marine Corps list was issued, leaving the total previously reported for that branch of the service at 3,991.

In the army lists for today there are the names of 195 who were killed in action, 57 died of wounds, 5 died of accidents or other causes, and 91 died of disease. The lists also show 157 severely wounded, 159 wounded to a degree undetermined, 261 slightly wounded, 27 missing in action, and 1 prisoner.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths—	Prev. Reported.	Rptd. Nov. 4.	Total.
Killed in action	10,726	195	10,921
Lost at sea	624	—	624
Died of wounds	4,132	57	4,189
Died of accident and other causes	1,283	5	1,288
Died of disease	3,726	91	3,817
Total	20,491	348	20,839
Wounded	35,465	577	36,042
Missing, including prisoners	6,191	28	6,219
Total	62,147	953	63,100

(DA) Died from Accident and other Causes.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Pvt. Private.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner
Mus. Musician.
Hors. Horseshoer

CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED NOV. 4.

NEW YORK CITY.

APPLER, G.L.; Mrs. M. Appler, 52 W. 119th St.—Corp. (WU)
BLAINE, J. J.; T. J. Blaine, 144 Winter Av., S. I.—(KA)
BRYAN, J. E.; Mrs. A. Bryan, 97 Cooper pl., Bklyn.—(WU)
BRYANT, G. E.; Mrs. G. E. Bryant, 1,322 Bedford Av., Brooklyn—Capt. (KA)
CARRAHER, D. J.; Miss M. F. Carraher, 165 W. 82d St.—Corp. (WS)
DALTON, J. J.; P. Dalton, 508 W. 127th St.—Corp. (WS)
DE BERNARDO, PETER; S. Guerrieri, 207 Wallabout St., Brooklyn. (WL)
DEVITT, J. J.; Mrs. M. Clark, 457 W. 48th St.—Corp. (WS)
DOLL, A. Jr.; Mrs. B. Doll, 831 Willoughby Av., Bklyn. (WL)
DOONER, PETER; J. Dooner, 314 W. 120th St. (WL)
DOWD, E. F.; Mrs. A. Dowd, 16 1st St., Brooklyn. (WL)
EISENKRAFT, A.; Mrs. J. H. Eisenkraft, 438 E. 70th St. (WL)
FOUNTAIN, W. S.; Mrs. L. B. White, 3 W. 135th St. (DD)
FOX, W. J.; Mrs. A. Fox, 739 E. 150th St. (WL)
FRANK, PAUL; J. Frank, 483 2d Av. (WL)
FRATTO, A.; V. Fratto, 257 E. 124th St.—Corp. (WL)
FRISCH, W. O.; Swenson, 2,085 Southern Blvd.—Corp. (WL)
GABRIEL, JOHN, jr.; Mrs. M. Gabriel, 296 Maujer St., Brooklyn. (WL)
GALLAGHER, J.; Mrs. Gallagher, 936 58th St., Bkn. (WU)
GALLO, ERNEST; Mrs. J. Gallo, 117 Gold St., Bkn. (WU)
GELB, JULIUS; H. Gelb, 221 Henry St.—Corp. (WL)
GERBERSEN, A. B.; Mrs. Gerbersen, 1,200 Bedford Av., Brooklyn—Capt. (KA)
GLUCKMAN, ARCADI; Mrs. B. Gluckman, 1,665 46th St., Brooklyn—Lt. (WL)
GOLDSAND, M.; Mrs. G. Goldsand, 155 Siegel St., Bkn. (WL)
GORDON, CARL; Mrs. R. Gordon, 500 E. 140th St. (WL)
HARMON, J. A.; Della Harmon, 1,008 3d Av. (WL)
HART, A. H.; Mrs. M. J. Hudson, 607 Flatbush Av., Bkn. (WU)
HARVEY, JOHN; J. E. Harvey, 456 W. 17th St. (WU)
HAYES, DAVID; J. Hayes, 520 St. Ann's Av. (WL)
HOPKINS, A. L.; Dr. W. S. Hutchinson, 159 E. 61st St.—Lt. (DD)
HUNTER, J. M.; J. R. Hunter, 537 E. 53d St. (WL)
JOHNS, C. G.; Mrs. J. Johns, 184 Warwick St., Bklyn. (WL)
KIMBLEY, T. J.; Mrs. A. Horgan, 88 Bradhurst Av. (DD)
KLUSH, ——; Mrs. Klushin, 1,267 St. Brooklyn. (KA)
LADEMANN, O. F.; Mrs. A. Lademann, 1,262 Morris Av.—Corp. (WU)
LAZARUS, CLARENCE; Mrs. Carie Lazarus, 542 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn—Corp. (WL)
LEHRER, MOSES; Dr. H. Lehrer, 977 Tiffany St. (WS)
LEONARD, J. A.; Mrs. M. Leonard, 150 Elen St., Astoria—Sgt. (WU)
LEVINE, D.; Mrs. J. Levine, 39 E. 126th St.—Corp. (WU)
LEWIS, H. P.; Dr. J. C. Williams, 781 Park Av.—(WL)
LIBOWITZ, MOSES; Miss Ida Libowitz, 1,174 Jackson Av.—Sgt. (WU)
LYONS, WILLIAM; Mrs. Weber, 51 Carmine St. (WU)
McCANN, ——; Mrs. J. McCann, 309 Hudson Av.—Corp. (WL)
McNAMARA, W. J.; Mrs. N. Shimsy, 240 Conner St., Brooklyn—Sgt. (WL)
McPADDEN, Hon. J.; J. McPadden, 102 W. 122d St.—Sgt. (WS)
MACARTHUR, A. B.; Mrs. B. Ida Allen, 152 Alden St. (WL)
MAXWELL, J. R.; Mrs. R. Maxwell, 9,321 Ridge Boulevard, Brooklyn—Corp. (WL)
MOLSON, E. H.; Mrs. R. M. Molson, 411 W. 114th St. (WS)
MOORE, ——; Mrs. Moore, 1,262 Bedford Av., Brooklyn—Corp. (WS)
NEARY, T. F.; alias D. Neary, 33 E. 29th St. (DW)
NITZBERG, A. S.; Nitzberg, 59 East 103d St. (WU)
NOLAN, ——; Mrs. Nolan, 1,262 Bedford Av. (WU)
OAKMAN, H. T.; Mrs. M. E. Oakman, 677 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn—Corp. (WS)
O'KEEFFE, T. F.; Mrs. A. O'Keeffe, 271 Pacific St. (WL)
O'NEALE, J. S.; Mrs. Ida E. B. O'Neale, care of James S. O'Neale, 50 Church St.—Lt. (DW)
OVERLANDER, J. L.; Mrs. C. M. Miller, 72 Park Av., Brooklyn—Corp. (WU)
PADDOCK, B.; Mrs. A. C. Paddock, 59 Hamilton Place—Maj. (WS)
PEARSON, G. A.; Mrs. S. Pearson, 226 High St., Brooklyn—Corp. (WL)
PERKINS, L. A.; Mrs. E. C. Perkins, 145 E. 82d St.—Lt. (WU)
PERNICE, J. M.; Miss M. Pernice, 615 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn. (WS)
POHLMAN, R. D.; Mrs. E. S. Pohlman, 351 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn—Corp. (WU)
REEVES, J. H.; Mrs. N. M. Reeves, 141 E. 26th St. (DD)
RETTINGER, J. A.; Mrs. J. A. Rettinger, 119 E. 102d St. (WU)
RIORDAN, J. F.; Mrs. M. Riordan, 558 W. 58th St. (WL)
SCALICE, FRANCESCO; J. Scalice, 342 E. 11th St. (WS)
SCHNEIDER, AUGUST; Mrs. L. Schneider, 654A Hancock St., Brooklyn. (WS)
SEVER, S. J.; Mrs. E. M. Sever, 258 Monroe St., Brooklyn—Corp. (DW)
SINGING, ——; Mrs. A. Sinding, 318 Throop Av., Brooklyn. (WU)
SPARHUBER, HENRY; Mrs. H. Herman, 142 Kingsland Av., Brooklyn. (WS)
SULLIVAN, J. L.; Mrs. E. Sullivan, 2,387 3d Av.—Corp. (WS)
SWARTZ, ROGER; Mrs. J. Rathgeber, 2,526 Gates Av., Ridgewood, Brooklyn. (WU)
TAPPEN, J. J.; J. Tappen, 67 Harrison St., Stapleton, N. Y. (KA)
TAUSSIG, J. L.; Mrs. I. W. Taussig, 10 W. 96th St. (WS)
TOBIAS, ——; Mrs. Tobias, 1,262 Bedford Av., Morris Av.—Lt. (WL)
VALLE, V. ——; Mrs. St. Walsh, 2 E. 104th St.—Sgt. (WU)
VOGELBOOK, E. M.; Mrs. Vogelbook, 2 Renor st.—Lt. (KA)
VOUTSIAKIS, J. L.; Mrs. Voutsiakis, 549 E. 82d St. (WL)
WOLF, FERDINAND; Mrs. Wolf, 747 St. Anns Av. (WU)
WULFF, A. M.; Mrs. D. A. Wulff, 765 70th St., Bklyn. (WL)
WYMAN, J. C.; Mrs. L. Wyman, 317 Columbia St., Bklyn. (WL)

NEW YORK STATE.

ARMSTRONG, W. W.; H. J. Armstrong, De Nice Road, Charlotte. (WL)
AUSTIN, S. ——; Mrs. S. Austin, Perkskill—Corp. (WU)
BALDWIN, W. F.; Miss M. M. Baldwin, Potsdam—Sgt. (WU)
BRYAN, W. J.; Mrs. G. Bryan, Amany. (KA)
CUNNINGHAM, T. J.; T. Cunningham, Palmyra—Corp. (WU)
DE RUM, H. F.; Mrs. H. G. De Rum, Buffalo—Corp. (KA)
EATON, GEORGE; Dolf Eaton, Pitcher. (WU)
FORD, C. J.; Miss M. Ford, North Rochelle—Mch. (KA)
GALLIVAN, J. J.; J. F. Gallivan, Tonawanda. (KA)
GALLINGER, J. L.; C. M. Gallinger, Onondaga. (KA)
GERMAN, R. L.; Mrs. C. German, Roxbury. (KA)
GIRDUCKY, GEORGE; Mrs. M. Mitchell, Elkbrook. (WS)
GRAND, C. E. W.; G. A. Grand, Lake Placid—Corp. (WS)
HANES, L. J.; Mrs. F. Hanes, Norwich—Sgt. (KA)
HARRIS, L. H.; Mrs. Harris, Niagara Falls. (WU)
HARTFUER, W. S.; Mrs. A. Hartfuer, Buffalo. (WL)
HAWN, A. E.; O. G. Hawn, Albany—Bat. (WU)
HOFFMEISTER, H. C.; Mrs. E. J. Hoffmeister, Utica—Sgt. (KA)
HOLOHAN, M.; Mrs. W. Houlon, Huntington. (WL)
HOWARD, G. E.; R. E. Howard, Malone. (WS)
JOCHUM, J. A.; Mrs. J. Jochum, Buffalo—Corp. (WS)
KELLEY, HOMER; Mrs. C. Kelley, Geneva—Sgt. (WU)
LAEMMEL, M. P.; Miss S. Laemmel, Rochester. (KA)
LAURENCELL, W. H.; J. Laurencell, Buffalo—Corp. (WL)
LAURENCELL, H. J.; J. Laurencell, Buffalo. (KA)
LEWIS, E. E.; E. Lewis, Arverne—Sgt. (WL)
LICHTENWALTER, F. D.; Mrs. M. Lichtenwalter, Westfield. (WL)
LUTJENS, A. J., Jr.; Mrs. H. E. Lutjens, Woodhaven—Corp. (WL)
McGLONE, EDWARD; M. McGlone, 212 Irvin St., Port Chester. (KA)
MANCINI, CESARE; J. Mancini, Schenectady. (KA)
MEADE, PAUL; G. B. Meade, Oswego. (WS)
MONROE, EDWARD; Mrs. A. Monroe, Buffalo. (WS)
MOUNT, H. B.; Mrs. M. I. Mount, Olcott—Corp. (KA)
NELSON, K. O.; Mrs. V. E. Nelson, Union. (KA)
O'NEIL, C. T.; Mrs. M. O'Neil, Walton—Lt. (WU)
OTT, WARREN; L. C. Ott, Valley Stream. (WU)
OUNJIAN, MOSES; Miss A. Ounjian, Troy—Cook. (WU)
PETERSON, O. E.; O. Martinson, Jamestown. (KA)
PITTENBURGE, L. D.; Mrs. H. Willsey, Ithaca. (WL)
PITRY, JOSEPH; Mrs. A. Rosa, Islip—Corp. (KA)
PLANTY, ANTHONY; Mrs. M. Clopeter, Baldwinsville. (WU)
RAULDENBAUGH, G. J. F.; Mrs. M. Staudenmayer, Utica. (KA)
ROSE, ——; Mrs. Rose, 1,262 Bedford Av. (WU)
SAVALENZISE, F.; V. Vanenzise, Jamesville. (WU)
SCHWALLIE, OSCAR; Mrs. A. Mahler, Mrs. Plain. (WU)
SEYER, E. J.; Mrs. M. Meyer, Schenectady. (DD)
SMORRIS, C. H.; Mrs. J. L. Morris, Rockford. (KA)
SOSSAMAN, ——; Mrs. F. Piotrowski, Chicago—Sgt. (WU)
SPIEGELBERG, L.; Mrs. R. Nobeker, Chicago. (WL)
STEVENS, KARL; Miss E. I. Patten, Katonah. (WL)
STOREY, DeWITT; C. G. L. Petty, Lawrenceville—Lt. (WU)
STOUGHT, V. E.; A. Pigott, Medbury. (WS)
STRAUSS, JOSEPH; Mrs. A. Rosz, Islip—Corp. (WU)
SWANTY, ANTHONY; Mrs. M. Clopeter, Baldwinsville. (WU)
TAULDENBAUGH, G. J. F.; Mrs. M. Staudenmayer, Utica. (KA)
VALENZISE, F.; V. Vanenzise, Jamesville. (WU)
WALLACE, R. M.; Mrs. D. Torensend, Watertown. (WU)
WEBB, C. L.; Mrs. A. Webb, Great Bend—Sgt. (WL)
WETMORE, W. L.; Mrs. M. Wetmore, Port Chester. (WU)
YASCHUK, STEVE; N. Adomuk, Buffalo. (WU)

ALABAMA.

ATCHINSON, J. W.; Mrs. S. Atchinson, Bay Minette. (WL)
BARBER, W. L.; Mrs. L. D. Barber, Buffalo—Corp. (WL)
BUCHANAN, T. F.; B. F. Buchanan, Ensley. (WL)
CROSS, DAN, R. F.; Cross, Letchatchee. (WL)
DAUGHTRY, C.; Mrs. Daughtry, Georgiana. (WL)
DAVIS, J. P.; Mrs. J. P. Davis, Montgomery—Sgt. (WL)
DILLARD, C. D.; G. W. Dillard, Bell Green. (WL)
ENGLAND, J. P.; J. England, Springville—Sgt. (KA)
EVANS, JESSIE; Mrs. M. Evans, Anniston. (WS)
GRADY, J. C.; Mrs. O. Buchanan, Huntsville. (WL)
FRAZIER, E. H.; Mrs. A. S. Frazier, Castleberry. (WL)
GARNER, DEWEY; Mrs. M. Garner, Anniston—Corp. (WL)
GAULT, W. C.; J. W. Gault, Hurtsville. (WL)
HAMILTON, R. W.; Mrs. G. W. Hamilton, Alexander City—Sgt. (WL)
HARPER, JAMES; Mrs. J. S. Harper, Columbiana. (WS)
HARRIS, H.; Mrs. M. Harris, Fernnichans—Mch. (WU)
HIGGINBOTHAM, G.; Mrs. F. C. Higginbotham, Pall City. (WS)
HILL, W. H.; Mrs. M. Hill, Yolande. (WS)
HORTON, BIRGE; T. B. Horton, Albertville—Corp. (WL)
HUBBARD, B. T.; W. Hubbard, Alabama City. (WU)
INGRAM, JOE; Mrs. S. Ingram, Bellewood. (WU)
JACKSON, S. M.; H. G. Jackson, Abbeville. (WU)
JONES, L. T.; W. M. Jones, Huntsville—Corp. (P)
KUYKENDALL, J. W.; Mrs. L. Kuykendall, Alexandria City. (WS)
LAD, ELWOOD; Mrs. Gertrude Lad, Bessemer—Corp. (WL)
LANE, S. E.; Mrs. M. J. Arnold, Bessemer—Corp. (WS)
LONG, H. C.; Mrs. T. H. Long, Uniontown—Lt. (WL)
McELROY, G. A.; Mrs. Zara McElroy, Elkmont. (WL)
McGHAR, LESLIE; Henry McGhar, East Talassee. (WL)
McLENDON, R. Z.; L. E. McLendon, Tennille—Corp. (WU)
McGOWAN, EARLY; Will Tindell, Hartford—Corp. (WS)
MONTGOMERY, R. E.; R. D. Montgomery, Moulton. (WU)
NORTH, HARWELL; J. H. North, Lathrop—Sgt. (WU)
PATRICK, B. H.; Buck Patrick, Encatawpa—Corp. (WS)
PHIELDS, J. C.; Mrs. L. L. Phields, Lincoln. (WL)
WALKER, R. B.; W. F. Walker, Cropwell. (WU)
WATSON, BERT; Mrs. E. M. Watson, Eden. (WU)
WATERS, JOE; Henry Waters, Florala. (WU)
WEEMS, J. J.; Mrs. W. C. Heflin, Courtland—Corp. (WU)
WINDHAM, S. C.; Beab Windham, Oakman. (WS)
WOODYARD, JAMES; William Woodyard, Dadeville. (WL)
WOOTEN, ELIHU; Joe Wooten, Fort Payne. (WL)
WRIGHT, J. D.; G. W. Wright, Ozark. (WU)

ARIZONA.

COFFIN, C.; Mrs. H. J. Coffin, Tempe—Corp. (WL)

ARKANSAS.

CUTRIGHT, D.; J. Cutright, Magnolia. (DD)
EDGAR, RUBIN; Mrs. Martha A. Pierce, Jonesboro. (DD)
FOSTER, WESLEY; J. L. Foster, Paragould—Sgt. (WU)
GARRISON, LEE; E. B. Garrison, Moorefield. (KA)
JONES, NATHANIEL; Mrs. A. Davis, Marianna. (DD)
RAEUN, D. W.; G. Raeun, Vick. (KA)
RHODES, W. F.; Mrs. B. Rhodes, Wilmar. (DD)

CALIFORNIA.

AHERN, G. C.; D. J. Ahern, Oakland—Sgt. (DW)
DONABEDIAN, A. N.; M. M. Donabedian, Fresno. (KA)
FULTON, HUGH; Mrs. D. L. Fulton, Oakland—Lt. (KA)
GORDAN, H. H.; J. B. Jordan, Exeter. (WU)
GRIS, D. R.; F. P. Orr, San Francisco. (LS)
GUAGNANI, STEVE; G. Magnani, Oakland. (KA)
MITCHELL, LESTER; L. Mitchell, Alturas—Corp. (WU)
SHERLOCK, P.; Mrs. M. Sherlock, Stockton—Wagn. (KA)

COLORADO.

BERAN, J. J.; Mrs. A. Beran, Denver. (WU)
GALLEGOS, JACOB; Mrs. M. Gallegos, Ideal. (WU)
MERRICK, C. S.; S. B. Merrick, Kalserhelm—Sgt. (WL)
OSTERMILLER, L.; H. Ostermiller, Fort Morgan. (DW)
PARKS, ——; Mrs. W. Sims, Rocky Ford. (WU)
THRAPP, F. O.; Mrs. E. Thrapp, Denver. (DW)
WAGNER, H. R.; Mrs. J. E. Wagner, Fruita. (DW)

CONNECTICUT.

BLOOMQUIET, E. P.; J. Bloomquist, New Britain. (WL)
CONNELL, P. A.; Mrs. B. K. Connell, Union City. (WL)
DEMAO, DOMENICO; C. Fattiachi, Torrington. (KA)
DOOLING, W. F.; W. F. Dooling, Saugatuck. (WL)
EGGER, RALPH; G. Freer, New Britain. (KA)
GOODALE, C. L.; Mrs. C. W. Goodale, Glastonbury—Sgt. (WL)
HALAJIAN, P. B.; P. Paul, Naugatuck. (KA)
HESS, W. F.; Mrs. C. Hess, Broadbrook—Cook. (DW)
HUGHSON, E. J.; E. Hughson, West Haven. (DP)
KELLEY, H. E.; Mrs. E. Kelley, New Canaan—Lt. (WL)
KOEHLER, F. T.; Mrs. M. Koehler, Windsor Locks—Corp. (WU)
KRIPPS, G. H.; H. Kripps, Hamden. (WL)
McGRAW, A. A.; Mrs. J. McGraw, Danbury. (WU)
MEYER, S. D.; D. G. Meyer, Collinsville—Corp. (WU)
MICHAELS, L.; Mrs. J. Crowley, Bristol—Corp. (WU)
PRYOR, W. J.; J. H. Pryor, Bristol—Corp. (WU)
RUBENWOLF, J.; Rubenwolf, Cornwall Bridge. (WL)
WOODS, J. E.; J. H. Woods, New London. (WL)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

WOLFE, P. T.; Mrs. G. R. Bruce, Washington—Corp. (WL)

FLORIDA.

BRANNING, J. M.; Mrs. D. Branning, Marlana. (DD)
BRYANT, OWEN; Mrs. A. Germantown, Madison. (WS)
CRANBERRY, SAMUEL; A. Cranberry, Greenwood. (WS)
HART, H. L.; Mrs. M. J. Hart, Brandentown—Corp. (WU)
PERRY, R. A.; E. B. Perry, Hawthorne—Lt. (WS)

GEORGIA.

AUSTIN, GUS; Robert Austin, Milledgeville. (KA)
CANDLER, G. S.; C. M. Candler, Atlanta—Lt. (WS)
CARTER, ALEXANDER; John Carter, Oconee. (DD)
DOBBS, W. S.; Miss Zomer Dobbs, Gainesville. (KA)
DURHAM, ESTES; Mrs. J. M. Durham, Woodville. (KA)
IRBY, OTIS; Mrs. Sallie Irby, Rainbow. (WU)
McGIRT, D. W.; Mrs. S. G. McGirt, Donaldsonville. (DD)
MALONE, OTIS; Mrs. T. C. Malcom, Monroe. (DD)
SPRUIELL, DAVID; T. Spruiel, La Grone. (WU)
WATSON, Ade Watson, Sandersville. (WU)
WEST, ROSCOE; Mrs. M. West, Thomson. (DD)
WOODS, B. D.; Mrs. Lula Woods, Hamilton. (WL)

IDAHO.

BLAIR, M. E.; S. M. Blair, Hailey. (WS)

ILLINOIS.

BERTINO, F. E.; Joe Marchiando, Orient. (KA)
BOUCHIE, L. E.; Mrs. J. Bouchie, St. Francisville. (WS)
BRUNS, W. H.; Frank Braun, Chicago—Sgt. (WU)
BUSEMIA, F.; Mrs. J. Busscma, La Grange—Corp. (DD)
CLIFF, J. A.; Mrs. Hattie C. Cliff, Hanover. (KA)
CONNELLY, R. J.; P. Connelly, Wilmington. (WU)
DALE, P. B.; Mrs. A. B. Dale, Evanston. (WL)
DAVIS, ——; Mrs. ——— Davis, Chicago. (DD)
DOHERTY, R.M.; Mrs. K. Brumbraugh, Chicago—Corp. (WU)
DOOLEY, D. ——; Mrs. ——— Dooley, Chicago. (DD)
DRISKELL, R. F.; Mrs. E. Betz, Champaign. (DD)
EARLE, E. W.; Gatina, Chicago—Corp. (WU)
GOLDSTEIN, M. H.; Mrs. L. Goldstein, Chicago. (WU)
HAGGERSON, A. H.; Mrs. N. Haystrom, Chicago. (WU)
HENDERSON, W. A.; Mrs. M. Henderson Quincy. (WU)
HUBER, F. M.; Mrs. Huber, Chicago—Corp. (WS)
JOHNSON, E. H.; Mrs. E. Johnson, Chicago. (KA)
KAFKA, CHARLES; Mrs. M. Kafka, Chicago. (WS)
KALBER, F. H.; Kalber, Braidwood—Sgt. (WU)
KEALEY, SPALEY; A. Keaten Chicago—Corp. (WU)
KOCOT, PETER; John Kocot, Chicago. (WS)
KORZYSKO, GEORGE; M. Korzysko, Chicago. (KA)
KUBACZ, ——; Mrs. Mary Kubacz, Chicago. (WU)
KUHLMEIER, H. A.; A. W. Kuhlmaier, Dakota. (KA)
LEE, DEIT; Mrs. R. D. Springs, Monmouth—Sgt. (DD)
LOWERY, L. C.; Mrs. L. Lowery, Gibson City. (KA)
McKAY, THOMAS; Mrs. J. L. McKay, Dixon. (WU)
MERKELEY, W. L.; J. W. Mckelvey, Urbana. (WL)
McLAIN, T. J.; Mrs. E. King, Chicago. (WS)
MACHOREY, C. B.; F. J. Machery, Worden. (WU)
MACKOWIAK, W. P.; Mrs. M. Mackowiak, Chicago. (WU)
MALLORY, OSCAR; A. W. Kohlmaier, Dakota. (KA)
MEYER, E. J.; Mrs. M. Meyer, Sterling. (DD)
MORRIS, C. H.; Mrs. J. L. Morris, Rockford. (KA)
NASH, ——; Mrs. F. Piotrzeski, Chicago—Sgt. (WU)
NIEBERGALL, L.; Mrs. R. Nobeker, Chicago. (WL)
PATTEN, KARL; Miss E. I. Patten, Katonka. (WL)
PETTY, DeWITT; C. G. L. Petty, Lawrenceville—Lt. (WU)
PIGGOTT, V. E.; A. Pigott, Medbury. (WS)
PINSKI, JOSEPH; M. Pisliorska, South Chicago. (WU)
PROPES, EGSCOE; Mrs. A. F. Propes, Barrin. (KA)
RHOADS, LE R.; Mrs. L. E. Ebner, Maywood Park—Corp. (WL)
ROMHARDT, G. R.; Albert Lehman, Sutter. (KA)
ST. JOHN, F. B.; Mrs. E. St. John, Pontiac—Sgt. Maj. (WU)
SEARS, ——; W. Sears, Chicago—Sgt. (DW)
SRUTEK, JOHN; Mrs. J. Srutek, Chicago. (DW)
STAPLETON, J. T.; Mrs. J. Stapleton, Chicago—Corp. (WU)
STOLARSKI, J. J.; J. Ruthkowski, Chicago. (WU)
SURAWSKI, W. J.; Mrs. J. Surawski, Chicago. (WU)
TANKERSLEY, D. L.; L. Tankersley, Winchester. (DW)
TUCKER, F. L. Jr.; Mrs. S. Tucker, Greenville—Sgt. (WS)
URBAN, WILLIAM; Mrs. P. Urban, Chicago. (KA)
WILSON, ARTHUR; A. H. Wilson, Evanston—Corp. (WU)
YOUNGER, E. F.; A. Habel, Chicago. (WS)
ZELINSKY, LOUIS; Miss S. Zelinsky, Chicago. (WU)

INDIANA.

BLOSS, M. C.; Mrs. Adelia Bloss, Goshen. (DW)
BRINKLEY, H. A.; Mrs. J. Brinkley, Evansville. (WL)
BURNS, F. T.; W. T. Burns, Indianapolis. (KA)
COOLEY, ——; Mrs. M. E. Cooley, Brookville—Corp. (KA)
DAVIDSON, MARK; D. M. Davidson, Cayuga. (WS)
DAVIS, C. C.; Mrs. Charity Davis, Oolithe. (KA)
DEATER, CORNELIUS; J. H. Deater, Lafayette. (WL)
FISHER, AARON; Benjamin Fisher, Lyles—Lt. (WU)
FOX, A. J.; Mrs. Mary L. Fox, North Vernon. (DW)
HUEMMER, A. J.; John Huemmer, Michawaka. (WU)
JACKSON, GORDON; W. S. Jackson, Silverwood. (KA)
KALLES, K.; Mrs. A. Kalles, South Bend—Sgt. (WS)
KELLY, H. S.; Mrs. R. S. Kelly, Leesburg. (WS)
LEAR, E. V.; Mrs. Eda Lear, Walcot. (WS)
McINTYRE, J. A.; Dan McIntyre, Linton. (WL)
ORSCHELL, W. F.; Peter Orschell, St. Lon. (WU)
RICHARD, B. E.W. Fiechardt, Huntingburg—Corp. (KA)
QUIRIN, C. M. Charles Quirin, Madison. (WU)
WESSLING, H. W.; Henry Wessling, New Point. (WU)
WHITEMAN, CYRIL; S. Whiteman, Michigantown. (DW)

IOWA.

BREWER, G.S.; Mrs. G.S. Brewer, Des Moines—Maj. (WU)
BROUGHTON, G. H.; Mrs. N. T. Broughton, Moorse. (DD)
EDMONDSON, W. C.; H. C. Edmondson, Orient—Lt. (KA)
GALLOWAY, GEORGE; M. Elmore, Sackville. (KA)
GENNETTE, JOHN; Mrs. ——— Gennette, Sabula. (DD)
KENNEY, A. A.; C. W. Kenney, Lyons. (WU)
NISSEN, A. L.; S. J. Nissen, Cedar Falls. (WU)
PLANK, W. F.; F. Plank, Webster. (DW)
POWER, L. W.; Miss L. Hickman, Granger. (DD)
TUCKER, M. A.; Mrs. A. Thomas, Shedingville. (WS)
THOMPSON, H. F.; W. Thompson, Bloomfield. (DD)
ZANE, R. L.; Mrs. I. Zane, Lake City. (DW)

KANSAS.

ANDREWS, H. R.; J. E. Andrews, Independence—Sgt. (KA)
BROADWAY, J. M.; Mrs. I. Mcray, Winchester. (WL)
CHAPMAN, H. B.; Mrs. L. Chapman, Elk City—Sgt. (WS)
COOGER, H. L.; Mrs. H. A. Cooger, Greenleaf. (WU)
DELBO, J. J.; Mrs. O. Delbo, Kansas City. (WL)
EDMONSON, C. J.; Mrs. D. C. Edmonson, Girard—Sgt. (WU)
FREEMAN, K. E.; J. Freeman, Burns. (MA)
GRAY, A. E.; Mrs. P. Gray, Williamsburg. (WU)
HARRIS, A. S. P.; P. Harris, Elsmet. (WS)
HENLEY, CLIFFORD; H. G. Henley, Olatha. (KA)
HOLMES, S. E.; Mrs. G. M. Podesta, Overbrook. (WU)
HUTCHINSON, F.; Mrs. E. Hutchinson, Mulberry—Corp. (MA)
JEFFORDS, P.; Mrs. E. E. Jeffords, Kansas City—Corp. (KA)
JOHNSON, MARION; G. Johnson, Cheney. (WL)
JOHNSON, M. R.; E. B. Johnson, Blue Mound—Corp. (WU)
KNOWLES, J. W.; Mrs. G. W. Knowles, Belle Plains. (KA)
SMITH, L. N.; Mrs. S. Smith, Ottawa—Corp. (DW)
SPARWASSER, P. C.; M. A. Frazier, New Cambria. (DD)
TAYLOR, JAMES; Mrs. J. Taylor, Wichita. (WU)
THURMAN, H. D.; Mrs. K. Thurman, Lawrence. (KA)
YARTZ, ANDREWS; F. Yartz, Pittsburgh. (MA)

KENTUCKY.

COPELAND, R. C.; E. H. Beard, Paducah. (WS)
DALE, JOHN; W. M. Dale, Jackson. (WU)
GREGORY, LEWIS; Mrs. M. Gregory, Nonnguch. (WU)
McLURE, J. T.; Mrs. M. R. McLure, Louisville—Capt. (WS)
McPHERSON, H. F.; A. McPherson, Greenville. (WL)
MIDDLECAMP, T. G.; Mrs. L. Middlecamp, Jefferstown. (WL)
MILLER, PRESS; Mrs. M. J. Roark, Pineville. (KA)
OOST, R. A.; G. B. Oost, Owensboro. (WS)
PUCKETT, EDDIE; C. W. Puckett, Pitts. (WS)
RYAN, L. J.; Mrs. K. Ryan, Louisville. (DD)
TURNER, WAYNE; J. B. Turner, Ned. (WS)
WARD, ORA; W. Ward, Offutt. (MA)
WEBB, LURMON; Mrs. M. Webb, Millers Creek. (WL)
WHITE, EASE; Mrs. B. White, Elk's Store. (WU)
YOUNG, WILSON; S. Sllivan, War Branch. (WL)

LOUISIANA.

CONZONERE, FRANK; M. Conzonere, New Orleans. (WS)
GREGORY, LEWY; Mrs. L. Gallery, Centre Point. (DD)
MOORE, E.; Mrs. D. Moore, Independence—Lt. (KA)
SELLERS, G. T.; Mrs. M. A. Walton, Lottie. (DD)
SYLVESTER, F.; Mrs. L. Moses, Breaux Bridge. (KA)
WHITE, L. W.; F. White, Sr., Brusly—Corp. (WU)

MAINE.

COLLINS, A. A.; Mrs. A. A. Collins, West Appleton. (KA)
FOSTER, WILES; Mrs. A. Foster, Houlton. (KA)
GOWEN, HERBERT; Mrs. S. W. Gowen, Wells. (KA)
HINKLEY, F. J.; G. G. Hinkley, Gardiner. (WU)
LABBAY, A. T.; D. Labbay, Lewiston. (WU)
MOODY, J. D.; E. C. Moody, Portland—Sgt. (WU)
THIBODEAU, BENNIE; D. Thibodeau, Millinocket. (WU)
WEEKS, R. L.; L. Ferguson, Hollowell. (WU)
YATES, E. M.; C. E. Yates, Princeton. (WL)

MARYLAND.

ABBOTT, R. R.; Mrs. M. Abbott, Baltimore. (DD)
COX, C. A.; Miss E. M. Cox, Baltimore—Nurse. (DD)
DANTONE, SAM; J. Dantone, Baltimore. (DW)
DI ANGELO, ——; T. D' Angelo, Baltimore. (KA)
DOUER, FREDERICK; Mrs. L. Mulligan, Baltimore. (DD)
HOLDEN, H. N.; L. B. Holden, Baltimore. (WL)
PATRICK, H. G.; R. Patrick, Stayer, Frostburg. (WS)
PRINCE, E. H.; Mrs. E. G. Prince, Towson—Lt. (KA)
SHAFFER, JAMES; Mrs. C. Shaffer, Mt. Savage—Mch. (DD)
TILGHMAN, E. J.; Mrs. M. C. Tilghman, Salisbury. (WU)

MASSACHUSETTS.

BARATELLI, D. J.; A. Baratelli, Quincy. (DD)
BARNEY, A. A.; Mrs. J. Anasasia, Hudson. (WU)
BUIA, RAYMOND; Mrs. M. Buia, Whitinsville—Corp. (KA)
CAMERON, D. A.; Mrs. W. M. Cameron, W. Roxbury. (DD)
DOHERTY, B.; Mrs. M. Doherty, Lawrence. (WL)
FORD, FRANK; H. Van Barcom, Lynn. (DD)
FOURNIER, ORLADA; H. Fournier, Holyoke. (WL)
GOLDSTICK, HARRY; Mrs. M. Goldstick, Springfield. (DD)
HERRICK, H. R.; Mrs. J. W. Devens, Salem. (WS)
HUDSON, C. B.; Mrs. L. Hueson, Newtonville—Lt. (DD)
KEREZSIE, J. L.; W. Keresiela, Worcester. (WS)
LA BLANCA, A. J.; Mrs. M. L. La Blanch, 80 Ashburnham. (WU)
LANE, H. R.; Catherine Lane, Boston. (WU)
LUCK, A. F.; Mrs. M. Luck, Lowell. (WL)
McSHERRY, THOMAS; Mrs. E. McGinnis, Medford. (KA)
MOODY, I. A.; J. Moody, Waltham—Corp. (WL)
MURPHY, V. C.; M. J. Murphy, Boston. (WL)
PAGE, E. W.; J. M. Page, Haverhill. (WS)
SANBORN, J. R.; Mrs. J. R. Sanborn, W. Medford—Lt. (WS)
STILES, W. H.; Mrs. H. Stiles, Attleboro—Lt. (WU)
VERDER, W. M.; Walter Verder, Dorchester. (DD)
WALKER, C. P.; Mrs. Carrie Walker, Winthrop—Sgt. (WS)
WETHERBEE, C. E.; Mrs. H. A. Butcher, S. Lincoln. (WU)
WOOD, W. R.; A. G. Wood, Haverhill. (WL)

MISSISSIPPI.

DAVIDSON, E. C.; D. D. Davidson, Arena. (WL)
McNEASE, V. E.; R. McNease, Bassfield. (KA)
PARRISH, C. L.; Mrs. E. Parrish, Kings. (WU)
PRICE, MATHEW;

GERMANY PROTESTS ALLIED AIR RAIDS

Says She Has Limited Bombing Since Oct. 1, and Counted on Mutual Arrangement.

NOTE IS SENT TO WILSON

Washington Knew Nothing of Alleged Change—Rhine Towns Fear Destruction.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The German Government today notified the United States that since Oct. 1 its air forces have been under orders to make bomb attacks solely against important hostile military objects within the immediate operations of war, on the assumption that allied and American air forces were to receive similar instructions.

The note, delivered through the Swiss Legation, protests that air raids have been carried out recently against seven German towns with loss of life among the civilian population, and that unless such raids cease Germany cannot refrain from aerial attacks on allied territory outside the zone of operations.

This was the first notice received by the American Government that such orders had been issued to the German air forces, which have constantly raided defenseless cities and towns in France, Great Britain, and Italy since the war began.

The State Department made public the German note without comment. It follows:

"The German aerial forces have been under orders since the beginning of October of this year only to make bomb attacks which are directed solely against important hostile military objects within the immediate area of operations of war. These orders were issued on the assumption that the enemy aerial forces were to receive similar instructions.

"In assuming this the German people find themselves disappointed. A short time ago the enemy made bomb attacks on the German towns of Wetvlar, Kaiserslautern, Mannheim, Ludwigshafen, Freiburg, Forbach, and Wiesbaden, claiming numerous victims among the civilian population. Nor has occupied territory been spared.

"It is evident that Germany can refrain from aerial attacks on enemy territory behind the area of operations only if, on their side, the enemy from now on will reciprocate and also refrain from making aerial attacks outside the area of military operations.

"In the expectation that the intention, shared by the other side, to further humanity and preserve important objects of culture will meet with the understanding of the opponents, the German Government proposes to the Governments of the other belligerent countries that corresponding instructions be issued without delay to their aerial forces, informing it of the measures taken."

There was no intimation as to what action, if any, the American Government would take with regard to the German protest. It was said authoritatively that official reports show that American air operations have not up to this time gone beyond attacks upon purely military objectives. Such other damage as may have been done has been incidental, it was said.

In view of the repeated raids of German air forces during the last four years not only on defenseless towns in France, England, and Belgium, but also on hospitals plainly marked and far beyond the fighting zones, military and diplomatic observers here do not believe that the German protest will be taken seriously by the allied Governments.

The German protest was addressed to the United States, it was said, probably because this country has not been subjected to the campaign of air terrorism conducted by the enemy. American hospitals behind the line in France, however, have been bombed by German night raiders.

It was regarded as possible that the German authorities have been forced to some step by the clamor of the German civil population, particularly in the Rhine provinces, where the belief is general that a mighty American air fleet is being built to destroy towns there.

MANY TOWNS TAKEN, PERSHING REPORTS

General Tells States from Which Troops in Drive Come—5,000 Germans Are Captured.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The American First Army, continuing its advance northwest of Verdun, extended the attack today to the east bank of the Meuse. General Pershing reported that all towns on the west bank of the river south of Halles had been captured. The statement follows:

"Headquarters American Expeditionary Forces, Nov. 4 (Morning):

"Carrying our attack further into the enemy's territory today, our troops have passed through the Bois de Belval and the Bois du Pont Gérache, and are on the heights two kilometers south of Beaumont. Further to the west we are approaching Verrières. All of the towns situated on the west bank of the Meuse south of Halles are now in our hands.

"This morning our attack was extended to the east bank of the Meuse, where it is progressing favorably."

General Pershing in his Sunday evening communiqué reported an advance for the First Army of twelve miles on an eight-mile front in three days. In the action have been regulars and National Army troops from Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri, Colorado, New Mexico, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia and the District of Columbia. The communiqué follows:

"Headquarters American Expeditionary Forces, Nov. 3 (Evening):

"The First American Army continued its successful attacks today, capturing in its advance the following villages: Boult-aux-Bois, Autruche, Belleville-sur-Bar, Harricourt, Germont, Bar, Authe, Fossé, Sommauthe, Belval, Nouart, St. Pierremont, Harricourt, Tailly, Halles, Montigny, Sassey, Chatillon-sur-Bar, and Brieulles-sur-Bar.

"Heavy losses have been inflicted on the enemy due to the continuous blows during the past month and by the surprise and force of the renewed attack on Nov. 1. Statements of prisoners show that his organizations have been thrown into great confusion. Several complete batteries and whole battalions have been captured by our troops. The number of prisoners now exceeds 5,000, and the number of guns more than 100.

"During the last three days we have already penetrated to a depth of twelve miles on an eight-mile front and gained control of dominating heights which enabled us to bring the fire of our heavy artillery on the important railroad lines at Montmedy, Longuyon, and Conflans.

"Since Nov. 1 seventeen German divisions have been identified on the front of the attack, nine of which were in line on that morning; and additional divisions have reinforced the line since the beginning of the attack in a futile effort to stop our progress.

"In addition to regulars there were in this attack divisions composed of National Army troops from Texas and Oklahoma, from Kansas, Missouri, Colorado, and New Mexico, from New York, from New Jersey, Maryland, and West Virginia, and from Maryland, the District of Columbia, and Virginia."

BEAUMONT HEIGHTS TAKEN.

Present American Operation May End with Day's Successes.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE SEDAN FRONT, Nov. 4. (Associated Press.)—In the face of stubborn opposition the Americans took, and held firmly, the wooded heights south of Beaumont, the last German stronghold west of the Meuse. The advance carried the lines forward for an average gain of five kilometers.

The forces on the heights are now only about seven and one-half miles from Carignan on the Mezières-Metz Railroad, and about nine miles from Sedan, bringing both places within range of the allied shellfire.

The American troops late this afternoon advanced their lines both east and west, occupying Laneuville, directly opposite Stenay, and taking Les Grandes Armoises on the left.

The day's work may be said to have been complete. It was the principal phase of the American operation since the neck of the German lateral communications between the armies to the north and west was narrowed to the strangling point.

The attacking forces to the right and left advanced with less speed than at the centre, where an American division crashed through despite the most stubborn opposition offered by the Germans since the beginning of the offensive. The apex of the line was driven to the heights, which are vital, affording dominating positions for the artillery.

Patrols went into and beyond the town itself, but its possession is unnecessary as long as the hills are held by the Americans. The Germans cannot fight over the terrain north-northeast because of the lack of communication lines there. They must fall back as soon as the American artillery breaks up the remaining railroads, even if the main lines from Sedan to Metz are not smashed first.

The military authorities were overjoyed with the results of the day's fighting, declaring that it might even spell the end of the present operation, and that any others to the north, westward, or directly eastward would constitute entirely new operations.

The German resistance encountered by the American troops on virtually all parts of the front was the feature of the fighting today. The opposition was especially stubborn on the right and left flanks, where the enemy brought up reinforcements and defended himself with machine guns and artillery.

The American left wing pushed forward slowly but doggedly. The Americans occupied Verrières and Oches. The right wing worked its way down the River Meuse and reached a line between Beaufort and Beauclair and north of Halles and Wiseppe. This flank met with the most stubborn resistance from the enemy, who fought bitterly to prevent encroachment on the important town of Stenay.

The centre of the advancing line is held by troops from New York, Maryland, and West Virginia. To the right and left of them are regulars and other troops from New York, New Jersey, the District of Columbia, Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri, Colorado, and New Mexico.

Almost forty villages have been occupied by the Americans in the territory reconquered from the Germans.

The American losses so far have been astonishingly light, compared with the size of the operation. There has been fighting, but of a half-hearted sort, except in a few cases where for brief intervals strong stands were made by little garrisons left behind.

One of these was at Barricourt, which was occupied just after 4 o'clock Sunday morning, the southern edge of the village having been taken Saturday night. The distance between the Americans and the Germans was less than 300 yards. Ordered to advance, the Americans plunged down the streets with fixed bayonets, shooting as they went. The Germans stood their ground only for a short moment. It was a bloody interval. Only a few of the Germans escaped.

The American intelligence officers have learned that the confusion in the enemy army is increasing almost hourly. It is learned that high officers of the German staff held a meeting Saturday night, which was attended by many of the field officers, to discuss the situation, the seriousness of which was undisputed.

PARTED IN SIGHT OF REFUGE

Germans Separated French and Belgian Civilians from Their Families.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 4.—Belgian and French refugees who crossed the Dutch frontier before it was closed during the last week report that the latest form of German cruelty took form in the separation of men of military age from their families within sight of the land of deliverance. They had been permitted to travel eastward with their wives and children until the last stage was reached, and there they were detained. The old men and women and children were allowed to proceed across the border.

Families arriving from around Valenciennes and Condé tell stories which leave no doubt that the Germans during the last four years of terror have systematically looted the country. Everything movable—furniture, curtains, and household utensils—was stolen, and ruthless fines were assessed on the people. Often they were imprisoned if they failed to salute the Germans respectfully.

Some of the parties of refugees were in good health, while others had lost members by death since they had been driven from their homes. One party from Douai and St. Amand, led by a priest from the latter town, entered near Breda. They had been wandering for two months through Belgium, and several had died. Forty-one of the party were sick when they arrived and were taken to a hospital. At all points along the frontier Dutch soldiers have helped in carrying the children and assisting the aged and infirm to temporary shelters. After receiving food and resting for some time they have been placed on trains and sent to points inland ready for their reception.

Members of a German frontier guard attempted to drag back from Dutch territory some refugees who slipped through in a crowd at one of the posts of entry. They were set upon by infuriated Dutch spectators and chased back across the frontier.

THE best paint or varnish is the only kind we sell. We also tell you how to use it.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PRODUCTS

Thirty-second Street Opposite Gimbel's

BROOKLYNITES
★ VOTE FOR ★
MACMAHON
for County Judge
"Brooklyn should be proud of elevating him to the County Bench.
"Hon. ARTHUR S. SOMERS,
"Pres. Board of Education,
"City of N. Y."

Efficiency is having the work done by somebody who knows how. Let us do your mixing. It will be to your taste.

Club Cocktails

AUSTRIAN ARMY DESTROYED

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

trian troops had ceased hostilities following the conclusion of an armistice. The statement was denounced as an enemy trick, and it was declared that hostilities would continue to be pressed until 3 o'clock this afternoon, the time set by the armistice for their suspension. The semi-official statement read:

"The Austrian war communiqué, dated Nov. 3 at 3 P. M., announcing that, according to an armistice that had been concluded, the Austro-Hungarians had suspended hostilities in the Italian theatre of war is false. At 6 o'clock in the evening of Nov. 3 the armistice had not yet been signed by the plenipotentiaries of the Italian and Austro-Hungarian Governments, and at any rate the provisions of the armistice itself do not call for the suspension of hostilities until 3 o'clock on the afternoon of Nov. 4. Meanwhile, the Italian Army is continuing its operations.

"The subtle intent of the Austrian announcement is evident. The enemy is attempting to undervalue the operations of the Italian troops in action. On the other hand, he is attempting with false news of the armistice to stop the heads of the Italian columns, and so gain time and save as much as possible of his men and material. Arrangements have been made to counteract the last snare of the enemy."

TERMS SATISFY BRITAIN.

Conditions Imposed on Austria to be Read in Commons Today.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The House of Commons will be satisfied with the terms of the Austrian armistice, Chancellor Bonar Law, the Government spokesman in the lower house, announced today in Parliament.

The terms of the armistice will be read in the House of Commons tomorrow.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Offer for Election Day

1200 Men's Shirts
Regularly $2.00 and $2.50
Special at $1.35

¶ Broken assortments of some of our finest shirts, in materials of the old standard—many of them now impossible to obtain. Slightly soiled from handling, but a trip to the laundry will make them as spic and span as ever. Soft and stiff cuff models.

Men's Silk Cravats at 55c

¶ Large, well-tailored, open-end silk cravats in smart figured, plain colored, and novelty effects. The silks are soft and lustrous, of a quality seldom seen in neckwear at this low price.

Silk Fibre Knitted Neckwear at 29c

¶ Narrow "four-in-hands" that will tie a perfect knot. Good selection of colorings—Heathers, Speckled Patterns, Blue with White, and light cross-stripings on dark grounds. At 29c—splendid!

Men's Initial 'Kerchiefs, 6 for 95c

¶ Initials are not complete, but if yours is here, you will have found a handkerchief value of no little importance. Choice of White and colored initials.

Men's Phoenix Mufflers, 39c

¶ Silk Fibre Mufflers in smart White and Grey effects. Nothing like them in the present market.

Men's Mercerized Pajamas, $1.65

¶ Very carefully tailored pajamas in plain colors and striped patterns. Cannot be had wholesale at this price!

Men's Smoking Jackets and House Coats, $4.95

¶ There's nothing more acceptable as a gift than a house coat. These are priced much lower than they can be duplicated for later, selection now being sound economy. Tailored in Double Faced Wool Cloth, with edges, pockets and cuffs trimmed with Silk Cord and Silk Frogs. Sizes 34 to 46, including "longs" and "stouts".

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

A Remarkable Sale of
800
Men's Velour Hats
Regularly $6, $8 and $10
To-day at $4.75

¶ Soft, silky velours, in the correct shapes for present and later wear. More regal-looking hats never crowned a head.

¶ Colors: Brown, Black, Green, Tan and Slate. Lined in colors to match. Sizes 6⅝ to 7⅝.

Khaki Army Sweaters
In Regulation Slip-Over Model
Special
$3.50

¶ Exceptionally well-made army sweaters in all-worsted khaki yarn *as illustrated.*

¶ For your boy in camp nothing will prove more acceptable as a Xmas gift, and what could be more practical?

SWEATER DEPT.—*Main Floor*

Of Special Interest to All Lovers of the Art of the Far East, Collectors, Interior Decorators and Dealers.

The Far East Department Announces a Sale of

Oriental Art Wares

PRICES CUT ⅓ to ½.

This Sale is an event never before equalled in the history of this department and offers savings that would have been unusual even in normal times. These art objects have been gathered by our personal representatives.

The Collection Includes Chinese Porcelains, Vases, Jars, Other Ornaments.

More than one thousand pieces in the various monochrome and all the characteristic decorations. Small Cabinet Pieces to Elaborate Monster Vases.
We call particular attention to the groups at $4.96, $9.89, $17.89, $22.49.

Curios of Chinese, Japanese, and Indian Origin—too large a variety to enumerate.

We have assembled a particularly fine collection of antique Lacquered Furniture Screens, Etc. It will go at greatly reduced prices.

Other Pieces That Show Drastic Reductions Are

Old Carvings—Pictures
Jades and Crystals
Old and Modern Snuff Bottles
Temple Ornaments
Hand Engraved Brasses
Silver Cabinet Pieces
Chinese Jewelry
Bronzes—Enamels
Cloisonne
Mandarin Chains
Pottery
Old Peking Glass
Hardstone Trees
Mandarin Wedding Hats

Old Chinese Silk Fabrics, Hand Woven, in Exquisite Colors and Patterns have been reduced to remarkably low prices.

To the Holiday Shopper, we call attention to our regular assortment of Old and Modern Silk Embroideries and Mandarin Coats.

The Gift Useful or Ornamental May Be Found in Our Assortment of

New and Antique Silk Embroideries
Mandarin Coats and Skirts
Wall Hangings—Brocades
Teakwood Furniture
Floor Lamps, Table Lamps, etc.
Japanese Priest Robes—Obis

Macy's—Fourth Floor, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co.

HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

SHOP FOR CHRISTMAS NOW

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square. B'way, 34th to 35th St.

NEW STORE HOURS
Beginning Wednesday
9:00 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.
Until Further Notice

Just as a Matter of Horse Sense, Why Pay the Difference in Price When There is No Difference in the Merchandise?

ELECTION DAY SPECIAL

600 High Grade Suits Specially Priced for Election Day Only

Men's Smart Fall Suits

$29.75

Regularly Priced at $32.50

Annually at this time we open our regular stock of Fall suits to the Election Day buyer at a marked reduction for the day. The assortment includes clothes ordered six months ago, made possible through our policy of trading on a pure and simple spot cash basis.

Fancy mixed and unfinished worsteds, cheviots, cassimeres and some fine homespun effects. The customary matters of style, tailoring, finish, distinction and variety of assortment will be found as usual.

All Coats fully lined.

Are you alive to what this offer means?

Men's Winter Overcoats, $24.75 to $69.50

Including all the season's newer models—Chesterfields, single and double breasted Box styles, Ulsters, Ulsterettes, form-fitting models and Great Coats.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

RETREATING ARMY PLUNDERS BELGIUM

Towns and Villages Are Still Being Destroyed, Border Reports State.

HOUSES SEIZED AND LOOTED

Arrogant Officers Continue Their Tyrannical Rule Over the Helpless People.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 4.—According to reliable information, not only is Germany continuing her wanton destruction of Belgian towns and villages, but she continues to loot and rule as a tyrant in the occupied district.

Belgium is not being handled with velvet gloves, as one might gather from the German press. There has been a great deal of talk about the lamblike evacuation of the country, and Wolff announced that all deported Belgians would be repatriated. The Germans have liberated a few bourgeoisi, but continue to deport workmen. Such of these as refuse to work are brought back, as always, but in a pitiful condition, after having been starved and martyred.

"You have no conception of how these people look. They have been tortured, and are real heroes," said a woman who escaped with refugees from Liége.

Liége is full of soldiers, mostly those returning from the front. Besides a large house already emptied of its occupants to accommodate Prince Ruprecht, more and more houses are being evacuated in the city. There are many signs that a large number of troops are expected.

Officers Still Arrogant.

German officers are as insolent and arrogant as ever, and either turn the people out of their houses altogether or allow them to live in garret or cellar, or, if alone, an officer often chooses the largest and finest rooms for himself, without any consideration of the occupants. All the hospitals except one have been taken by the military, and the sick are turned out, in spite of the large numbers of patients at present.

Houses which have been occupied by officers during the war are entirely spoiled and plundered of their valuables. Oriental carpets are taken with the excuse that the wool is requisitioned, and of course anything of bronze or brass is valuable, vases, works of art, pictures, old furniture, and clocks, as in the seventies, are looted.

All these are taken and sold in Germany or Holland. The hunt for brass, copper, and bronze has been untiring in the last few months. Walls are broken and cellars ransacked to find hiding places.

An order was issued a few weeks ago that even all water faucets in houses would be removed. However, this order was countermanded a week ago, when the ardent search for metal was also abandoned. People are asking whether this is an indication of peace. Fines are no longer imposed for hoarding or hiding.

Junker Spirit Strong.

The German soldiers have had enough of the war, and think it is finished, but this does not mean that their morale is bad or that they will not continue fighting if necessary. The old Prussian Junker spirit is still prevalent among the officers. There is no feeling of depression or repentance. Rather, there is a feeling that poor Germany has been badly treated, but that the German Army has never been beaten and still stands on enemy territory, strong enough to ward off enemy attacks for some time if the Allies will not make peace.

The soldiers are dirty and dilapidated and the officers often sell their overcoats for 10 marks each on returning from the front, as they receive new ones from the Government.

Many Belgian prisoners have been liberated and sent home. It is supposed that Germany could not feed them.

Corruption among the military is tremendous and every one is on the make. Thus, an old Belgian woman from Verviers who wished to join her children in Holland failed to get a passport numerous times. One day, however, a German woman came to her house and said she could procure a passport, and asked what the Belgian woman would give. The Belgian offered 1,500 francs, which was accepted. After this she was obliged to show herself with the Germans and even take a walk with some of them.

In procuring her passport she was confronted by the very same officers who had already refused her in a categorical manner and who now received her with smiles, but said she must go to a doctor. After a few formalities a bargain was closed, but not before a series of persons involved were bought off, according to a regulated tariff, by small sums of money, bottles of champagne or burgundy and even down to a piece of bacon for a man at the frontier.

Two persons accompanied the woman to the frontier. The 1,500 francs was naturally divided into commissions after being handed over.

SHIPPING HEADS RESIGN.

But Will Stay with Emergency Corporation as Long as Needed.

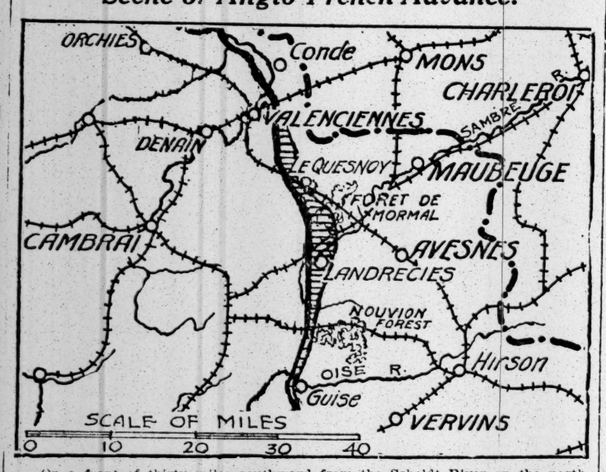
Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—Because of the imminence of peace and the removal of shipping emergencies by the cessation of submarine warfare, virtually every department head of the Emergency Fleet Corporation has tendered his resignation at least in verbal form to Chairman E. N. Hurley, President of the United States Shipping Board. The resignations will take effect within six months, it is now expected, but will be deferred in case peace negotiations are not initiated within that time.

Men affected by the wholesale announcement are Charles Piez, General Manager of the United States Shipping Board, Emergency Fleet Corporation; Vice President Howard Cooley; A. Merritt Taylor, head of the housing division; Dr. Louis C. Marshall, head of the industrial relations section; James O. [illegible], of wood ship division, and M. P. Tuttle, head of the supply division. All are "Emergency [illegible]" Hurley for speeding up the shipping program, and are serving without [illegible] to [illegible] enterprises controlled by them outside the shipping [illegible].

"We shall all stay on long enough to [illegible] over to our successors in such a manner that the interests of the Government will not suffer," said [illegible] in announcing that he had informed Mr. Hurley of the resignations [illegible] and to get back to my own business as soon as possible, however."

Scene of Anglo-French Advance.



On a front of thirty miles southward from the Scheldt River on the northern outskirts of Valenciennes three British armies yesterday threw the Germans back an average distance of three miles, while the French, acting in close cooperation at their right, advanced two miles on a front of approximately ten miles.

Some of the most notable gains, which involved the capture of many villages and strong strategic points, were those made by both Allies in passing beyond the water barrier of the Oise-Sambre Canal, which follows pretty closely the line of the allied front between Landrecies and Guise as it existed yesterday morning. Another was the capture by the British of half of the strongly fortified Mormal Forest.

The area won in yesterday's fighting is indicated by horizontal shading.

HAIG WINS ON 30-MILE LINE

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

Fesmy, Hautrive, and La Groise, with 1,500 prisoners.

On its left the 32d Division crossed the canal at Ors and, after severe fighting, took Ruedenhaut. Having cleared the line of the canal to the south and north of this village, it continued its advance and drove the enemy from the villages of Mézières, La Folie, and Sambreton.

In the centre of the attack the 13th Division, under General Morland; the 5th, under General Shute, and the 4th Corps, under General Harper, attacked the western face of Mormal Forest.

After heavy fighting, the infantry and tanks drove the enemy from his positions in the western outskirts of the forest, capturing the villages of Soyeres, Preux-au-Bois, Hecq, Futoy, and Louvignies.

Thereafter our infantry continued the advance, overcoming alike the great natural difficulties of the heavily wooded ground and the resistance of the enemy.

Moving through the inclosed country on the southern edge of the forest, the 25th Division forced crossings of the Sambre Canal opposite Landrécies and captured the town. Further north the 18th and 50th Divisions penetrated deeply into the forest itself, and are still advancing.

The 38th Division has reached Les Grandes Pâtures and the 17th Division has captured Locquignol, in the centre of the forest.

Severe fighting took place this morning in the neighborhood of Le Quesnoy, where the enemy counterattacked in force and was repulsed by a New Zealand division, with great loss in killed and prisoners. Our troops have passed to the south and north of this fortified town, and are now several miles to the east of it.

On the left English troops, having followed up the enemy closely throughout his withdrawal yesterday morning, attacked and drove him from his new positions on the line of the Aunelle River.

East of this river the Guards Division has captured Preux-au-Sart, and the 24th Division has captured Wargnies-le-Petit and Wargnies-le-Grand. The 19th Division has crossed the Aunelle River east of Jenlain.

Further north our troops hold Sebourg and Sebourgquiaux.

On the extreme left, to the northeast of Valenciennes, the Canadian troops have made progress along the right bank of the Scheldt and have passed beyond Estreux and Onnaing.

Our advance is continuing on the whole battlefront.

The text of the British day statement reads:

At dawn this morning we attacked on a wide front south of the Scheldt. The attack is reported to have been launched satisfactorily.

The official communication from Belgian Headquarters tonight says:

We have completed the throwing back of the enemy beyond the Ghent-Terneuzen Canal. The Germans hold only a few machine gun nests on the west bank of the canal.

Our line has been advanced as far as the approaches to the northwest and southern suburbs of Ghent. From north of the village of Zwynaerde the line continues along the west bank of the Scheldt.

Paris Report of French Success.

Reporting on the French share in these operations, the night communiqué from Paris says:

The First Army attacked, in conjunction with the British, on the Sambre-Oise Canal between Oisy and Vadencourt. We crossed the canal and gained a footing on the high ground on the east bank, reaching the villages of Boue, La Caurette, La Neuville-les-Dorengt, and Iron, and passed beyond Lesquielles, making an advance at certain points of three kilometers.

The text of the French day statement reads:

North of the Serre a French reconnoitring party penetrated into the Pargny Wood, from which 100 prisoners were brought back.

The activity of the German artillery and machine guns was maintained during the night on the whole Aisne front between Rethel and Semuy.

During the month of October, in the course of incessant fighting in which the First Army was engaged on the Oise front, it took 10,387 prisoners, of whom 204 were officers, and captured 113 cannon, besides 1,500 machine guns and considerable material.

DEBENEY DRIVES ON TO NORTH OF GUISE

French Cross the Oise-Sambre Canal on 7½-Mile Front, Gaining 1¼ Miles.

AID THE BRITISH ATTACK

Task of Debeney's Men Similar to That of Gouraud's Co-operating with Americans.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Nov. 4.—While the cessation of hostilities by the capitulation of Germany may be nearer than is perhaps generally realized in America, Marshal Foch hammers the enemy more savagely than ever.

The entry into Ghent and the great Franco-British drive toward Maubeuge and the Belgian frontier are today's pendant to the Franco-American victory in the east, similarly pointed in the direction of Mézières and the frontier of Germany.

Today I visited General Debeney's army, whose left wing is playing a part on the flank of the British attack comparable to General Gouraud's achievement in clearing the Argonne while the Americans drove forward.

It was a difficult task assigned to the French on the twelve-kilometer front north of Guise, protected by the brimful Sambre-Oise Canal. During the night the bridging preparations were completed, and at 6:30, after a brief bombardment, the engineers began their work under cover of a mist and of smoke shells. The German resistance, both with artillery and machine guns, was very strong from the outset, but by 8 large forces had effected a crossing, and their subsequent manoeuvres cleared the way for their comrades at the points where the German defense was maintained.

Before 10 o'clock the crossing was accomplished on the whole front of the attack, and the no less difficult task of advancing against a strongly posted enemy, with a waterway in the rear, was in full swing. The pollus pushed irresistibly up the slopes east of the canal, and the latest advices indicate that they have advanced to an average depth of two kilometers despite counterattacks on the left from the western horn of Nouvion Forest, which affords the usual favorable cover for the defenders.

In this supreme battle the French are fighting with a spirit and élan which, after their extraordinary and continuous efforts since March, may well be regarded as one of the greatest miracles of the war. Their dogged courage which saved the Allies in the critical three months has been fired by success into the same invincible fury of victory that animated the soldiers of Napoleon.

AN IDYLL OF LIBERATION OF FRENCH FLANDERS

Officer's Poignant Home-Coming to Shell-Shattered Town, Unvisited for Four Years.

WITH THE ALLIED FORCES IN FLANDERS, Nov. 4, (Associated Press.)—The open warfare now being conducted over long stretches of inhabited territory along the northern battlefront has produced strange situations which are a far reach from the trench fighting of a few months ago.

Probably none more unusual has been recorded than that experienced by a certain Canadian unit the other day in the Valenciennes area, where the troops holding the front line were actually living in furnished houses, where they slept in beds well supplied with linen and had their meals served on excellent china. Fresh vegetables of all sorts from the surrounding countryside were on the menu. Muddy dugouts and tinned "bully" beef were never like that.

Dramas involving the individual element are piling up along the front these days and bring home forcibly what the world war really means to the hundreds of thousands of civilians directly concerned. It was the correspondent's privilege to take a small part in one of these dramas in the Valenciennes sector.

He was motoring along the highway leading to the recently freed city of Denain, when a French officer beside the road asked for a ride. As soon as the car started he leaned out and began to inspect the surroundings eagerly. Occasionally he would wave to civilians and shout greetings.

Asked if he lived in the vicinity, the officer said that his home was in Denain, where four years ago he left his wife to join the colors. Just after his departure his first child, a daughter, was born. Then came the German occupation, cutting off his family. Now he was going back after these long years to his wife and the baby he had never seen. He was visibly wrought up to the highest pitch. It was quite possible he might find his family dead or gone and his home in ruins.

Denain had been the centre of a battle that had cost civilian lives. Neither the officer nor the correspondent mentioned this fact, but undoubtedly both were thinking it as the car sped over the shell-shattered road.

Entering the city, the officer directed the correspondent toward his home, through streets showing the cruel marks of the invaders' hate. As the car turned into his street, the first house was seen to be in ruins. He gave a nervous start, but said nothing. A few doors farther on was his home and the car stopped across the street from it. The officer climbed out slowly and with an effort, his eyes fixed on the place.

There were no signs of life. The windows were shuttered, and on the door was a sign showing that German officers had been living there. Crossing the street, the officer pulled the bell with a shaking hand. No one answered. He backed away like a man in a trance and leaned against the car, trembling.

Suddenly the door was opened and an aged woman servant appeared in answer to the bell. She was leading by the hand a beautiful baby girl with a wealth of golden curls. The officer took one step toward the child and then halted. He was a stranger to his own flesh and blood. The child hid behind the skirts of the nurse, peering out in fright. Undoubtedly her mother had told her many times during the German occupation that men in uniform were bad, and that she must avoid them.

The horizon blue uniform of France meant nothing to the baby. The half-blind eyes of the old nurse had recognized her master and she held out her hands to him, repeating "Monsieur! Monsieur!" in ecstasy. He crossed the road and grasped her hands, but the baby drew back still farther.

A door opened at the end of a long hall and a comely young matron came through to see what was going on. When half way down the hall she caught sight of her husband. She stopped, her hand flew to her breast, and she swayed for a second as though about to fall. With a sobbing cry of joy she hurled herself into his arms.

The correspondent's car was already away, for outsiders were not needed to complete the scene. And thus they were left, the nurse beaming on the happy couple and the curly-headed youngster looking with round, troubled eyes at this strange man who had appropriated her mother so completely without a word.

'ON TO BERLIN' CONTEST AT AMERICAN BASES

TOURS, Nov. 4, (Associated Press.)—The names of the nine American base ports in France, the service of supply organizations of which have entered an "On to Berlin" contest to determine which can unload guns, food, clothing, and other war materials in the fastest time, can now be announced. They are: St. Nazaire, Bordeaux, Havre, Nantes, Marseilles, Rouen, Brest La Pallice, and Rochefort. The contest started yesterday and will continue for eight weeks.

With the veil of secrecy which heretofore has covered the names of these ports lifted, the Americans at home will be able to follow the progress of the contest through the publication of weekly scores. These will also be sent to the troops at the front.

Of necessity the scores will give no indication of the actual amount of work accomplished in each port, or the number of ships or troops received, but the increased results in each case will be designated by a percentage which will indicate the theoretical progress toward Berlin. This percentage will be computed through comparison of the work accomplished wit beach ports records for the previous eight weeks.

The troops at the front will receive the scores at the Y. M. C. A. huts, and motion pictures of the work at the ports will be shown here, as well as in the United States.

At the close of the contest prizes will be awarded. The base port to "reach Berlin" first will receive a pennant and colors for distinguished service in helping defeat the enemy. Ten days' vacation will be given the winning platoon of freight handlers, and prizes will be given for individual distinction and to the squads and platoons at each port.

The contest was arranged by Major Gen. Harbord, commanding the service of supply, to increase the rivalry among the base port organizations.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

BROOKLYNITES
★ VOTE FOR ★
MACMAHON
for County Judge
"He is possessed of the highest qualifications for this important office."
"NATHAN S. JONAS,
"Pres. Manufacturers Trust Co."

BROOKLYN

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.
Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Announce For To-day

Extraordinary One-Day Special

Exclusive Fall Boots

New models in Black Patent Leather or Glace Kidskin Vamps, grey cloth tops and Louis XV heels. An economy event especially planned for Election Day.

Regular Value 8.00

5.90

Also on Sale in Our New York Store

THIS ESTABLISHMENT OPEN ALL DAY TODAY.
J. M. Gidding & Co.
354-356-358 Fifth Avenue AT 40TH ST. N.Y.

Direct attention to excellent values in

Women's Coats at $75

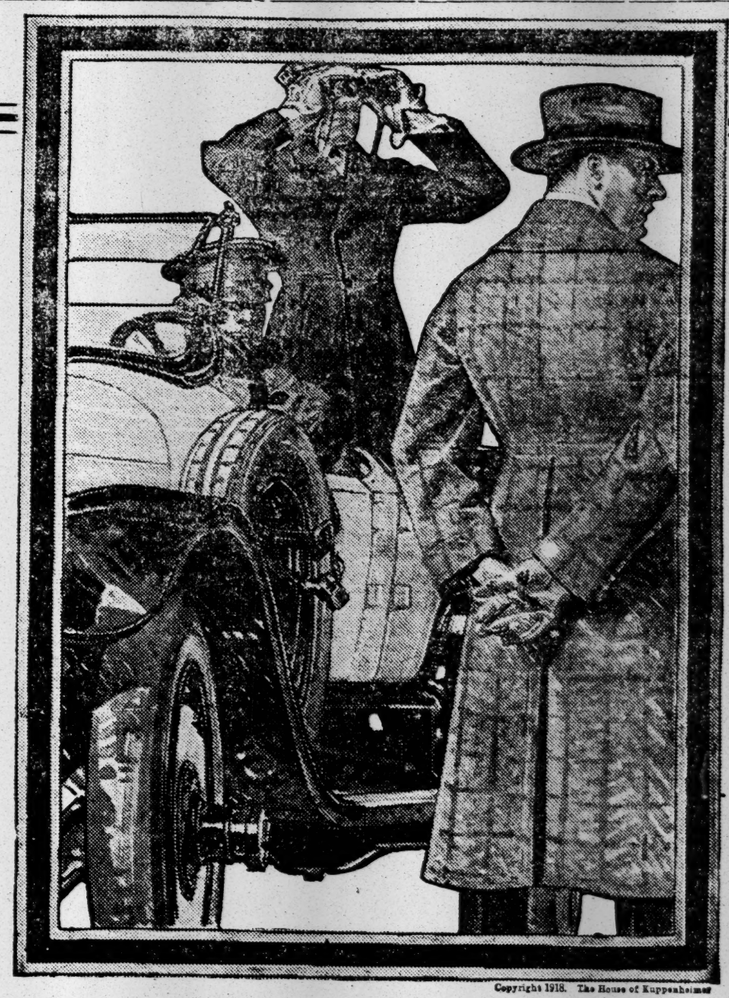
Many smart models of fine velours — silvertones — English homespuns and mixtures—without fur trimmings.

Fur Trimmed Coats at $95

Several models developed in fashionable materials richly lined and made according to the Gidding standard of Workmanship.

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC

Georgette and Duvetyn Dresses
FOR STREET AND INFORMAL WEAR
AT PRICES NO HIGHER THAN ELSEWHERE
FIFTH AVENUE AT 45TH ST.



Copyright 1918. The House of Kuppenheimer

Make Americanism Your First Choice

Vote a straight one hundred per cent win-the-war American ticket, and when you have finished that job in thoroughly American fashion, take advantage of the Election Day Holiday to make one more good American choice and

Buy a Kuppenheimer Overcoat

Making your choice from unusually large and surprisingly comprehensive assortments—the kind of overcoats that will defy wind, rain and storm, and keep you warm and comfortable this Winter. Far-sighted buying makes possible some far-reaching economies.

Kuppenheimer Overcoats, $30 to $80 Suits, $30 to $60

Brill Suits and Overcoats, $20 to $35

All Brill Stores Open All Day Today

Brill Brothers

The Kuppenheimer House in New York

44 East 14th St. 279 Broadway | Broadway, at 49th Street 1456 B'way, at 42d St. | 125th St., at 3d Ave. 47 Cortlandt St. | 2 Flatbush Ave. Brooklyn

Why Kangaroo For A Gentleman's Shoe?

IF your feet are on your mind, try our Shoe of Genuine Australian Kangaroo for a change. It will be a complete change from harsh, heavy, heating leather to the softness of Kidskin; the service of Calfskin; the shimmer of Patent Leather, when polished.

Ships to transport Kangaroo Skins from Australia are scarce. The world's supply is dwindling. Soon you'll count yourself fortunate to own a pair, if you purchase right away.

Though Kangaroo is our particular pride, we have full assortments of Shoes in all leathers, each with the Edwin Clapp hallmark of finest quality and sturdiest benchwork. Large sizes a specialty.

WOMEN! For you we have made up Four Distinctive Styles in Shoes of Genuine Australian Kangaroo. They are in stock at our 42nd Street Shop. Large sizes a specialty.

The Edwin Clapp Shoe
ESTABLISHED 1853

Two Convenient Stores

Up-Town 6 East 42nd Street 3 Doors from 5th Ave.
Down-Town Woolworth Building Broadway at Barclay St.

QUALITY OF CIRCULATION.

The circulation of The New York Times represents the largest and most widely distributed group of intelligent, discriminating, and responsive readers ever assembled by a newspaper.—Advt.

Stocks and Bonds Bought
Also foreign money; immediate cash.
SACKS & CO., Investors
45-47 W. 125th St., New York
Open Till 7 P. M.

The greatest novel of the war.
The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse
By VICENTE BLASCO IBANEZ
FOR SALE AT ALL BOOKSTORES.

BOTH SIDES PREDICT VICTORY AT POLLS

Republicans Say "Whitman by 200,000" and Democrats "Smith by 100,000."

FAIR WEATHER IS PROMISED

Polls Will Be Open from 6 A. M. Until 6 P. M., the Extra Hour Provided for Woman Vote.

Both sides were confident they would win in the Governorship contest when the campaign came to an end at midnight last night. The Republicans put out the highest figures, declaring that Governor Whitman would carry the State by a plurality of 200,000. The Democratic campaign managers were expectant of a plurality of from 50,000 to 100,000 for Alfred E. Smith.

Both the Republican and Democratic leaders were scanning the weather reports anxiously. Bad weather up-State, the Democrats, believed, might make it impossible for the Republicans to get out a vote in the rural districts sufficiently large to offset the ample plurality they expect in this city. They were praying that the dreary drizzle which marked last night might continue throughout today. The Republicans rejoiced when the official meteorological forecast issued late last night predicted fair and somewhat colder weather for the entire State.

The polls will open at 6 o'clock this morning and will remain open until 8 in the evening. This is one full hour longer than the time allotted for voting in other years, an extension regarded necessary to poll the larger vote resulting from the enfranchisement of women. Governors and a full list of elective State officials, members of Congress from the thirty-eight Congressional districts, and members of the State Senate and Assembly will be chosen.

In this city three Justices of the Supreme Court will be elected in the First Judicial District, which includes Manhattan and the Bronx, and two in Second, which includes Brooklyn, Queens, and Richmond, in addition to the counties of Nassau and Suffolk on Long Island. Some vacancies in the Aldermanic record are to be filled, and two County Judges are to be elected in Kings County.

Alfred E. Smith late last night made this statement:

"I am supremely confident that I shall be Governor of New York on and after Jan. 1 next. The sentiment in my favor has grown steadily, and I feel that the victory at the polls for President Wilson and the Democratic ticket will be overwhelming. My own observation and telegrams and letters from thousands of independents and dissatisfied Republicans both men and women, convince me that there is a determination which will be emphatically expressed in the ballot boxes to rid the State of the manipulations and insincerity that have characterized the Whitman administration."

Whitman Expects 200,000.

Governor Whitman told a number of his friends yesterday that he expected to win and placed his prospective plurality at 200,000. The Governor has been told that his pluralities in some populous counties up-State like Erie, Monroe, Chautauqua, and Onondaga, would be sufficient to overcome any pluralities his Democratic opponent rolled up in this city, and that the pluralities from the smaller counties which are Republican strongholds would be "velvet." The Republican plurality in Erie, the Governor believes, will be not less than 20,000, that in Chautauqua, 15,000, as compared with 9,000 two years ago when women did not vote, and that in Monroe 25,000. In Onondaga, the Governor has been told to expect a 16,000 plurality, but does not believe that it will net him more than from 7,000 to 8,000.

George A. Glynn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, before leaving for his home in Syracuse to vote and spend Election Day, made this statement:

"From the advices which I have received I know that Governor Whitman and the Republican candidates will be elected tomorrow by a plurality which will exceed my first estimate of 200,000. Republican victory, greater than ever before, is just as certain as Election Day. Mr. Smith's intimate political associates know the conditions. They are just hoping for a lucky turn of some kind. It won't come."

Governor Whitman, who arrived in this city from a visit to Western New York, where he had spoken at Buffalo on Saturday night, said that he had been greatly gratified by his reception up-State. He did no campaigning yesterday, spending part of his day in conference with District Attorney Lewis of Kings regarding the investigation of the B. R. T. wreck Friday night, which is looked upon by the Republican campaign managers as damaging to the Governor's chances of polling a heavy vote in Brooklyn. The Governor and Mrs. Whitman will remain in this city today. Both will vote early in the polling place at Sixth Avenue near Fifty-fifth Street, a florist's establishment, where the Governor has voted since he made the St. Regis his residence in this city. Mr. and Mrs. Whitman will receive returns at the hotel.

Smiths to Vote in School.

Alfred E. Smith and Mrs. Smith will vote soon after 8 o'clock this morning in the polling place established in Public School No. 1, at Henry and Oliver Streets, directly opposite the Smith residence. Mr. Smith will receive returns at the headquarters of the Citizens Committee in the Hotel Biltmore.

The Board of Elections announced yesterday that four voting places had been established for soldiers and sailors who have not registered from the election districts where they resided before entering the service. Two are in Manhattan and two in Brooklyn. Those in Manhattan are the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, at 168th Street and Fort Washington Avenue, and the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, at Twenty-sixth Street and Lexington Avenue. Those in Brooklyn are the armory of the Twenty-third Regiment, at Bedford and Atlantic Avenues, and the Naval Base, Fifty-second Street, Bay Ridge. Announcement was made at the headquarters of the Republican County Committee last night that twelve women would be assigned to act as hostesses and watchers at the armory polls in Manhattan.

In the camps and cantonments where men from this State are stationed in any large numbers the voting has practically been completed. At Camp Upton the vote was taken last Saturday. The Democratic leaders yesterday received a complaint from Thomas P. Brennan of Patchogue, Chairman of the Suffolk County Home Defense Committee, that many of the soldiers had received no notice that an election was being held and therefore had no opportunity to cast their ballots. In one barrack, where 140 men of the Personnel Department are domiciled, no notice was received, and not a single member of this force got a chance to cast his ballot.

Exceedingly slow returns are predicted for this evening owing to the severe pressure on telegraph and telephone lines. The New York Telephone Company yesterday sent out a notice that it would not, as in other years, distribute election returns and urged subscribers not to ask the operators to supply information or call up the newspapers for returns.

7 to 5 on Whitman.

Governor Whitman continued to rule favorite over Alfred E. Smith in the closing election bets made on the Curb yesterday afternoon, but the odds of 7 to 5, which prevailed toward 3 o'clock, were far from reflecting the confidence which was held by the Governor's supporters last week, when offers of as high as 2 to 1 were recorded. It was the impression on every hand that the over Sunday reports from up-State, and the predictions which were made in various quarters which have been unusually correct in other campaigns, made the earlier odds prohibitive. For a short time yesterday there were odds of 9 to 5 quoted on Whitman, but they were prevalent only at the opening, and from those figures the odds dropped as low as 6 to 5. There was an influx of Whitman money toward the close of the day, and backers of the Governor were willing to wage 7 to 5 despite the host of unfavorable reports that had accumulated. In all about $50,000 was wagered, by far the heaviest day that the betting ring on the Curb has known since the campaign started.

There was just as little disposition yesterday to wager on the prospect of a Republican or Democratic House as in the earlier days of the campaign. Some wagers were made, but the uncertainty of the outlook was reflected in the odds that prevailed, even money ruling in every bet that was made. As far as Congress as a whole is concerned, there was hardly a single wager reported during the day, and the same is true of all the betting that has been done. Furthermore, there were no bets placed as to the result of the fight for control in the Senate.

Some bets at even money were recorded that Smith would carry New York by 200,000, and even money prevailed in a wager that Smith would carry all five boroughs. The same odds held true in wagers that Smith would carry Kings County. In all, it is estimated that between $150,000 and $200,000 will change hands as a result of the vote today. Usually the mark would have more closely approximated $1,000,000.

REPUBLICAN FUND SWELLED

Committee Reports Additional $184,470—$100,000 to Calder.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—In the final pre-election expense account of the Republican National Committee, received late today by the Clerk of the House, additional receipts of $184,470, making a total of $670,875, were reported up to Nov. 1, and additional expenditures of $184,509, making the total $653,605.

Campaign expenditures, listed as "cash advances," included $100,000 to Senator Calder of New York, $34,000 to C. A. McCulloch of Illinois, and $28,000 to Coleman du Pont, Republican National Committeeman for Delaware.

Arthur Curtiss James of New York with $30,000 was the largest of the new contributors. H. A. du Pont of Wilmington, Del., gave $13,000, and the Guggenheim Brothers of New York and E. C. Converse $10,000 each.

Commenting on the Republican report, Homer S. Cummings, Acting Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, said:

"Efforts to swing the election away from the President by the lavish use of money appears to constitute the eleventh-hour program of Republican leaders. This conclusion is reached after perusal of the statement just filed by the Republican committee's Treasurer, which shows, for example, an advance of $100,000 to United States Senator William C. Calder of New York on Oct. 31.

"The same statement shows that $23,000 was sent to T. Coleman du Pont at Wilmington, Del., on Oct. 29, with $5,000 more on Oct. 30. Illinois, however, seems to be second to New York, $34,000 having been advanced to C. A. McCulloch in Chicago in four days. Of this amount $13,000 was turned over to him on Oct. 29, with $14,500 following on Nov. 1."

SMITH IS CONFIDENT AS CAMPAIGN ENDS

After Touring Long Island, He Makes His Last Appeal on Staten Island.

RAIN FAILED TO STOP HIM

Carried His Meeting from Huntington's Square Into a Moving Picture Theatre.

Confident that today's vote will return him winner over Governor Whitman by a substantial margin, Alfred E. Smith closed his campaign last night with meetings in Port Richmond and Stapleton, S. I. Both meetings were enthusiastic and well attended, and furnished the top to the day's motor campaigning in Nassau and Suffolk Counties.

Starting out from his home at 25 Oliver Street at 8:30 o'clock yesterday morning, Mr. Smith, accompanied by Mrs. Smith and his eldest daughter and Commissioner of License Gilchrist, sped out to Babylon, L. I., where the Democratic candidate addressed about 200 from the steps of the Casey Hotel. For ten minutes Mr. Smith condemned his rival for failure to develop the inland waterways of the State, concluding his speech with a reference to what he termed the failure of the Public Service Commission to serve the people.

The next stop was at Bay Shore, where a crowd of 300 warmly applauded the speaker, while an equal number were on hand at noon when Patchogue was reached. A trip across the island landed the campaign party at Port Jefferson, where arrangemnts had been made to have the 700 employes of the Bayles Shipbuilding Company hear Mr. Smith. When, however, the Democratic candidate learned that the men in order to attend the meeting would have to lose time on Government war work, he refused to permit them to quit work. "That's 7,000 minutes the shipbuilding program would be out if the men came here," he said.

On the trip from Port Jefferson to Huntington it started to rain, and when Huntington's main square hove in sight the crowd that should have been clustered about the band was grouped in store doorways. It was just time for the Palace Moving-Picture Theatre to open up for the first show; the manager said he was going to vote for "Al," the band leader reckoned his brass blowers could pass muster as an orchestra, and the theatre's 450 seats were promptly occupied, fully 50 per cent. of the audience being women.

Speaking from the stage, Mr. Smith vigorously assailed Governor Whitman for extravagance in the conduct of the State, criticised him for depending upon subordinates to settle big questions, and finally assured his auditors that if he were elected he, unlike Mr. Whitman, would "not be a Governor by proxy." At this meeting Mr. Smith was joined by Maurice E. Connolly, Borough President of Queens and candidate for Supreme Court Justice for the Second District.

The last meeting on Long Island was held at Glen Cove, and nearly 1,000 turned out to give Smith a noisy greeting. He spoke for nearly thirty minutes, and was frequently forced to halt by cheers and shouts of agreement. Tired, but brimming with optimism, Mr. Smith returned to this city, to go direct from his headquarters in the Biltmore to the Staten Island meetings.

SAYS IT WAS A CONSPIRACY.

Samuel Untermyer Denounces Attack on Wilson by Republicans.

A meeting in support of the fusion candidacy of Samuel M. Goldfogle, who is running against Congressman Meyer London, Socialist, was held last night in Public School No. 4, Rivington and Pitt Streets. The Chairman was Samuel Untermyer, and in addition to a speech by him, ex-Ambassador Abram I. Elkus spoke. Declaring that the main issue of the campaign was support or repudiation of President Wilson, Mr. Untermyer bitterly assailed the Republican party. He said:

"It now appears that while the party was protesting that it was 'standing by the President' it was secretly plotting to overthrow his authority, to discredit the terms of peace laid down by him and our Allies, and to defeat his policies. We now realize that it was the part of far-seeing wisdom to compel this opposition to show its hand and to uncover the conspiracy of hypocrisy and betrayal so that the real issue might be dragged into the open and the people be made to understand."

Asserting that if the alleged plot were exposed in all its details "there would be hardly a corporal's guard in the House to represent what was once the great Republican party," Mr. Untermyer characterized any attempt to upset the carrying through of the President's policies as "a seditious thing."

Mr. Elkus urged that the President be given full support, and declared that the soldiers were backing him up in their voting. In support of this he cited the case of the balloting at an unnamed cantonment, where of 288 soldiers 282 voted for Wilson.

WOULD FORESTALL HUNGARY

Mrs. Catt Calls On Western Voters to Establish Suffrage.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the International Suffrage Alliance, made public in this city last night an appeal which she had sent to the voters of Michigan, Oklahoma, South Dakota, and Louisiana, in which she asked them to "get ahead of Hungary by voting 'yes' on the woman suffrage amendment," whose fate will be decided at the polls in those States today.

Pointing out that Hungary will allow her women to have a voice in the decision as to whether that country shall be a monarchy or a republic, Mrs. Catt called on the voters not to let themselves be outstripped "in applying the full test of democracy."

WILSON WILL NOT VOTE.

Tumulty Says Vitally Important Matters Keep Him in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—President Wilson tonight cancelled his plans for going to his home in Princeton, N. J., to cast his vote in the Congressional elections. The decision of the President was made known by Secretary Tumulty in this statement:

"By reason of pending matters of most vital importance that require his personal attention in Washington, the President has finally decided that it is inadvisable for him to go to his home in New Jersey tomorrow for the purpose of casting his vote."

ARREST MRS. STOKES FOR REGISTERING

Socialist Leader Convicted of Seditious Utterances Held Under Election Law

UNDER BAIL IN KANSAS

Taken in Home Here by Superintendent Marshall—Faces 10-Year Term in Kansas.

At an early hour this morning State Superintendent of Elections Frederick L. Marshall arrested Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes at her home, 88 Grove Street. He charged her with illegal registration. Mrs. Stokes had been convicted of uttering seditious remarks and her appeal is pending in Kansas. It is contended by Superintendent Marshall that Mrs. Stokes committed a felony by registering.

Mrs. Stokes said she did not believe that she had lost her franchise because of the conviction, as sentence had not been passed upon her. She will be arraigned in Jefferson Market Court this morning.

Mrs. Stokes, who is the wife of J. G. Phelps Stokes, was convicted on violation of the provisions of the Espionage Act by a jury in the Federal Court in Kansas City last May after three counts in an indictment had charged her with seditious utterances. She was sentenced to serve ten years on each of the three counts of the indictment, although the terms were to run concurrently.

A motion for a new trial was denied, but Judge Van Valkenburgh allowed counsel sixty days to file a bill of exceptions and pending settlement of a proposed appeal to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Mrs. Stokes was released in $10,000 bail. It is upon this conviction that the charges against her now are based.

After she had been convicted Mrs. Stokes repeated the remarks for which she was convicted of violation of the Espionage act and said that she would refuse to retract. Later she was conspicious at the trials of Eugene V. Debs and others tried on similar charges, and at the Debs trial was rebuked by the Federal Judge when she applauded in the courtroom.

Type Company Profits Grow.

The American Type Founders Company reports net earnings of $446,271, equivalent to $7.02 a share on the $4,000,000 common stock of the company. The increase in net over the previous year was $42,630. After the deduction of preferred dividends of $165,242 and common dividends of $160,000 there was a surplus of $121,029. The balance sheet shows merchandise on hand to the value of $2,984,018 and cash to the amount of $425,060. The total assets are $11,408,049, an increase of $896,636 over the showing in 1917.

AS A WAR MEASURE SHOP FOR CHRISTMAS IN NOVEMBER

HEARN

Fourteenth Street West of Fifth Avenue

OPEN TODAY—ELECTION DAY—UNTIL 6:15 P. M.

THESE SALES

Are Planned with One Purpose in View—

To Give Patrons What They Want, When They Want It, at PRICES That NEVER FAIL to SELL.

The Following Specially Planned for TODAY, ELECTION DAY:—

One Day Sale---Today

MEN'S SOFT SHIRTS

1.22

Regular Values $2.00

Truly a Shirt Bargain Extraordinary!

This Price Is Actually Less Than Today's Wholesale Cost!

14 to 17 Neck 5-Button Fronts

THESE FABRICS ARE:—

Woven and printed madras, genuine soisette repp and mercerized novelties in a splendidly varied assortment of fast-color stripes.

Every one is urged to do their helpful bit by shopping as early as possible for Christmas, therefore

Buy for Christmas gifts as well as for present needs.
Limit 3 to a Customer

Today—Election Day

School Girl Modes At Special Prices

This makes a combination appealing to mothers, whose judgment is sure to approve of these very smart styles at such unusually low prices.

Girls' Dress Coats

These extremely attractive models are of all wool cloths and velour plush trimmed with self material, velvet or plush. The large convertible collars are cut in many picturesque ways—colors are navy, green, brown and burgundy—8 to 14 yrs.—our reg. $13.94 ... 11.92

Girls' Winter Coats

All-wool cloths, zibeline and corduroy, make these warm, cosy coats. The large collars include some cape styles also—handsome trimming and many different styles make these coats especially desirable—our reg. $16.74 ... 14.77

Little Girls' Coats

These are very snug and comfortable—they are made of zibeline and plush, lined throughout. The trimming is of pressed or beaver plush, or fur. Colors, navy, brown and green—6 to 8 yrs.—our reg. $12.94 ... 10.91

Serge Dresses

Very good looking, are these dresses of all wool navy serge, with full kilted skirts, smart pockets and pretty lingerie collars—8 to 14 yrs.—our reg. $7.94 ... 6.33

Rain Coats

Every girl should have one of these convenient attractive Rain Coats of rubberized cravenette, in gray, brown and hair line novelty checks—brim caps, also, to match the coats—our reg. $6.94 ... 5.77

For Today, Election Day, Specially Arranged Price Reductions

In Boys' & Young Men's Clothing

For this day we have stretched a point to make the always superior values in this department even better than ever before. Style, qualities and prices are incomparable.

Little Boys' Overcoats—military and trench models too numerous to describe, both in patterns and styles—variety of plain colors, also fancy cheviot overcoatings—3 to 10 yrs.—our reg. $11.94 ... 10.00

Young Men's High Class Suits—Joffre and sack models—all the very newest points of tailoring—velours and worsteds—in all the season's newest shades—exceptionally high grade suits—alpaca lining—these suits cannot be bought in specialty shops for less than $35.00—27.50 and 29.50

Little Boys' Suits—smart little models in sailor, trench and junior Norfolk styles—of serge, velour and worsted—various combinations—colors navy and khaki—sailor collars, self, military and Eton collars—long and short trousers—excellent assortment—sizes 3 to 10 yrs.—Special 7.94

Young Men's Overcoats—Double-breasted models of heavy winter coatings in Oxford gray or brown mixtures—many double faced cloths, satin linings, yoke and sleeve convertible collars, slash or flap pockets—belted—our reg. $24.50 ... 19.50

GREAT SALE of

BLANKETS

TODAY---Election Day

We have put only the best blankets in this sale—because they wear longest and are the warmest and best made and we have marked them at prices for which, today, you scarcely purchase blankets of inferior quality. One of these would be an appreciated Christmas gift for mother.

WOOL MIXED BLANKETS—white with contrast borders—also plaids for full size beds—our reg. $12.94 ... 10.50

JACQUARD BLANKETS—imported cotton—eiderdown finish—full size—suitable for robes or blankets—variety of Indian, Chinese and plaid designs—our reg. $4.74 ... 3.84

WOOL MIXED BLANKETS—white with contrast borders—for full size beds—plaid designs for three-quarter beds—our reg. $9.94 ... 7.76

COTTON FLEECE BLANKETS—white or tan with contrast border 64 x 80 inch—our reg. $3.45 ... 2.54

WOOL FINISH PLAID BLANKETS—for full size beds—our reg. $4.24 ... 3.44

COTTON FLEECE BLANKETS—white, gray and tan—contrast borders—45 x 70 inch—our reg. $2.07 ... 1.56

CRIB BLANKETS—imported cotton—eiderdown finish—jacquard design—pink or blue, stitched or silk bound—also white with pink or blue borders—our reg. $1.84 ... 1.57

HANDSOME CRIB BLANKETS—mostly all wool—white with pink or blue borders, bound all around with 2½-inch satin—our reg. $7.94 ... 5.77

CRIB BLANKETS—eiderdown finish—jacquard design—pink or blue—our reg. .67 ... .54

Also
A Fine List of Morning Specials on Sale Today Until 1 P. M.

Beginning Tomorrow: Store Hours, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

Will Hold on the Fourth Floor To-day and Wednesday—

An Unprecedented Sale of

Women's Higher-Cost Dresses and Evening Gowns

Regularly $75 to $100 At $39.50

These are the greatest values in Afternoon, Dinner, Street, and Evening Gowns ever presented to New York women. The Styles are the most exclusive created this season, and the exquisite needlework of each model is of a standard unsurpassed in the very highest-priced custom gowns.

Satin Charmeuse, Satin Meteor, Chiffon Velvet, artistically combined with self-color Chiffon, Georgette Crepe, or Tricolette.

Beautifully Beaded and Hand-embroidered Georgette Crepe Frocks.

Metal Embroideries on Chiffon Velvet and elaborately Embroidered Satin.

Dinner Frocks of Black Lace and Velvet combined.

All sizes in the collection, but not **more** than three or four of any one style.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Store Hours, until further notice, 9.45 A. M. to 6.15 P. M.

—ELECTION DAY SPECIAL—

Being One of the Most Important Sales of the Season

Women's Winter Suits

Fur-Trimmed or Plain Tailored Styles

Less than usual wholesale price *$29.50* *Specially purchased for the Event*

Planned on a very large scale—backed by extraordinary values—the occasion—Election Day Special—being known far and near as a suit-buying opportunity that affords the very best early season values.

This year we have been unusually fortunate—conditions having prompted a few very good manufacturers to close out their surplus stocks at prices which enable us to offer values that will prove a revelation.

All late models—finely tailored soft Velours, Silvertones, Mixtures—velvet collars—other models with large French Seal collars, silk lined, warmly interlined—all the new and wanted colors.

These Suits are also priced at less than they actually cost to make. Fur-trimmed and plain tailored suits of Velour and Silvertone; belted and straight-lined models ... *$39.50*

Luxuriously fur-trimmed Suits—many unusual models in Duvet de Laine, Velours, Velveteen, real smart up-to-the-minute Suits, beautifully trimmed and finished. *$49.50*

Fur trimmings of Nutria, Hudson Seal, Kolinsky, Dyed Muskrat, Australian Opossum, Dyed Raccoon.

Sizes 34 to 42.

A specially priced lot of Suits for extra sized women, plain and fur-trimmed models, at $39.50, $45.00 and $55.00.

Third Floor.

WILL WIN CONGRESS, W. H. HAYS DECLARES

Says Republicans Will Gain 7 Senators and at Least 26 Representatives.

TAFT APPEALS TO OHIO

Calls Upon State "to Redeem Herself from the Mistake She Made Two Years Ago."

Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, declared last night that the Republicans had won their fight and that the next United States Senate and House of Representatives would be safely Republican. The prediction was made in the following statement issued by Chairman Hays at his headquarters in the Knox Building:

"Last minute reports received tonight from every contested State confirm our advices of yesterday that the Republicans will carry both the Senate and the House. To equal the Democratic vote in the Senate the Republicans need to gain only four votes. We will gain at least seven. To equal the Democratic vote in the House the Republicans need to gain only five votes. We will gain at least twenty-six."

The statement was issued by Mr. Hays after conferences with Frank H. Hitchcock, Charles D. Hilles, and William R. Willcox, all of whom have occupied the place at the head of the Republican National Committee now held by Mr. Hays. Henry W. Taft and George W. Perkins also visited headquarters and conferred with Mr. Hays during the day, as did some other Republican leaders. During the conference with the three Republicans who preceded Mr. Hays as National Chairman, reports received from practically all the States where contests of moment are in progress were gone over.

At national headquarters, however, the air seemed fraught with tension rather than with assurance that the fight was won. Mr. Hays was asked in what States gains would be made, but said that he had nothing to add to his statement. It was learned last night that, while the Republicans feel assured of winning some seats now held by Democrats, they have not the same assurance that they can hold enough seats now occupied by Republicans in the upper house of Congress to make their gains of any avail.

Appeals to Ohio Republicans.

Mr. Hays made public an appeal sent to Republicans of Ohio by ex-President Taft, in which he called upon that State to "redeem herself from the mistake she made two years ago." There is no United States Senate election in Ohio, but there is a hotly contested election of State officials and, as in other States, Congressional elections in all the districts. Mr. Taft said:

"I sincerely hope that the Republicans of Ohio will stand united for State and Congressional tickets. The issue made by the President's appeal is one that should bind all Republicans together without regard to personal considerations. The issue whether we shall yield to one-man power to meet the great problems of the next two years should be met by all loyal Republicans with an answer that can leave no doubt. We must have a Republican Congress to settle the momentous questions of peace and reconstruction that are forcing themselves for solution. We must have a Congress that will fearlessly and courageously exact an honest accounting of the great stewardship entrusted to this Administration."

In this State the Republicans have made a determined drive to win four districts, now represented by Democrats in the House. One of these is the Third, in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn. Here John MacCrate, a Republican, won in both the Republican and Democratic primaries. His Democratic primary victory was due to resentment among Democrats in the district against the action of John H. McCooey, Democratic leader in Kings, in forcing the designation of ex-Alderman Francis P. Bent under dictation from Mayor Hylan. The Democrats after the primary got together and named Michael Fogarty, a Democrat, as an independent candidate. Until recently the Republicans have felt assured MacCrate would win, but since the President's appeal was issued it has been conceded by them that the result is in doubt.

In the Twenty-first District, which takes in part of Washington Heights and a portion of the Bronx, John A. Bolles, the Republican candidate, was regarded as having a chance of winning over Jerome F. Donovan, the present Democratic incumbent. Congressman Donovan has received a personal indorsement from President Wilson, and the Republicans last night were less certain of success than they had been.

In two up-State districts, the Thirtieth, which is composed of the Counties of Schenectady, Montgomery, Fulton, and Hamilton, and the Forty-first, which is part of Erie, the Republicans are making a hard fight to defeat the present Representatives, who are candidates for re-election. George R. Lunn, the former Socialist Mayor of Schenectady, is the present incumbent and the Democratic candidate in the Thirtieth; Charles B. Smith, a former Buffalo newspaper man who has served three terms in the House, is running for re-election in the Forty-first. The Republicans admit that the result will be close, but have not given up hope of carrying the districts.

Two districts now Republican, according to Democratic leaders, are in danger, the Tenth, which is part of Brooklyn, and the Twenty-fourth, which takes in part of Westchester County and a portion of the Bronx. In the Tenth Congressman Reuben L. Haskell is the Republican candidate for re-election, but the district has in it territory which is so strongly Socialistic that there is grave danger, even Republicans admit, that Abraham I. Shiplacoff, the Socialist candidate, may win. In the Twenty-fourth, it was said last night, Ben L. Fairchild, the Republican candidate for re-election, though he won by an 18,000 plurality two years ago, is having a hard fight on his hands this year.

Corruption Charges Investigated.

United States Marshal John D. McCarthy said last night that he had telegraphed to Chiefs of Police in all the cities in his territory, which includes the Hudson River counties, that a deputy and agents of the Department of Justice would be on hand to co-operate with the authorities in watching the election. At the Department of Justice in Washington it was said that if Marshal McCarthy had appointed 160 deputies, as reported, he had acted wholly on his own responsibility.

United States District Attorney Francis G. Caffey made the following statement:

"Several reports have been made to the United States District Attorney to the effect that there has been corruption in connection with the Congressional elections to take place in the Southern District of New York on Nov. 5. In each case an investigation has been started, and if the facts warrant prompt and vigorous prosecution will ensue. The statute under which the prosecutions will take place was approved Oct. 16, and is commonly referred to as the Gerry law."

Mr. Caffey said that in all fifteen complaints had been filed with him, some of these referring to this city and others to counties along the Hudson which are within his district. The complaints, it was said, were not directed against any one party. Republicans, Democrats, and Socialists all figured in the reports.

One complaint was against a large corporation which has an office in the financial district in this city, where, it was said, the employes were called together on Saturday and instructed to vote the Republican ticket on pain of dismissal. Another, he said, alleged a Socialist attempt to colonize in some of the Congressional districts where Socialists have some prospect of winning.

FESS MAKES NEW ATTACK.

Criticises Gompers and Hoover for Supporting President's Appeal.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, Nov. 4.—S. D. Fess, Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee, upon his arrival at his home in Yellow Springs today, issued a statement in reply to the appeals of Samuel Gompers and Food Administrator Herbert C. Hoover, as follows:

"American voters will not be deceived with specious appeals from Democratic headquarters that a Republican Congress will be interpreted in Europe as against the war. They know as well as Europe knows that every other country fighting Germany has a coalition Government, adopted since the war began, as an effective war measure, and that ours is the only great country at war which has been conducted on strictly party lines. Europe as well as America knows the attitude of Republicans, whose record is before the world, both on war and peace.

"As to Gompers's psychological appeal, no voter will be stampeded by a report made to order, both as to time and character, and both of which were not only expected, but announced by us some days ago. As to Hoover's appeal in an attempt to capitalize the blood of our sons fighting and dying in France, the voters will properly interpret such prostitution of official station the day before election. The Food Administration need fear only such results of investigations as findings in the interest of public welfare compel it. The character of his appeal to be continued uninterrupted and the basis upon which he puts it arouse new interest in his department.

"We call upon the voters to weigh the frantic appeal to continue the present control in Congress on behalf of the present departmental agencies. Republicans have, in spite of the extreme partisan character of the Administration, not only authorized by their votes all necessary authority to prosecute this war, but have supplied without stint both money and men for the fighting forces. Our nation is thrilled with profound joy over the brilliant achievements of the military and naval forces of the United States and our Allies, which have brought nearer the final goal of peace through the decisive defeat of Germany and the other Central Powers. Every loyal citizen and every loyal organization, whether it be religious, political, industrial or what not, has learned with pride and gratitude of the splendid successes that our armies have won on every European battlefield. In celebrating these notable victories, we should realize more fully that America as a people is bigger than any party and creed, any organization of any kind."

REPORTS POINT TO DEMOCRATIC LEAD

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

position to some of the fourteen terms enunciated by President Wilson.

The Democratic leaders predicted that ex-Governor David I. Walsh would be elected Senator in Massachusetts over John W. Weeks, the Republican incumbent, and that the Democrats would carry Nebraska, where the Democratic candidate is John M. Morehead, opposing Senator George W. Norris. The election of Henry Ford in Michigan was also claimed, while the belief was expressed that the influence of the Administration would bring victory in the fight for both the long and the short terms in New Jersey. Basing their estimates on a marked change of sentiment in New Hampshire reported to have taken place in the last twenty-four hours, the Democrats are hopeful of electing John B. Jameson over ex-Representative George H. Moses for the short term.

In the following States, where contests have been thought to make the outcome doubtful, the Democrats say they will have victories: Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana and Nevada.

The estimates by the Democratic managers were that the majority in the next House would exceed fifteen and might reach thirty. There are conditions in certain Congressional districts, such as three-cornered fights, wherein the Socialists or Nonpartisan League figures, which, they say, may work to the advantage of Republican aspirants.

Statement by Cummings.

Homer S. Cummings, Acting Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, issued this statement:

"The vote of confidence President Wilson has asked of the American people will be given him. Reports from every section of the country, received today, plainly indicate that the nation is thoroughly aroused to the necessity of sustaining the President in this critical hour.

"The great qualities of leadership shown by the President, now bearing fruit in war-torn Europe, are appreciated by the people of the United States. They are willing to trust the President to continue the policies that have brought Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria, and Turkey to terms, stripped Germany of her allies, and sounded the death knell of militarism and Kaiserism.

"All false issues raised by opposing politicians have been swept aside by the avalanche of victorious news now crowding the wires from Europe. There is only one question for America to decide tomorrow, and that is whether the people at home shall place less faith in the wisdom and leadership of the President than do the people and statesmen of the countries associated with the United States in the war.

"I repeat that the people of England, France, Italy, and Belgium would not hesitate, if asked, to give President Wilson a vote of confidence. I know the people of America will not desert him in this triumphant moment.

"We await the answer confidently. The President has asked that Democratic Senators and Representatives be elected, not because they are more patriotic than their Republican opponents, but because the members of the President's party are pledged to carry to fruition the program of the President—a program the whole world is now acclaiming."

McAdoo Corrects Fess.

William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, authorized publication of a letter written to Simeon D. Fess, Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee, in which Mr. McAdoo said:

"In a statement just issued by you to the American people you attempt to convey the impression that I have printed a political appeal on railway schedules. The only appeal of mine which has been printed on 'rail way schedules' was an appeal to the American people to buy Liberty bonds.

"You complain because Democratic leaders are urging the people to support the President in this serious time of war by giving him a Democratic majority in Congress. And yet this is exactly what Republican leaders urged the people to do in 1898, when the Spanish war was already practically ended. The Republican appeal went so far as to urge the election of Republican Governors, so that the State administrations would be in sympathy with President McKinley and the Government at Washington.

"In 1898 I was a private citizen living in the State of New York. Roosevelt was the Republican nominee for Governor of New York. Democrat as I was, I heeded the appeal of Republican leaders, supported the Republican nominee for Congress in my district and Roosevelt, the Republican nominee, for Governor of New York.

"I believed then, as I believe now, that in time of war the duty of every genuine patriot is to support the President, whether Republican or Democrat, with a majority of his own party in Congress, so that he may be unhampered in the conduct of the war and unity of action be absolutely secured. I believed then, as I do now, that it was right in time of war to support the Washington Administration with State administrations of the same political faith, and that is my excuse for supporting Roosevelt for Governor of New York in 1898. The advice of Republican leaders in 1898 was as sound as their advice in 1918 is unsound."

Menace of Bolshevism.

Roger W. Babson, of Boston, economist and statistician, commenting on economical conditions after the war, said:

"To return to pre-war conditions, as certain Republicans would like to do, is impossible. These conditions can never return. We must choose between the new democracy, led by President Wilson, or Bolshevism, led by the irresponsible. Republican victories will be sparks for revolutions.

"They say that a stranger is needed to correctly judge a situation. Ordinarily, I am not a stranger to Washington, but, having only returned here a few days ago, after several weeks in a distant hospital, my opinion of the political situation may be of some value.

"When entering the hospital in September, I found the big, wealthy interests of the country united behind the President to help win the war. Today, I find that some of these interests are hedging. Whether this is in view of pending peace, I do not know; but, if so, it is time to talk plainly and fearlessly.

"Only the whole-hearted endorsement of President Wilson by this country through Democratic victories will insure the world against a spread throughout Europe of Bolshevism. If the Russian flame spreads to Austria and Germany, it will spread over France, Italy, and England. If this takes place, only a miracle can prevent it from reaching America. Therefore, not only does the peaceful settlement of the war depend upon all of us unitedly following President Wilson; but he is the only man in the world today who can prevent Bolshevism overrunning us after the war is over.

"If you want this war settled so that it will not be followed by another, give President Wilson your whole-hearted indorsement by sending Democratic Senators and Congressmen to Washington. If you want to prevent the world from being overrun by the Bolshevists, give President Wilson your whole-hearted indorsement by sending Democratic Senators and Congressmen to Washington. Moreover, I say this as a friend of employers as well as wage-earners, and a friend of the rich as well as those who have to struggle for existence."

CITES DEMOCRATIC ACTS.

Controller Williams Urges Support of President at Polls.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—In a political statement issued tonight John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, said in part:

"The Congress to be elected tomorrow must begin a tremendous work of reconstruction and complete much of it. We must have the constructive party in control and the obstructive party out of control if the country is to meet safely the new conditions.

"In my special branch of the Government I have been impressed most vividly with the constructive will and ability of the Democrats in the last three Congresses. The Federal Reserve act probably is the most important and far-reaching instance. It is the best financial system the world has ever seen. It has made this nation and Government an impregnable financial force and the strongest the mind of man has devised. The Republican Party patched and played with our finances through fifty years of futile fumbling and feeble stumbling. The Democratic majority of one session of Congress found and applied the right method of reformation and rebuilding. That one measure won the war. It enabled our finances to endure, without a quiver, every shock and strain. It gave us the power to help our allies instantly and without stint, when their need was sorest, with a help most needed.

"When it came to the final passage of the Federal Reserve law, 34 of the 41 voting Republican Senators voted solidly against it; 84 of the 122 voting Republican Representatives also lined up in their effort to defeat it. Forty-seven Democratic Senators voted for the bill; none against it; 248 Democrats in the House voted for the measure, only 1 Democrat in opposition.

"The Democratic Party has proven itself to be the party of bold, swift, and virile action and progress, guided by wise discretion and consideration for all interests.

"The Farm Loan act has been an inestimable boon to hundreds of thousands of farmers. Labor throughout the land must realize what has been done for its protection and advancement under the last five years of Democratic legislation and administration. Capitalists and substantial business men, farmer and wage earner alike, see and feel the vast good for them of recent Democratic achievement.

"The Democratic President, twice nominated and elected by the Democratic Party, is the outstanding figure on the earth today. He has the right to ask his own countrymen to give him the same trust accorded him by all other nations, friends and foes alike. The indisputable record of what has been done and the facts of the present situation must convince all Americans that if the mighty work just before us is to be done effectively, quickly, and safely, it must be intrusted to the party and the men of today and the future, rather than to those who live and think in the day-before-yesterday, whose purposes are undefined, whose plans are nebulous, and whose promises are vague repetitions of the futilities of half a century."

FIGHTERS VOTE FOR SMITH.

Special Polling in Washington for New Yorkers in War Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—More than 450 soldiers and sailors and other uniformed war workers, whose homes are in New York State, but who are stationed here, voted today in Washington, and some 500 are expected to cast their ballots tomorrow at the special polling place at Pennsylvania Avenue and Fourteenth Street. The officials were assisted by a small squad of infantrymen in uniform. It was said at the polling place that the voting was in favor of Alfred E. Smith "about two to one," and that many men who otherwise voted straight Republican tickets inquired how they could split their ballots and vote for the Democratic Gubernatorial candidate.

Men were not the only voters, about twenty navy yoewomen, Red Cross nurses, and others in uniform appeared and exercised the suffrage. While the majority of the voters were from Manhattan and the Bronx, all parts of New York State were represented.

PRESIDENT FOR WATSON.

Says Election of West Virginian Would Help Win the War.

FAIRMONT, W. Va., Nov. 4.—In response to a telegram sent to President Wilson by C. D. Robinson of this city, the following reply has been received by Mr. Robinson:

"The White House, Washington, D. C.

"Mr. C. D. Robinson, Fairmont, W. Va.

"In response to your telegram, I am very glad to confirm your impression that in supporting Colonel Clarence W. Watson for the Senate of the United States you are directly aiding in the winning of the war and securing of a peace that will satisfy the ideals of the nation. Reports that the Administration does not favor the election of Colonel Watson are of course utterly without foundation.

"WOODROW WILSON."

Election Results to be Signaled From the Times Building Tower

The progress of the Election will be indicated tonight by steadily burning lights of different colors around the flagpole of the Times Building, the definite results by searchlight flashes.

Progress of the Election

SMITH LEADING—Circle of white lights around flagpole.
WHITMAN LEADING—Circle of red lights around flagpole.

Results of the Election

SMITH ELECTED—Steady white light to south.
WHITMAN ELECTED—Steady white searchlight to north.
DEMOCRATIC CONGRESS ELECTED—Steady white searchlight to the east.
REPUBLICAN CONGRESS ELECTED—Steady white searchlight to the west.

New York Times Bulletins

Besides the electric light signals, there will be a TIMES bulletin board for election returns at the north end of the Times Building, Forty-third Street and Broadway.

Scotch Whiskies
Imported Gins
Brandies—Liqueurs
ALL LEADING BRANDS.
Quotations upon application.
Grosvenor Nicholas & Co.
INCORPORATED,
26-28 BEAVER ST.
14-16-22 SOUTH WILLIAM ST.
TELEPHONE BROAD 3106 3109

NEW HEAT

Solves Fuel Question
Price $12.50
Makes your own gas anywhere. Fits into any coal or wood stove. Cheaper than city gas for cooking and heating.
Agencies Open.
Keep This Ad.
See Exhibit Daily.
Kendalite Gas Maker
1211 Broadway, nr. 29th St., New York

BROOKLYNITES
★ VOTE FOR ★
MACMAHON
for County Judge
"Brooklyn's ablest lawyer and jurist.
"Hon. LUKE D STAPLETON,
"Former Justice Appellate Div."

Stern Brothers
WEST 42D AND 43D STREETS

MEN'S SILK-LINED COATS
A Special Offering of Chesterfields at
$32.50

CUT over the conventional box-coat model, but transformed by Kirschbaum tailoring into outer garments of rare elegance and character.... Fabrics of pure wool oxfords and linings and pipings of heavy satin—velvet collars.

UPON OVERCOATS OF LIKE QUALITY MEN ARE NOT LIKELY TO SEE LIKE PRICES FOR MANY MONTHS TO COME

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

The Store will be closed ALL DAY TO-DAY
(Election Day)

B. Altman & Co.
MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

A Remarkable Sale of
Women's Winter Coats
at the unprecedentedly low price of
$47.50
will take place to-morrow (Wednesday)
in the Department on the Third Floor.

Five of the smartest and most popular coat styles of the season will be offered in this unusual Sale. Four of them are trimmed with fur (nutria, raccoon or seal-dyed coney) and all are lined throughout with silk. The materials are duvet de laine, wool velour, silvertone and Bolivia cloth. The colors are taupe, fawn, brown and blue; and there are some black in each model.

The value is unsurpassed, every coat in the Sale being worth considerably more than the price quoted

A Special Reduction Sale of
Dainty Neckwear
for to-morrow (Wednesday)
will offer a number of exceptionally desirable stock-and-jabot effects, modeled in Georgette or satin, many hand-embroidered or trimmed with lace,
at the phenomenally low prices of
$1.95, $2.75 & $4.25
All of these pretty neck-fixings have been taken directly out of stock, where they were marked at much higher prices.
(This Sale on the First Floor)

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street
Store Hours, Until Further Notice, 9.45 A. M. to 6.15 P. M.

Men's Overcoats

FOLLOWING our usual custom, we have arranged an important occasion in men's practical overcoats especially for Election Day. Considering to-day's prices of good service-giving woolens, we can emphatically state and convincingly justify the assertion that the coats cannot be duplicated to-day to sell at these prices—especially the $25.00 Slip-on overcoats.

We make this statement to be frank—not to detract from the worth or value of the other Overcoats and Ulsters.

We can fit men who require any size from 34 to 46—another frank statement made for the purpose of avoiding bringing men here for these particular overcoats who require a larger size. At the prices we quote—we know that when you buy, we will also buy good will—that's where real merit in clothing comes in *strong*.

Single-breasted models in the loose slip-on box coat, in Oxford grays, browns and heather mixtures, also double-breasted ulsters, belted backs and convertible collars—the warm, serviceable great-coat.

Sizes 34 to 46

$25.00, $30.00 and $32.50
Fourth Floor.

VICTORY PROSPERITY

Two heights in a smart roll front style.

Ide COLLARS

have — exclusively — Linocord Unbreakable Buttonholes

GEO. P. IDE & CO., Makers, TROY, N.Y.

CELESTINS

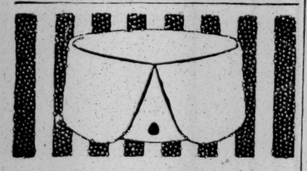
VICHY

Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government

Natural Alkaline Water

Announcement is made that this famous Mineral Water is imported as usual and can be readily obtained from dealers

CELESTINS



SERVATOR

MADE WITH THE OVAL BUTTONHOLE A SMART STYLE IN

Arlington Collars

OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA

UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

ATTENTION!

Plant, now manufacturing Dolls and Novelties; established business; good organization; annual business $350,000; big profits; Capital required, $50,000; Splendid opportunity for Hustling business man. B 344 Times.

Winter Demountable Tops,

All Styles.

Sedans, Limousines, Town Cars

Latest Designs.

Hayes & Miller Co.,

514 to 522 W. 57th St., New York City

'Phone 2829—Columbus.

BROOKLYNITES

★ VOTE FOR ★

MACMAHON

for County Judge

"A man of sterling character, able, upright and fearless.

"Rev. Dr. SIMON E. COHEN, "Rabbi Temple Beth Elohim."

BALDNESS

ITS CAUSES, ITS TREATMENT, AND ITS PREVENTION

By Richard W. Muller, M. D., Ac. Med.

"The quality of the book is beyond criticism. The difficult subject of treatment is well handled."—*Medical Record.*

$2.00 *Net. Postage Extra. All Bookstores.*

By the Same Author

Loss of Hair, $2.00.

Hair and Its Preservation, $1.65.

E.P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., N.Y.

Skin Comfort For Our Boys Found In Cuticura

The Soap to Cleanse and Purify the Ointment to Soothe and Heal

These fragrant, super-creamy emollients soothe rashes, relieve irritation, clear the skin of redness, the scalp of dandruff and the hands of chaps and roughness. For cuts, wounds, bruises, bites and stings of insects, sunburn or windburn they are most effective.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. 6M, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

RICKENBACKER WINS MORE WAR HONORS

Two Oak Leaves Awarded to the Former Auto Racer for Gallantry in Action.

OTHER AVIATORS ARE CITED

Win War Crosses for Successful Combats with Enemy in Superior Numbers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The Commander in Chief, in the name of the President, has awarded the Distinguished Service Cross to the following named officers and soldiers for the acts of extraordinary heroism described after their names:

First Lieutenant Hugh L. Fontaine, 49th Aero Squad.—For extraordinary heroism in action in the region of Hagerville, on Sept. 14. Lieutenant Fontaine, together with First Lieutenant Hugh Browster, attacked nine enemy monoplones, Fokkers, at an altitude of 4,000 meters. He dived into the midst of the enemy formation without consideration for his personal safety, subjecting himself to great danger. By the suddenness and extreme vehemence of his attack, the machines were driven into confusion. Although greatly outnumbered, he and Lieutenant Brewster succeeded in shooting down two of the enemy. Home address: Dr. Bryce Fontaine, stepfather, 1,839 Overton Park Avenue, Memphis, Tenn.

First Lieutenant Hugh Brewster, 49th Aero Squad.—For extraordinary heroism in action in the region of Hagerville, on Sept. 14. Lieutenant Brewster, together with First Lieutenant Hugh L. Fontaine, attacked nine enemy planes, Fokkers, at an altitude of 4,000 meters. He dived into the midst of the enemy formation without consideration for his personal safety, subjecting himself to great danger. By the suddenness and extreme vehemence of his attack the machines were driven into confusion. Although greatly outnumbered, he and Lieutenant Fontaine succeeded in shooting down two of the enemy. Home address: Mrs. L. Brewster, mother, 1,944 Fairmont Avenue, Forth Worth, Texas.

First Lieutenant Clarence C. Kahle, pilot, 99th Aero Squad—For extraordinary heroism in action near La Chausse, on Sept. 13. Lieutenant Kahle and First Lieutenant Raymond C. Hill, observer, were directed to take photographs of the old Hindenburg line. They were accompanied by two protecting planes. After they had taken some photographs, the protecting planes were driven off by hostile aircraft, but Lieutenant Kahle and his observer continued their mission alone, until, in the vicinity of La Chausse, they were attacked by an enemy formation of nine planes. Lieutenant Kahle put up a gallant fight, in which his observer was shot through the heart and killed. Although pitted against overwhelming odds, Lieutenant Kahle, by his pluck, determination, skill, and courage, brought the photographs and the plane back to his airdrome, the enemy keeping up a constant attack upon him back to our lines, riddling the plane with machine-gun bullets. Home address: Mrs. F. L. Kahle, mother, 5,513 Margaretta Street, Pittsburgh.

First Lieutenant Raymond C. Hill, deceased, observer, 99th Aero Squad.—For extraordinary heroism in action near La Chausse, on Sept. 13. Lieutenant Hill, with First Lieutenant Clarence C. Kable, pilot, was directed to take photographs of the old Hindenburg line. They were accompanied by two protecting planes. After they had taken some photographs the protecting planes were driven off by hostile aircraft, but Lieutenant Hill and his pilot continued on their mission alone, until, in the vicinity of La Chausse, they were attacked by an enemy formation of nine planes. Putting up a gallant fight against these overwhelming odds, Lieutenant Hill was shot through the heart and killed; but his pilot, by his pluck, determination, skill, and courage brought home the photographs and the plane to our lines. Home address: Mrs. Raymond C. Hill, wife, P. O. Box 104, 1,411 Tenth Street, Lewiston, Idaho.

Second Lieutenant Paul J. O'Donnell, deceased, Infantry, 96th Aero Squad—For extraordinary heroism in action near Dunsermeuse, on Sept. 26. His formation was attacked, while flying to bomb Dunsurmeuse, by seven enemy planes. With the first spurt of enemy fire, Lieutenant O'Donnell was fatally wounded. With his last strength he opened a deliberate and destructive fire on one of the enemy planes, driving it down out of control. Home address: Mrs. Ade O'Donnell, mother, 614 Fourteenth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Second Lieutenant Howard G. Rath, observer, 96th Aero Squad—For extraordinary heroism in action between Rhambley and Xannes, Sept. 13. Lieutenant Rath, while acting as leading observer of a flight of three planes, was attacked by fifteen enemy planes. In spite of the fact that his formation was surrounded by an enemy five times as large, he carried out successfully his mission and bombed his objective. In the return running fight, Lieutenant Rath and his pilot continued the unequal fight and succeeded in returning to their airdrome with valuable information. Home address: Walter F. Rath, brother, Pasadena, Cal.

Second Lieutenant Arthur R. Brooks, Air Service—For extraordinary heroism in action over Mars-la-Tour on Sept. 14. Lieutenant Brooks, when his patrol was attacked by twelve enemy Fokkers over Mars-la-Tour, eight miles within the enemy lines, alone fought bravely and relentlessly with eight of them, pursuing the fight from 5,000 meters to within a few meters of the ground, and though his right rudder control was out and his plane riddled with bullets, he destroyed two Fokkers, one falling out of control and the other bursting into flames. Home address: Frank D. Brooks, father, New Kendall Hotel, Framingham, Mass.

First Lieutenant Edward V. Rickenbacker, Air Service, 94th Aero Squad.—For the following act of extraordinary heroism. The Bronze Oak Leaf is awarded to be worn on the Distinguished Service Cross awarded Oct. 16. On Sept. 14, in the region of Villecy, he attacked four Fokker enemy planes at an altitude of 5,000 meters. After a sharp and hot action, he succeeded in shooting one down in flames and dispersing the other three. For the following act of extraordinary heroism, a Bronze Oak Leaf is awarded to be worn on the distinguished Service Cross awarded Oct. 16. On Sept. 15, 1918, in the region of Bois de Waville, he encountered six enemy planes, which were in the act of attacking four Spads, which were below them. Undeterred by their superior numbers, he unhesitatingly attacked them and succeeded in shooting one down in flames and completely breaking the formation of the others. Home address: Mrs. William Rickenbacker, 1,334 East Livingston Avenue, Columbus, Ohio.

REDS CITE PARTY RANCOR.

Assert Republican Attacks Were Perhaps as Bitter as Theirs.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—In applying to the Supreme Court today for bail pending appeals, Jacob Abrams, Mollie Steimer, and three other Russians of New York, to whom long penitentiary sentences were recently given for violating the espionage laws by circulating literature opposing American military intervention in Russia, declared through counsel that, while language used in the pamphlets was bitter, it was "no more bitter, perhaps, than is now being used by the Republicans in their campaign."

They denied the their acts were intended to aid Germany and asserted that they were using their rights of free speech.

Action was suspended temporarily by the court when the Department of Justice asked for time to file a motion in opposition.

The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The terms of the armistice which the Allies have imposed upon Austria unquestionably shear from her every vestige of military power which could in any way be used against the Entente nations. They do not specifically mention the occupation of any part of Austria, such as the Austro-German boundary. But they do provide for occupation on this line or any other which they may deem necessary in order to conduct military operations. In other words, provision is made for the right to operate against Germany through Austria, and thereby cut in behind the defenses of the Rhine should Germany attempt to fall back of the river and defy us to push further eastward.

It must be recognized, however, that the men we now have on the Austrian front are not immediately available for service elsewhere. They cannot under any circumstances be shifted to the more northern theatre. The task of carrying out such an armistice and of seeing that it is lived up to is a staggering one, and will probably require for some time the full military forces now in the field.

Not that there will be any attempt on the part of the Austrians at organized resistance. Austria has passed the stage where resistance is possible. Her armies, before the armistice was agreed upon, were soundly beaten and their total defeat was but a question of a short time. To this extent the armistice was but the recognition of an existent state of facts rather than the imposition of terms. But in the territory from which Austria is to be excluded there are millions of men under arms, some of whom have to withdraw for many miles and demobilize—itself a tremendous operation. Others, the Allies, consisting of Italians, French, British, and Americans, must advance to the line mentioned in the armistice, must go even further to certain strategic points and must move up to them great stores of supplies and guns in preparation for an attack against Germany, should the latter power decline to accept the terms which have already been submitted to her.

Certainly at this stage of the war, when the Allies have the whole situation in their hands, they are not going to take any chances of a slipup in the case of Germany.

In regard to Germany's position, as it has been changed through the armistice, it might be said that she is still in a position where she can bluff for a short time. It would not be much of a military task to push sufficient forces southward into Austrian territory and block the passes through the Tyrolean Alps. In these mountains, which Winter snows will soon make impassable, and behind the Rhine, she might cause some little inconvenience for a short time.

Without speculating on what the terms of the armistice which have been handed to her are, it can be said with certainty that if she accepts, the Allies will be able to dictate completely the terms of peace. In other words, there is no reason to think that the terms will be less harsh than were the terms of her accomplices. Should she fail to accept them she might be able to keep the war going for several months, so that she would have more time to work for more generous conditions.

During this time, of course, she would be suffering through a continuation of the war, but in her present condition this would be a matter of little moment.

The British operations of yesterday were of serious import. An attack was delivered over a wide front, presumably from a point near Oisy to the Condé-Mons Canal. Details of this are not available at the moment of writing, but it appears that the operation is designed to remove, by flanking, the barrier presented by the Forest of Mormal, which blocks the way to Maubeuge.

South of the forest the British, before the attack, lined the western side of the Sambre Canal. Across the canal the country is open, generally level, offering no serious obstacles for ten miles or more. North of the forest the country is much more difficult. It is very hilly, the hills being very pronounced with steep sides. In addition to this, it is cut up with numerous streams of varying size, the course of which is generally north and south, offering defensive screens behind which the Germans can seek temporary protection.

The talk of peace is interfering not at all with Foch's military plans. Just as he kept the Italian front blazing until the very moment when the armistice became effective, so he is keeping the French front in full activity throughout. Th battle line is assuming a peculiar form, full of abrupt curves and sharp angles which must be eliminated by the Germans at the sacrifice of even more territory. While their hold on Belgium is still strong, they are losing all of the occupied French territory at a rapid rate. There is now but a narrow belt between Valenciennes and Pont-a-Mousson left in German hands, and even this is dwindling.

UKRAINIANS ATTACK POLES IN GALICIA

Lemberg and Other Cities Reported Captured with Aid of Teuton Troops.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 4.—Warsaw newspapers say that hostilities have broken out between Polish and Ruthenian and Ukrainian troops. The latter, supported by German and Austrian regiments, captured Lemberg, in Galicia, on Nov. 1. Przemysl is in the hands of the Ruthenians.

An Austrian army commanded by General Haas, in whose ranks is Archduke William, is reported to be advancing on Rawaruska and Zamost.

A Ukrainian delegation is leaving this week for the United States, according to a dispatch from Kiev to the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin, to enlighten the American public on the national and international positions of the Ukraine and to clear up misunderstandings.

The delegation is headed by Ivan Korostovetz, former Russian Minister at Peking; Demetrius Antonovitch, ex-Minister of Marine, and Chevalier von Gassenko, former peace delegate at the Brest-Litovsk conference, and at one time representative of the Ukraine in Switzerland.

A Lemberg dispatch by way of Vienna reports that armed Ukrainian forces occupied the Lemberg public offices, took possession of the railways and the telephone and telegraph services and disarmed the soldiers of other nationalities.

The Ukrainian National Council, it is added, states that it has taken over the administration of Eastern Galicia.

Lemberg is the capital of Galicia, the bulk of the population of which is divided about evenly between Poles and Ruthenians. The town of Zamost is in Poland, north of Rawaruska, just south of the Polish-Galician border. Przemysl is fifty miles west of Lemberg.

The Ruthenians always have opposed the Poles in Galicia, and speak a language almost identical with that of the Ukrainians, to whom they are racially related. A dispatch late last week through Copenhagen reported that General Skoropadski, the Ukrainian leader, had gathered a large force of Ukrainian and Austro-German troops on the borders of Cholm, Poland, with the intention of occupying that district when the Austrian-Germans retired from Russian Poland.

FLIERS BOMB METZ REGION.

Railways and Hangars Attacked by British Independent Force.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Railways and airplane hangars in the region east of Metz were attacked today by the British Independent Air Force, says an official statement issued this afternoon, as follows:

"Today we carried out heavy attacks on the railways in and around Saarburg. One squadron attacked Buhl with good results. Hits were obtained on and near hangars there. All our machines returned."

REDS' OFFER TO CZECHS.

Will Let Them Leave Russia if They Will Lay Down Arms.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 4.—Russian Foreign Minister Tchitcherin has telegraphed the Provisional Czechoslovak Government at Prague offering to allow the Czechoslovak troops in Russia to return home after they lay down their arms, according to the Vienna Journal.

He said he would guarantee their safety.

CAPT. H. W. HAYWARD KILLED IN BATTLE

Veteran Officer of the Seventh National Guard Dies Trying to Save One of His Lieutenants.

LT. McANERNEY WOUNDED

Regains Sight In One Eye After It Had Been Feared That He Was Permanently Blinded.

Capt. Harry W. Hayward, one of the best-known officers of the old National Guard of New York, who went overseas as a company commander of the 107th Infantry of the New York Division, was killed during the fighting before St. Quentin while attempting to rescue one of his Lieutenants. Captain Hayward was for years a member of the 7th Regiment and served with that organization on the Mexican border in 1916. He was 43 years of age and a graduate of Trinity College and the Harvard Law School. He was a member of the law firm of McLean & Hayward of 27 Cedar Street. He is survived by his mother, who lives in Maine.

Lieut. John McAnerney, formerly of the 7th Regiment, who went overseas with Company L of the 107th Infantry, has been wounded in action on the Flanders front. He is a grandson of Colonel John McAnerney, a former President of the Seventh National Bank, and a son of Marshall J. McAnerney, a broker of 52 Broadway. In a letter to his father Lieutenant McAnerney wrote that for a time it was feared that he had been permanently blinded. He added, however, that the surgeons informed him that the sight of one eye only would be impaired.

Lieut. Edward R. Richter of the Aviation Section was killed in an airplane accident in France on Oct. 4. He was a graduate of the University of Wisconsin. He was a son of Dr. and Mrs. R. G. Richter of Milwaukee.

Lieut. Richard B. Rockwood, dead of wounds, was a son of Mrs. W. E. Rockwood of Wurtsboro, N. Y. He was a graduate of Williams College and lived, when he enlisted, at 15 Clark Street, Brooklyn. He recently was cited by General Pershing for the Distinguished Service Cross. He was 24 years of age and a member of the Delta Upsilon fraternity.

Sergeant Henry L. Hoffman, wounded, is in Company K of the 106th Infantry. He was in the insurance business before he enlisted for the war. His home is at 162 Engert Avenue, Brooklyn.

Joseph E. Stanton, wounded, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Stanton of West Islip, L. I. He is in Company B of the 308th Infantry.

Richard Campion, wounded, is in Company A of the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division. His brother William, of the 106th Infantry, also has been wounded. They are the sons of Mr. and Mrs. John Campion of 858 Seventieth Street, Brooklyn.

Corporal Horace S. Rockwood was wounded for a second time on Sept. 29. He is in the New York Division and his home is at 402 Nostrand Place, Richmond Hill, L. I.

Augustus Hill, wounded, is a brother of Mrs. C. Boyd of 15 Cox Place, Maspeth, L. I. He is in Company G of the 30 th Infantry.

William T. Green, dead of wounds, was in Company C of the Sixth Engineers. His home was at 305½ Clinton Street, Brooklyn.

Arthur F. Goss, dead of wounds, was a member of Company L of the 106th Infantry. He is survived by his parents, who live at 81 Lott Street, Brooklyn.

Charles Young, wounded, is in the 108th Machine Gun Battalion of the New York Division. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Young of Huntington, L. I. He has two brothers in the army in France.

Frank Deboe, killed on Sept. 30, was a son of Motor Cycle Policeman John F. Deboe of 91 Fortieth Street, Corona, L. I. Private Deboe was in Company E of the 107th Infantry.

Corporal Morgan S. Baldwin, a son of Arthur J. Baldwin of the law firm of Griggs, Baldwin & Baldwin of 27 Pine Street, died of wounds on Oct. 9. Corporal Baldwin, who was in Company G of the 107th Infantry, was a graduate of Cornell University and of the Columbia University Law School. He was the junior member of the law firm of which his father is the head.

Corporal John Houlenbeek, Jr., wounded, is a son of Mrs. John W. Houlenbeek of 724 St. Nicholas Avenue. Corporal Houlenbeek is a member of Company H of the 107th Infantry.

Sergeant James A. Glennon was wounded four times while in battle on Sept. 28. He had been wounded once before, on Aug. 5. He is in the 78th Division, and his sister, Mrs. Edward Neary, lives at 40 Bradford Street, Orange.

Robert A. Quinn, wounded on Sept. 29, is a member of Company H of the 107th Infantry. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Quinn of 509 West 124th Street.

Sergeant John A. Leonard, wounded, is in Company L of the 105th Infantry of the New York Division. He was formerly a member of the Military Academy detachment of regulars at West Point. He is a son of Mrs. Catherine Leonard of 150 Elm Street, Astoria, L. I. Michael Leonard, his brother, was killed in action last August.

John J. Fay, dead of disease, was a brother of Miss Helen Fay of St. Mary's Orphan Asylum in Jersey City. His home was at 240 Washington Street, Jersey City.

Corporal Albert L. Quinn, who was assistant physical director of the Dickinson High School in Newark, when he resigned to enlist in the New Jersey Guard Division, is dead of wounds. His home was at 291 Prospect Street, Jersey City.

Major William B. Peebles, a West Pointer of the Class of 1915, is dead of disease in France. He was in the Signal Corps. When Congress declared war he was a First Lieutenant of cavalry. He was born in Virginia and was 26 years of age, being one of the youngest officers of field rank in France.

Major Philip Remington of the Regular Army, reported wounded, was a son of the late Colonel Philip H. Remington, U. S. A. Major Remington was promoted from the ranks of the 4th Infantry in 1903, and is 42 years of age. His home is in Hartford, Conn.

Captain Robert Goldthwaite, dead of disease, was a former member of the staff of Bellevue Hospital. He was a native of Alabama and a graduate of the University of Virginia. Captain Goldthwaite went overseas as a member of the medical staff of the "Wildcat" Division.

Peter Woodbury, wounded on Sept. 30, is a member of the Machine Gun Company of the 107th Infantry of the New York Division. He is 18 years of age, and was a student at Phillips Andover when Congress declared war. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Woodbury of 24 East Thirty-fifth Street.

Corporal Henry T. Oakman, wounded, went to France in Company G of the 106th Infantry. His home is at 677 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

Corporal Gabriel A. Pearson, wounded, is in Company A of the 106th Infantry. He is 22 years of age, and his home is at 226 High Street, Brooklyn.

Michael Mecchella, killed on Oct. 2, was in the 104th Field Artillery of the New England Division. He was a son of Nicholas Mecchella of 162 East Fifty-ninth Street.

Corporal James R. Maxwell, wounded, is in Company B of the 106th Infantry. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Maxwell of 9,124 Ridge Boulevard, Brooklyn.

Walter S. Fountain, dead of pneumonia in France, was a brother of Mrs. S. V. White of 5 West 135th Street. He was in the regular army.

Mortimer Benjamin, killed on Oct. 1, was in the 109th Machine Gun Battalion. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Benjamin, 668 Hamilton Avenue, Richmond Hill, L. I.

Clarence O. Collins, dead of wounds, was in Battery D of the 77th Field Artillery. His home was at Forest Hills, L. I.

Glen Kelso, killed, was a member of the headquarters company of the 107th Infantry. His home was in Southampton, L. I.

John A. Foss, dead of wounds, was in the Machine Gun Company of the 305th Infantry. He was a brother of Arthur W. Foss of 195 Centre Street, Brooklyn.

Thomas Cross, who died of wounds on Sept. 29, was a member of Company G of the 106th Infantry. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Cross of 848 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn.

Corporal John Gabriel, Jr., wounded, is in Company A of the 307th Infantry. He is a son of Mrs. Mary Gabriel of 296 Maujer Street, Brooklyn.

TRACE CAMP DIX BRANDY.

Officials Find That Former Dealer Sent It as a Gift.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP DIX, N. J., Nov. 4.—An investigation by camp officials today showed that the barrel of brandy said by New Jersey liquor dealers to have been requisitioned for the treatment of soldiers during the influenza epidemic was sent to the hospital, not on order or requisition, as the liquor men had asserted, but as a gift from a former liquor dealer. The investigation shows that the brandy came to the base hospital from the former proprietor of a barroom at Wrightstown.

A Lieutenant gave a receipt on a prescription form, and it is this receipt for a gift which has since appeared in the "wet" advertisements in local option campaigns throughout the State, labeled as a "requisition." Officials here have denied that liquor was used either as a preventative or cure for influenza or pneumonia.

WAR ON ALL GERMAN GOODS

Meeting to Expand Campaign Is Called for Friday.

A meeting of the members of patriotic and civic organizations interested in the movement to keep German toys from American children and to stop dealing in all German-made goods will be held on next Friday afternoon in the Chamber of Commerce Building, at 65 Liberty Street. The call was sent out yesterday by Richard M. Hurd, Chairman of the American Defense Society.

"This meeting has been called to expand the campaign against all goods of German make," said Mr. Hurd, "and we plan to appoint committees to investigate importations to see that no more German-made goods are brought into the country and to enlist the aid of every patriotic society and every importer. I have received hundreds of letters of protest against making America the dumping ground for German goods either now or after the war, and I think the American public bitterly resents attempts to sell them German goods."

A meeting of the Women's National Committee of the American Defense Society was held yesterday to select committees to ask managers of all retail stores to display prominently this sign: "No German Goods Sold Here."

MARY PICKFORD'S SALARY.

Gets $1,230,000 for 2 Years' Work —Bushman Gets $160,000 a Year.

Mary Pickford testified yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Delehanty in a suit of Cora C. Wilkening to recover 10 per cent. of the proceeds of Miss Pickford's present two-year contract for services as agent in negotiating the contract, that she receives $1,040,000 under a guaranty of $10,000 a week, and in addition receives $150,000 as a bonus and got $40,000 more for her services in examining scenarios for four weeks to pick out plays suitable to her. She denied that she had any agreement with the plaintiff as to a share of her present income.

The plaintiff alleges that Miss Pickford was receiving only $4,000 a week when she heard of Charlie Chaplin's new contract and decided that she ought to have more herself. The case was not finished.

A suit of N. William Aronson against Francis X. Bushman for services as agent also went to trial yesterday and brought out testimony that the sum Bushman is alleged to have received under a contract with the Quality Pictures Corporation was $160,000 a year.

A Delicious Drink Instead of Coffee

When for any reason you change your table-drink it is an excellent idea to try

INSTANT POSTUM

This pleasing hot cup has a rich coffee-like flavor and besides being agreeable to taste has the added merits of quick preparation, economy and freedom from all harmful substances such as the "caffeine" in coffee.

"There's a Reason"

Saks OVERCOATS

STARTING AT $28
ENDING AT $88

They can only be Compared to the Best Custom Tailoring

FROM the Great Coat to the Top Coat—from the lines to the linings—from the variety to the value—from the shades to the shape—from the fabrics to the fit—from the price to the pick—from A to Z—from Z to A—this immense range of Saks-made Overcoats assumes a height of tailoring skill that no other make has ever been able to reach. If you must compare them, compare them with the best Custom Tailoring—and only the best!

ADDITIONAL SALES-FORCE TODAY

Saks & Company

BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

Election Day Only!

Men's Fine, Dressy Overcoats

42.50

Heretofore 47.50

Sizes for all men 34-44

A FINE OVERCOAT should be an investment.

YOU should see these coats before investing in your coat this winter.

THE FABRICS are of the highest quality in correct exclusive dark shades and weaves.

THE MODELS are distinctive custom types of our own exclusive design.

THE TAILORING is the counterpart of custom work that would cost fully double.

THE TRIMMINGS are all silk and many of the coats are silk-lined throughout.

THIS PRICE is for one day only—for the sole purpose of introducing our Men's Shop to critical, appreciative men.

Best & Co.

Men's Shop—*Fifth Floor*

Entrance, 1 West 35th Street

Men's Nettleton Shoes, 11.00

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

When the Big German Drive Began Last March Premier Lloyd George Said:

"It Is a Race Between Wilson and Hindenburg"

Who is winning? The armies of the Kaiser are still fighting---will you take a chance on postponing their surrender by refusing to back up the Commander-in-Chief of our Army and Navy?

REMEMBER, VOTERS, WHEN YOU GO TO THE POLLS TO-DAY you will not be voting for Republicans or Democrats as INDIVIDUALS, but for the LEADERS who will control them when they go to Congress.

THE ISSUE IS LEADERSHIP!

Whose leadership do you prefer? That of Senator Lodge, Senator Penrose and Colonel Roosevelt, who would dominate a Republican majority and block the President, or the leadership of Woodrow Wilson?

What is the difference? The Republican leaders are on record against President Wilson's fourteen war aims, which have been applauded by public opinion throughout the world, and constitute the basis of an enduring peace. Our President's fourteen terms do not help the SELFISH classes in any country, but they favor all the masses of people. They seek to put an end to war and the things that breed war.

With Colonel Roosevelt denouncing the whole basis of these peace terms and Senator Lodge rejecting all the fundamentals NOW, what could the country expect the Republican leaders to do with a peace treaty if they came into control of Congressional committees? Having condemned such a treaty in advance, they could not ratify it without stultifying themselves.

By their speeches Colonel Roosevelt and Senator Lodge have served notice on the country that they will not approve a peace treaty based on the Wilson principles of peace.

This is the issue which is now squarely before the country. The people have to decide whether they will follow President Wilson or Colonel Roosevelt, whether they want a peace of Liberalism and Justice, or a peace of Imperialism, Standpatism, Militarism, that leaves all the old causes of war exactly where they were before we undertook to root out Militarism and the rule of force, and war itself.

You Voters Must Decide These Issues for Yourselves and for Your Children

PRESIDENT WILSON STANDS FOR—

Winning the War and Destroying Militarism and Kaiserism

He insists "that adequate guarantees be given and taken that national armaments will be reduced to the lowest point consistent with domestic safety."

The President stands for a LEAGUE OF NATIONS. This League will protect nations, large and small, and permit every people desiring freedom to determine their own destiny.

Everybody Wants This Except Those Who Will Profit by the Old Order

The most momentous diplomatic conference in all history is NOW being held in France. Show the world, by your vote of confidence in President Wilson, that he speaks as President of the United States for a united country. Never mind what political party you are ordinarily affiliated with.

THE BIG QUESTION IS:

Are you behind your President in the most critical moment of the world's history?

Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey Have Crumbled Germany Is Next

Let us stand behind our leader, so that we may complete our victory and obtain a conclusive and enduring peace.

Do not vote to hamper the President, as surely would be the result if one branch of the Government is Republican and the other Democratic. President McKinley in the Spanish-American War asked for a united nation through the medium of a Republican majority, and was supported in this appeal by former President Harrison, Colonel Roosevelt, Senator Lodge, Senator Penrose, as well as Democratic voters---by the people of the country without respect to party lines.

Vote to sustain the President, who has appealed to the patriotism of Republicans as well as Democrats to consider country above party---to say whether the people shall have the leadership of President Wilson or of his political opponents.

Back up your President, who is recognized everywhere as the true spokesman of Liberals and Progressives throughout the world. Now that the hour when the triumph of President Wilson's program for the liberation of the world is at hand, shall our President be politically discredited?

Do Not Vote to Embarrass the President. Hold Up His Hand. Vote to Sustain Him by Electing Democratic Senators and Representatives to Speak for You

Democratic National Committee, Washington, D. C.

DILLINGHAM SHOW ROMPS IN A WINNER

Julia Sanderson and Joseph Cawthorn at the Globe in "The Canary."

DOYLE, DIXON, AND CHORUS

An All 'Round Entertainment Scores by Virtue of Great Liberality and Dash.

THE CANARY, a musical comedy in three acts from the French of Georges Barr and Louis Verneuil. Music by Ivan Caryll; additional numbers by Irving Berlin and Harry Tierney. At the Globe.

Eugenie	Doris Faithful
Mrs. Beasley	Edna Bates
Mr. Trimmer	George Mack
Ned Randolph	Sam Hardy
Timothy	Joseph Cawthorn
Julie	Julia Sanderson
Fleece	Harland Dixon
Dodge	James Doyle
Rico	Wilmer Bentley
Dr. Dippy	Louis Harrison
Mary Ellen	Maude Eburne
Laurette	Corinth Rice
A Minister	George Egan

There was no question of the success of "The Canary" last night at the Globe; and it was almost equally evident that its success was not due to any particular feature of novelty or originality. The public is happily familiar with the homely comedy of Joseph Cawthorn and with the grace and charm of Julia Sanderson. Music by Ivan Caryll and Irving Berlin is an established Broadway commodity. The herculean humor of Sam Hardy is not unknown, nor the grotesquely agile dancing of Doyle and Dixon. Gay gowns, richly brilliant scenes, and a chorus of romping lovelinness are always aimed at and not infrequently achieved. Yet it is very rare, indeed, that a musical comedy takes hold of an audience as this one does and sustains its sway throughout an evennig.

A part of the happy result was due to the book, which is from the French of Georges Berr and Louis Verneuil, and which has a real plot that works itself out in terms of comedy character. Mr. Cawthorn especially gains from the fact that his funmaking is not all, so to speak, in the air, but springs frequently from the situation, the human predicament. But when all else is said the fact remains that the hero of the evening was the producer, Charles Dillingham.

Every element that makes for legitimate success was present, (every element, that is, except absolute novelty,) and the whole was ordered so that attention was incessantly piqued and abundantly gratified. It was really a minor marvel to see how the resources at Mr. Dillingham's disposal were incessantly shuffled and dealt out again in a whirl of varied combinations. Every detail was richly brilliant, and was studied with excellent taste; yet no point was dwelt upon, effect following effect with the result that was truly dazzling.

The canary of the title was a stolen diamond of great price, and it became mixed up with Mr. Cawthorn's anatomy in a manner that made its recovery peculiarly personal to him. More than that need not be said. It was equally entangled with the romance of Miss Sanderson's young life. How that came about may also be best left to the performance to tell. Suffice it to say that first and last it was the mainspring of much comedy and romance, providing both of the principals of the occasion with far better opportunities for their talents than they have lately enjoyed.

Doyle and Dixon sustained the character of a couple of musical comedy crooks, which did not prevent them, however, from dancing in their very best style with the aid of an uncommonly seemly and well-gowned chorus. Perhaps the most novel and vigorous effect of the evening was scored by Maude Eburne, as an enamored cook of plain visage and awkward gait, the object of whose attentions and intentions was Mr. Cawthorne. It was in their scenes together that the audience found most occasion for laughter.

MANTELL ACTS RICHELIEU.

He Gives Real Thrills in Climaxes of Lytton's Historic Play.

Robert B. Mantell, ever faithful to the old school of the stage, appeared at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre last night as Cardinal Richelieu in Sir Edward Eulwer Lytton's historic play, and for a few hours these who could forget Broadway outside were carried back to the day when autocracy was in its glory. The contrast between this day of democracy, in which the last of the autocrats is sinking to his ignominous end, with that of Richelieu's time undoubtedly occurred to many in the audience and added to the interest of the drama as a specimen of the curious past.

Mr. Mantell appeared to advantage in the rôle of Richelieu and in the climactic moments of the play sent real thrills over the footlights through the audience. He impersonated the "poor, old man" well, delineating effectively, with subtle touches, the persisting power and advancing weakness of age which alternated in controlling the Cardinal in his final hour.

Genevieve Hamper appeared as Julie de Mortemar, and in addition to her attractiveness of person, which made the attentions of Louis XII., Baradas, and Adrian de Mauprat seem reasonable, played her part smoothly and sincerely. Fritz Leiber was a vigorous and often convincing Adrian, but, with several other members of the cast, including Mr. Mantell himself, sometimes handicapped his performance by failing to make his words understood, at least in the second row. Frank Peters gave life and humor to the part of Joseph, and Albert Barrett was sufficiently villainous as Baradas.

The production was done in the style presumably supposed to be in harmony with the character of the play, with slow music in the emotional scenes and the declamation and gestures popularly associated with the classical drama.

FRENCH GIVE DONNAY DRAMA.

"Georgette Lemeunier," a Problem Play, Acted for First Time Here.

GEORGETTE LEMEUNIER, a drama by Maurice Donnay. At the Theatre du Vieux Colombier.

Georgette Lemeunier	Van Doren
Marie-Therese Sourette	Valentine Tessier
Nicole Mairieux	Jeannine Bressanges
Madame Angevin	Marcelle Franco
Julia	Simone Revyl
Marcelle Sourette	Ronee Bouquet
Lemeunier	Jacques Copeau
Journay	Romaine Bouquet
Sourette	Henri Dhurtal
Raymond	Jean Sarmont
Mairieux	Marcel Millet
Charcennes	Lucien Weber
Duc de Mortagne	Robert Bogaert
Dufauchu	Charles Dullin
Midasse	Henri Bart

Maurice Donnay's "Georgette Lemeunier," staged last night, for the first time in America, by Jacques Copeau's company, presents again the timeworn problem of the honest woman who, although living in an easy-going society, as far as matrimonial obligations are concerned, succeeds to preserve her sense of marality and even to outwit her environement.

Lemeunier, suddenly grown rich as a result of his invention, finds the world that now is opened to him fascinating. Especially attractive to him is Mme. Sourette, the wife of a man who endeavors laboriously to draw Lemeunir into a business proposition which is to bereave him of his invention, to the advantage of Sourette. Mme. Sourette, naturally, is to be the decoy, while the guarantee is given in a political acrobat, a former lover of Mme. Sourette. However, chance wants it that a misunderstanding arises concerning some jewelry which proves the husband's intention to deceive. A temporary separation between husband and wife comes to an end through the untiring services of a mutual friend, and after Sourette had gotten over enough to evict Lemeunier out of a hundred thousand francs. The incident turns out satisfactory for both parties. Husband and wife have found a new stimulus for their love and, on the other hand, Sourette a means to pay his debts.

The play being primarily a problem play, with rather few possibilities for acting, there is so much more cause to appreciate the work of the cast. A newcomes on the Vieux Colombier stage, Mme. Van Doren, made a reasonable, loving, and subtle Georgette, while Mme. Tessier, with her unusual charms, personified exquisitely the type of woman she represented. M. Copeau, as Lemeunier, made one feel that it is rather to see him act than to listen to Donnay's lecturing that one enjoys the performance.

Donnay is one of the few French writers that made their début in the Monmarte Chait Noir and finally ascended the heights of the Académie Française. His interest is centred around modern problems, dealing with sex, and social aspects, and chooses, as a rule, his spokesmen out of the Paris high society. He crowds his people into drawing rooms, as is the case in "Georgette Lemeunier," and lets them discuss such topics that were interesting when the play was written. Much of what constitutes these discussions is stuff that we got over by now. They have something about them that makes one feel like reading yesterday's paper.

Philharmonic Appeals for Funds.

The Philharmonic Society, through Henry E. Cooper, Treasurer, issued yesterday a statement "To friends and patrons of the Philharmonic Society of New York" that the Directors had procured pledges of about $55,000 to meet the needs of the seventy-seventh season, opening next week. "We absolutely need $15,000 more," said the statement, "and to take care of last year's deficit, still standing, we need a total of $40,000." The appeal was made for pledges from the society's future audiences and the public at large on behalf of "this old New York institution." The money is needed Jan. 1, and represents the difference between probable expenses and the society's income from concerts and from the Fulitzer Fund.

WAR ROMANCE IN MUSICAL FRAME

"Little Simplicity" Begins in Algeria in 1912 and Runs Into a Hut Near Trenches.

CAST FINALLY IN KHAKI

Good Score by Augustus Barratt and Workmanlike Book and Lyrics by Rida Johnson Young.

LITTLE SIMPLICITY, a musical comedy in three acts. Book and lyrics by Rida Johnson Young; music by Augustus Barratt. At the Astor.

Jezirah	Cameron sisters
Zillah	
The Sheik of Kudah Ben	Hendricks
Irene	Polly Pryer
Joseph	Phil Ryley
Clavelin	Eugene Redding
Lulu Clavelin	Marjorie Gateson
Prof. Erasmus Duckworth	Charles Brown
Pierre Lefebre	Paul Forcasi
Jack Sylvester	Stewart Baird
Philip Dorrington	Henry Vincent
Alan Van Cleeve	Carl Gantvoort
Veronique	Carolyn Thomson
Mr. Morgan Van Cleeve	Robert Lee Allen
Messenger Boy	Allan McDonald
A Young Officer	Samuel Critcherson
Maude McCall	Florence Beresford

"Little Simplicity," which was seen here for the first time last night at the Astor, is a romantic musical play which runs true to type for the major portion of its course, introducing something of a new note at its finale by concluding its story in a hut somewhere in the vicinity of the trenches. Not that such a setting is at all new to the drama in these days, of course, but it is a bit of a novelty to begin a musical piece in Algeria in 1912 and run it into the war for its dénouement.

Otherwise, however, the piece is strictly orthodox. It is concerned with nothing newer than the love of a man for a maid, and its three acts content themselves with separating the pair and bringing them together again. The first two acts, in fact, are ultraconventional. There is a harem number in the first of them, and the second, which passes in the Latin Quarter, reveals a group of gay students at, or preparing for, the usual musical comedy masked ball.

But then comes the war, and there is a lapse of five years and three months before the cast is revealed in khaki. A Y. M. C. A. hut lends itself neatly to the necessities of musical comedy, with the specialists introduced as entertainers of the soldiers, and Little Simplicity, who began as a flower girl in Tunis, turning up as a great prima donna in time for a reconciliation with her American lover. It is all quite according to precedent, but the background of war is of considerable romantic aid to the story.

Augustus Barratt has written a first-rate score of the popular variety, and there are at least three numbers which stand a good chance of becoming popular. The book and lyrics of Rida Johnson Young are workmanlike, albeit far from inspired, and if the proceedings are a bit dull on occasion, the fault must be laid to the extreme tenuousness of the story. As for comedy, there is a jest here and there, but no rumor of a sufficiently robust nature to cause Dr. Copeland to caution the audience to use its handkerchiefs while laughing.

The presentation, as for the most part competent, with Carolyn Thomson quite at her most appealing in the featured rôle. Her voice, if a trifle immature, is at all times sweet. The American in the case is Carl Gantvoort, who sings capably and acts a bit less so. The dancing Cameron Sisters won the plaudits of the audience, and Marjorie Gateson injected spice into the proceedings at several moments when it was needed. Most of the comedy was supplied by Charles Brown in a stereotyped professional rôle. Ben Hendricks was a villainous first act shoit, who swore that he would be heard from [illegible] but we shan't.

SING 'PIRATES OF PENZANCE'

Gilbert and Sullivan's Comic Opera Pleases as of Old at the Park.

"Three cheers, the gang's all here!" piped one of those airs everybody knows, after "The Star-Spangled Banner," in the overture to "Pirates of Penzance" at the Park last night, and it made a fine houseful of old New Yorkers feel young again to hear and see revived an opera of sterling wit, of melody pure-gold, that Gilbert and Sullivan had once come in person to produce in this town on New Year's Eve, 1879-80, before ever they gave it overseas.

"The Pirates" is particularly timely in an age of submarines. Last night's audience, on the eve of Election Day, laughed hugely at the hero's word of advice, "When you attack a party stronger than yourself you inevitably get thrashed," at cheered Gilbert's prophetic lines of the Pirate Chief, who "sank a few more ships, 'tis true, than a well-bred mortal ought to do." Forty years put a new and worldwide meaning to his refrain:

But many a King upon his throne,
If he wants to call his crown his own,
Has plenty of dirtier work to do
Than ever was done by a pirate crew.

No wonder that a wartime audience cheered the old Pirate to the echo, which Herbert Waterous acknowledged with gigantic bows. Craig Campbell had youth and force as the apprentice hero, Blanche Duffield was a pretty Major General's daughter, with Isabel McLaughlin, Gladys Caldwell, Margaret Hendrix, and an American fresh-voiced chorus that took the lion's share of encores a bit awkwardly.

There were touches of English comedy style, a classic if not a lost art now, in Josephine Jacoby's piratical maid of all work, Bertram Peacock's Major General, and the veteran Will Danforth's Sergeant of Police. John McGhie led Sullivan's music with practiced hand, and the needle rocks of the opening scene would have been identified by any German submarine commander today as the Coasts of Cornwall on sight.

CITY BREVITIES.

Frederic Villiers, war artist-correspondent of The Illustrated London News, will lecture on "What I Saw at the Front" at the Lotos Club, Thursday evening, Nov. 14. The lecture will be illustrated with Mr. Villiers's own sketches.

The Horticultural Society will give a private exhibition of flowers, vegetables, and fruit in the American Museum of Natural History, Eighty-first Street and Columbus Avenue, next Thursday evening, from 7 to 10 o'clock. The exhibition will be open to the public until Nov. 10.

M. Andre Tardieu, will be the guest of the Association of the Foreign Correspondents in the United States, at a reception to be held at the Plaza Hotel on Friday evening.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT. NOTE DIFFERENT OPENING TIME OF EACH THEATRE TO AVOID TRAFFIC CONGESTION.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:15.
LAST WEEK—MAT. TODAY AT 2.
MOST GIGANTIC SHOW IN NEW YORK
PASSING SHOW OF 1918
150 PEOPLE | 20 SCENES | 500 COSTUMES
Next Mon. AL JOLSON in SINBAD Moves to Hippodrome in Casino

CENTRAL Thea., B'way & 47th. Evgs. at 8. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY 2:30.
ALICE BRADY
Returned to the Spoken Stage in
FOREVER AFTER

Century 62d St. nr. B'way. Mat. Today Evgs. 8:15.
800 Seats at 50c; 250 at 75c; 600 at $1. 400 at $1.50; Pop. Price Mats. Today & Wed.
THE $100,000 SPECTACULAR DRAMA
FREEDOM
"Massive spectacle."—Herald.
"Fleur in it to thrill."—Times.
"Uncommon artistic beauty."—Sun.
With the MARCIA Van DRESSER Peerless
Election Returns Read From Stage.
360 OF CENTURY THEATRE AT 11:30.
CENTURY GROVE MIDNIGHT REVUE
BEAUTIFUL GIRLS 'N' EVERYTHING
Small & Lovely MOLLIE KING.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Eves 9:00. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat.
Refreshingly new; it Sparkles.
TEA FOR 3
Choice seats for every performance at the Box Office Day in advance.
POPULAR PRICE MAT. TODAY, 2:30.

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
A STITCH IN TIME | A Happy Play —with— | IRENE FENWICK

SELWYN WEST 42d ST. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20
JANE COWL in "Information Please."
POP. PRICE MATINEE TODAY

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
WM. COLLIER
in "NOTHING BUT LIES"

JOHN BARRYMORE in TOLSTOI'S "REDEMPTION"
PLYMOUTH W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Hry. 40. Mats. Tom'w and Sat., 2:30.

BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45 Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY 2:30.
CLARE KUMMER'S NEW COMEDY
BE CALM CAMILLA
"Is the Best Performance and Brightest Play in Town."—Tribune.
"Delighted the Audience."—Eve. Sun.
"A Triumph of the Theatre that Now-a-Days's Are Few and Far Between."—World.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY 2:20.
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers.
The UNKNOWN PURPLE
With RICHARD BENNETT.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 9:00. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY 2:30.
JOHN WILLIAMS Presents
"COMPLETE SUCCESS"—World.
H. B. Warner in Sleeping Partners | with Irene Bordoni

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs 8:15. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY 2:15.
NORA BAYES in a New Musical Play | LADIES FIRST

39TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat.
FIRST TIME TODAY 2:30
OPENING WITH A MATINEE
THE LONG DASH
A Drama of Today by Robert Milars McKay and Victor Mapes.
Robert Edeson, Violet Kemble Cooper | Henry E. Dixey, Millicent Evans

ASTOR THEA., 45th & B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY 2:15.
LITTLE SIMPLICITY
SANG AND SMILED HER WAY INTO THE HEARTS OF ALL
Carolyn Thomson
Carl Gantvoort, Stewart Baird | Victory Chorus | Marjorie Gateson, Cameron Sisters

44TH ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY 2:15.
ROBERT B. MANTELL RICHELIEU
Prices 25c, 50c, $1.00, $1.50. Boxes $2.00.

PLAYHOUSE. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY, Wed. & Sat. | PETER'S MOTHER

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY 2:30.
The Big Chance
With MARY NASH

HUDSON West 44th St. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD IN FRIENDLY ENEMIES

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat., 2:20.
UNDER ORDERS

HARRIS West 42d Street. Evenings at 8:45. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat., 2:20.
BERTHA KALICH in "THE RIDDLE: WOMAN"

REPUBLIC W. of 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
Marjorie Rambeau
In "WHERE POPPIES BLOOM."

SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY 2:15.
LAST WEEK AT THIS THEATRE. MOVES TO THE CASINO NEXT MONDAY
SOME TIME with ED. WYNN
MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE

CASINO BROADWAY & 39TH STREET. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY 2:15.
31ST WEEK IN NEW YORK.
Last Week at this Theatre.
Moves to Winter Garden Next Monday.
AL JOLSON
And Incomparable Company of 150 in
SINBAD
Next Mon. | SOME TIME with ED. WYNN moves Here from Shubert Thea.

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY 2:15.
JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents
Oscar Wilde's Greatest Comedy
AN IDEAL HUSBAND
Norman Trevor—Wilson Lacke
Cora Harcourt—Beatrice Beckley

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. MAT. TODAY, 2:15.
Highest Price Orch. 3 nts. $1. Evgs.
Parlor, Bedroom & Bath with Florence Moore

Loew's 7th Av. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25c & 50c.
Charlotte Walker in "Nancy Lee"

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
OPENING NIGHT SAMSON et DAELILA
Mon., Nov. 11, at 8
Homer; Caruso, Couzinou (new), Rothier, Reiss, Ananian. Cond. Monteux.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, AIDA at 8
Muzio, Homer; Crimi (new), Montesanto (new), Didur, Ananian. Cond. Moranzoni.
THURS. EVE. DAUGHTER of REGIMENT
Hempel, Howard; Carpi, Scotti. Cond. Papi.
FRIDAY EVE. FORZA DEL DESTINO at 8
Ponselle (new), Gentle (new); Caruso, De Luca, Chalmers, Mardones. Cond. Papi.
SATURDAY MATINEE THAIS at 2
Farrar, Braslau, Sparkes, Egener; Diaz, Couzinou, Rothier. Cond. Monteux.
SAT. EVE. at 8 (75c to $3) CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA. Easton, Althouse, Chalmers, Kingston. Cond. Moranzoni.
DOUBLE BILL PAGLIACCI. Muzio; Kingston, Scotti, Hoca. Cond. Moranzoni.
SEAT SALE BEGINS THURS., NOV. 7, at 9 A.M.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
TUES., NOV. 12, at 8, BUTTERFLY. Farrar, Fornia; Althouse, De Luca, Bada. Cond. Moranzoni.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AMY GRANT'S OPERA COURSE.
Hotel Plaza, Tuesdays, 3:30, beginning November 26th.
Operas of the Metropolitan Series. Margaret Torriberry, Sec., 78 W. 55. Circle 457.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE
Next Sunday Evening, Nov. 10, at 8:15.
YVETTE GUILBERT
2nd Series of CHANSONS EN COSTUMES.
Direction Daniel Mayer. (Knabe Piano.)

Metropolitan Opera seats, for sale, Box Office price, 23 Saturday matinees, 2 seats in G., and 2 seats in N., Orchestra. Address L. S., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

SATURDAY EVE., NOV. 9TH, AT 8:15.
People's Symphony Concerts announce
FLONZALEY 4TET
in the first series of six chamber concerts by noted organizations. Subscription to course ONE DOLLAR. Tickets at People's Symphony Concerts, 17 West 8th Street, (Stuyvesant 717), also Macy's and Wanamaker's.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Aft., Nov. 5 at 3 P. M.
Song Recital
FLORENCE OTIS

Mason-Hamlin Piano. Tickets 50c to $2.00
Management Winton & Livingston.

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
NOW SEASON TICKETS
5 TUES. AFT. CONCERTS
CARNEGIE HALL
$9.00, $7.00, $5.00, $3.75, $2.50. Boxes $75, $55 at Box Office. Checks to R. G. Heck, 1st Con. Tues., Nov. 19. MATZENAUER, Sol.

AEOLIAN HALL TUES., NOV. 12, at 3. | SAT., Nov. 16, at 3. Recitals.
LEO ORNSTEIN
Seats 50c to $1.50. Boxes $12. (Knabe Piano.)

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 63 W. 35th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thur., Sat., 2:15. This Week "Georgette Lemeunier" Seat. 50c to $2. Sat. Night Popular Prices.

OPERA TICKETS Subscriptions Bought, Sold & Exchanged. Season or Alternate Performances. JACOBS' TICKET OFFICE, 1368 B'WAY & 38th St. Phone GREELEY 4199, 4190.

FIRST BILTMORE
FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE
Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore, Nov. 8, at 11.
ANNA CASE
MISCHA ELMAN
LOUIS GRAVEURE
Reserved Seats $3. Now on sale at Biltmore Box Office from 9 to 6 (Balcony floor).
Frances Alda, Enrico Caruso, Guido Ciccolini, Anna Fitziu, Amelita Galli-Curci, Leopold Godowsky, Rudolph Ganz, John McCormack, Giovanni Martinelli, Marguerite Namara, Eugene Ysaye, Arthur Rubinstein, Andres de Segurola, Pasquale Vitale, Jacques Thibaud, Cyrena Van Gordon, Carolina White, Gonna Walska, Maya Wadler, Winston Wilkinson
Subscription Pieces, 10 reserved Seats, $20; Boxes $25 for the eight Concerts plus 10% War Tax. On sale at R. E. Johnston's office, 1451 Broadway. Knabe Piano.

N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r.
CARNEGIE HALL, Saturday Eve., Nov. 9.
AEOLIAN HALL, Sunday Aft., November 10.
Soloist MISCHA LEVITZKI
Boredine, Saint-Saens, Vidal, Moussorgsky.
Seats at Box Offices, George Engles, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Nov. 10, at 3.
AMERICAN DEBUT—RAOUL VIDAS
FRENCH VIOLINIST. (Steinway Piano.)
Seats $2.00 to 75c. Mgt. Music League.

304th, 305th, 306th Field Artil'y
302d Ammunition Train
Christmas Auxiliary Benefit Concert
HIPPODROME
Sun. Aft., Nov. 10th, 2:45 o'clock.
Tickets Now ON SALE, Box Office.

AEOLIAN HALL, Mon. Aft., Nov. 11, at 3.
Recital by CORTOT
Alfred FAMOUS FRENCH PIANIST
Tkts. $2.50, $2, $1.50, $1.50c. Steinway Piano.

COLUMBIA B'way | Twice Daily | Popular & 47th | 2:15 & 8:00 | Prices.
BEST SHOW IN TOWN, with Frankie Hunter.
ELECTION RETURNS READ FROM STAGE

Wanted.—Two Metropolitan Opera orchestra seats, alternate Friday nights. Subscription, G 146 Times.

BROOKLYN.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC
Boston Symphony Orchestra
Henri Rabaud, Conductor.
First Concert Fri., Nov. 8, 8:15 P. M.
Soloist, FLORENCE EASTON, Soprano.
PIERRE MONTEUX, Con. at this Concert.
Tickets now at Brooklyn Institute Box Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES
Patrons requested to be in their seats at advertised time of curtain's rise.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evgs. 8:15.
HOLIDAY MAT. TODAY.
REGULAR MATS. TOM'W & SAT., 2:15.
"THE BEST MUSICAL COMEDY OF THE SEASON!"
KLAW & ERLANGER'S GEM OF JOYOUSNESS AND MELODY
THE GIRL BEHIND the GUN
ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
OPEN ALL YEAR. PHONE BRYANT 240.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Today, Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
SPECIAL ELECTION DAY MAT. TODAY
CYRIL MAUDE in C. Haddon Chambers' Comedy Masterpiece | THE SAVING GRACE

GLOBE B'way & 46 St. Evenings at 8:15. FIRST MAT. TODAY 2:15.
JULIA SANDERSON-JOSEPH CAWTHORN
SAM HARDY and DOYLE & DIXON
In the new musical comedy "THE CANARY"
POPULAR PRICE MAT. TOM'W.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
EXTRA ELECTION DAY MAT. TODAY
3 WISE FOOLS

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
SPECIAL HOLIDAY MAT. TODAY.
The Rainbow Division of Musical Comedies
GLORIANNA
with ELEANOR PAINTER
"A CARNIVAL OF JOY."—Sun.

HENRY MILLER'S Theatre, W. 43d St. East of B'way. Evs. 8:30. EXTRA MAT. TODAY 2:30.
HENRY MILLER RUTH CHATTERTON
in a comedy by "PERKINS"
Douglas Murray

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.
SPECIAL ELECTION DAY MAT. TODAY
DAVID BELASCO Presents
DADDIES

VANDERBILT West 48th St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Today, Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Mr. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in "THE MATINEE HERO."

GEO. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:15. Direct to 302. Phone Bryant 6100. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
MERRY ELECTION DAY MAT. TODAY
MITZI in "HEAD OVER HEELS"
The Sauce Star and Gayest Music Play.

LIGHTNIN' GAIETY. Evs. 8:45. Mts. Tues., Wed., Sat.
SPECIAL ELECTION DAY MAT. TODAY
COHAN & HARRIS W. 42d St. Evs. 8:45
SPECIAL MATINEE TODAY 2:30.
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written
3 FACES EAST
Hundreds Turned Away At Every Performance.

GREENWICH Village Theatre 7th Av. & 4th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
The Better 'Ole

CORT THEATRE. W. 48th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. TODAY, Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
John Cort's Musical Comedy Triumph
FIDDLERS THREE

BELASCO West 44 St. Tues., Nov. 12 SEATS NOW.
FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!"

STANDARD B'way & 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mats. Today & Thurs. 25-50c.
POLLY WITH A PAST with INA CLAIRE

"STANDARD FOR FORTY YEARS"
McBride's
THEATRE TICKET OFFICES
Subscription seats at box office prices for Metropolitan Opera House.
UPTOWN 1437 Broadway | DOWNTOWN 71 Broadway

CARNEGIE HALL, 57 St.
NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS
5 SUNDAY EVES. AT 8:30
MONDAY MATS. AT 3:00
PARIS, 1918 ..... NOV. 17-18
WARTIME FRANCE ..... NOV. 24-25
WARTIME ITALY ..... DEC. 1-2
LONDON, 1918 ..... DEC. 8-9
WARTIME ENGLAND ..... DEC. 15-16
Course Sale Now, $5, $4, $3, $2.50
GRAND OPERA HOUSE VIEWS MOTION PICTURES

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th, West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15.
HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY.
DAVID WARFIELD in "THE AUCTIONEER"
Prices 25c to $1.50. Wed. Mat. 25c to $1. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome
DON'T FORGET—VOTE EARLY AND THEN SEE "EVERYTHING." MAT. TO-DAY AT 2:15 EVES. AT 8:15.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47 St. Mat. Daily, 25c-$1
BESSIE CLAYTON & The Canines of BLOSSOM SEELY "FRISCO," Stan Stanley, Elinore & Williams and CHIC SALE.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way and 96th St.
BELLE BAKER, MURIEL WORTH, FRANK DOBSON & CO. Mehlinger & Meyer, ets.

PARK Theatre, Columbus Circle & 59th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15.
Society of American Singers. OPERA COMIQUE.
Gilbert & Sullivan's Comic Opera Masterpieces
TODAY MAT. (Pop. Prices) MIKADO
Wed., Fri. & Sat. Evgs.
TONIGHT, Thursday Evening and Sat. Matinee PIRATES OF PENZANCE

HORSE SHOW
Box Office at MADISON SQUARE GARDEN NOW open, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. for sale of seats for entire week of Show (Nov. 11 to 15) and for Arena Boxes and Res. Seats.

Dancing and Carnival
St. Nicholas Rink, 66th Str., Near B'way. 2 P. M. to Midnight.

Loew's American Roof 43d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. at 8:15.
MORTON & RUSSELL, Friend & All Seats
Downing, O'Brien Havel & Co. Reserved
"Private Peat" with Pvt. H. Peat. $5, 35, 50

MOTION PICTURES.
RIVOLI B'way and 49th St. 20-30-60c. Loges $1 | J. Stuart Blackton's "Safe for Democracy," with Mitchell Lewis. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA.
RIALTO Times Square 20-30-60c. | MAE MARCH in "Hidden Fires." Comedy. Soloists. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

SENSATIONAL DOUBLE BILL
BROADWAY Theatre, B'way at 41st St. Cont. Noon to 11 P. M.
CATHERINE CALVERT in "MARRIAGE." | CHARLIE CHAPLIN in "SHOULDER ARMS"

81 st St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 8980
Douglas FAIRBANKS in "He Comes Up Smiling"
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

Plaza Madison Ave. at 59th St. "THE ROAD TO FRANCE" with Carlyle Blackwell and Evelyn Greeley.

STRAND B'way & 47th St. "LAFAYETTE, WE COME." Soloist, War Review and STRAND ORCHESTRA.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. 10, 20, 30.
Cont's 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
LILLIAN WALKER, "Embarrassment of Riches."

INSTRUCTION.

New York University
WOMAN'S LAW CLASS
November 6, 1918—March, 1919
Twenty-ninth Year

Lectures on law for women in business and women managing property. Topics covered: Contracts, sales, agency, wills, negotiable paper, personal property, real property, mortgages, torts, evidence, equity, partnerships, corporations, and constitutional law. Lectures given by the dean and members of the faculty of the School of Law.

A number of scholarships are available covering part or all of the fee for the class and two scholarships for the School of Law are awarded on the completion of the course.

For information address The Registrar, New York University, Washington Square, New York. Telephone Spring 9300.

FRENCH SPANISH ITALIAN
QUICKLY ACQUIRED ON ANY PHONOGRAPH.

You hear the exact pronunciation and learn to speak with perfect accent. You waste no time on appointments, for your teacher is always ready. Use your spare moments and learn to speak another language.

LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD
and Rosenthal's Practical Linguistry.
A system of disc records to fit all phonographs. Simple, inexpensive and convenient.
E. M. C.—French Military Conversation.
A short course for war service.
Call for free demonstration or write for booklet.
THE LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD,
507 Putnam Bldg., 2 West 45th St., near 5th Ave.

The Clark School for Concentration
A SCHOOL WHERE RECORDS ARE MADE
Boarding and Day Pupils
Enroll now for Fall Term.
Catalogs on Request.
Special Nurses' Certificate Course
Embracing the 18 counts required of those becoming Red Cross nurses. Nominal tuition fees.
Boys' School, 72d St. & West End Ave.
Girls' School, 301 West 72d St.
Main Office at Girls' School—Phone 744 Columbus.

MOON'S SCHOOLS
SHORTHAND IN 30 DAYS

YOU perform a genuine public service when you prepare to fill one of the many vacancies for stenographers or secretaries, either in the Government employ or commercial life.

THIRTY DAYS is sufficient to master stenography by the original methods of instruction adopted by the Moon Schools based on the approved Boyd Syllabic System. The average student attains a speed of 100 words a minute in the time mentioned. So confident are we that any person of average education can qualify in 30 days, that we invite you to enroll at our risk. Register at one of our schools now, and if after attending for three days you feel that you are not able to master stenography in 30 days' time by our advanced system, we will cheerfully refund the entire fee.

Three free trial lessons and catalogue on request. Call or write today.
50 E. 42d St. (opp. Grand Central Sta.) N.Y.
587 W. 181st St. (Subway Bldg.) N.Y.
370 E. 149th St. (nr. Third Ave.) Bronx
and 214 LIVINGSTON ST., Brooklyn.

Learn LANGUAGES —AT THE— Berlitz School
Manhattan: 28-30 West 34th Street.
Brooklyn: 218-220 Livingston Street.
By the Berlitz method the Students learn not only to read and write, but especially to understand and to speak the foreign Language.
TRIAL LESSON FREE
Terms of Lessons may begin at any time.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. School of Languages
(14 years of success)
French, Spanish, Italian and Russian taught by native instructors. Conversational method used. Evening courses.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1918

OFFICES: [Telephone Bryant 1000.]
Times Building.....Times Square
Times Annex..43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....7 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem..2,109 Seventh Av., near 125th St.

Bronx.....2,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn.....401 Fulton Street
Staten Island....93 Stuyv. Pl., New Brighton
Queens.....317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth.....250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....89 Montgomery Street
Paterson.....13 Park Avenue
Washington.....Riggs Building
Chicago.....1002-1004 Tribune Building
St. Louis.....409 Globe-Democrat Building
Detroit.....403 Ford Building
San Francisco.....742 Market Street
London.....12 Salisbury Square, E. C.
Paris....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TWO CENTS in Metropolitan District (50 mile radius). Three Cents within 200 miles. Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents, City; Seven Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, Postpaid.	One Year.	Six Months.	One Month.
DAILY & SUNDAY	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
One week, 35c.			
DAILY only	9.00	4.50	.85
One week, 30c.			
SUNDAY only	3.00	1.75	.30
SUNDAY only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55

FOREIGN RATES.

DAILY & SUNDAY	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
DAILY only	17.40	8.90	1.45
SUNDAY only	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5.
Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.,) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $3; Canada, $3.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.
All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

AUSTRIA'S COMPLETE SURRENDER

From a time far beyond the memory of living men Austria has been among the proudest of nations; she has exhibited greater pride with less reason for it than perhaps any other of the Powers we are accustomed to call great. Now she surrenders to the Allies and to the United States upon terms more humiliating than were ever submitted to by a nation of any pretensions whatever to greatness. It is a complete surrender, a surrender that annihilates her as a belligerent, that puts it out of her power to offer further armed resistance to the will of her foes. That is, as it had to be, the primary purpose of the terms imposed upon her. These terms reduce to absurdity and emptiness the catchwords "unconditional surrender," of which the political opponents of President WILSON have made such use in their frenzied efforts to show that his aims of war and peace would yield dangerous advantages to the enemy. No terms imposed after unconditional surrender could have reduced the Austro-Hungarian Empire to impotence and harmlessness more effectually than these to which she has now yielded assent.

She ceases hostilities by land and sea at once, and we may be sure that she is glad enough of the chance to do it. Her armies must be totally demobilized and withdrawn from the western front where she has co-operated with Germany. Half of her material equipment is surrendered. She evacuates all territory invaded by her since the beginning of the war. More than that, she must withdraw behind lines fixed by the terms of the armistice in a series of delimitations which will restore to Italy territory rightfully hers which has long been included within the frontiers of Austria.

A condition of the armistice which is of terrible import to Germany, and which will hasten the conclusion of that empire to accept the inevitable, opens to the Allies "the right of free movement over all road and rail and water ways in Austro-Hungarian territory," and yields up to their use the necessary means of transportation. Strategic points in Austria-Hungary are to be occupied by the armies of the associated Powers wherever they may deem necessary for the conduct of military operations and for the maintenance of order. All German troops must leave Austro-Hungarian territory within fifteen days or be interned for the duration of the war. Allied prisoners of war are to be given up at once, but Austrian prisoners held by the Allies will not be given up. Austrian ships of war, including submarines, are to be surrendered to the Allies or concentrated in ports designated by the Allies and disarmed. Austrian territorial waters are open to the warships of her enemies and they are free to use the Danube and its tributaries. The terms of the armistice are amazingly detailed; if anything has been omitted it is because it was deemed unessential by the experienced and vigilant military commanders to whom the arrangement of the armistice was submitted. It is evident to the lay understanding that nothing has been omitted or overlooked that could be considered essential to the foundation requirement of making Austria powerless.

The three allies of Germany, first Bulgaria, then Turkey, and now Austria-Hungary, lay down their arms, cease hostilities and accept terms which make it impossible for them to renew them. The iron ring has once again closed about Germany. When it first encircled her, with Russia guarding the eastern frontier, the German Empire was still formidable. She had great armies, an abundance of munitions, resources sufficient to sustain her, and her people, buoyed up by the hope of victory, were united and obedient to the autocratic will. The ravages of the victorious Allies have made dreadful inroads upon her man power, she is short of munitions, her material and financial resources have been greatly reduced, and the sore straits to which she has been brought are made evident by political convulsions within and the acceptance of, or the pretense of accepting, constitutional changes which profoundly modify the position and power of her Emperor. She stands alone against an increasing host of foes; there is no help for her from any quarter, and the territory and transportation service of countries which were lately fighting by her side are open to the use of the Allies for attacking her upon fronts hitherto secure. She must surrender, and soon. The terms imposed upon Austria enable her to judge the severity of those she must accept for herself.

NEW VOTERS AND THE BALLOT.

Never was there such a numerous body of first voters as will vote today in this State. The normal increase from naturalized citizens and from American-born men reaching the voting age will be multiplied many times by the addition of the women voters. These new voters, men and women, will have the honor of participating in an election more important than many a Presidential election. It is the first and doubtless the only war election held in the United States in the course of this war. Upon its issue will hang momentous results.

It so happens that the New York ballot this year is unusually easy to vote, and the new voter will find no difficulty but that of inexperience. The ballot is divided into blocks, each block containing the names of all the candidates for a given office. All the voter has to do is to mark a cross (X) opposite the name of one candidate in each block, with the exception of one block, that containing the names of candidates for Justices of the Supreme Court. There, as there are three Justices to be elected, the voter should mark three names, but no more.

The names of the parties to which the candidates belong are printed opposite their names, as are the party emblems. Where a candidate has been nominated by two or more parties, the names of all the parties so nominating him, and their emblems, appear opposite his name. All there is to it is to vote for only one name in each block, except when you come to the eighth block, headed "Justices of the Supreme Court for the First Judicial District." And remember that if you make any mark whatever on your ballot, except the cross (X) here described, you spoil your ballot and it will not be counted. In that case you will have to ask the election officials for another. You cannot scratch the name of a candidate or write anything on the ballot, except that if you do not like any of the candidates you can write the name of a candidate of your own in a blank space left for the purpose at the bottom of each block. Remember, too, to mark only with a pencil having black lead; and if you tear, deface, or wrongly mark the ballot, return it and get another.

IN THE THROES OF ABDICATION.

In more than thirty years of uninterrupted volubility the Kaiser has said and written many curious things; but nothing so strange as his decree, sent to Prinz MAXIMILIAN of Baden, the German Imperial Chancellor, approving the sham amendment of the Imperial Constitution. What unctuous German Chadband wrote this pretty piece for the German Emperor? It seems, according to the composer of the letter, that "a new order" has come into being and that "the fundamental rights of the Kaiser's person" are thereby transferred "to the people."

"Thus comes to a close a period "which will stand in honor before the "eyes of future generations." This period "has rendered possible to our "people that tremendous development which imperishably revealed "itself in the wonderful achievements "of this war." After those achievements the German people "can claim "that no right which may guarantee "a free and happy future can be "withheld from them." So the Kaiser indorses what the Reichstag has done, whatever it is and whatever it amounts to, and is firmly determined "to co-operate" because he is convinced that he is "thereby promoting "the weal of the German people. The "Kaiser's office is one of service to "the people."

What has been his service to the people? What has he done for their weal? He gave Austria a free hand in Serbia. By his deliberate will and choice he brought upon Germany and the world immeasurable disaster. His hands are scarlet with the blood of millions. The people whom he has long deceived, seeing that he and his gang have brought Germany to ruin, to losses which can never be replaced, to humiliation and dishonor that can never be forgotten, are resolved to kick out the Hohenzollern, not, indeed, for his crimes, but for his failure. As long as the world lasts the "development" of Germany since 1914 to 1918, a development of perjury, robbery, murder, cruelty inconceivable, will be remembered. Prosperity has been succeeded by bankruptcy. The great work of BISMARCK has been undone by a pompous, strutting megalomaniac.

There is but one service that the Kaiser can do to the country and the people that he has led to destruction. He can get out. If he waits much longer he will be thrown out. But he cannot bear to abdicate. This Chadbandian letter is a plea to the dear people to please let him stay. How he loves them. What a good democrat he is. How eager he is to see the dear people with whom he is going to "co-operate" have a free and happy future.

"On the occasion of this step, "which is so momentous for the future history of the German people, I "have a desire to give expression to "my feelings." The best parallel to this delightful passage is the original Mr. Chadband's:

> My friends, it is right that I should be humbled, it is right that I should be tried, it is right that I should be mortified, it is right that I should be corrected. * * * Peace, my friends, peace be with us!

So his tenderest feelings have been expressed. The expression does not move the stony heart of the people. Vorwärts says icily that "the manifesto will not in any way change the "standpoint of the Socialists nor "weaken the demand for abdication." The Kaiser has got to take his medicine. A few allied bombing planes over a few German cities will make the German people furiously demand and enforce that stepping down and out against which the Kaiser is so futilely wriggling. They have been patient; but a hint not taken may soon have the "development" of a kick.

ANDREW DICKSON WHITE.

Active, useful, and fruitful in many ways, in education, literature, politics, and diplomacy, was the long life of ANDREW DICKSON WHITE, which ended yesterday. Of his multiform public service, perhaps his guidance of Cornell University in its beginnings, the form and impress which, in nearly twenty years as its President, he set upon that institution, destined to be "so famous, so excellent in art and still so rising," were the most solid and lasting. His money and other gifts to the university were most generous. The White School of History and Political Science is a worthy memorial of him at Ithaca. He was a member of the class of 1853 at Yale, and few of that collection of notabilities were more distinguished.

Dr. WHITE had a clear mind, a passion for learning, singular industry and ease in acquiring it. His natural bent was toward historical studies. His best known book, "A History of "the Warfare of Science with Theology "in Christendom," is nearly as well known abroad as here. He was a man of broad cultivation, experience, sympathy. Few men have seen more or done more. "Happy long life with honor at the close."

SERBIA RESTORED.

On the very day which saw the abject surrender of the "great Power" whose brutal and merciless attack on Serbia precipitated the war the Serbian Army re-entered Belgrade. With this reoccupation of the capital came the recovery of practically all the territory of the kingdom, and already millions of Serbs and their kinsmen are turning from the ruins of the Hapsburg monarchy to unite themselves with the State which carried the banner in the national movement toward liberty.

Twice in the first six months of the war Austrian armies invaded Serbia; the second of these attacks even compelled the evacuation of Belgrade; but eventually Serbia, alone and unaided, repelled them both. Not till a German General and German troops stiffened the third Austrian attack, with Bulgaria striking in the rear when the Serbian armies were occupied in the defense of the northern border, did the little kingdom collapse. At the moment its collapse seemed to be complete. Three years ago every foot of Serbian soil was in the hands of the enemy; the remnants of the army, survivors of the terrible retreat over the mountains, were grouped at Corfu, and the Government was the somewhat unwelcome guest of King CONSTANTINE. The losses of three wars and of the typhus epidemic had cut down the population; the starvation, executions, and deportations which accompanied Bulgarian and Magyar rule reduced it still more. Nearly half of the population of the Serbia of July, 1914, is dead. There was some plausibility in the argument of the Bulgarian Premier who said last Summer that Serbia had ceased to exist.

But Serbia lived, in the remnants of an army with much to avenge, in a national consciousness that no misfortune could extinguish, and in the consciousness before the world of a just cause. It was the Serbian Army that broke the Bulgarian line in September and began the work which has just been completed. The unusual emotion which breaks out in the statement of the French War Office is fully justified:

> This army (the First Serbian Army) participated in all the fighting, marching without cease and without repose, always in contact with the enemy, whom it held by the throat, very often badly provisioned, but knowing no fatigue and no hunger. It pushed ever forward by the will to conquer at any price.

It was what might be expected of the army whose recent achievements include Kumanovo and the Bregalnitza, Shabatz, Valjevo, Monastir and Kaimakchalan. Behind the Serbian people lies a long and gloomy history of oppression, war, and hope deferred; but the spirit which has carried it through to victory is the spirit which may be relied on to inform the new, unified kingdom of Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes which shall give the Southern Slav race the opportunity to live its own unhampered life.

NEUTRALS' CLAIMS FOR LOST SHIPS.

The neutral nations are beginning to prepare for the peace conference their claims against Germany for ships which U-boats have destroyed. Reports from Christiania say that the Norwegian Government is making a list of 867 vessels sunk and will ask the conference to consider its demand that Germany shall replace the tonnage or pay for it, with compensation also for cargoes and the lives of murdered sailors. Neutral claims of this kind will exceed $1,000,000,000, for the number of the lost ships, if those of South American countries be included, is nearly 1,500, with a capacity of more than 2,000,000 tons. Valuable cargoes went down with a majority of the vessels, and about 2,500 men, many of whom were killed on lifeboats or rafts. In a few cases Germany's defense will be that the ships were at work for her enemies, but as a rule this excuse cannot be used. Vessels in the service of the Belgian Relief Commission and others carrying grain for Switzerland, it will be recalled, were among those torpedoed.

By ceding seven interned ships to Spain to replace as many of the eighty-seven Spanish vessels sunk Germany has admitted her liability. What the peace conference will do cannot be foreseen. The mercantile marine losses of Germany's foes exceed those of the neutrals, and there are not enough German ships to replace this tonnage. But many of these ships are now interned in neutral harbors. Spain has ninety of them. Because so many German merchantmen are thus under the control of neutral Governments there may be an apportionment of the surrendered tonnage. Germany should be required to pay for ships which she cannot replace. The debt, like that which she owes to Belgium, is one from which there is no escape.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Our First Shout of Victory.

When the whistles began to blow yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, a good many people knew, of course, that it was because at that hour—ignoring for once the difference of time—that Austria ceased to be an ally of Germany and the enemy in arms of that part of the world with which we are associated. But there were a good many other people who did not remember at the moment why that hour was notable and they had to ask the reason for the noise. They soon learned, and then they realized that the day so long and wearily awaited was come—the day for celebrating a great and definite beginning of victory.

Before this, indeed, battles not a few have been gloriously won, and we have had the surrenders of Bulgaria and Turkey to hear of with satisfaction. Hitherto, however, battles won have only balanced battles lost, and the first surrenders, satisfactory as they were, and significant, too, lacked the direct and immediate bearing on Germany that did the acceptance by Austria of the stern terms offered to her.

So it was for this event that the audible and visible demonstrations of joy were delayed. Germany chose to follow a different method. Dozens and dozens of times, beginning way back in 1914, she has wreathed her cities in triumphant flags, and her people have cheered wildly and embraced each other gleefully in the streets, sometimes with what for them was good reason and often only with excuses for it, carefully manufactured out of not much by her war lords. Now the Germans must feel that these exultations were premature—that he who celebrates last celebrates best, and that it is well, before declaring a foe conquered, to wait until he is himself ready to admit his condition hopeless.

For us, while Germany still finds lines behind which to stand, snarling savagely, the war is not over, and we can afford, before showing all our joy, to wait for the arrival of the really Great Day, when the really Great enemy acknowledges complete defeat. Even then we shall not go mad with exultation, partly because that is not our way, and partly because we shall then still be saddened by the sacrifices this most dreadful of wars has involved. Just the same, the whistles yesterday made a fine noise and set hearts to beating high with the thought that the horror that has oppressed the world so long at last had lifted appreciably and the new day was dawning.

Distribution Followed Collection.

Through all her long life Mrs. SAGE maintained in her habits and character the simplicity that marked her youth—a youth that in another country would have been called "humble." According to American standards, however, that word would have been as ill-applied to her in her early days of narrow means as in her latter years of colossal wealth, for she was very distinctly "well-born," and her surroundings were always such as to deserve the respect she never lacked.

Of her husband the public judgment was not always kind, but therein perhaps it was not always—perhaps never—just. He had a remarkable talent for collecting money and he exercised it. To deny that he was without any capacity for the distribution of money in the higher and better ways in which it can be scattered was easy, while he was alive, but that verdict was modified after his death, for then it was seen that he left the entire disposition of his wealth to one who, as he must have known, would do with it exactly what she began to do as soon as her hands were free—exactly what she has done with it through the years during which her power lasted.

In a way, and to some degree, RUSSELL SAGE must be, or at any rate can be, credited with the wise beneficence which his widow has displayed. She was in a fashion his agent, and a notably able and entirely trustworthy agent she proved to be. She selected with discrimination the objects of her generosity from among the innumerable solicitors of her gifts, and in not a single instance, so far as known, was she guilty of the sort of charity that pauperizes and demoralizes. She did not "throw away money" any more than did her husband. Instead she expended it in accordance with her own good sense and under good advice.

For the "relief of the poor," which is the whole of charity for many well-intentioned people, Mrs. SAGE used sums that were not small in themselves, but they were not large in comparison with those devoted by her to activities aimed at the causes of poverty rather than at poverty itself, and it was in this direction that her distribution of the Sage money was most effective as well as most memorable.

Showing the Courage of Soldiers.

Perhaps the most notable peculiarity of the influenza epidemic is the fact that it has been attended by no trace of panic or even of excitement. A more severe infliction of the same sort has not been suffered in this country since the now almost forgotten days when yellow fever could be neither cured nor prevented, and yet the public accepted the emergency with a calmness that has remained perfectly, even strangely, unbroken. There has been no bitterness of criticism aimed in any direction, though there has been some excuse for it, and those who escaped the disease have gone about their daily affairs steadily and hopefully, taking what precautions they could and following the good advice they received to the best of their ability.

Now the scourge is disappearing—has "burned itself out," as epidemics always do, even when there is no interference with them—and in a few days we can confidently expect to see the end of the new cases and the deaths.

With this remarkable equanimity in the face of what was well realized as a great danger, the war doubtless had something to do. We have all learned to think more or less constantly in terms other than those of individual interest and safety, and death itself has become so familiar as to lose something of its grimness and more of its importance. Courage has become a common possession, and fear, when it exists, is less often expressed than ever before.

Probably the general feeling was that the danger here should be borne as bravely as the risks of battle are endured by our fighting men abroad. At any rate, the danger has been met and conquered, and now we are caring for the wounded just as they do in France after a big encounter with the Germans.

London Morality.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Advices from England state that in a recent issue of a London paper Mr. Bok, editor of The Ladies' Home Journal—one of the American journalists visiting London—made an attack on the morals of that city, and that his published statements were cabled to hundreds of papers in the United States. If his remarks have been, or should be, published here, it is to be hoped that the same publicity will be given to the replies published in other London papers.

Writing as one who knows and understands both Europe and America, I protest most earnestly against the suggestion that the morals of London are one whit worse than those of any other large city in Europe or America. My protest is upheld by every man and woman who knows both sides, or at the least by such as have impartially investigated the matter. Another American journalist, William C. Edgar—also at present in London, I believe—candidly states that the streets of Philadelphia, (whence comes Mr. Bok, I presume,) are in a far worse state than the streets of London.

EDOUARD CHALAND D'OR.
New York, Oct. 23, 1918.

Viva Trieste!

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a grateful American citizen, born in the city of Trieste, where I suffered the youngest days of my life under the barbarous Government of the Hapsburg, allow me to thank from the bottom of my heart our Government and our beloved President, Woodrow Wilson, for the great help given from the beginning of this war to Italy and to the Allies.

This is the greatest day of my life.
Viva Trieste! Viva Italia! Viva America!

GUSTAVE TOLENTINO,
Secretary of Irredenta Society and a Member of the Four-Minute Men.
New York, Nov. 4, 1918.

Lichnowsky in Holland.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wrote to a Dutch friend in The Hague asking him to send me a Dutch translation of Prince Lichnowsky's memorandum. He replies:

"A translation of Prince Lichnowsky's brochure does not exist. Only French and English translations were to be had here some time ago, but very soon after their appearance the sale was stopped and all copies taken out of the market at the request of the German Embassy. At least, so I was told at the bookseller's."

WILLIAM TILLY.
New York, Oct. 30, 1918.

BY THE DREAR NORTH SEA.

The Prussian Beast had fled, the fierce, gorged vultures flown,
And ravaged Belgium's uncowed hosts surged back into their own.
And on the Great Withdrawal's bitter morrow,
Sore wounded and in sorrow,
On the North Sea's German dunes a Uhlan made his moan:

"O sister, how the wind comes howling from the sea!
How bitterly and bitingly it sweeps across the lea!
Why seems it so to shake me and to harrow,
And pierce me to the marrow,
Till an icy chill engulfs the very soul of me?"

"O brother Fritz'l, hark! there's that within the wind
I fear shall bear its moaning into every German mind;
A spleen of self-love shattered, unavailing,
A weeping and a wailing
For our hecatombs of dupes, to the buzzards left behind!"

"O sister, how the waves fall crashing on the shore!
How mocking and how menacing reverberates their roar!
While shrieks amid their spoondrift e'er resounding,
Against my heart come pounding,
As if calling out my blood to some bleaker nevermore!

"My sister, canst thou hear the dead below the wave,
With clammy lips all cursing us from their unfathomed grave?
Their wraiths, above all German waters teeming,
I fear shall cease not screaming
Till the mad 'All-Highest,' too, plumbs depths where none may save!"

"How black and closing down, the angry, swirling skies!
And how the lightnings pierce their breast to draw demoniac cries!
Why comes this elemental rage assembling?
Why melt I thus in trembling,
While my sluggish pulse stands still, and all within me dies?"

"Alas! O brother Fritz, it bodes Germania's woe;
The thunderbolts forerun the paths of our avenging foe;
The lightnings of his wrath shall flame and sear us,
Till none there be to fear us,
And our scornful victims' heel shall press our forehead low!"

HERMAN MONTAGU DONNER.

WE RECOGNIZE POLISH AUTONOMY

Washington Government Formally Welcomes the Army as a Co-Belligerent.

FOLLOWS ALLIES' EXAMPLE

Praises Polish National Committee for Its eZal in Resisting Its Country's Tyrants.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The Polish Army, under the supreme political authority of the Polish National Committee, was recognized today by the United States Government as autonomous and co-belligerent. Secretary Lansing so announced in a letter sent today to Roman Dmowski, President of the Polish National Committee, who is now in Washington.

Secretary Lansing said the American Government felt a deep sympathy for the Polish people and viewed with gratification the progress of the Polish cause. He also said it had not been unmindful of the zeal and tenacity with which the members of the Polish National Committee, which has headquarters at Paris, had prosecuted the task of marshaling its fellow countrymen in a supreme military effort to free Poland from its oppressors.

The action of the American Government is similar to that taken recently by France, Great Britain, and Italy. A Polish Army is now fighting on the western front with the allied armies, being under the command of General Josef Haller. A large part of this Polish force was recruited in the United States under the direction of Ignace Jan Paderewski.

Secretary Lansing's letter to Mr. Dmowski follows:

"I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letters of Oct. 18 and Oct. 25, requesting the Government of the United States to associate itself with the Governments of France and Great Britain by recognizing the Polish Army, under the supreme political authority of the Polish National Committee, as autonomous, allied and co-belligerent.

"In reply I beg to inform you that the Government of the United States has not been unmindful of the zeal and tenacity with which the Polish National Committee has prosecuted the task of marshaling its fellow countrymen in a supreme military effort to free Poland from its present oppressors.

"This Government's position with respect to the Polish cause and the Polish people could hardly be more clearly defined than was outlined by the President in his address before the Congress on Jan. 8, 1918. Therefore, feeling as it does a deep sympathy for the Polish people and viewing with gratification the progress of the Polish cause, this Government experiences a feeling of genuine satisfaction in being able to comply with your request by recognizing the Polish Army, under the supreme political authority of the Polish National Committee, as autonomous and co-belligerent."

WOOD REPLIES TO CRITIC.

Denies Charges Made by Opposition in Aero Club.

Henry A. Wise Wood made public yesterday a letter to Louis W. Southgate of Worcester, Mass., denying statements contained in a circular sent to members of the Aero Club of America by Roy U. Conger, who has been active in campaign being waged to elect new officers in order to take away power from the faction now playing a leading part in the affairs of the club.

Mr. Wood denied a statement in the circular quoting him as saying on March 30, 1917, that "Secretary Lansing, Secretary Baker, and Secretary Daniels should be kicked out of the Cabinet," and saying that he had made a dignified appeal for a coalition Cabinet, with men of the type of Elihu Root, Major Gen. Wood, and Rear Admiral Fiske. This, he said, was due to the fact that all the efforts of the club had failed to impress Secretary Daniels and Secretary Baker with the need of aeronautical preparation in advance of the war.

Mr. Wood denied implications that he and President Hawley of the club were interested commercially in aeronautics and insisted that the present controversy was inspired for the purpose of transforming the club from a body of disinterested sportsmen, scientists, and public-spirited citizens into a sort of trade organization, which would enable certain interests to use the prestige of the club for commercial purposes.

JOFFRE TRIBUTE TO WRIGHT.

Classes Him with Lafayette as a Franco-American Link.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—Marshal Joffre pays tribute to the memory of Wilbur Wright in a letter to Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, Chairman of the committee for the Wright Memorial Celebration at Lemans.

"Wilbur Wright," says Joffre, "by his memorable experiments at Camp d'Ouvours made it possible for aviation to become a great and glorious factor in this war. We cannot forget that the first Americans who fought for us were aviators of the Escadrille Lafayette. Lafayette and Wright are two great makers of the Franco-American Entente."

SOLDIERS RUN CHINA ROADS

Annoy Foreigners by Continual Interference with Schedules.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Nov. 5.—There is a growing volume of complaint of military interference with the Northern railways. Unkempt Chinese soldiery are continually annoying foreign passengers, especially on the Peking-Hankow and Shanghai-Peking lines.

The soldiers insist on taking charge of trains and running them in defiance of schedules.

WOMEN IN COMMONS.

Bill to Give Them Seats Is Advanced in the House.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The House of Commons tonight without division passed the second reading of the bill giving women the right to sit in the House of Commons. In the course of the discussion Lord Robert Cecil, Assistant Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said he favored extending the provisions of the bill to the House of Lords, but that difficulties prevented such action.

BRITISH OFFICERS ARRIVE.

Billy Sunday's Son, Aviator, Home—D'Annunzio's Airplane Here.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Nov. 4.—Nine British officers, all wearing the gold chevrons which mark those wounded in the war, arrived today from England under the command of Brigade Major J. B. Arbuthnot of the Scots Guards to assist the British Bureau of Information in this city. The Major is a son-in-law of Sir Henry Blake and his home is on the island of Youghal, in the same house where Sir Walter Raleigh lived in Ireland 300 years ago. The officers said they did not believe the Germans had given up fighting, and were of the opinion that the war would continue well into 1919 unless something extraordinary occurred.

The Rev. Father J. J. Watt, the first Roman Catholic chaplain to be appointed to the British Army from Aberdeen, has been promoted to the rank of Captain for his bravery at the battle of Ypres. He was riding just behind the lines at Vermelles to visit a wounded soldier when a shell burst close beside his horse and the chaplain was hurled many yards by the explosion and so injured that he was thirteen months in a hospital before coming here.

Among the passengers was First Lieutenant G. J. Sunday, son of the evangelist, Billy Sunday, who has been in the French Flying Corps.

Another arrival was Giovanni Perelli, an officer of the Italian Aviation Corps, who brought with him four Caproni machines for exhibition flights in America. One of them was used by Gabriele d'Annunzio, the Italian poet, in his famous raids over the Austrian lines.

NEWSBOYS RAISE A FLAG.

Commemorate Service in the Army of Their 39 Times Square Comrades.

The 103 newsboys who operate in the zone between Times Square and Forty-seventh Street raised a service flag on Sunday night at the north end of the Times Building in honor of their thirty-nine comrades who are serving in France. On the border of the flag are two gold stars for Jack Perry and John McCarthy, who died fighting. Jeff Davis, "king of hoboes," who presided, discussed the virtues of newsboys and their profession.

Louis Schmertz, who was wounded in the neck and back and leg at Château-Thierry and now walks with a cane, raised the flag. With five other newsboys back from the trenches, Robert Sista, Louis Poquel, Mike Levy, Sam Feinstein, and Jack Bowles, he sold $4,500 worth of War Savings Stamps to the crowd that collected to see the exercises in Liberty Hall. A telegram was sent to President Wilson indorsing his administration and a letter was read from Marcus Loew, once a newsboy, who expressed regret at his unavoidable absence. The Pelham Bay Naval Training Station band played and the cabaret from Shanley's, in which are several ex-newsboys, gave a performance.

WANTS WAR CRIMES COURT.

Sir F. E. Smith Proposes Tribunal to Punish Offenders.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The establishment of a grand court of allied representatives, civil and military, for the purpose of trying those guilty of crimes during the war, is advocated by Sir Frederick Edward Smith, the British Attorney General, in an interview in the Daily Express.

Sir Frederick, who is an authority on international law, urges that the jurisdiction of such a court apply especially, although not exclusively, to those caught red-handed or observed committing crimes. He contends that the guilty parties must not be allowed to shift the blame upon their superiors, as otherwise every war criminal among the Germans might shuffle the entire responsibility upon the Emperor.

Moreover, the Attorney General argues, the guilty persons must not be permitted to put themselves outside the jurisdiction of the court, and the surrender of those not in allied custody should be demanded under the peace terms.

The court would be empowered to inflict such punishments as death and penal servitude and also to exact compensation for injury to persons or destruction of property.

GERMAN ARMY IN STRAITS.

English Critics Point Results of 2,500,000 Casualties in Year.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Military authorities who three weeks ago were skeptical over the return of peace because of the military situation are convinced that the German army is in a serious condition owing to its inability to shorten its line and produce fresh reserves.

It is pointed out that German casualties this year amount to 2,500,000, of which 1,000,000 are permanent casualties. Last March Germany had eighty fresh reserve divisions, which means divisions that had not been in line for a month. Now the German reserve consists of fifty divisions, only seven of which have had as much as a fortnight's rest and none as much as a month, which is considered the minimum for an efficient force. German divisions are now appearing on the firing line with many hundreds of rifles below the German normal of 6,750.

It is calculated that Germany had 18,000 guns on July 15, of which a third have been lost. The number of guns and batteries has been reduced and some batteries have been equipped with third-rate weapons.

HONORS RALEIGH'S MEMORY

British Academy Seeks Co-operation of American Scholars.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—At a meeting of the British Academy last week for the purpose of commemorating the Raleigh tercentenary, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"The British Academy desires to affirm its wish for co-operation with American scholars in the advancement of intellectual culture. The alliance between the great English-speaking peoples, which has been so fruitful in war, should have its victories no less renowned in peace. It is the hope of the Academy that scholars on both sides of the Atlantic will in future increasingly collaborate in the organization of research, in the cultivation of intelligent citizenship and in the promotion of intellectual progress."

FATHER AND SON INDICTED.

Republican District Leader Accused of Conspiracy Against Draft Law.

Samuel Krulevich, Republican leader of the Twenty-sixth Assembly District, and his son, Alvin Krulevich, were indicted by the Federal Grand Jury yesterday, charged with having engaged in a conspiracy to violate the selective draft law by promising men of draft age to obtain for them transfers to arms of the military service which would prevent their being ordered overseas for active duty. The Government cites in the indictment the case of Abraham Salinsky, who is alleged to have paid $200 to Alvin Krulevich to get assignment to the Medical Corps instead of the fighting line. A second indictment charges Alvin Krulevich with the forgery of War Department papers in the case of Salinsky, and also in the case of Isadore Feinstein of 237 East 112th Street.

HORSE SHOW INCOME ALL FOR WAR WORK

Red Cross Arranges to Turn Over Total Receipts to Great Joint Campaign Fund.

DRIVE ENLISTS THOUSANDS

Cardinal Gibbons and Col. Roosevelt Send Messages to Army—Plea in Catholic Churches.

The American Red Cross yesterday afternoon relinquished its right to the entire receipts of next week's National Horse Show in order that the annual exposition at Madison Square Garden, Nov. 11 to 15, might be a 100 per cent. benefit for the United War Work campaign.

Last year the Red Cross received $63,000 from the National Horse Show, and this year, with the change of beneficiaries and the aid of the big drive, it is expected that $100,000 will be realized. The Horse Show will probably be the only amusement benefit of the drive in which nothing whatever will be deducted for expenses.

The arrangements for the change were perfected yesterday by telephone with the National Headquarters of the Red Cross in Washington by Robert A. Fairbairn, Vice President of the National Horse Show Association, and Alfred B. McClay, Chairman of the Executive Committee.

Under the change of plans the United War Work Campaign drive will officially open on Monday morning, Nov. 11, with the inauguration of the Horse Show.

Cardinal Gibbons and Theodore Roosevelt have sent messages to the American soldiers in France, according to an announcement made yesterday at the office of the United War Work Campaign, 680 Fifth Avenue. The bearer of the messages is Cass Connaway, a Y. M. C. A. Secretary, who purposes to deliver them at every hut, hostel, dugout, and shelter of the seven accredited agencies, the Young Men's Christian Association, the Young Women's Christian Association, the War Camp Community Service, the National Catholic War Council, (K. of C.,) the Jewish Welfare Board, the American Library Association, and the Salvation Army. Here is Cardinal Gibbons's message:

"We regard you as the saviors of your country. We earnestly hope that you will come back to your beloved America safe and sound, or, if you have wounds, they will be honorable wounds, which you will exhibit with pride to your mothers and families, and, in years to come, show them to your children and grandchildren. Keep a clean heart and a clean body, and may God be with you."

Here is Colonel Roosevelt's message:

"I send my heartiest greeting to you men at the front. You have made all of us who stay behind lift our heads high with pride by what you are doing. It is you men, and you only, who are doing the one vital work for America today. All good Americans at this time owe homage to the fighting men at the fighting front. What you are doing is vital for the honor and the interest, for the future welfare, and, in the very existence of our Republic. You are also battling for the liberty of every well-behaved civilization, big or little. I congratulate you on the great good fortune that is yours in that you now have the chance to endure hardships and peril for a great ideal and to render to our country the greatest of all services. I would give anything to be over there with you."

In every one of the 10,000 Catholic churches throughout the United States appeals will be made from now on by the priests at all services for the support of the boys over there in the United War Work Campaign the week of Nov. 11. There are more than 100 Roman Catholic dioceses in this country, and it is estimated that every Sunday the total number of services in the churches of these dioceses amount to more than 100,000. The pastors of the Catholic churches are active in recruiting Catholic workers for the United War Work Campaign, and at least 1,000,000 workers have already been recorded, of whom there are more than 60,000 in the Archdiocese of New York.

Major F. H. La Guardia, the Congressman, who has returned from fourteen months' active service on the Italian front, will tell of his experiences at a meeting in the interest of the United War Work Campaign, under the auspices of the Library War Council and the American Library Association, at the Waldorf tomorrow night. Other speakers will be Professor Robert Herrick of the University of Chicago, Douglas C. McMurtrie of the Red Cross Institute for Crippled and Disabled Men, and William G. Shepherd, a war correspondent. Admission will be by card, which may be obtained on application at any branch public library.

In order to explain to the members of the Silk Industry and Associated Interests the methods of carrying on the drive and what is to be accomplished, a subscription luncheon will be given at the Waldorf on Thursday at 1 P. M. at which men prominent in the campaign will speak.

Representatives of the Silk Travelers' Association have volunteered to repeat the valuable work they performed in former drives, and the greater part of the systematic canvassing of the trade will be done by them. The meeting promises to be the largest gathering of the kind ever held under the auspices of the silk industry.

WOULD END WAR IN GALICIA.

Ukrainians Here Invite Poles to Join Them in Ending Trouble.

The Ukrainian Federation, the central organizations of the Ukrainians and Ruthenians in this country, sent out a call yesterday to the Polish National Committee to hold a joint meeting to discuss some common action to stop the fighting between the Polish and Ruthenian troops, which, according to yesterday's dispatches, had begun in

DR. A. D. WHITE DIES; A CORNELL FOUNDER

President of University for 18 Years Dies in Ithaca Close to His 86th Birthday.

TWICE ENVOY TO GERMANY

Educator Who Sought to Broaden Scope of Colleges Had Also Served as Minister to Russia.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Dr. Andrew D. White, first President of Cornell University, former Ambassador to Germany, and Minister to Russia, died at 8:30 o'clock this morning after a short illness following a stroke of paralysis. The funeral will be held at Sage Chapel, Cornell University, Thursday, on which day Dr. White would have been 86 years old. He had been in rather feeble health for a few months.

Andrew Dickson White, educator and diplomatist, declared in the autobiography which he published in his seventy-third year that he regarded his work as one of the founders of Cornell University, and its President for eighteen years, as the most important accomplishment of his life. But it was not his only claim to distinction. He served twice as the representative of the United States in Germany—once as Minister, once again after the legation had been raised to the rank of embassy—and once as Minister to Russia. He was one of the leaders in the movement for liberating and broadening education in the United States.

Fought for Reform in Colleges.

As an educational pacifist, he was also one of the leaders of the movement to institute research and scientific methods for the textbook tradition; to lessen the grip which denominational religion had on most colleges; to broaden the curriculum and bring in the elective system.

His book, "The Warfare of Science with Theology in Christendom," was apparently an outgrowth of reflections inspired by this struggle. His work criticised the interference of theological dogmatists with the progress of science, but he was not irreligious in his attitude, and in his book he took occasion to declare his adherence to the Christian religion.

His historical insight is strikingly indicated by a comment on the Russian revolution at a time when some people were still talking of a constitutional monarchy.

"Russia has seen too much of Russian incapacity and folly," said Mr. White, "to indulge in any serious hope of good results from the abdication of the Czar. A republic cannot be made without republicans. The overwhelming majority of Russians are as ignorant of the simplest political ideas as their own cattle."

Dr. White had always been an admirer of German methods and German accomplishments in science and literature, and had done much to introduce them into the United States. He was personally popular in Germany while serving as Ambassador, and regretted the necessity of war between the two countries, though fully supporting the policy of President Wilson. He said in July, 1917, at the time of the "conditional" flurry which resulted in the Reichstag peace resolution and the deposition of Bethmann Hollweg, that the Germans were attached to the Hohenzollern family and would always be a military nation. At about the same time he spoke ominously of the tendency to anarchy in the United States.

Spent Many Years in Education.

Born at Homer, N. Y., Nov. 7, 1832, he was the son of Horace White, who made a fortune in the early days of the railroads. This enabled Andrew D. White to be free from financial cares all his life, and made possible many of his services which could have been beyond the reach of a man who had to work for a living. He entered Oberlin College, and after one year there went to Yale, where he took his A. B. in 1853 with great distinction. After graduation he went abroad, studied for a year at the Sorbonne, the College de France, and the University of Berlin, and then went to Petrograd as an Attaché of the American Legation, serving during the Crimean War. Another year of post-graduate study followed, this time at Yale, and then he went to the University of Michigan as Professor of History and English Literature.

In 1870 his father died, and the responsibilities of the estate left to him led him presently to return to New York and settle at Syracuse, though he held a position as Lecturer at Michigan until 1867. Dr. White became active in Republican politics and was a member of the State Senate from 1856 to 1867.

It was as Chairman of the Committee of Education that he came into contact with Cornell, whose name is attached to what was the most notable accomplishment of the two men.

His Gifts to Cornell.

At that time the Morrill Land Grant act had assigned public land to States in return for the establishment of agricultural and mechanical colleges. New York's share was estimated at about $1,000,000, and strong influences were pressing for a division of this among existing institutions. Dr. White held to the view that it should be held intact and in this he was supported by Cornell, a wealthy Quaker. Eventually Cornell offered to contribute $500,000 if a new university was established in his home town of Ithica. Dr. White added $100,000 and Cornell he gave some $200,000 more, beside giving the School of History and Political Science, which he founded and which bears his name. The university was opened in 1867 with Cornell's name and under White's presidency.

Dr. White kept up his interest in politics, and in 1871 was one of a commission sent by President Grant to study conditions in Santo Domingo. In 1879 he obtained leave to serve as Minister to Germany, and he held that post until 1881. In 1885 he resigned as President of Cornell, and for the next few years spent most of his time in Switzerland. President Cleveland in 1887 offered him a place on the Interstate Commerce Commission, but he refused, and five years later he again entered public life as Harrison's appointee as Minister to Russia. He remained there until 1894. In 1896 Dr. White was appointed on the Venezuela Boundary Commission, and in the following year McKinley sent him as Ambassador to Germany. He was serving there when the Spanish-American war was fought.

Dr. White served as President of the American delegation to the first Hague Peace Conference in 1899. His public life closed in 1902 and he spent the remainder of his years at Ithaca.

Dr. White was first married to Miss Mary A. Outwater, who died in 1887. Three years later he married Miss Helen Magill, daughter of President Magill of Swarthmore College and herself a scholar of considerable attainments.

He was an officer of the Legion of Honor, the recipient of the Royal Gold Medal from the Prussian Academy of Sciences in 1902; first President of the American Historical Association in 1884, President of the American Social Science Association, and the American Philosophical Society, the American Academy of Arts and Letters, a regent of the Smithsonian Institution for thirty years, a trustee of the Carnegie Institute, the Carnegie Endowment for Peace, Cornell University, and Hobart College.

MORTON F. PLANT DIES OF PNEUMONIA

Yachtsman and Financier Succumbs at Home—Founded College for Women.

Commodore Morton F. Plant, retired, financier and yachtsman, died of pneumonia last night at his home, 1,051 Fifth Avenue. Commodore Plant's yachting career began when as a lad of 13 he became the owner of a catboat, and all his life he was the owner of yachts and prominently identified with yachting. His peerless schooner Elena carried his flag to victory, and among other well-known boats that flew his flag were the schooner Ingomar, the steam yachts Venetia and Iolanda, and the power boat Thelma. He owned also the big steam yacht Vanadis and the schooner Elena. The latest list of the boats belonging to Commodore Plant are the sloops Kat and Maliola and the Spartan, and the steam yacht Monon.

Besides his love for yachts Commodore Plant always showed a deep interest in baseball. He was the owner of the New London club of the Eastern League, and also had an interest in the Philadelphia club of the National League. He maintained the New London club at a loss simply for his own pleasure.

Commodore Plant was born in New Haven, Conn., Aug. 18, 1852. He was educated in the Russell Military School in New Haven, and began his business career in 1868 in the service of the Southern Express Company at Memphis, Tenn. The Plant system of railroads bore the marks of Mr. Plant's business genius, and he served as Vice President of the system until 1902 when the system became part of the Atlantic Coast Line, in which company he was a Director. He was Vice President and Director of the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Railway Company, trustee of the Connecticut Trust and Safe Deposit Company, Director of the National Bank of Commerce of New Haven, and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Southern Express Company.

As his contribution to learning Commodore Plant gave $1,125,000 for the founding of the Connecticut College for Women, at New Haven. He placed no restrictions on his gift save that the income be used to pay running expenses and that the college be called by the name it is now known by. The college was opened in October, 1915. Two dormitories—Plant and Blackstone Halls—were built by Mr. Plant in memory of his father and mother.

In June, 1914, Commodore Plant married Mrs. May Caldwell Manwaring, who was formerly the wife of Selden B. Manwaring of Waterford. His first wife was Miss Nellie Capron of Baltimore, whom he married in 1888 and who died in August, 1913.

Besides his home at 1,051 Fifth Avenue, Commodore Plant owned Branford House, a magnificent estate at Eastern Point Colony, three miles from Groton, opposite New London, on the east bank of the mouth of the Thames.

Commodore Plant was a member of the New York Athletic Club, the Indian Harbor Yacht Club, the Seawanhaka-Corinthian, St Georges, and the Larchmont Yacht Clubs.

FALL OF BOLSHEVISM NEAR.

A. J. Sack Expects New Government to Move to Moscow.

A. J. Sack, Director of the Russian Information Bureau in the United States, issued a statement last night, in which he said:

"An allied fleet is passing through the Dardanelles and the moment is probably not distant when we will see an allied army in South Russia cooperating with the best elements of the Russian people against the Germans and their tools and agents.

"On the other hand there are many indications that an armistice with Germany is near, which certainly will not be granted unless among other conditions Germany evacuates Russian territory, withdrawing not only her military units but her secret agents as well. The Bolshevik, who rule in part of Central Russia by means of mass terror, are able to stay in power only through German support. As soon as this support is withdrawn the population will overthrow them.

"The appearance of an allied fleet in the Black Sea and the evacuation of Russia by German elements both constitute a death blow to Bolshevism. It is difficult to predict the trend of events, but it is very probable that after the overthrow of the Bolshevikii in Moscow the Directorate of Five chosen by the Congress of Ufa as the All-Russian Provisional Government will move from Omsk to Moscow, and upon arrival in the capital will begin to speak for the country, and probably after a certain reorganization will be able to send delegates to the peace conference.

"The overthrow of Bolshevism will release armies now operating against the German-Bolshevist forces, and they will be used by the Provisional Government for safeguarding order during the period of reconstruction, until municipalities and Zemstvos elected on a basis of universal suffrage are re-established and an All-Russian Constituent Assembly, representing all classes and nationalities of Russia, defines a constitution of the State and solves the main social and political problems."

LOST HIS LOTS FOR $4.22.

Baker Complained of $54.22 Charge to Get Them Back.

In an examination yesterday by Commissioner of Accounts David Hirschfield the methods of certain lawyers in connection with the sale of tax liens in Nassau and Queens Counties were disclosed. Emil Johnson of 4,111 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, a baker, testified that in 1888 he bought two lots in Springfield, Queens County, on which he paid taxes each year, except 1905, when the taxes amounted to $4.22. The property was then sold to Abram Altman of 1,580 President Street, Brooklyn. Johnson said he did not know until a few days ago that the property had changed hands and when he investigated he was told to see Theodore J. Schwartzman, an attorney, of 189 Montague Street, Brooklyn. He said Schwartzman demanded $54.22 for a release, whereupon he complained to the committee with the result that Schwartzman was summoned to testify.

Schwartzman said Altman was a brother-in-law and a client who made a regular business of buying tax liens in Queens and Nassau Counties. The witness pleaded privilege about divulging the names of his clients or lawyers who sent clients to him, but admitted that he had between twenty and thirty clients of his own and handled about 100 cases for different lawyers.

"I admit it is an outrage that this property was sold," said Schwartzman. "It should never have been. The records in Queens County are in a terrible shape. Such sales are the fault of the officials."

The hearing will be continued on Thursday.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

BROOKLYNITES
★ VOTE FOR ★
MacMAHON
for County Judge
"In placing him on the County Bench the laboring man will have a friend in court.
"WILLIAM P. KENNEALLY,
"President Board of Delegates,
"Building Trades of Brooklyn and Vicinity."

Another Reason
for employing our organization to manage your real estate is that you obtain a cumulative experience of men who have produced results.
Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
45 Cedar Street
Tel. 5709 John

TO BURY MRS. SAGE AT CHILDHOOD HOME

Body Will Rest at Oakwood, in Syracuse, After Private Services Here

HER MANY GIFTS OF FUNDS

Compilation Shows Wide Extent of Charities—No Decision as to Date of Filing Will.

In accordance with her wish, the funeral services for Mrs. Russell Sage, widow of the financier, who died at her home, 604 Fifth Avenue, yesterday morning, will be held privately. This announcement was made yesterday at the Sage home. The Rev. Malcolm MacLeod of the Collegiate Reformed Church of St. Nicholas, Forty-eighth Street and Fifth Avenue, will conduct the service.

The burial will be on Thursday in Syracuse, where Mrs. Sage was born. Her body will rest in Oakwood Cemetery. Information as to the hour, the day and place where the funeral service will be held in New York will not be made public.

One of those familiar with the will said yesterday that no decision had been arrived at as to when it would be filed for probate, nor was it disclosed which of Mrs. Sage's relatives would inherit under the will. Mrs. Sage's nearest living relatives are nephews and nieces.

An authoritative list of the gifts af Mrs. Sage was made available yesterday. The list was divided into gifts made for national or civic purposes, those made to educational institutions and those given to charitable institutions and other organizations. Here is the official compilation:

FOR CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

An endowment fund of $10,000,000 to the Russell Sage Foundation, the income to be used for the betterment of social and living conditions.

To the Russell Sage Institute of Pathology, an endowment fund of $300,000.

For the relief, who rule in part of Central Russia by means of mass terror, are able to stay in power only through German support. As soon as this support is withdrawn the population will overthrow them.

"The appearance of a allied fleet in the Black Sea and the evacuation of Russia by German elements both constitute a death blow to Bolshevism. It is difficult to predict the trend of events, but it is very probable that after the overthrow of the Bolshevikii in Moscow the Directorate of Five chosen by the Congress of Ufa as the All-Russian Provisional Government will move from Omsk to Moscow, and upon arrival in the capital will begin to speak for the country, and probably after a certain reorganization will be able to send delegates to the peace conference.

"The overthrow of Bolshevism will release armies now operating against the German-Bolshevist forces, and they will be used by the Provisional Government for safeguarding order during the period of reconstruction, until municipalities and Zemstvos elected on a basis of universal suffrage are re-established and an All-Russian Constituent Assembly, representing all classes and nationalities of Russia, defines a constitution of the State and solves the main social and political problems."

LOST HIS LOTS FOR $4.22.

Baker Complained of $54.22 Charge to Get Them Back.

In an examination yesterday by Commissioner of Accounts David Hirschfield the methods of certain lawyers in connection with the sale of tax liens in Nassau and Queens Counties were disclosed. Emil Johnson of 4,111 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, a baker, testified that in 1888 he bought two lots in Springfield, Queens County, on which he paid taxes each year, except 1905, when the taxes amounted to $4.22. The property was then sold to Abram Altman of 1,580 President Street, Brooklyn. Johnson said he did not know until a few days ago that the property had changed hands and when he investigated he was told to see Theodore J. Schwartzman, an attorney, of 189 Montague Street, Brooklyn. He said Schwartzman demanded $54.22 for a release, whereupon he complained to the committee with the result that Schwartzman was summoned to testify.

Schwartzman said Altman was a brother-in-law and a client who made a regular business of buying tax liens in Queens and Nassau Counties. The witness pleaded privilege about divulging the names of his clients or lawyers who sent clients to him, but admitted that he had between twenty and thirty clients of his own and handled about 100 cases for different lawyers.

"I admit it is an outrage that this property was sold," said Schwartzman. "It should never have been. The records in Queens County are in a terrible shape. Such sales are the fault of the officials."

The hearing will be continued on Thursday.

COLUMBIA TO GET POLYCLINIC AS GIFT

Hospital Trustees Unanimously Vote to Transfer Property to University.

At the meeting of the Trustees of Columbia University held yesterday afternoon it was announced that the Trustees of the New York Polyclinic Hospital, by unanimous vote, had proposed to transfer the property of that institution to Columbia University, to be maintained and perpetuated for the public service and for advanced instruction and research in medicine and surgery. By the acceptance of this proposal the university would come into possession of a finely equipped hospital, affording ample clinical facilities for the building up of graduate studies and research in medicine. The university authorities believe that it would then be possible to begin to make New York as much of a centre for advanced medical study and research as Vienna and Paris have been in past years.

The Trustees of the university adopted resolutions receiving with grateful appreciation the proposal by the Trustees of the Polyclinic Hospital, and appointed a subcommittee to arrange the detailed terms and conditions of accepting the proposed gift. The university would not be able in any event to use the hospital until after the conclusion of the war, since it is now in possession of the Government, being administered as a military hospital.

Polyclinic Hospital, which was built in 1912, occupies property on the north Eighth and Ninth Avenues, running side of West Fiftieth Street, between through to Fifty-first Street. It has a capacity of 300 beds, with ample provision for private patients. The hospital is eleven stories high, of fireproof construction, and specially built and equipped for advanced medical study.

The hospital is the creation of Dr. John A. Wyeth and a group of friends, who many years ago started a movement which has reached its climax in the proposal to make the hospital a university institution for advanced study and investigation. Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, in commenting upon the proposal, stated that the university and the community were under deep obligation to Dr. Wyeth and his associates for their broad-minded and public-spirited action. He addedthat the university if it came into possession of the hospital, would address itself vigorously to the preparation of plans for organizing advanced instruction and research in medicine and surgery.

Dr. Butler intimated that there was reason to believe that other important additions to the university's equipment for medical teaching might be made in the near future. The university already possesses the Sloane Hospital for Women with 131 beds, one of the finest institutions of its kind in the world, as well as the Vanderbilt Clinic, where more than 150,000 patients are treated annually.

RECITALS OF A DAY.

Jacques Thibaud, Violinist, and Winifred Byrd, Pianist, Play.

By JAMES GIBBONS HUNEKER.

What a boon it would be if a critical Dr. Osler could banish, under penalty of boiling oil with lemon peel and a dash of something lingering in it, all musical artists who present a program more than an hour long. Painful but salutary would be the result. And the better the music the more the reason for this taboo. After sixty minutes of intense enjoyment the faculty of attention weakens. Too much playing, too much singing, too much applauding—that barbaric survival—make Jack and Jill sleepy people. These few remarks from our pulpit are not intended to refer to Jacques Thibaud, the violinist, who gave a recital yesterday afternoon at Carnegie Hall. Indeed, the rule would not have worked in his case. The early part of his scheme bordered on the soporific owing to a diffuse sonata for violin and pianoforte by Guillaume Lekeu, who did the artist infuse much red blood into this poetically episodical composition. Praise, however, must be awarded the interpretation of the delicate, introspective moods in the slow movement by Mr. Thibaud, ably seconded by Nicolai Schneer at the keyboard.

But a sonata, a concerto, both at one swallow, make rather hard going for an audience, enthusiastic as it was on this occasion. Mozart's concerto in E flat, pellucid and ingratiating as it is, should undergo rigorous excision in the matter of orchestral transcription for pianoforte, which is the abomination of desolation. Cut out tutti, or pare them away and let the solo instrument begin after a few bars if only for the sake of determining the tonality. To be forced to listen to the thematic exposition before the violin has its say is simply an old-fashioned convention that might profitably be banished, and forever.

And now having let off the usual Blue Monday steam let us add that Mr. Thibaud played with his accustomed finesse, charm, and musical grasp of his material. His characteristics are familiar. His ductile tone and smooth technique are ever grateful to the ear. He was at his topmost in the Mozart work in which purity of ph sing and feeling were welded. Essentially a miniaturist his art shone in a group of pieces by Ysaye, Guiraud, Rode—a study—and that old war horse of violin virtuosi, the Wieniawsky Polonaise.

Sparks flew from the stage of Aeolian Hall last night. A little blonde girl in Gainsborough blue, zoned with gold, flew at a grand pianoforte and her thin, muscular arms were transformed into ferocious flails as she thrashed out Liszt's Campanella. She scintillated and she soared, but the bells she rang were brittle in tone. It was Winifred Byrd, and her Buster Brown coiffure was to be noted throughout the audience; little Ethel Leginskas, full of suppressed technique and boiling over with enthusiasm. (The original Ethel was also present and remarkable to her). Miss Byrd's playing is uneven, but always vital; therefore interesting, because suggestive. She overpedals, almost everything, and the overtones fight in the air like Spanish microbes when Dr. Copeland is discovered in the offing. She has lapses of finger memory, which is not the same thing as a loss of musical memory; it merely means an occasional dropped note. And her massive chord playing is better than her single-finger runs, which lack proper relief. Perhaps this is natural finger weakness, or else it may be the young artist shoots her bolt too soon, anticipates her climax, and her nervous power is prematurely spent. We incline to the belief that she pedals every bar she plays. It began in the arpeggios of the Chopin Fantasie, and was particularly noticeable in the A minor Study by the same master. The hard positivism of brilliant youth was also too insistent in its affirmations throughout the lovely Mozart Sonata in E—a favorite of the late Rafael Joseffy—which should be coaxed, not commanded.

So much for the obverse side of Winifred Byrd's art. On the fair side of her slate much might be written. She blazes with temperament. She has the energy of a demon, as heard in the "Dance of the Gnomes" by Liszt. Her range of dynamics is excellent. She is musical. These were admirable things in the Chopin number; the F minor study from Opus 25, the "Winter Wind" Moreveski, and the great Fantasie. A study by Baerman, presumably Carl Baerman of Boston, went well, and a Mendelssohn song was delivered with sweet simplicity. We refuse to mention the Prelude by Rachaninoff except to say that the Russian has written other preludes, one of which Joseph Hofmann plays with much effect. Miss Byrd achieved success with her hearers. She gave among her encores the C minor Prelude of Chopin, which did not sound altogether Chopinesque. Paderewski might call her, as he once called Fritzi Scheff, "the little devil," not of grand opera, but of the keyboard.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES E. DEMPSEY, a retired insurance man, died on Sunday at his home, 467 Fifty-fifth Street, Brooklyn, leaving a widow and a daughter.

JOSEPH COMBER, manager for the firm of F. A. Koch, dealers in surgical instruments, died yesterday of pneumonia and influenza at his home, 439 Seventy-sixth Street, Brooklyn.

Captain WILLIAM G. YOUNG, 37 years old, a government inspector of shipping, died at his home in Huntington, L. I., on Sunday of pneumonia.

JOSEPH A. ADAMS, a member of the firm of Adams Brothers, truckmen in Brooklyn, died on Sunday at his home, 60 North Ninth Street, Brooklyn, aged 35 years.

Mrs. ELLEN SHEEHAN, 59 years old, widow of John J. Sheehan, a shipbuilder, died on Sunday at her home, 534 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn.

Captain CHARLES McNEILL, President of the East River Towing Line in Manhattan and a former Harbor Master, died from heart disease on Sunday at his home, 19 Norman Avenue, Brooklyn, in his fifty-third year. He was a member of the Harbor Masters' and Pilots' Association of New York and the Maritime Exchange.

Mrs. ELIZA BIERBACH WACHS, 70 years old, widow of August Wachs, a photographer, died at her home, 188 Warfield Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday, of apoplexy.

EDWARD FRANCIS McDONALD, employed in the New York customs service, died of pneumonia on Sunday at his home, 1,674 Woodbine Street, Brooklyn, aged 34 years.

PATRICK J. BANNON, 74 years old, a retired haberdasher of the Hill section of Brooklyn, died from heart disease on Saturday at his home, 94 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn.

GEORGE LITTLEFIELD, chief engineer for the Merritt & Chapman Wrecking Company, died on Saturday at his home, 714 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, of pneumonia and influenza. He is survived by his wife, who is seriously ill with the same disease, and two daughters.

THOMAS AUGUSTUS MULLIN, Chief Storekeeper, U. S. N., and for nine months stationed at United States Naval Base 6 in Europe, died in the Naval Hospital at the Brooklyn Navy Yard on Saturday. He was 28 years old and lived at 273 Wyckoff Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. FRANCINE FRASER LUDLOW, oldest daughter of the late James E. Bettner of North Carolina and Riverdale, N. Y., died on Sunday at her home, Cottage Lawn, Ludlow-on-Hudson. She was 81 years old.

HAROLD RAYMOND FLOOD, son of late Police Inspector John S. Flood, died on Sunday at Jacksonville, Fla. He was 48 years old.

KARL BEHN, of the Buffalo Refrigerating Company, 126 Liberty Street, died suddenly Saturday at his home in East Orange, N. J. He was 60 years old.

JOHN BAKER, a Russian political refugee, and a lecturer on Polish and Russian affairs, died Sunday at his home in Cambridge, Mass. His name John Fadrer was assumed for political reasons and his real name he never divulged.

LIZETTE HEDGES, of the vaudeville team of Hedges and Hedges, died yesterday at the Hotel Victoria. Mrs. Hedges was born in Elko, Nevada, 31 years ago, and made her stage debut when six years old.

OSCAR A. WOODRUFF, a manufacturer, formerly of Chicago, died yesterday at the Great Northern Hotel. He was 55 years old and had spent nineteen years in this city.

GEORGE F. GARNER, an attorney, died yesterday in New York Hospital. His home was at 524 Riverside Drive. Mr. Turner was born in Sterling, Mass., and he was 36 years old.

HERBERT E. SMITH, advertising manager of the Butler Bros. Publishing Company of Plainfield, died in that city Sunday of pneumonia. He was born in Plainfield and was 31 years old.

Dr. JAMES JACKSON PUTNAM, neurologist and author, died suddenly at his home in Boston yesterday. He was born in Boston on Oct. 3, 1846, and was graduated from Harvard in 1866 and obtained his M. D. in 1870. Following a career as a lecturer Dr. Putnam from 1875 to 1883 was instructor on diseases of the nervous system at Harvard University and Professor of Neurology from 1883 to 1912.

AARON VANDERBILT RIGGINS, sixteen years sexton of the Marble Collegiate Reformed Church, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street, died on Sunday in the Presbyterian Hospital. He was born in this city sixty years ago, and lived at 291 West 116th Street. He leaves a wife.

CARDINAL FARLEY LEFT ALL TO CHURCH

Will Mentions No One but Three Bishops Who Are Made Executors.

GIVES NO HINT AS TO VALUE

Bishop McFaul, One of the Legatees, Died Before the Testator—Document Brief.

The will of Cardinal Farley, filed for probate yesterday, shows that he left his entire estate to Bishop McFaul of Trenton, who died before him, Bishop Hickey of Rochester and Auxiliary Bishop Hayes of New York, under a provision by which the survivor of the three is to take the estate. This disposition was made with the understanding that the entire property shall go to the Roman Catholic Church.

The value of the estate was not disclosed, the petition merely saying that the personal estate is more than $5,000 and the real estate at least $1,000. Cardinal Farley left as his heirs-at-law two nieces, three grandnieces and a grandnephew, none of whom was mentioned in the will. The will was made on May 17, 1915, shortly before the death of Bishop McFaul, and was witnessed by Monsignor Lavelle, the Rev. Father Thomas S. Carroll, and W. P. O'Connor, an attorney. The will follows:

"In the name of the Most Holy Trinity, Amen.

"I, Cardinal John M. Farley, Archbishop of the City of New York, being of sound mind and mentality and in good bodily health, do make, publish and declare this my last will and testament.

"First, I desire that as soon as practicable after my decease that all my funeral expenses and just debts be paid by my executors hereinafter named.

"Second, I give, devise and bequeath all my estate, both real and personal, of whatever kind, name, and nature wheresoever situate, whether in possession, reversion, remainder or otherwise, of which I am now seized and possessed, or to which I may be in anywise entitled, or which I may hereafter acquire, unto Rt. Rev. Thomas F. Hickey, Bishop of the City of Rochester, State of New York, the Rt. Rev. James A. McFaul, Bishop of Trenton, State of New Jersey, and the Rt. Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, Auxiliary Bishop of the City of New York, to have and to hold same and every part thereof, with appurtenances to them, their heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns as joint tenants and not as tenants in common.

"Third, I hereby name and appoint the said three legatees and devisées above mentioned the executors of this my last will and testament, and I revoke all other wills I may at any time have heretofore made."

MANY REMEMBER SOLDIERS.

Red Cross Christmas Parcel Stations Thronged.

The Red Cross Christmas parcel stations were crowded yesterday with relatives and friends of soldiers who presented labels from men in France entitling them to official cartons in which to pack Christmas presents for delivery abroad on Christmas Day. Only persons presenting labels received from soldiers whose names are entitled to cartons.

On the lower east side, where there are two Red Cross Christmas stations, when they opened at 10 o'clock long lines were waiting, each person being the holder of a label.

At an uptown station a woman appeared with seven labels entitling her to seven cartons. She explained that her son in France had sent the extra six labels, one for each of six soldier friends who have no relatives in this country and who did not expect to be remembered on Christmas.

"I will see to it," the woman said as she took the cartons, "that each of these boys receives just as useful a Christmas present as my own son will get."

Mother Kills Herself and Son.

On her way home to 62 Stanton Street after an unsuccessful effort to collect additional alimony from her husband through the Department of Charities, Mrs. Celia Melnick jumped to the tracks in front of an elevated train coming into the Fiftieth Street station on the Third Avenue line with her five-year-old son. Both were killed instantly. She attempted to drag with her another child, Henry, 7 years old, but he held back and escaped. She was separated legally from her husband in September, 1917.

Warfield Revives "The Auctioneer."

With all his old familar delicacy of characterization and charm of manner David Warfield revived last night at the Manhattan Opera House his first great success, "The Auctioneer." The part of Simon Levi, more than do any of his later roles, provides Warfield with an opportunity of playing in every key of his dramatic range, and while he does it the audience rocks with laughter at the humorous and weeps at the sentimental.

So false in its dramatic insincerity and yet so faithful to life in its intimate and homely touches, the play harks back to the dramatic claptrap of the Third Avenue melodrama, but at the same time suggests the realism of the modern stage. Mrs. Egan "pushed up" the bids and then went to sleep while Warfield shuffled and banged his gavel, and the audience, middle-aged and reminiscent, waited expectantly for him to clap his hands over her mouth while he closed the deal. The old clothes were "damaged by fire" with a sprinkler and a brazier, and the second-hand clothing store morality pleased because it was tempered by the heart that gave away the ill-fitting suit when the wouldbe wearer proved to be needy.

For exquisite comedy of personation "The Auctioneer" even after many years, comes back with all the freshness of novelty. Marie Bates was the same laugh-provoking Mrs. Egan of old, while Mrs. Levi was extremely well acted by Ida Grooper, and Eva Craig was a delightfully charming Helga.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The first performance of Edward Knoblock's play, "Tiger! Tiger!" was given last night at Ford's Theatre, Baltimore, under the direction of David Belasco. In the cast were Frances Starr, Lionel Atwill, O. P. Heggie, Wallace Erskine, Whitford Kane, Thomas, Louden, Daisy, Belmore, Dorothy Cumming, and Auriol Lee. The piece will be seen at the Belasco Theatre a week or two hence.

The Belasco production of "Daddies," recently at the Belasco, was transferred last night to the Lyceum.

"Remnant," a comedy by Dario Niccodemi and Michael Morton, had its American premiere last night at the Atlantic City, and will be brought to the Morosco Theatre on Nov. 18. The cast is headed by Florence Nash, and includes George Gaul, Etienne Girardot, and Corinne Barker.

D'Ammunzio's poem, "America in War," will be read here for the first time by Henry Herbert at the musicale of the Verdi Club at the Waldorf-Astoria tomorrow morning.

"The Crowded Hour," by Edgar Selwyn and Channing Pollock, will be presented at the Selwyn Theatre on Monday, Nov. 18, with Jane Cowl in the stellar role. The piece is a war play, and is now running in Chicago with Willette Kershaw in the part which will be played here by Miss Cowl.

Wilton Lackeye last night joined the cast of "An Ideal Husband," at the Comedy, playing the part hitherto taken by Norman Trevor. The latter is continuing in the cast.

Among those engaged for "Home Folks," the dramatization of James Whitcomb Riley's poems, are Maclyn Arbuckle, Tim Murphy, Madeline Delmar, Forrest Robinson, and Charles Dow Clark. The play will be performed out of town next Monday.

"Sick-a-Bed," seen here last season, is to be produced soon in London, under the title of "Good Night, Nurse."

"Somebody's Sweetheart," a musical comedy which Arthur Hammerstein is producing, will have among its cast Nonette, Louise Allen, Eva Fallon, William Kent, Walter Scanlan, John Dunsmuir, and Arthur Klein. The piece will have its first performance in Washington on Nov. 17.

TO DEFEND CITY'S HEALTH.

Dr. Copeland Suggests Organization of Agencies and Citizens.

Week-end statistics gathered yesterday by the Department of Health show a marked decrease in the number of new cases of Spanish influenza and pneumonia. The health authorities predict a speedy end of the epidemic. They are giving now a great deal of attention to after care, the looking after children who have been left without proper guardianship and the holding together as much as possible of the agencies that were summoned to make the fight so that in the event of another wave of sickness no time will be lost in fighting it. The number of new cases of influenza and pneumonia and the deaths from these causes in the twenty-four hours that ended at 10 A. M. yesterday were thus distributed:

Boroughs.	New Cases. Inf.	New Cases. Pneu.	Deaths. Inf.	Deaths. Pneu.
Manhattan	199	44	38	53
Bronx	23	2	30	21
Brooklyn	248	88	59	46
Queens	219	6	18	7
Richmond	30	3	2	3
Total	719	143	147	130

These figures show a decrease of 848 in new cases of influenza over the preceding 24 hours; a decrease of 154 new cases of pnuemonia, a decrease of 28 in influenza deaths, and a decrease of 47 in pnuemonia deaths. Dr. Royal S. Copeland, the Health Commissioner, in discussing the figures, said that it is probable that there will be an increase in the fiugres in today's report, and this because they will be swelled by reports carried over by physicians on Saturday and Sunday. Dr. Copeland wrote yesterday to George Gordon Battle, Executive Secretary of Community Councils of National Defense, thanking community workers, social and religious organizations, and the public for help given in fighting the scourge in New York and saying:

"It is not enough to express satisfaction with the results which have been accomplished. Out of this epidemic it is to be hoped that New York will emerge with an organization of agencies and citizens prepared to meet future epidemics and to assist the overburdened hospitals, doctors, and nurses, whose work even in normal times is excessive because of the way in which New York has surrendered doctors and nurses to the army. It is my hope that the Community Council of National Defense, the Department of Health, the settlements, and other agencies may unite in some plan of permanent co-operation to insure against the evil of future epidemics and at the same time formulate a big and useful program for health promotion."

Letters were sent yesterday by the Public Service Commission to representatives of leading business and industrial houses asking them to appear before the commission at 4 o'clock on Nov. 7 and discuss the matter of making permanent the change in the hours of beginning and ending work in order that the "peak loads" on the various transportation lines might be distributed over a greater period. The letter, signed by Chairman Hubbell, says:

"If it appears that the working people and the employers are willing to continue the effort to 'stagger the peak' and that no loss or inconvenience attend such purpose, we can do more to prevent congestion in travel in the city and promote the comfort and health of our citizens than in any other way I can conceive of."

PAINTINGS OF ECLIPSE.

Howard R. Butler Tells at Art Museum How He Made Sketches.

Howard Russell Butler of Princeton, National Academician, upon invitation of the Trustees of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, yesterday afternoon, in the lecture hall of the Museum, told how he made sketches of the brilliant solar eclipse of 1918 in 112 seconds through practice of color and form shorthand, and showed the results of his work.

In place of Director Edward Robinson, who on account of the recent death of his son was not present, Mr. Butler was introduced by Edward B. Adams, one of the Trustees of the Museum, who was a member of the party observing the eclipse with Mr. Butler. This was at the United States Naval Observatory, Baker, Oregon, where Mr. Butler worked perched on a lofty peak overlooking the snow-capped Elkhorn Mountains. His work was an innovation, a successful effort to get the form and color of the corona.

Mr. Butler first showed his sketches in black and white, made during the eclipse, and there was a burst of applause from the audience as he showed the finished paintings, the black disk and the corona with its brilliant prominences. There was also a small painting showing a sunny landscape before the beginning of the eclipse and another painting of its effect had begun to be felt and having the look of a golden sunset, the appearance of the country at 4 P. M. The total eclipse was at 4:04 P. M.

Mrs. Jane Rhodes Cartledge.

Mrs. Jane Rhodes Cartledge, wife of Charles F. Cartledge, is dead at her home on Overlook Road, near Glen Cove, L. I. Mrs. Cartledge has been known among the Long Island Summer residents as an exhibitor of thoroughbred horses. Several months ago she closed her stables and had been devoting all her time to serving as a nurse at the base hospital at Mineola. She contracted influenza while nursing sick soldiers and her death was caused by pneumonia. Mrs. Cartledge was born in Brooklyn and was a graduate of Packer Institute.

Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times, may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

ABRAMSON.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph G. Abramson welcome the arrival of a little girl, Nov. 3, Lying-In Hospital. Both doing nicely, thank you.

COHN.—On Nov. 4, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cohn, (nee Goldie Haft,) at 230 West 79th St., a daughter.

GROSSMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Grossman announce the birth of a son on Thursday, Oct. 31, 1918, Flatbush Sanitarium.

Died.

BEHN.—At East Orange, N. J., Nov. 3, 1918, Carl Behn, beloved husband of Emily C. Butz and father of Alice J. Behn. Funeral services at his late home, 31 Eppirt St., Tuesday, Nov. 5, at 2 P. M.

BROWN.—Suddenly, Nov. 3, 1918, at Camp Leach, Washington, D. C., Lieutenant Harold W. Brown, aged 32 years. Funeral services Tuesday, Nov. 5, 8:30 P. M., at the home of his parents, 62 Kensington Av., Jersey City. Please omit flowers.

BURTON.—Suddenly, on Friday, by Brighton train accident in Brooklyn, Violet Marie Burton, age 14 years, daughter of Mrs. Marie Betz of 1,458 East 15th St., Brooklyn. Requiem mass at St. Brendan's Church, Avenue O and East 12th St., Thursday, Nov. 7, at 9 A. M. sharp.

CAIRNS.—At Hackensack, N. J., Nov. 4, 1918, William Cairns, formerly of New York City, in the 40th year of his age. Funeral services at the residence of his brother, Walter E. Cairns, at 248 Hamilton Place, Hackensack, N. J., on Tuesday evening, N

HORSE SHOW TO RAISE $100,000 IN UNITED WAR WORK DRIVE

HORSE SHOW AIDS WAR WORK DRIVE

Receipts of Annual Garden Display to be Turned Over to Big Fund.

RED CROSS CONTRIBUTES

Local Chapter Releases Equine Leaders That United Campaign May Be Helped.

The National Horse Show, which opens at Madison Square Garden next Monday, will give its entire receipts to the United War Work Campaign this year instead of the Red Cross as was originally announced. This statement was authorized last night by the New York Chapter of the Red Cross, which gracefully relinquished the entire gross receipts for the coming show to the United War fund. Last year the amount turned over by the Horse Show Association to the Red Cross was $63,000.

The officials of the show communicated with the American Red Cross officials in Washington yesterday before deciding to make the change, and Robert A. Fairbairn, Vice President, and Alfred B. Maclay, Chairman of the Executive Committee, expressed the belief last night that the Garden Show this year would be the means of raising $100,000 for the fund. A committee of fifty women, headed by Mrs. Arthur Iselin, has been organized to encourage the worthy project. The organizers will pay all expenses of the historic horse show, so that the entire receipts will go to the War Work campaign.

There will be a decided military atmosphere at the show this year, as the War Department is showing an unusual interest in the events. The Government has entered the stallion, Adams Express, in the class for sires suitable to improve the horse stock of the country available for army purposes. Captain A. Henry Higginson of the Remount Division of Camp Sevier will be one of the judges. Leave of absence has also been granted to numerous army officers from camps about New York and from West Point, and these officers will ride in the jumping competitions.

In the jumping classes there will also be officers of the allied armies, which will give a distinct international flavor to the events. French officers will ride the four thoroughbreds entered by Frederick H. Prince of Boston for the special prize offered by Judge William H. Moore.

American cavalry officers will compete for the Beresford Challenge Cup offered by Colonel Lord Decies of the British Army. Six West Point officers are among those who will compete in this class. Major D. O. Nelson, who won the event last year, Major John K. Brown, Captain M. M. Coopsening, Captain Winn Lisle, Captain John W. Rafferty, and Lieutenant O. C. Jadwin are the West Pointers entered. They will also compete in the Grafton breed jump and the open jumping contest, in which they will compete against the foreign officers.

There will be more than sixty new exhibitors in the show this year, prominent among these being James W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany. Judge Gerard is a breeder of saddle horses and frequently is seen on the Central Park bridle path on his brown mare Virginia Girl, which he has entered in the show.

The total number of entries has reached 1,100, and horses are coming from as far West as Oregon, while the South, New England, and the Middle West are sending their best saddle horses and hunters. In the hunting classes this year there will be an innovation, as many of the men who have taken part in these events are now in the army service and they will ride in uniform instead of the familiar huntsman's uniforms of the past.

ANNIE OAKLEY WILL SHOOT.

Woman Expert to Give Exhibition at Polo Grounds Nov. 13.

Annie Oakley, who for many years was the greatest woman sharpshooter in the world, will be one of the attractions at the trap-shooting tournament at the Polo Grounds on Nov. 13. Martin McVoy of the New York Athletic Club announced yesterday that he had heard from many of the expert shots throughout the country, and they had all volunteered their services. Among these are Mark Arie, who had the best average on all targets at the Grand American this year, and Frank Troch of Vancouver, the national amateur winner at double targets. The national amateur champion, W. H. Herr, will also be among the marksmen.

There will be a demonstration of the new trench gun which has been used by the American soldiers in Europe in picking off the German hand grenades in the flight with heavy charges of buck shot. The anti-tank guns and the Browning machine guns will also be used in the exhibitions. The military pageant will include drills by army and navy forces.

The Sports Committee yesterday announced that the Belgian soccer team would not visit this country, but in its place a Canadian eleven would come here to play the Bethlehem team at Harrison, N. J., on Sunday, Nov. 17.

The Football Committee announced the following schedule of games for the fund:

Nov. 9—Mt. St. Mary's vs. Gettysburg, at Emmetsburg, Md.; Westminster vs. Kirkwell Normal, at Fulton, Mo.; Maine vs. Rockland Naval Reserves, at Orono, Me.; Penn. State vs. Rutgers, at State College; St. Louis vs. University of the South, at St. Louis.

Nov. 15—Parsons vs. Iowa Wesleyan, at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa.

Nov. 16—Newport Naval Station vs. Pelham Bay, at Yale Bowl; Iowa State vs. Fourth Depot Brigade, at Cedar Falls, Iowa; U. S. A. General Hospital No. 31, vs. Dickinson, at Carlisle, Penn.; Gallaudet vs. Penn. Military College, at Chester, Penn.; Buffalo vs. Hobart, at Buffalo; Harvard Radio School vs. Camp Devens, at Cambridge.

Nov. 21—Beloit vs. Carroll, at Beloit, Mich.

Nov. 23—Harvard Radio School vs. Princeton Aviators, at Polo Grounds; Pittsburgh vs. Georgia Tech, at Pittsburgh; California vs. Oregon, at San Francisco; Fargo vs. Concordia, at Fargo, N. D.; Syracuse vs. Rutgers, at Syracuse.

Nov. 28—Stanford vs. California, at Berkeley, Cal.

GOLF PROS WILL AID FUND.

Tournament for United War Campaign on Nov. 14.

At an executive session of the Professional Golfers' Association, at the Hotel Martinique yesterday afternoon, it was decided to hold a tournament on Nov. 14 in connection with the United War Work Drive. The place for holding the competition will be determined shortly, though the choice appears to rest between the Cherry Valley Club, at Garden City, and the North Shore Country Club, near Glen Head, L. I.

The Country Club of Atlantic City was also the selection for a tournament on Monday, Nov. 11. Clarence Hackney, the Atlantic City "pro," who attended yesterday's meeting, stated that the club would be glad to offer its course for that day. This affair will be looked after by the association's Philadelphia district. Both tournaments will be at medal play.

It was decided to send a letter to every association member recommending that he donate a set of clubs to be raffled off on Nov. 16, the day when the amateurs will make their effort. Money raised through the raffle will be turned over to the fund by the professional organization.

CHAJES TAKES CHESS GAME.

Defeats R. T. Black in Masters' Tourney After 89 Moves.

Oscar Chajes, champion of the Manhattan Chess Club, yesterday defeated R. T. Black of Brooklyn in their adjourned game from the tenth round of the international masters' tournament at the clubrooms in the Sherman Square Hotel after eighty-nine moves had been recorded.

The clocks of the two players showed that each had taken over five hours in the consideration of his moves. When play was resumed in the afternoon, Black had the advantage of the "exchange," but gave it up soon after he had missed a winning continuation.

Later in the session Chajes gradually made headway until his efforts were finally rewarded with victory, which gave him back fourth place in the competition.

The standing of the players after ten rounds follows:

	Won.	Lost.		Won.	Lost.
Capablanca	8	1	Janowski	3½	4½
Kostich	6½	2½	Black	6½	2½
Marshall	4½	3½	Morrison	1½	7½
Chajes	4½	4½			

The pairings for the eleventh round to be played at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, are the following: Kostich against Morrison, Janowski against Marshall, Chajes against Capablanca, Black a bye.

Herbert R. Limburg, Vice President of the Manhattan Chess Club, has offered a special prize of $25 for the winner of the Chajes-Capablanca game, which will go to Chajes in case he draws.

WOMAN WINS TWO RACES.

Miss Bleibtry Leads in Swimming Events at Brighton.

The Winter Pool at Brighton Beach was formally closed for the season last night with a variety of competitions for men and women swimmers, held under the auspices of the Women's Swimming Association. The proceeds of the meet will be given to the United War Work Campaign.

Miss Ethelda Bleibtry furnished the leading performances. She won the 100-yard handicap swim in 1:15 4-5, and the fifty-yard scratch swim in 0:43 4-5. In the twenty-five-yard spurt Miss Bleibtry was placed second to Miss Charlotte Boyle, women's national short-distance champion.

Miss Josephine Bartlett, local women's diving champion, competed from scratch in a fancy diving contest, and won with a total of 82.2 points.

The summaries:

25-Yard Swim for Women.—Won by Miss Charlotte Boyle; Miss Ethelda Bleibtry, second; Miss Rita Greenfield, third. Time—0:14.

100-Yard Swim for Women, Handicap.—Won by Miss Ethelda Bleibtry, (10 seconds;) Miss Lonnie Fink, (35 seconds,) second; Miss Lillian Ey, (30 seconds,) third. Time—1:15 4-5.

Fancy Dive for Women; Handicap.—Won by Miss Josephine Bartlett, (scratch,) with 82.2 points; Miss Bonita Tompkins, (48 points,) 79.9 points, second; Miss Alice Lord, (17 points,) 78.3 points, third.

50-Yard Swim for Women.—Won by Miss Ethelda Bleibtry; Miss Alice Lord, second; Miss Rita Greenfield, third. Time—0:43 4-5.

50-Yard Swim for Girls of 12 Years or Younger.—Won by Miss Helen Wainwright; Miss Katherine Brown, second; Miss Aileen Dericks, third. Time—0:38.

50-Yard Swim, Handicap; Open to Pelham Bay N. T. S.—Won by George Arfman, (scratch;) Robert Turvis, (5 seconds,) second; W. Kuppenheimer, (12 seconds,) third. Time—0:26 2-5.

200-Yard Swim for Enlisted Men.—Won by John Noonan, Pelham Bay N. T. S.; C. J. Dixon, Pelham Bay N. T. S., second; Alfred Steen, Brooklyn Navy Yard, third. Time—2:31 2-5.

100-Yard Exhibition Backstroke Swim.—Harold Kruger, Hawaii. Time—1:11.

SCHOOL TEAMS PLAY TODAY

Leading Local Elevens to Meet in Football Contests.

Three local scholastic football games of more than ordinary interest are scheduled for this afternoon. The principal game for New Yorkers will be played at the Polo Grounds, where the Morris and Commerce High School teams will clash in their annual gridiron struggle. The contest will start at 2:30 o'clock.

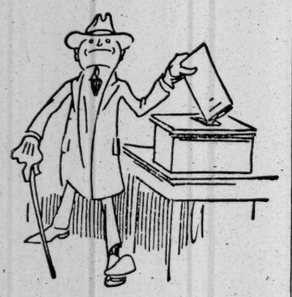
In Brooklyn a double-header will be contested on Ebbets Field. Erasmus Hall and Manual Training high schools will be rivals in the leading game. This contest will probably decide the scholastic leadership of Brooklyn.

The other contest will bring together teams of Boys' and Commercial high schools. The Boys' High aggregation are favorites in this game, despite the fact that the eleven will be minus the assistance of two of its most valuable players.

PELHAM ENTERS FAST TEAM

Pores Among Sailors to Compete in Service Title Run.

Pelham Bay Naval Training Station will nominate the strongest entry for the cross-country race which will decide the service championship of the metropolitan district, to be held Saturday. The sailors have entered three teams. On these teams will be some of the leading distance runners of the district, including Charles Pores, five and ten mile champion, and Joe Giorgio, former Paulist A. C. runner. This race will be run as a benefit for the United War Work Campaign, marking the beginning of an elaborate A. A. U. program.



A business may know neither politics nor religion.

Yet we owe our livelihood to the men and boys who elect to wear all-wool and fast color clothes!

Closed at one to-day to do our duty at the polls.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "The Four Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

CHANGE TO REIS UNION SUITS

COLUMBIA ELEVEN IS BADLY BRUISED

Several Regular Players Laid Up as Result of Game with Amherst.

Columbia had an off-day on the football field yesterday, only half a dozen regulars reporting to Coach Fred Dawson for practice. It was announced, however, that Lafayette might find a place on the schedule for Nov. 16. Stevens Institute informed Levering Tyson, graduate manager of athletics yesterday, that it would be unable to put a team against Columbia on Nov. 16 and asked to be released from the date. The Spanish influenza epidemic and lack of time for practice were the factors determining the decision of the Stevens officials to call off the game.

Lafayette wrote the Columbia management some time ago asking for a date but at that time the Blue and White's list was full. With the cancellation of the Stevens contest, Tyson set about reopening negotiations with Lafayette and it is not improbable that the two will meet on South Field on Nov. 16, provided Lafayette still has the date open.

It was denied that there was any intention of playing Rutgers at any time this season. It had been reported that negotiations had been opened with Rutgers and color was lent to this rumor by the fact that George Foster Sanford, the Rutgers coach, was at South Field on Saturday as a spectator at the Columbia-Amherst game. Rutgers, however, will not find a place on the Columbia schedule.

More than half of Dawson's regulars were badly battered in the Amherst game and just about half of the players reported for drill, among them being Shaw and Kinnenger, who came through without injuries. Lieutenant Chester Robb, the quarter back, was badly bruised and will not be able to report before Wednesday. Houlahan is laid up in his room in the barracks with a bad ankle, but hopes to be out in a day or two. The others who were hurt have minor injuries. Zychlinski and Stevens were out because of bruises, and Robison had his elbows pretty badly battered, but not enough to prevent him from getting in a few minutes' work on the field.

When the eleven reports for practice today it is probable that several shifts will be made in the line. Dawson will take measures to strengthen the left flank by moving Forsythe in from end to tackle and bringing Tomberg from the second team to Forsythe's old place.

PIMLICO ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs. Gallant Kitty, 114 pounds; The Dauphin, 112; Ormonda, 114; Lillian Shaw, 114; Veto, 112; Miss Voskl, 109; Translate, 117; Belario, 112; Mother In Law, 109; Thunderstorm, 117; Viva McGee, 109; Drummond, 117; Phantom Maid, 109; Mormon, 117.

SECOND RACE.—Selling handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. The Decision, 117 pounds; Sir Edgar, 107; Milkman, 118; *Paddy, 100; Blazeaway, 114; Kilmer, 100; †Sea Beach, 101; †Ballast, 105; Currency, 108; Irene, 105; Peep Again, 95; Onico, 102; Charlie Leydecker, 113; Langden, 108; ?Annicassin, 98; Subhadar, 113.

‡J. E. Griffith entry.

THIRD RACE.—The Manly Memorial Steeplechase, handicap, for four-year-olds and upward; two and a half miles. Brooks, 150 pounds; †Trumpeter, 148; Duetiste, 138; W. F. Knebelkamp, 137; Kingstown Pier, 141; Smithfield, 132; †Nutmeg, 139; Lemarsoulin, 136; Defiance, 130; Peheto, 144; Arabado, 130; The Brook, 165; Hibler, 149; Bet, 146; New Haven, 138; Gold Bond, 135; Antiseptic, 100.

‡A. L. Pratt entry.

FOURTH RACE.—The Forest Park Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Corn Tassel, 107 pounds; Motor Cop, 119; Valor, 109; Leochares, 127; Regal Lodge, 110; Matinee Idol, 98; L'Errant, 96; Hollister, 116; John I. Day, 92.

FIFTH RACE. — The Govans Purse, for three-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Game Cock, 108 pounds; Whimsy, 113; Deckmate, 108; Douglass, S., 116; *Yodelling, 101; John I. Day, 106.

SIXTH RACE.—The Juvenile Handicap, for two-year-olds; six furlongs. †Billy Kelly, 130 pounds; †Over There, 108; Highland Light, 105; Ophelia, 108; †War Pennant, 128; †Uncle Lassie, 95; Mad Hatter, 104; Passing Shower, 113; Be Frank, 114; Esquimau, 104; Mormon, 105; Thistledon, 99.

‡J. K. L. Ross entry. †W. R. Coe entry.

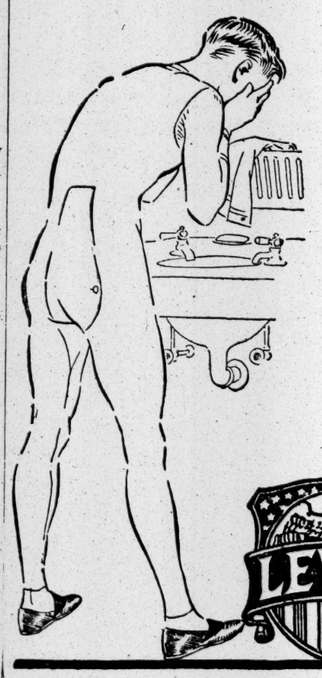
SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; one mile and a half. Man of the Hour, 106 pounds; *Lytle, 112; Deckmate, 112; *Irregular, 112; Sky Pilot, 117; Wood Thrush, 108.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Lewis Victor at Billiards.

Claude R. Lewis defeated Frank Boyd last night in the Brooklyn handicap 18-2 balkline billiard tournament at the Brooklyn Academy by a score of 190 to 141 in forty-eight innings. Both contestants were playing for 190 points. Lewis had a high run of 18 and averaged 3 46-48.

LEWIS UNION SUITS



DURABILITY is *value* and the name LEWIS secures it for you.

After long wear and the grind of repeated laundering, LEWIS Union Suits still show their class.

Dependable material, careful manufacture and right measurements explain the durability.

Only at Best Stores

LEWIS KNITTING COMPANY
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN

This trade-mark on every Lewis garment guarantees you quality. Look for it.

CIRRUS GETS CLOSE VERDICT IN BRUSH

Costly Two-Year-Old Just Able to Defeat Lesser Rival in Pimlico Race.

PIMLICO, Md., Nov. 4.—S. C. Hildreth scored double brackets here today, his $25,000 beauty Cirrus capturing the Hotel Kernan Purse for two-year-olds and the old campaigner Stromboli winding up the successful afternoon with a victory over a mediocre field in the seventh race.

Cirrus's flight to success was not nearly as easy as was anticipated by the experts who made the Whitney castoff a prohibitive favorite in the mutuals. Opposition came from an unexpected quarter, when Mrs. R. L. Bresler's Sherman A. not only showed his great early foot, but maintained it longer than usual. Chimney Swift was another colt that found no trouble in keeping up with the procession and Lyke had to put Cirrus under a drive in the stretch to gain the verdict by a neck from Sherman A. In the last sixteenth Chimney Swift closed very fast and lost the place by a nose.

Stromboli also was an odds-on choice and never was in danger. He was rated along to the stretch, where Lyke had only to hand-ride him to insure his winning by a length and a half. The place was another tight fit, C. A. Applegate's Manister Tol just nosing out C. Fellowes's Minto II.

Dan, one of the fancied contenders for the second race, bled and this helped in the victory of J. F. Sweeney's Dolina, one of the outsiders. Another long-priced one scored in the first race for two-year-olds, the Beach Stable's Ground Swell defeating a large field.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; claiming; six furlongs. Ground Swell, 101 pounds, (G. Walls,) $31.30, $13.40, and $7.80, won; St. Quentin, 101, (J. Callahan,) $9.20 and $5.70, second; Mormon Elder, 104, (L. Ensor,) $6.10, third. Time—1:41. Dan, Miss Kruger, Bellringer, Scarboro Beach, Saints Bridge, Pazza, and Numerate also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling handicap; one mile. Dolina, 115 pounds, (L. Stalker,) $45, $12.90, and $6.80, won; Moss, 108, (E. Sande,) $7.90 and $5.50, second; Whippoorwill, 108, (L. Ensor,) $2.90, third. Time—1:41. Dan, Miss Kruger, Bellringer, Scarboro Beach, Saints Bridge, Pazza, and Numerate also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Mount Washington Steeplechase, for four-year-olds and upward; two miles. Traditioner, 142 pounds, (H. Crawford,) $9.60, $6.10, and $4.10, won; Le Marsouin, 139, (J. Smith,) $7.40 and $4.10, second; Infidel II., 146, (D. Byers,) $4.30, third. Time—5:01 3-5. Syosset, Superhuman, Margery Jaquex, Eagle Thistle, and Bitter Sweet also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—New Howard Purse, for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Star Spangled, 113 pounds, (A. Shuttinger,) $2.70, $2.40, and $2.10, won; Arrah Go On, 110, (L. Lyke,) $3.10 and $2.40, second; Paddy, 110, (F. Robinson,) $2.60, third. Time—1:13 2-5. Lion and Sturdee also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Hotel Kernan Purse, for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Cirrus, 116 pounds, (L. Lyke,) $2.50, $2.60, and $2.30, won; Sherman A., 116, (F. Robinson,) $5.40 and $3.70, second; Chimney Swift, 107, (L. Ensor,) $4, third. Time—1:07. Ticklish, Ceramic, Ophelia, and Kiss Again also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a furlong. Game Cock, 108 pounds, (G. Walls,) $4.90, $2.30, and out, won; Vainis, 113, (L. Lyke,) $5.90 and out, second; Snapdragon II., 108, (A. Shuttinger,) out, for third. Time—1:54 4-5. Buckboard also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Stromboli, 124 pounds, (L. Lyke,) $3.40, $3.20, and $2.60, won; Manister Tol, 108, (E. Haynes,) $7.40 and $6, second; Minto II., 112, (F. Robinson,) $3.20, third. Time—1:48 2-5. Dorcas, Koh-I-Noor, and Flittergold also ran.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

RUTGERS TO FACE BRICKLEY

Drop Kicker Will Test His Skill Today at New Brunswick.

New Brunswick will attract many football enthusiasts this afternoon, for the Rutgers eleven, coached by Foster Sanford, will play the Transport eleven of Hoboken, which is led and coached by Charles Brickley, the former Harvard star.

Brickley has shown his former skill at kicking field goals, and the service men look for a score by this means every time they can work the ball within striking distance. The game will be played on Nielson Field, and will begin at 2:30.

Saratoga Vichy

Sold by Charles & Company, Park & Tilford, Acker, Merrall & Condit.

CUE TITLE TO FERGUSON.

Cranfield Player Beats Trowbridge in Straight-Rail Final.

J. S. Ferguson of Cranfield's last night won the American Amateur Billiard Association Class D straight-rail billiard championship. Ferguson defeated E. C. Trowbridge of Thum's in the deciding game by a score of 150 to 75 in twenty-six innings. Ferguson had a high run of 31 and an average of 5 20-26. Trowbridge's highest run was 12, and he averaged 3.

The result was somewhat of a surprise. These two players stood out prominently from the start, and it was early predicted that one of them would win the title. Before last night's game they were tied, each with five victories.

Ferguson showed the consistency which has characterized his work from the start of the tournament and played brilliantly throughout, making many difficult shots. His average was unusual for a player of this rating. Trowbridge started well, but his ability seemed to leave him after the first few innings.

An unfortunate accident in the twelfth inning deprived Trowbridge of his favorite cue, and this added to his poor showing. He had only one shaft for his stick and the tip of this worked off in his twelfth turn at the table. He completed the game with a strange cue and failed to show anything near his expected form.

The score by innings:

Ferguson—0 0 3 11 0 0 1 31 0 28 2 1 0 7 0 1 0 0 7 1 6 5 2 15 3 13 4—150. High run—31. Average—5 20-26.

Trowbridge—5 1 12 1 1 0 0 10 0 0 6 2 2 0 0 3 4 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 12 12—75. High run—12. Average—3.

HENDRICKS GOING ACROSS.

St. Louis Manager Predicts Baseball Will Be World's Sport.

Jack Hendricks, who managed the St. Louis Cardinals last season, expects to go to France soon as a secretary for the Knights of Columbus. Hendricks arrived here yesterday and said that he expected to spend much of his time on the other side promoting baseball and other forms of athletics among the soldiers.

"I have been anxious for some time," said Hendricks, "to do my bit on the other side. I feel like a youngster, although I have a son now in an officers' training camp. I predict that it won't be many years before baseball becomes the great international pastime."

Boxer to Help in France.

Timothy Leonard, former boxer, instructor, and promoter, is the latest acquisition by the Knights of Columbus as an overseas secretary. The selection of Leonard was announced yesterday. He will probably sail for France within a few days.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue TO-DAY *34th Street*

An Important Sale

Men's Furnishings

SILK AND MADRAS SHIRTS

ALSO GLOVES, NECKWEAR AND PAJAMAS

At Pronounced Savings

Shirts—made of Madras and Mercerized Materials; soft French cuffs. } $1.00

Shirts—made of Woven Madras and Mercerized Materials; soft cuffs; also fine count Percale with laundered cuffs. } $1.55

Shirts—made of Baby Broadcloth Silk in an attractive assortment of patterns. } $4.95

Neckwear—Open-end Four-in-Hand Scarfs made of Silk or Satin; an excellent range of designs and colors } 95c

Gloves—Tan or Gray Capeskin; also Gray Mocha. pair } $1.85

MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEPT.—MAIN FLOOR

Store Open All Day Today — Election Day.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

Brooklyn, New Jersey and Long Island Customers Direct to GIMBELS via Tubes and Subways.

Election Day Special

Men's Clothing, $25

Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats in the Season's Newest Styles. Record-Breaking Values. We know the out-and-out worth that has been put into these clothes, the care exercised in the selection of materials and styles, and in the actual making. That is why we unhesitatingly affirm that **Quality for Price They Cannot Be Surpassed.**

Men's Winter Suits, $25

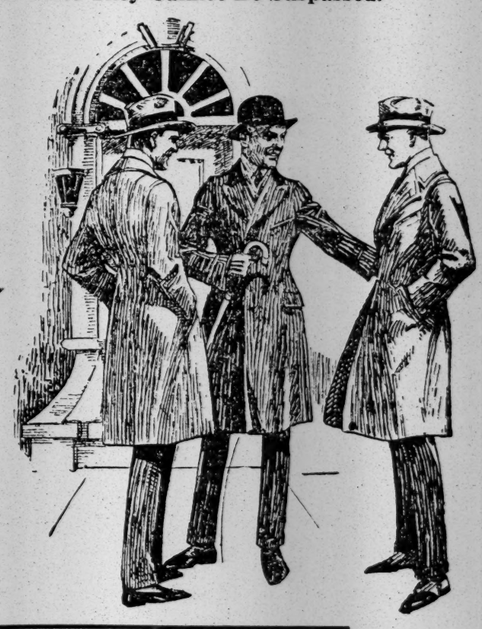
The Season's Newest Styles in one, two, and three button models, including plain and skirted models for young men.

Plain dark Oxford Greys—Brown and Grey Mixtures—Blue and Black Striped—Dark Worsted Plaids—Brown and Grey Striped—and many Dark Worsted Effects. Sizes 34 to 48 in Regulars, Stouts and Longs.

Men's Winter Overcoats, $25

Single breasted models with self collar and buttons through—Big Ulster models—Chesterfield models—Young men's snappy model, snug fitted and knee length—Trench model.

Materials: Plain Oxford Greys, Browns, Greens, Drabs and a few Fancy Mixtures. In a variety of linings, including full satin lined, quarter satin lined and serge lined. Sizes 34 to 48.

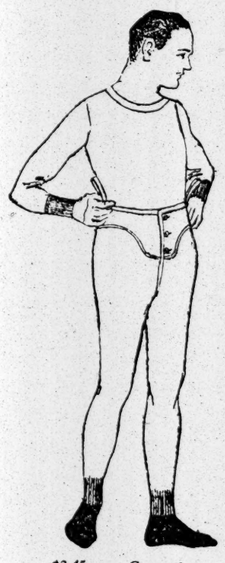


100 Fall Overcoats—Silk Lined Dark Oxford Chesterfield Model—Well tailored. Sizes 34 to 48 } $25

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor.

Men's U. S. Gov. "Wool" Underwear

Made for American Soldiers but rejected for slight defects and offered at a Special Price



$2.45 per Garment. Shirts and Drawers.

The U. S. Government is the most particular institution on earth. Nothing is too good for our boys. This underwear was ordered on Government specifications requiring the utmost of workmanship, cut and quality at the price. And every garment must pass a rigid test. Out of orders for millions of garments many thousands were rejected for such slight defects as a tiny misweave or a faint oil spot. GIMBELS bought these rejected garments to sell.

Just the thing for Biting Cold Weather

At $2.45 Per Garment

Nearly as cheap as Uncle Sam buys it for at the mill in million lots.

You can imagine how carefully these garments are made, how well cut and how comfortably warm they are to accommodate the needs of our boys in France. We have compared these garments with the output of five prominent mills and believe this the most uniform in workmanship, size and quality available.

Drawer is bound around waistband and down front with good quality sateen.

All Shirts Pullover Style—No Buttons

Made by the Augusta Knitting Mills of Utica, N. Y.

According to Government specifications. Ideal for policemen, firemen, mail carriers, and all other outdoor men who must be warm.

40% Pure Wool—60% Cotton.

All seams on the outside. Shirts are extra long. Strong cotton thread used in seams.

These snug fitting knitted cuffs at wrists and ankles must not be confused with the old fashioned, heavy hemmed garments.

GIMBELS—Main Floor—On sale beginning today—Election Day

POLLING PLACES IN THE BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN

BOARD OF ELECTIONS.

BOARD OF ELECTIONS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, GENERAL OFFICE, MUNICIPAL BUILDING, BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN IN PURSUANCE of Chapter 22 of the Laws of 1909, constituting Chapter 17 of the Consolidated Laws, as amended by Chapter 323, Section 361, of the Laws of 1918, of the boundaries of each of the election districts in the County of New York, and of the designation of the place of registration, October 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th, and the polling places for the election to be held November 5th, 1918, in each of the election districts in said County as follows:

COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN.

POLLING PLACES.

First Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	222 E. Broadway	Shoemaker
2	282 Henry st.	Stationery
4	273 Madison st.	Barber
4	Cor. Gouverneur and Monroe sts., west entrance on Monroe st.	P. S. 31
5	Cor. Gouverneur and Monroe sts., entrance 61 Gouverneur st.	P. S. 31
6	248 Madison st.	Tailor
7	Madison st., bet. Pike and Rutgers sts., main entrance on Madison st.	P. S. 2
8	57 Rutgers st.	Barber
8	Henry st., bet. Pike and Rutgers sts., entrance Exit B on Henry st.	P. S. 2
10	Cor. Market and Monroe sts., entrance Exit 5 on Monroe st.	P. S. 177
11	Henry st., bet. Catherine and Oliver sts., east entrance on Henry st.	P. S. 1
12	57 Market st.	Barber
12	Cor. Market and Monroe sts., entrance Exit 2 on Market st.	P. S. 177
14	Oak st., bet. Oliver and James sts., Oliver st. entrance	P. S. 114
15	83 Roosevelt st., Girls' entrance,	P. S. 142
16	Oak st., oet. Oliver and James sts., west entrance on Oak st.	P. S. 114
17	Henry st., bet. Catherine and Oliver sts., west entrance on Henry st.	P. S. 1
18	60 Mott st., Boys' entrance	P. S. 108
19	Cor. Mulberry and Bayard sts., Bayard st. entrance	P. S. 23
20	69 Centre st.	Tailor
21	31 Roosevelt st.	Vacant
22	83 Roosevelt st., Boys' entrance,	P. S. 142
23	3 Peck slip	Barber
24	21 Coenties slip	Restaurant
25	Washington, Albany and Carlisle sts., east entrance on Albany st.	P. S. 29
26	Washington, Albany and Carlisle sts., centre entrance on Washington st.	P. S. 29
27	Cor. Mulberry and Bayard sts., north entrance on Mulberry st.	P. S. 23
28	Cor. Hubert and Collister sts., centre entrance on Hubert st.	P. S. 44
29	46 Grand st.	Candy
30	Clark, Dominick and Broome sts., west entrance on Broome st.	P. S. 38
31	Clark, Dominick and Broome sts., Dominick st. entrance,	P. S. 38
32	260 Spring st.	Barber
33	29 Macdougal st.	Vacant
34	29 King st., east entrance on King st.	P. S. 8
35	349 Hudson st.	Bakery
36	W. Houston, bet. Hudson and Varick sts., east entrance on W. Houston st.	P. S. 95
37	29 King st., Girls' entrance on King st.	P. S. 8
38	Clarkson st., bet. Hudson and Varick sts., main entrance west on Clarkson st.	P. S. 95
39	272 W. 10th st., Girls' entrance,	P. S. 107
40	Cor. Grove and Hudson sts., Auditorium entrance on Hudson st.	P. S. 3
41	Cor. Grove and Hudson sts., centre entrance on Grove st.	P. S. 3
42	272 W. 10th st., Boys' entrance,	P. S. 107
43	313 Bleecker st.	Barber

Second Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	49 Henry st.	Vacant
2	Forsyth st., bet. Canal and Hester sts. north entrance on Forsyth st.	P. S. 65
3	94 East Broadway	Barber
4	16 Pike st.	Barber
5	Hester, Essex and Norfolk sts., entrance center exit on Essex st.	P. S. 62
6	Hester, Essex and Norfolk sts., south entrance on Norfolk st.	P. S. 62
7	Cor. Grand and Ludlow sts., west entrance on Grand st.	P. S. 137
8	Hester, Orchard and Ludlow sts., entrance Exit 8 on Ludlow St.	P. S. 42
9	Eldridge st. bet. Canal and Hester sts., south entrance on Eldridge st.	P. S. 65
10	Cor. Chrystie and Hester sts., Hester st. entrance	P. S. 7
11	96 Forsyth st.	Electrician
12	180 Chrystie st., Boys' entrance	P. S. 135
13	Rivington and Forsyth sts. entrance Exit 6 on Forsyth st.	P. S. 20
14	Cor. Delancey and Ludlow sts., south entrance on Ludlow st.	P. S. 161
15	Rivington and Eldridge sts., entrance Exit 3 on Eldridge st.	P. S. 20
16	Cor. Delancey and Ludlow sts., north entrance on Ludlow st.	P. S. 161
17	Cor. Forsyth and Stanton sts., north entrance on Forsyth st.	P. S. 91
18	Cor. Forsyth and Stanton sts., south entrance on Forsyth st.	P. S. 91
19	160 Chrystie st., Girls' entrance	P. S. 35
20	77 Chrystie st.	Pool Parlor
21	Cor. Chrystie and Hester sts., Chrystie st. entrance	P. S. 7
22	143 Baxter st., south yard entrance,	P. S. 130
23	143 Baxter st., north yard entrance,	P. S. 130
24	67 Sullivan St.	Candy
25	Lafayette st., bet. Spring and Prince sts., south entrance	P. S. 106
26	Lafayette st., bet. Spring and Prince sts., north entrance	P. S. 106
27	4 Bleecker st.	Barber
28	251 Bowery	Barber
29	152 Prince st.	Barber
30	185 Prince st.	Barber
31	112 W. Houston st.	Barber
32	199-201 Prince st.	Barber
33	176 W. Houston st.	Tailor
34	186 W. 4th st.	Office

Third Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	549 Hudson st.	Dry Goods
2	556 Hudson st.	Barber
3	413 Bleecker st.	Barber
4	325 W. 11th st.	Cigars
6	781 Washington st.	Barber
7	20 Horatio st., main entrance,	P. S. 124
7	20 Horatio st., Kindergarten entrance,	P. S. 124
8	402 W. 13th st.	Restaurant
9	72 9th ave.	Barber
10	256 W. 15th st.	Tailor
11	114 8th ave.	Barber
12	246 W. 16th st.	Upholsterer
13	314 17th st., Playground entrance	P. S. 11
14	104 10th ave.,	Barber
15	314 W. 17th st., Playground entrance	P. S. 11
15	351 W. 18th st., Kindergarten entrance	P. S. 56
17	351 W. 18th st., center entrance,	P. S. 56
18	120 7th ave.	Barber
19	182 8th ave.	Barber
20	165 9th ave.	Barber
21	204 8th ave.	Barber
22	204 7th ave.	Barber
23	218 7th ave.	Express
24	302 W. 22d st.	Tailor
25	176 9th ave.	Tailor
26	505 W. 23rd st.	Cigars
27	316 W. 23rd st.	Barber
28	219 9th ave.	Barber
29	W. 24th st., bet. 7th and 8th aves., W. 24th st. entrance,	P. S. 45
30	W. 25th st., bet. 7th and 8th aves., W. 25th st. entrance,	P. S. 45
31	253 10th ave.	Barber
32	259 9th ave.	Tailor
33	502 W. 28th st.	Barber
34	284 9th ave.	Barber
35	253 W. 27th st.	Candy
36	418 W. 28th st., center entrance of new addition	P. S. 33
37	418 W. 28th st., main entrance old building	P. S. 33
38	334 9th ave.	Florist
39	352 10th ave.	Barber
40	412 10th ave.	Cigars
41	440 10th ave.	Barber
42	485 8th ave.	Florist
43	259 W. 29th st.	Barber
44	221 W. 35th st., bet. 8th and 9th aves., W. 36 st. entrance P. S. 32	Laundry
45	W. 35th st., bet. 8th and 9th aves., west entrance on W. 35th st.	P. S. 32
46	468 14th ave.	Barber
48	515 W. 37th st., Girls' entrance,	P. S. 127
49	515 W. 37th st., Boys' entrance,	P. S. 127
50	458 W. 38th st.	Plumber
51	500 9th ave.	Barber
52	455 W. 39th st.	Flag Poles
53	333 W. 39th st.	Printing

Fourth Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	59 Jackson st.	Glasscutter
2	Jackson and Madison sts., east ent. on Madison st.	P. S. 12
3	Cor. Jackson and Madison sts., west ent. on Madison st.	P. S. 12
4	Cor. Henry and Gouverneur sts., west ent. on Henry st.	P. S. 147
5	Cor. Broome and Cannon sts., east ent. on Broome st.	P. S. 110
6	332 Delancey st.	Insurance
7	Cor. Lewis and Rivington sts., exit 9 on Lewis st.	P. S. 88
8	Cor. Lewis and Rivington sts., exit 8 on Rivington st.	P. S. 88
9	Cor. Broome and Cannon sts., north ent. on Cannon st.	P. S. 110
10	Cor. Broome and Sheriff sts., Sheriff st. entrance	P. S. 34
11	Cor. Broome and Sheriff sts., entrance exit B. on Broome st	P. S. 34
12	Cor. Broome and Ridge sts., 24 cent. S. of Delancey or Ridge sts	P. S. 92
13	Cor. Broome and Ridge sts., Main entrance on Broome st.	P. S. 92
14	Rivington, Ridge and Pitt sts., south entrance on Ridge st.	P. S. 4
15	Rivington, Ridge and Pitt sts., south entrance on Pitt st.	P. S. 4
16	Attorney st., bet. Rivington and Stanton sts., Boys entrance	P. S. 174
17	Attorney st., bet. Rivington and Stanton sts., boys' ent.	P. S. 174
18	168 Suffolk st.	Office
19	Cor. Rivington and Suffolk sts., Rivington st. entrance	P. S. 160
20	187 Broome st., east ent.	P. S. 120
21	187 Broome st., west ent.	P. S. 120
22	Cor. Rivington and Suffolk sts., Suffolk st. entrance	P. S. 160
23	112 Ludlow st.	Barber

Fifth Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	319 W. 41st st.	Undertaker
2	596 9th ave.	Barber
3	437 W. 42d st.	Tailor
4	567 9th ave.	Barber
5	501 W. 40th st.	Undertaker
6	562 11th ave.	Tinsmith
7	519 W. 44th st., main ent.	Tailor
8	609 9th ave.	Tailor
9	524 W. 44th st.	Tailor
10	696 8th ave.	Confectionery
11	725 8th ave.	Confectionery
12	653 9th ave.	Awnings
13	620 10th ave.	Cigars
14	519 W. 44th st., 45th ent. through yard	P. S. 51
15	647 10th ave.	Barber
16	660 10th ave.	Cigars
17	667 9th ave.	Cigars
18	650 9th ave.	Real Estate
19	W. 47th st., bet. 8th and 9th aves., west ent. of Court.	P. S. 17
20	W. 48th st., bet. 8th and 9th aves., main ent. on Court.	P. S. 17
21	689 9th ave.	Stationery
22	672 10th ave.	Undertaker
23	515 W. 47th st.	Candy
24	668 11th ave.	Barber
25	709 10th ave.	Barber
26	462 W. 45th st.	Barber
27	455 W. 48th st.	Barber
28	375 W. 48th st.	Barber
29	450 W. 50th st., southwest ent.	P. S. 84
30	439 W. 49th st., southwest ent.	P. S. 84
31	731 10th ave.	Barber
32	500 W. 51st st.	Tailor
33	507 W. 51st st.	Barber
34	758 10th ave.	Candy
35	464 W. 51st st.	Undertaker
36	443 W. 50th st.	Barber
37	744 9th ave.	Barber
38	317 W. 52d st., Kindergarten ent.,	P. S. 58
39	317 W. 52d st., Kindergarten ent.,	P. S. 58
40	407 W. 53d st.	Vacant
41	742 11th ave.	Tires
42	819 10th ave.	Barber
43	818 10th ave.	Candy
44	848 10th ave.	Barber
45	913 8th ave.	Candy
46	860 9th ave.	Undertaker
47	872 9th ave.	Real Estate
48	869 9th ave.	Barber
49	864 10th ave.	Barber
50	883 10th ave.	Barber
51	462 W. 57th st., ent. exit 3	P. S. 111
52	462 W. 58th st., main ent.	P. S. 141
53	24 Columbus ave.	Barber
54	24 Amsterdam ave.	Candy
55	261 W. 61st st.	Barber
56	154 W. 62d st.	Tailor
57	157 W. 62d st.	Tailor
58	73 Amsterdam ave.	Barber
59	228 W. 63d st.	Tailor

Sixth Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	Mangin st., bet. E. Houston and Stanton sts., north ent.	P. S. 97
2	Mangin st., bet. E. Houston and Stanton sts., south ent.	P. S. 97
3	Cor. E. Houston and Lewis sts., Boys' ent. on Lewis st.	P. S. 188
4	Cor. E. Houston and Lewis sts., Boys' ent. on Lewis st.	P. S. 188
5	272 2d st., Girls' ent.	P. S. 131
5	272 2d st., Boys' ent.	P. S. 131
6	342 E. Houston st.	Barber
8	169 E. 4th st., Girls' ent.	P. S. 163
9	169 E. 4th st., Boys' ent.	P. S. 105
10	E. 4th st., bet. Avenues C and D, west ent. on Court	P. S. 15
11	287 7th st.	Grocery
12	763 5th st.	Vegetables
13	184 7th st., west ent.	P. S. 71
14	184 7th st., east ent.	P. S. 71
15	195 Avenue D	Stock Room
16	E. 9th st., bet. Avenues B and C, west ent. on Court on E. 9th st.	P. S. 64
17	E. 10th st., bet. Avenues B and C, east ent. on E. 10th st.	P. S. 64
18	710 E. 9th st., ent. exit 4	P. S. 36
19	710 E. 9th st., ent. exit 4	P. S. 36
20	208 Avenue C	Butcher
21	518 E. 13th st.	Barber
22	506 E. 15th st.	Tailor
23	258 Avenue B	Barber
24	E. 16th st., bet. 1st ave. and Avenue A, main ent.	P. S. 104
25	E. 17th st., bet. 1st ave. and Avenue A, east ent.	P. S. 104
26	549 E. 16th st.	Barber
27	361 Avenue C	Barber

Seventh Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	348 W. 50th st.	Florist
2	45 Columbus ave.	Barber
3	102 W. 64th st.	Florist
4	209 W. 63d st.	Tailor
5	218 W. 64th st.	Real Estate
6	W. 65th st., w. of Broadway, Main ent. High School of Commerce	Plumber
7	25 W. 64th st.	Barber
8	127 Columbus ave.	Barber
9	W. 65th st. w. of Broadway, Main ent., High School of Commerce	Undertaker
10	139 West End ave.	Barber
11	200 W. 68th st.	Upholsterer
12	182 Columbus ave.	Tailor
13	173 Columbus ave.	Chemicals
14	184 Columbus ave.	Laundry
15	2020 Broadway	Laundry
16	Amsterdam ave. and W. 68th st., Girls' ent., n. on Amsterdam ave.	P. S. 94
17	Amsterdam ave. and W. 68th st., Kindergarten ent.	P. S. 94
18	338 W. 70th st.	Garage
19	North side W. 71st st. and 100 ft. w. of Broadway	Booth
20	153 W. 71st st.	Undertaker
21	South side of W. 73d st., 225 ft. w. of Central Park West	Booth
22	337 Columbus ave.	Undertaker
23	308 Columbus ave.	Rugs
24	292 Amsterdam ave.	Tailor
25	South side of W. 73d st., 50 ft. w. of West End ave.	Booth
26	334 Amsterdam ave.	Automobiles
27	Amsterdam ave. and W. 77th st., Kindergarten ent.	P. S. 87
28	Amsterdam ave. and W. 77th st., 2d ent. n. of W. 77th st. on Amsterdam ave.	P. S. 87
29	389 Amsterdam ave.	Tailor
30	390 Amsterdam ave.	Electrician
31	67 Riverside Drive	Tailor
32	West End ave. and W. 82d st., Kindergarten ent. on West End ave.	P. S. 9
33	West End ave. and W. 82d st., Gymnasium ent. on West End ave.	P. S. 9
34	411 Amsterdam ave.	Barber
35	171 W. 80th st.	Tailor
36	441 Amsterdam ave.	Tailor
37	448 Amsterdam ave.	Undertaker
38	142 W. 83d st.	Tailor
39	101 W. 83d st.	Express
40	400 Amsterdam ave.	Restaurant
41	101 W. 84th st.	Laundry
42	529 Amsterdam ave.	Tailor
43	533 Amsterdam ave., cleaning and dyeing	
44	W. 80th st., nr. Columbus ave., Main ent.	P. S. 166
45	W. 89th st., nr. Columbus ave., Main ent.	P. S. 166
46	North side of W. 90th st., 75 ft. e. of Amsterdam ave.	Booth
47	South side of W. 91st st., 100 ft. w. of Columbus ave.	Booth
48	644 Columbus ave.	Laundry
49	685 Amsterdam ave.	Undertaker

Eighth Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	Cor. E. Houston and Essex sts., ent. s. exit on Essex st.	P. S. 13
2	Cor. E. Houston and Essex sts., ent. Exit 8 on E. Houston st.	P. S. 13
3	38 1st st., ent. Exit 6.	P. S. 79
4	38 1st st., ent. Exit 3.	P. S. 79
5	E. 3d st., bet. 1st ave. and Ave. A, e. ent. on Court.	P. S. 63
6	E. 4th st., bet. 1st ave. and Ave. A, e. ent. on Court.	P. S. 63
7	155 E. 3d st.	Barber
8	521 5th st.	Tailor
9	E. 4th st., bet. 1st and 2d aves., Center ent.	P. S. 25
10	E. 4th st., bet. 1st and 2d aves., east ent. on Court	P. S. 25
11	131 7th st.	Barber
12	48 7th st.	Barber
13	237 6th st.	Tailor
14	13 Cooper Sq.	Florist
15	2 Astor pl.	Barber
16	73 Cooper Sq.	Barber
17	124 2d ave.	Barber
18	310 E. 9th st.	Tailor
19	Cor. E. 9th st. and 1st ave., ent. Exit 2 on 9th st.	P. S. 122
20	Cor. E. 9th st. and 1st ave., ent. Exit 1 on 9th st.	P. S. 122
21	E. 12th st., east of Ave. B., west ent.	P. S. 61
22	536 E. 12th st., main ent.	P. S. 126
23	E. 13th st., bet. 1st and 2d aves., ent. Exit 1	P. S. 10
24	35 3d ave.	Barber
25	138 E. 12th St.	Barber
26	103 3d ave.	Barber
27	E. 14th st., bet. 1st and 2d aves., ent. Exit 4.	P. S. 19
28	327 E. 14th st.	Restaurant
29	153 3d ave.	Laundry

Ninth Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	North side W. 81st st., 125 ft. e. of Columbus ave.	Booth
2	73 W. 82d st.	Tailor
3	485 Columbus ave.	Laundry
4	507 Columbus ave.	Upholsterer
5	573 Columbus ave.	Upholsterer
6	583 Columbus ave.	Tailor
7	627 Columbus ave.	Cigars
8	North side W. 91st st., 40 ft. w. of Central Park West.	Booth
9	663 Columbus ave.	Laundry
10	685 Columbus ave.	Barber
11	713 Columbus ave.	Real Estate
12	707 Amsterdam ave.	Barber
13	726 Columbus ave.	Piano
14	723 Amsterdam ave.	Barber
15	Amsterdam ave. and W. 93d st., south ent. on Amsterdam ave.	
16	745 Amsterdam ave.	Tailor
17	103 W. 96th st.	Tinsmith
18	75 W. 97th st.	Laundry
19	172 W. 98th st.	Tailor
20	785 Amsterdam ave.	Barber
21	813 Amsterdam ave.	Shoes
22	29 W. 99th st.	Laundry
23	3 W. 99th st.	Tailor
24	19 W. 100th st.	Barber
25	18 W. 102d st.	Tailor
26	430 Central Park West	Vacant
27	20 W. 104th st.	Tailor
28	867 Columbus ave.	Barber
29	W. 102d st., e. of Amsterdam ave., Gymnasium ent.	P. S. 179
30	W. 102d st., e. of Amsterdam ave., Kindergarten ent., P. S. 179	Paints
31	35 Manhattan ave.	Barber
32	105 W. 100th st.	Tailor
33	124 W. 101st st.	Tailor
34	231 W. 100th st.	Tailor
35	202 W. 100th st.	Tailor
36	2601 Broadway	Vacant
37	South side W. 100th st., 50 ft. w. of West End ave.	Booth
38	272 W. 97th st., North side W. 95th st., 100 ft. w. of West End ave.	Tailor
40	North side W. 95th st., 100 ft. w. of West End ave.	Booth
41	252 W. 94th st.	Tailor
42	S. E. cor. W. 93d st. and River-side Drive	Basement
43	2461 Broadway	Tailor
44	Amsterdam ave. and W. 93d st., center ent. on W. 93d st., P. S. 93	Laundry
45	South side W. 89th st., 25 ft. e. of West End ave.	Booth
46	502 Amsterdam ave.	Barber
47	2390 Broadway	Laundry
48	550 Amsterdam ave.	Laundry
49	North side of W. 86th st., 50 ft. e. of West End ave.	Laundry
50	2339 Broadway	Red Cross Branch
51	North side of W. 83d st., 40 ft. w. of West End ave.	Booth

Tenth Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	91 6th ave.	Undertaker
2	36 Greenwich ave., east ent.	P. S. 41
3	36 Greenwich ave., west ent.	P. S. 41
4	62 Charles st.	Vacant
5	365 Bleecker st.	Vacant
6	387½ Bleecker st.	Barber
7	17 Perry st.	Vacant
8	416 Bank st.	Tailor
9	16 8th ave.	Plumber
10	38 8th ave.	Barber
11	208 W. 13th st., ent. Exit 5 P. S. 16	
12	208 W. 13th st. ent. Exit 5 P. S. 16	
13	60 W. 13th st., west ent. Julia Richmond H. S.	
14	60 W. 13th st., east ent. Julia Richmond H. S.	
15	69 W. 9th st.	Tailor
16	27 W. 8th st.	Garment Weights
17	38 Washington Square West.	Apartment House
18	251 Mercer st.	Barber
19	66 E. 12th st.	Tailor
20	196 3rd ave.	Barber
21	212-23rd st.	Barber
22	254 3rd ave.	Barber
23	44 Union Square East	Barber
24	309 4th ave.	Barber
25	41 E. 22d st.	Vacant
26	106 W. 16th st.	Barber
27	102 W. 17th st.	Barber
28	177 7th ave.	Tailor
29	124 W. 28th st., east ent. P. S. 40	
30	124 W. 28th st., west ent. P. S. 40	
31	6 E. 30th st.	Restaurant
32	132 E. 32nd st.	Dressmaker
33	165 E. 34th st.	Florist
34	580 3rd ave.	Cigars
35	110 E. 41st st.	Books
36	18 E. 37th st.	Restaurant
37	48 W. 37th st.	Restaurant
38	142 W. 38th st.	Office
39	534 8th ave.	Men's Furnishing
40	257 W. 40th st., Boys' ent. P. S. 28	
41	257 W. 40th st., Boys' ent. P. S. 28	
42	120 W. 40th st., ent. Exit 2 P. S. 67	
43	350 Madison ave.	Florist
44	75 W. 47th st.	Undertaker
45	934 6th ave.	Barber
46	861 6th ave.	Barber
47	120 W. 40th st., ent. Exit 4 P. S. 67	
48	836 8th ave.	Barber
49	225 W. 52nd st.	Vulcanizing
50	920 8th ave.	Tailor

Eleventh Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	315 W. 102d st.	Storage
2	2717 Broadway	Vacant
3	872 Amsterdam ave.	Tailor
4	Cor. W. 104th st and Amsterdam ave., ent. Exit 2 on Amsterdam ave.	P. S. 54
5	Cor. W. 104th st. and Amsterdam ave., ent. Exit 7 on W. 104th st.	P. S. 54
6	110 W. 105th st.	Tailor
7	68 W. 106th st.	Upholsterer
8	150 Manhattan ave.	Laboratory
9	53 W. 106th st.	Undertaker
10	105 W. 106th st.	Barber
11	2744 Broadway	Pictures
12	942 Amsterdam ave.	Butcher
13	256 W. 108th st.	Upholsterer
14	2780 Broadway	Upholsterer
15	W. 108th st., bet. Broadway and Amsterdam ave., east ent.	P. S. 165
16	W. 109th st., bet. Broadway and Amsterdam ave., main ent.	P. S. 165
17	1010 Columbus ave.	Tailor
18	69 W. 109th st.	Laundry
19	1120 Manhattan ave.	Tailor
20	256 Manhattan ave.	Tailor
21	300 W. 113th st.	Laundry
22	2060 8th ave.	Tailor
23	1940 7th ave.	Laundry
24	279 W. 113th st.	Tailor
25	W. 114th st., bet. 7th and 8th aves., west ent.	Wadleigh High School
26	W. 115th st., bet. 7th and 8th aves., east ent.	Wadleigh High School
27	2098 8th ave.	Barber
28	1902 7th ave.	Shoe Repairing
29	Cor. W. 117th st. and St. Nicholas ave., ent. Exit 2 on St. Nicholas ave.	P. S. 10
30	Cor. W. 117th st. and St. Nicholas ave., west ent. on W. 117th st.	P. S. 10
31	169 St. Nicholas ave.	Tailor
32	2177 8th ave.	Candy
33	North side W. 118th st., 50 ft. west of Manhattan ave.	Shoes
34	411 Manhattan ave.	Barber
35	North side W. 116th st., 50 ft. east of Morningside ave.	Booth
36	332 W. 116th st.	Restaurant
37	1717 Amsterdam ave.	Restaurant
38	1117 Amsterdam ave.	Barber
39	North side W. 110th st., 150 ft. east of Broadway	Booth
40	2875 Broadway	Laundry
41	2874 Broadway	Laundry
42	North side W. 112th st., 75 ft. west of Amsterdam ave.	Booth
43	1002 Amsterdam ave.	Laundry
44	South side W. 114th st., 100 ft. west of Broadway	Booth
45	South side W. 115th st., 150 ft. east of Riverside Drive	Booth
46	South side W. 116th st., 75 ft. west of Broadway	Booth

Twelfth Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	211 E. 20th st., west ent.	P. S. 50
2	293 1st ave.	Vacant
3	297 1st ave.	Vacant
4	322 1st ave.	Bakery
5	344 1st ave.	Second Hand
6	320 E. 20th st., main ent.	P. S. 40
7	320 E. 20th st., east ent.	P. S. 40
8	211 E. 20th st., center ent.	P. S. 40
9	225 E. 23rd st., west ent.	P. S. 47
10	209 3rd ave.	Barber
11	334 3rd ave.	Hats
12	225 E. 23rd st., east ent.	P. S. 47
13	702 E. 24th st.	P. S. 190
14	880 1st ave.	Delicatessen
15	400 E. 26th st.	Undertaker
16	429 1st ave.	Barber
17	469 2nd ave.	Barber
18	E. 27th st., bet. 2nd and 3rd aves., east ent.	P. S. 14
19	E. 28th st., bet. 2nd and 3rd aves., east ent. 2nd Exit E of 3rd ave.	P. S. 14
20	596 2nd ave.	Furniture
21	426 3rd ave.	Glass
22	573 2nd ave.	Undertaker
23	546 2nd ave.	Barber
24	E. 32nd st., bet. 2nd and 3rd aves., main ent.	P. S. 116
25	E. 32nd st., bet. 2nd and 3rd aves., Boys' ent.	P. S. 116
26	446 3rd ave.	Cigars
27	402 3rd ave.	Cigars
28	342 E. 34th st.	Barber
29	320 2nd ave.	Barber
30	531 3rd ave.	Shoe Supplies
31	670 2nd ave.	Undertaker
32	E. 37th st., bet. 2nd and 3rd aves., main ent.	P. S. 40
33	E. 37th st., bet. 2nd and 3rd aves., east ent. main ent.	P. S. 40
34	736 2nd ave.	Butcher
35	E. 41st st., bet. 2nd and 3rd aves., Boys' ent.	P. S. 17
36	E. 41st st., bet. 2nd and 3rd aves., Girls' ent.	P. S. 17
37	694 3rd ave.	Ice Cream
38	715 3rd ave.	Undertaker
39	804 2nd ave.	Undertaker
40	834 2nd ave.	Pool Parlor
41	345 E. 46th st.	Barber
42	409 E. 46th st., main ent.	P. S. 73
43	409 E. 46th st., main ent.	P. S. 73
44	764 3rd ave.	Florist
45	760 3rd ave.	Barber
46	527 1st ave.	Barber
47	560 1st ave.	Barber
48	811 3rd ave.	Barber
49	810 3d ave.	Candy
50	947 2nd ave.	Cigars
51	958 2nd ave.	Barber
52	Cor. 1st ave. and E. 51st st., west ent. on 51st st.	P. S. 135
53	Cor. 1st ave. and E. 51st st., corner ent.	P. S. 135
54	952 1st ave.	Cigars
55	City Home, Blackwells Island.	
56	North end of Workhouse Dock, Blackwells Island	

Thirteenth Assembly District.

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
1	Northwest cor. W. 119th st. and Claremont ave.	Office
2	3 Claremont ave.	Barber
3	406 W. 119th st.	Service League
4	40 Morningside Drive	Laundry
5	South side of W. 145th st., 75 feet east of Amsterdam ave.	Booth
6	1753 Amsterdam ave.	Barber
7	1754 Amsterdam ave.	Corsets
8	3478 Broadway	Tailor
9	10 Morningside ave.	Tailor
10	1193 Amsterdam ave.	Paints
11	1784 Amsterdam ave.	Barber
12	3106 Broadway	Tailor
13	3089 Broadway	Tailor
14	520 W. 125th st.	Upholsterer

E. D.	Location.	Occupied as
15	North side of W. 124th st., 125 feet west of Amsterdam ave.	Booth
16	416 W. 125th st.	Shoes
17	2317 5th ave.	Shoes
18	301 W. 126th st.	Shoemaker
19	St. Nicholas ave., 126th and 127th sts., main ent. St. Nicholas ave.	P. S. 157
20	St. Nicholas ave., 126th and 127th sts., W. 126th st. ent.	P. S. 157
21	501 W. 125th st.	Tailor
22	3164 Broadway	Livery Stable
23	3155 Broadway	Barber
24	195 Claremont ave.	Restaurant
25	140 Manhattan ave.	Barber
26	52 Lawrence st.	Candy
27	360 W

BOUNDARIES OF ELECTION DISTRICTS IN THE BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN

41st E. D.—W. 53d st., 10th ave., W. 52d st. and 11th ave.

42d E. D.—W. 55th st., 10th ave., W. 53d st., 11th ave., W. 54th st. and Hudson River.

43d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 10th ave. and W. 55th st. to the corner of 9th ave. and W. 54th st., 9th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 9th ave. and W. 53d st. to the corner of 10th ave. and W. 54th st. and 10th ave.

44th E. D.—W. 56th st., 9th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 9th ave. and W. 54th st. to the corner of 10th ave. and W. 55th st. and Hudson River.

46th E. D.—W. 55th st., 8th ave., W. 53d st. and 9th ave.

46th E. D.—W. 56th st., 8th ave., W. 55th st. and 9th ave.

47th E. D.—W. 57th st., 8th ave., W. 56th st. and 9th ave.

48th E. D.—W. 57th st., 9th ave. and a diagonal line from the corner of 9th ave. and W. 56th st. to the corner of 10th ave. and W. 57th st.

49th E. D.—W. 57th st., a diagonal line from the corner of 10th ave. and W. 57th st. to the corner of 9th ave. and W. 56th st. and Hudson River.

50th E. D.—W. 60th st., West End ave., a diagonal line from the corner of West End ave. and W. 59th st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 60th st., Amsterdam ave., 10th ave., W. 57th st. and Hudson River.

51st E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 10th ave. and W. 58th st., to the corner of 9th ave. and W. 57th st., W. 57th st. and 10th ave.

52d E. D.—W. 60th st., Columbus ave., 9th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 9th ave. and W. 57th st. to the corner of 10th ave. and W. 58th st., 10th ave. and Amsterdam ave.

53d E. D.—W. 61st st., Columbus ave., W. 60th st. and Amsterdam ave.

54th E. D.—W. 61st st., Amsterdam ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 60th st. to the corner of West End ave. and W. 61st st., West End ave., Columbus ave. and W. 62d st.

55th E. D.—W. 62d st., Amsterdam ave., W. 61st st., West End ave., W. 60th st. and Hudson River.

56th E. D.—W. 62d st., Columbus ave., W. 61st st. and Amsterdam ave.

57th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 62d st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 63d st., Columbus ave. and W. 62d st.

58th E. D.—W. 63d st., a diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 63d st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 62d st. and Amsterdam ave.

59th E. D.—W. 63d st., Amsterdam ave., W. 62d st. and Hudson River.

Sixth Assembly District.

1st E. D.—E. 4th st., East River, Stanton st., Goerck st., E. Houston st. and Lewis st.

2d E. D.—E. Houston st., Goerck st., Stanton st. and Cannon st.

3d E. D.—Houston st., Cannon st., Stanton st. and Sheriff st.

4th E. D.—E. 4th st., Lewis st., E. Houston st. and Avenue D.

5th E. D.—E. 4th st., Avenue D, E. 3d st. and Avenue C.

6th E. D.—E. 3d st., Avenue D, E. Houston st. and Avenue C.

7th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Avenue B and 2d st. to the corner of Avenue C and 3d st., Avenue C and E. Houston st.

8th E. D.—E. 4th st., Avenue C, a diagonal line from the corner of Avenue C and E. 3d st. to the corner of Avenue B and 2d st., and Avenue B.

9th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Avenue B and E. 6th st. to the corner of Avenue C and E. 5th st., Avenue C, E. 4th st. and Avenue C.

10th E. D.—E. 5th st., East River, E. 4th st. and Avenue C.

11th E. D.—E. 6th st., East River, E. 5th st. and Avenue D.

12th E. D.—E. 6th st., Avenue D, E. 5th st. and Avenue C.

13th E. D.—E. 7th st., Avenue C, a diagonal line from the corner of Avenue C and E. 5th st. to the corner of Avenue B and E. 6th st. and Avenue B.

14th E. D.—E. 7th st., Avenue D, E. 6th st. and Avenue C.

15th E. D.—E. 8th st., Avenue D, E. 7th st. and Avenue C.

16th E. D.—E. 8th st., Avenue C, E. 7th st. and Avenue B.

17th E. D.—E. 10th st., Avenue C. E. 8th st. and Avenue B.

18th E. D.—E. 9th st., Avenue D, E. 10th st., East River, E. 8th st. and Avenue C.

19th E. D.—E. 11th st., Avenue D, E. 9th st. and Avenue C.

20th E. D.—E. 13th st., Avenue C, E. 14th st., East River, E. 10th st., Avenue D, E. 11th st., Avenue C, E. 12th st. and Avenue B.

21st E. D.—E. 14th st., Avenue C, E. 13th st., Avenue B, E. 12th st. and Avenue A.

22d E. D.—E. 15th st., Avenue C, E. 14th st. and 1st ave.

23d E. D.—E. 16th st., East River, E. 14th st., Avenue C, E. 15th st. and Avenue A.

24th E. D.—E. 16th st., Avenue A, E. 17th st. and 2d ave.

25th E. D.—E. 17th st., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 17th st. and Avenue B to the corner of E. 16th st. and Avenue A, E. 16th st. and 1st ave.

26th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Avenue A and E. 16th st. to the corner of Avenue B and E. 17th st., thence a diagonal line from the corner of Avenue B and E. 17th st. to the corner of Avenue C and E. 16th st. and E. 16th st.

27th E. D.—E. 18th st., Avenue C, E. 17th st., East River, E. 16th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Avenue C and E. 16th st. to the corner of Avenue B and E. 17th st., and Avenue B.

Seventh Assembly District.

1st E. D.—W. 59th st., Broadway, 8th ave., W. 58th st. and 9th ave.

2d E. D.—W. 63d st., Central Park West, W. 62d st., Broadway, W. 59th st. and Columbus ave.

3d E. D.—W. 64th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 59th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 63d st. and Central Park West, W. 63d st. and Amsterdam ave.

4th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of West End ave. and W. 62d st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 64th st., Amsterdam ave. and W. 63d st.

5th E. D.—W. 65th st., Amsterdam ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 64th st. to the corner of West End ave. and W. 63d st. and Hudson River.

6th E. D.—W. 65th st., Columbus ave., W. 64th st. and Amsterdam ave.

7th E. D.—W. 65th st., Central Park West, a diagonal line from the corner of Central Park West and W. 64th st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 64th st. and Columbus ave.

8th E. D.—W. 66th st., Central Park West, W. 65th st. and Columbus ave.

9th E. D.—W. 67th st., Broadway, W. 66th st., Columbus ave., W. 65th st. and Amsterdam ave.

10th E. D.—W. 67th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 65th st. and Hudson River.

11th E. D.—W. 68th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 67th st. and Hudson River.

12th E. D.—W. 68th st., Columbus ave., W. 66th st., Broadway, W. 67th st. and Amsterdam ave.

13th E. D.—W. 68th st., Central Park West, W. 67th st. and Columbus ave.

14th E. D.—W. 70th st., Central Park West, W. 68th st. and Columbus ave.

15th E. D.—W. 71st st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 70th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of Central Park West and W. 70th st., W. 70th st., Columbus ave., W. 69th st. and Amsterdam ave.

16th E. D.—W. 72d st., a diagonal line from the corner of West End ave. and W. 69th st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 70th st., Amsterdam ave., and a diagonal line from the corner of West End ave. and W. 68th st. to the corner of West End ave. and W. 69th st.

17th E. D.—W. 70th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 70th st. and 12th ave. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 68th st., W. 68th st. and Hudson River.

18th E. D.—W. 71st st., West End ave., W. 70th st., a diagonal line from the corner of West End ave. and W. 69th st. to the corner of 12th ave. and W. 71st st. to W. 70th st., Amsterdam ave. and Hudson River.

19th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 12th ave. and W. 71st st. to the corner of West End ave. and W. 72d st., W. 72d st., Broadway, W. 70th st., West End ave. and W. 71st st.

20th E. D.—W. 73d st., **Columbus ave., W. 71st st.** and Broadway.

21st E. D.—W. 74th st., Central Park West, a diagonal line from the corner of Central Park West and W. 73d st. to the corner of W. 71st st. and Columbus ave., and Columbus ave.

22d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 76th st. to the corner of Central Park West and W. 77th st., Central Park West, W. 74th st. and Columbus ave.

23d E. D.—W. 75th st., Columbus ave., W. 73d st. and Amsterdam ave.

24th E. D.—W. 75th st., Broadway, W. 74th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 73d st., Broadway, W. 72d st. and West End ave.

25th E. D.—W. 77th st., West End ave., a diagonal line from the corner of West End ave. and W. 72d st. to the corner of 12th ave. and W. 71st st., W. 71st st. and Hudson River.

26th E. D.—W. 76th st., Columbus ave., W. 75th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 74th st., Broadway, W. 73d st. and West End ave.

27th E. D.—W. 77th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Central Park West and W. 77th st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 76th st., W. 76th st. and Broadway.

28th E. D.—W. 78th st., Columbus ave., W. 77th st. and Broadway.

29th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 79th st. and Amsterdam ave. to the corner of W. 86th st. and Columbus ave., Columbus ave., W. 81st st., Central Park West, W. 77th st., Columbus ave., W. 78th st. and Amsterdam ave.

30th E. D.—W. 79th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 78th st., Broadway, W. 76th st. and West End ave.

31st E. D.—W. 80th st., West End ave., W. 77th st. and Hudson River.

32d E. D.—W. 83d st., West End ave., W. 80th st. and Hudson River.

33d E. D.—W. 81st st., Broadway, a diagonal line from the corner of Broadway and W. 81st st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 80th st., W. 80th st., Broadway, W. 79th st. and West End ave.

34th E. D.—W. 86th st., Central Park West, W. 81st st., Columbus ave., W. 79th st. and Amsterdam ave.

35th E. D.—W. 86th st., Central Park West, a diagonal line from the corner of Central Park West and W. 85th st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 86th st., Columbus ave., W. 85th st. and Amsterdam ave.

36th E. D.—W. 82d st., Columbus ave., W. 81st st. and Amsterdam ave.

37th E. D.—W. 82d st., Amsterdam ave., W. 81st st. and Broadway.

38th E. D.—W. 83d st., Columbus ave., W. 82d st. and Amsterdam ave.

39th E. D.—W. 84th st., Columbus ave., W. 83d st. and Amsterdam ave.

40th E. D.—W. 85th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 83d st. and Broadway.

41st E. D.—W. 86th st., Columbus ave., W. 84th st. and Amsterdam ave.

42d E. D.—W. 86th st., Columbus ave., W. 85th st. and Broadway.

43d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 88th st. and Amsterdam ave. to the corner of W. 87th st. and Columbus ave., Columbus ave., W. 86th st. and Amsterdam ave.

44th E. D.—W. 89th st., Columbus ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 87th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 88th st. and Amsterdam ave., and Amsterdam ave.

45th E. D.—W. 90th st., Columbus ave., W. 86th st. and Amsterdam ave.

46th E. D.—W. 90th st., Amsterdam ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 87th st. to the corner of Broadway and W. 88th st. and Broadway.

47th E. D.—W. 88th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 88th st. and Broadway to the corner of W. 87th st. and Amsterdam ave., and W. 87th st. and Hudson River.

48th E. D.—W. 87th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 86th st. and Hudson River.

49th E. D.—W. 85th st., Broadway, W. 86th st. and Hudson River.

50th E. D.—W. 85th st., Broadway, W. 84th st. and Hudson River.

51st E. D.—W. 84th st., Broadway, W. 83d st. and Hudson River.

Eighth Assembly District.

1st E. D.—E. Houston st., Suffolk st., Stanton st. and Ludlow st.

2d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Avenue A and 2d st. to the corner of Avenue B and E. 3d st., Avenue B, E. Houston st. and Avenue A.

3d E. D.—2d st., Avenue A, E. Houston st. and 1st ave.

4th E. D.—2d st., 1st ave., E. Houston st. and 2d ave.

5th E. D.—E. 3d st., Avenue A, 2d st. and 2d ave.

6th E. D.—E. 4th st., Avenue A, E. 3d st. and 2d ave.

7th E. D.—E. 4th st., Avenue B, a diagonal line from the corner of Avenue B and E. 3d st. to the corner of Avenue A and 2d st., and Avenue A.

8th E. D.—6th st., Avenue B, E. 4th st. and Avenue A.

9th E. D.—6th st., Avenue A, E. 4th st. and 2d ave.

10th E. D.—6th st., Avenue A, 5th st. and 2d ave.

11th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 1st ave. and E. 8th st. to the corner of Avenue A and 7th st., Avenue A, 6th st. and 1st ave.

12th E. D.—7th st., 1st ave., 6th st. and a diagonal line from the corner of 6th st. and 2d ave. to the corner of 7th st. and Hall st.

13th E. D.—7th st., a diagonal line from the corner of 7th st. and Hall st. to the corner of 6th st. and 2d ave., 2d ave., 5th st. and Cooper square.

14th E. D.—Astor pl., Cooper square, 5th st., 2d ave., E. 4th st. and Lafayette st.

15th E. D.—Astor pl., Lafayette st., E. 4th st. and Broadway.

16th E. D.—E. 9th st., 2d ave., 7th st., Cooper square and 4th ave.

17th E. D.—St. Marks pl., 1st ave., 7th st. and 2d ave.

18th E. D.—E. 10th st., 1st ave., St. Marks pl. and 2d ave.

19th E. D.—E. 9th st., Avenue A, a diagonal line from the corner of Avenue A and 9th st. to the corner of 1st ave. and E. 8th st. and 1st ave.

20th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 1st ave. and E. 9th st. to the corner of Avenue A and 7th st., Avenue A, 6th st. and 1st ave.

21st E. D.—E. 12th st., Avenue C, E. 10th st., Avenue B, E. 11th st. and Avenue A.

22d E. D.—E. 12th st., Avenue C, E. 11th st., Avenue B, E. 10th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Avenue A and E. 10th st. to the corner of 1st ave. and E. 9th st. and 1st ave.

23d E. D.—E. 13th st., 1st ave., E. 10th st. and 2d ave.

24th E. D.—E. 10th st., 3d ave., E. 11th st., 2d ave., E. 9th st. and 4th ave.

25th E. D.—E. 12th st., 2d ave., E. 11th st., 3d ave., E. 10th st. and 4th ave.

26th E. D.—E. 14th st., 2d ave., E. 12th st. and 4th ave.

27th E. D.—E. 14th st., Avenue A, E. 12th st., 1st ave., E. 13th st. and 2d ave.

28th E. D.—E. 15th st., 1st ave., E. 14th st. and 2d ave.

29th E. D.—East 16th st., 2d ave., E. 14th st., Irving pl., E. 15th st. and 3d ave.

Ninth Assembly District.

1st E. D.—W. 82d st., Central Park West, W. 81st st. and Columbus ave.

2d E. D.—W. 83d st., Central Park West, W. 82d st. and Columbus ave.

3d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 84th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 85th st. and Central Park West, W. 83d st. and Columbus ave.

4th E. D.—W. 86th st., Central Park West, a diagonal line from the corner of Central Park West and W. 85th st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 86th st., Columbus ave., W. 85th st. and Amsterdam ave.

5th E. D.—W. 88th st., Central Park West, W. 86th st. and Columbus ave.

6th E. D.—W. 90th st., Central Park West, W. 88th st. and Columbus ave.

7th E. D.—W. 91st st., Central Park West, W. 90th st. and Columbus ave.

8th E. D.—W. 92d st., Central Park West, W. 91st st. and Columbus ave.

9th E. D.—W. 93d st., Central Park West, W. 92d st. and Columbus ave.

10th E. D.—W. 94th st., Central Park West, W. 93d st. and Columbus ave.

11th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 95th st. to the corner of W. 96th st. and Central Park West, Central Park West, W. 94th st. and Columbus ave.

12th E. D.—W. 95th st., Columbus ave., W. 94th st. and Amsterdam ave.

13th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 95th st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 96th st., W. 96th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 96th st. and Central Park West to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 95th st. and Columbus ave.

14th E. D.—W. 96th st., a diagonal line running from the corner of W. 96th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 95th st. and Amsterdam ave., and Amsterdam ave.

15th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Broadway and W. 97th st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 96th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 94th st. and Broadway.

16th E. D.—W. 97th st., Columbus ave., W. 95th st. and Amsterdam ave.

17th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 97th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 96th st. and Amsterdam ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 96th st. and Amsterdam ave. to the corner of W. 97th st. and Broadway, and Broadway.

18th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 96th st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 97th st.; thence a diagonal line from the corner of W. 97th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of Central Park West and W. 96th st. and W. 96th st.

19th E. D.—W. 98th st., Columbus ave., W. 97th st. and Amsterdam ave.

20th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 99th st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 98th st., W. 98th st. and Broadway.

21st E. D.—W. 100th st., Columbus ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 98th st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 99th st. and Amsterdam ave.

22d E. D.—W. 99th st., Central Park West, W. 98th st. and Columbus ave.

23d E. D.—W. 100th st., Central Park West, W. 99th st. and Columbus ave.

24th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 102d st. to the corner of Central Park West and W. 102d st., Central Park West, 100th st. and Manhattan ave.

25th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 103d st. to the corner of Central Park West and W. 102d st.; thence a diagonal line from the corner of Central Park West and W. 102d st. to the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 101st st., and Manhattan ave.

26th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 103d st. to the corner of Central Park West and W. 104th st., Central Park West, and a diagonal line from the corner of Central Park West and W. 104th st. to the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 103d st.

27th E. D.—W. 104th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Central Park West and W. 104th st. to the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 103d st., W. 103d st. and Columbus ave.

28th E. D.—W. 103d st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 103d st. and Manhattan ave. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 102d st., and a diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 102d st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 103d st.

29th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 103d st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 102d st., W. 102d st. and Amsterdam ave.

30th E. D.—W. 102d st., Columbus ave., W. 101st st. and Amsterdam ave.

31st E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 102d st. to the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 103d st., Manhattan ave., W. 101st st. and Columbus ave.

32d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 100th st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 101st st., W. 101st st., Manhattan ave. and W. 100th st.

33d E. D.—W. 101st st., a diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 101st st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 100th st. and Amsterdam ave.

34th E. D.—W. 101st st., Amsterdam ave., W. 100th st. and Hudson River.

35th E. D.—W. 100th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 98th st. and Broadway.

36th E. D.—W. 99th st., West End ave., W. 100th st., Broadway, W. 98th st. and a diagonal line from the corner of W. 98th st. and West End ave. to the corner of W. 99th st. and Riverside Drive.

37th E. D.—W. 100th st., West End ave., W. 99th st. and Hudson River.

Tenth Assembly District.

1st E. D.—Christopher st., 6th ave. and W. Washington pl.

2d E. D.—W. 10th st., Greenwich st., Christopher st. and Bleecker st.

3d E. D.—W. 11th st., 6th ave., Greenwich ave., W. 10th st., Waverly pl., Charles st. and Greenwich ave.

4th E. D.—Perry st., Waverly pl., W. 10th st. and W. 4th st.

5th E. D.—W. 4th st., W. 10th st., Bleecker st., and a diagonal line from the corner of Bleecker st. and Charles st. to the corner of W. 4th st. and Perry st.

6th E. D.—W. 11th st., W. 4th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 4th st. and Perry st. to the corner of Bleecker st. and Charles st., and Bleecker st.

7th E. D.—Greenwich ave., Charles st., Waverly pl., Perry st., W. 4th st., W. 11th st., Waverly pl. and Bank st.

8th E. D.—Greenwich ave., Bank st., Waverly pl., W. 11th st., W. 4th st. and a diagonal line from the corner of Bank st. and W. 4th st. to the corner of Greenwich ave. and W. 12th st.

9th E. D.—W. 12th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 12th st. and Greenwich ave. to the corner of Bank st. and W. 4th st., Bank st., Abingdon sq. and 8th ave.

10th E. D.—Greenwich ave., W. 12th st. and 8th ave.

11th E. D.—W. 14th st., 7th ave., W. 13th st., Greenwich ave. and 8th ave.

12th E. D.—W. 13th st., 7th ave., W. 14th st., 6th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 6th ave. and W. 13th st. to the corner of 7th ave. and W. 12th st., W. 12th st. and Greenwich ave.

13th E. D.—W. 12th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 12th st. and 7th ave. to the corner of 6th ave. and W. 13th st., 6th ave., W. 11th st. and Greenwich ave.

14th E. D.—W. 14th st., 5th ave., W. 11th st. and 6th ave.

15th E. D.—W. 11th st., 5th ave., W. 9th st. and 6th ave.

16th E. D.—W. 9th st., 5th ave., W. 8th st., Macdougal st., Waverly pl. and 6th ave.

17th E. D.—Waverly pl., Washington Square West, Macdougal st., W. 8d st. and 6th ave.

18th E. D.—W. 8th st., E. 8th st., Lafayette st., Astor pl., Broadway, W. 3d st., Macdougal st., Washington Square west and Macdougal st.

19th E. D.—E. 14th st., 4th ave., E. 8th st. and 5th ave.

20th E. D.—E. 18th st., 3d ave., E. 15th st. and Irving pl.

21st E. D.—E. 20th st., 3d ave., E. 18th st., and Irving pl.

22d E. D.—E. 22d st., 3d ave., E. 20th st., a line through Gramercy Park from the corner of E. 21st st. and Lexington ave. to the corner of E. 20th st. and Irving pl. to the corner of E. 14th st., Union Square East and 4th ave.

24th E. D.—E. 30th st., Lexington ave., E. 23d st. and 4th ave.

25th E. D.—W. 27th st., 4th ave., Union Square, E. 14th st. and 5th ave.

26th E. D.—W. 16th st., 6th ave., W. 17th st., 5th ave., W. 14th st. and 4th ave.

27th E. D.—W. 19th st., 6th ave., W. 17th st., 5th ave., W. 17th st. 6th ave., W. 16th st. and 7th ave.

28th E. D.—W. 26th st., 6th ave., W. 25th st., 5th ave., W. 20th st., 6th ave., W. 19th st. and 7th ave.

29th E. D.—W. 30th st., 6th ave., W. 31st st., 5th ave., W. 25th st., 6th ave., W. 26th st. and 7th ave.

34th E. D.—W. 36th st., 6th ave., W. 35th st., 5th ave., W. 31st st., 6th ave., W. 30th st. and 7th ave.

31st E. D.—E. 25th st., Park ave., 4th ave., E. 20th st. and 5th ave.

32d E. D.—E. 35th st., Lexington ave., E. 30th st., 4th ave. and Park ave.

33d E. D.—E. 37th st., 3d ave., E. 34th st. and Lexington ave.

34th E. D.—E. 40th st., 3d ave., E. 37th st., and Lexington ave.

35th E. D.—E. 39th st., **Lexington ave., E. 35th st.**, 3d ave., Park ave.

36th E. D.—E. 42d st., **Park ave., E. 35th st.** and 5th ave.

37th E. D.—W. 42d st., 5th ave., W. 35th st. and 6th ave.

38th E. D.—W. 41st st., 6th ave., W. 36th st. and 7th ave.

39th E. D.—W. 36th st., 7th ave., W. 37th st. and 8th ave.

40th E. D.—W. 40th st., 7th ave., W. 38th st. and 8th ave.

41st E. D.—W. 43d st., 7th ave., W. 40th st. and 8th ave.

42d E. D.—W. 47th st., 6th ave., W. 41st st., 7th ave. and Broadway.

43d E. D.—W. 46th st., 5th ave., E. 47th st., Madison ave., E. 42d st. and Park ave., E. 42d st. and 6th ave.

44th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 6th ave. and W. 50th st. to the corner of 5th ave. and W. 49th st., 5th ave., W. 46th st. and 6th ave.

45th E. D.—W. 53d st., 5th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 5th ave. and W. 49th st. to the corner of 6th ave. and W. 50th st. and 6th ave.

46th E. D.—W. 52d st., 6th ave., W. 47th st. and 7th ave.

47th E. D.—W. 48th st., 7th ave., Broadway, W. 44th st. and 8th ave.

48th E. D.—W. 51st st., 7th ave., W. 48th st. and 8th ave.

49th E. D.—W. 54th st., 7th ave., W. 51st st. and 8th ave.

50th E. D.—W. 55th st., 7th ave., W. 54th st. and 8th ave.

Eleventh Assembly District.

1st E. D.—W. 104th st., West End ave., W. 101st st. and Hudson River.

2d E. D.—W. 104th st., Broadway, W. 101st st. and West End ave.

3d E. D.—W. 104th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 101st st. and Broadway.

4th E. D.—W. 105th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 104th st. and Hudson River.

5th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 105th st. and Amsterdam ave. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 104th st., Columbus ave., W. 103d st. and Amsterdam ave.

6th E. D.—W. 105th st., Manhattan ave., W. 104th st. and a diagonal line from the corner of W. 104th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 105th st. and Amsterdam ave.

7th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 105th st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 106th st., W. 106th st., Manhattan ave. and W. 105th st.

8th E. D.—W. 107th st., Central Park West, W. 104th st. and Manhattan ave.

9th E. D.—W. 108th st., Manhattan ave., W. 106th st. and Columbus ave.

10th E. D.—W. 107th st., Columbus ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 106th st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 105th st. and Amsterdam ave.

11th E. D.—W. 106th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 105th st. and West End ave.

12th E. D.—W. 107th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 106th st. and West End ave.

13th E. D.—W. 108th st., Columbus ave., W. 107th st. and Broadway.

14th E. D.—W. 109th st., Broadway, West End ave. and Hudson River.

15th E. D.—W. 109th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 109th st. and Amsterdam ave. to the corner of W. 108th st. and Columbus ave., W. 108th st. and Broadway.

16th E. D.—W. 110th st., Manhattan ave., W. 109th st. and Hudson River.

17th E. D.—W. 110th st., Columbus ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 108th st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 109th st. and Amsterdam ave.

18th E. D.—W. 110th st., Manhattan ave., W. 108th st. and Columbus ave.

19th E. D.—W. 110th st., Central Park West, W. 107th st. and Manhattan ave.

20th E. D.—W. 111th st., 7th ave., W. 110th st. and Manhattan ave.

21st E. D.—W. 113th st., Manhattan ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 111th st. to the corner of 8th ave. and W. 113th st., 8th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 111th st. to the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 111th st., Manhattan ave., W. 110th st. and Morningside dr.

22d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 111th st. to the corner of 8th ave. and W. 112th st., a diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 113th st. to the corner of 7th ave. and W. 111th st. and 7th ave.

23d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 111th st. to the corner of 7th ave. and W. 113th st., a diagonal line from the corner of 7th ave. and W. 111th st. to the corner of 8th ave. and W. 112th st. and 8th ave.

24th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 112th st. to the corner of 7th ave. and W. 113th st., a diagonal line from the corner of 7th ave. and W. 111th st. to the corner of 8th ave. and W. 113th st. and 8th ave.

25th E. D.—W. 114th st., 7th ave., 8th st., Macdougal st., Waverly pl. and 6th ave.

26th E. D.—W. 115th st., 7th ave., W. 114th st. and 8th ave.

27th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 116th st. and Manhattan ave. to the corner of W. 115th st. and 8th ave., 8th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 113th st. to the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 114th st., and Manhattan ave.

28th E. D.—W. 116th st., 7th ave., W. 115th st., and a diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 115th st. to the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 116th st.

29th E. D.—W. 117th st., 7th ave., W. 116th st. and Manhattan ave.

30th E. D.—W. 118th st., 7th ave., W. 117th st. and 8th ave.

31st E. D.—W. 119th st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 118th st. and a diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 118th st. to the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 119th st.

32d E. D.—W. 120th st., 7th ave., W. 119th st. and Manhattan ave. to the corner of W. 119th st. and 8th ave., 8th ave. and W. 119th st.

33d E. D.—W. 119th st., Manhattan ave., W. 118th st. and Morningside Park East.

34th E. D.—W. 118th st., Manhattan ave., W. 117th st. and Morningside Park East.

35th E. D.—W. 117th st., Manhattan ave., W. 116th st. and Morningside Park East.

36th E. D.—W. 116th st., Manhattan ave. and Morningside ave.

37th E. D.—W. 110th st., Morningside ave., W. 115th st. and Amsterdam ave.

38th E. D.—W. 115th st., Morningside ave., W. 113th st. and Amsterdam ave.

39th E. D.—W. 113th st., Morningside dr., W. 110th st. and Broadway.

40th E. D.—W. 113th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 113th st. and Riverside dr. to the corner of W. 112th st. and Broadway, Broadway, W. 110th st. and Hudson River.

41st E. D.—W. 112th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 111th st. and Broadway.

42d E. D.—W. 113th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 113th st. and Broadway.

43d E. D.—W. 114th st., Broadway, a diagonal line from the corner of Broadway and W. 112th st. to the corner of Riverside dr. and W. 113th st., W. 113th st. and Hudson River.

44th E. D.—W. 114th st., Broadway, a diagonal line from the corner of Broadway and W. 112th st. to the corner of Riverside dr. and W. 113th st., W. 113th st. and Hudson River.

45th E. D.—W. 115th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 115th st. and Riverside dr. to the corner of W. 116th st. and Broadway to the corner of W. 115th st. and Hudson River.

Twelfth Assembly District.

1st E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 3d ave. and E. 20th st. to the corner of 2d ave. and E. 19th st., 2d ave., E. 16th st. and 3d ave.

2d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 2d ave. and E. 18th st. to the corner of 1st ave. and E. 17th st., 1st ave., E. 16th st. and 2d ave.

3d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 2d ave. and E. 18th st. to the corner of 1st ave. and E. 19th st., 1st ave., and a diagonal line running from the corner of 1st ave. and E. 19th st. to the corner of 2d ave. and E. 18th st.

4th E. D.—E. 19th st., Avenue A, E. 17th st. and 1st ave.

5th E. D.—E. 22d st., East River, E. 18th st., Avenue B, E. 17th st., Avenue A, E. 19th st. and 1st ave.

6th E. D.—E. 20th st., 1st ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 1st ave. and E. 19th st. to the corner of 2d ave. and E. 18th st., and 2d ave.

7th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 2d ave. and E. 23d st. to the corner of 1st ave. and E. 22d st., 1st ave., E. 20th st. and 2d ave.

8th E. D.—E. 21st st., 2d ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 2d ave. and E. 19th st. to the corner of 3d ave. and E. 20th st. and 3d ave.

9th E. D.—E. 23d st., 2d ave., E. 21st st. and 3d ave.

10th E. D.—E. 23d st., 3d ave., E. 22d st., and Lexington ave.

11th E. D.—E. 28th st., 3d ave., E. 23d st. and Lexington ave.

12th E. D.—E. 25th st., a diagonal line from the corner of 1st ave. and E. 25th st. to the corner of 2d ave. and E. 24th st., 2d ave., E. 23d st. and 3d ave.

13th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 119th st. and Manhattan ave. to the corner of W. 118th st. and 8th ave., 8th ave., W. 117th st. and Manhattan ave.

30th E. D.—W. 118th st., 7th ave., W. 117th st. and 8th ave.

31st E. D.—W. 119th st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 118th st. and a diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 118th st. to the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 119th st.

32d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 119th st. and Manhattan ave. to the corner of W. 118th st. and 8th ave., 8th ave., W. 117th st. and Manhattan ave.

33d E. D.—W. 119th st., Manhattan ave., W. 118th st. and Morningside Park East.

34th E. D.—W. 118th st., Manhattan ave., W. 117th st. and Morningside Park East.

35th E. D.—W. 117th st., Manhattan ave., W. 116th st. and Morningside Park East.

36th E. D.—W. 116th st., Manhattan ave. and Morningside ave.

37th E. D.—W. 110th st., Morningside ave., W. 115th st. and Amsterdam ave.

38th E. D.—W. 115th

ELECTION DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

of W. 122d st. and Morningside Avenue East to the corner of W. 121st st. and Manhattan ave., Manhattan ave., W. 119th st. and Morningside Avenue East.

12th E. D.—W. 124th st., Hancock pl., Manhattan ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 121st st. and Manhattan ave. to the corner of W. 122d st. and Morningside Avenue East, and Morningside Avenue East.

13th E. D.—W. 123d st., 5th ave., W. 121st st. and Manhattan ave.

14th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 122d st. to the corner of 7th ave. and W. 121st st.; thence a diagonal line from the corner of 7th ave. and W. 121st st. to the corner of St. Nicholas ave. and W. 120th st., W. 120th st. and 8th ave.

15th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of St. Nicholas ave. and W. 120th st. to the corner of 7th ave. and W. 121st st., W. 121st st., Lenox ave. and W. 120th st.

16th E. D.—W. 122d st., a diagonal line from the corner of 7th ave. and W. 122d st. to the corner of Lenox ave. and W. 121st st., W. 121st st. and a diagonal line from the corner of 7th ave. and W. 121st st. to the corner of 8th ave. and W. 122d st.

17th E. D.—W. 123d st., Lenox ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 121st st. and Lenox ave. to the corner of W. 122d st. and 7th ave., and 7th ave.

18th E. D.—W. 125d st., 7th ave., W. 122d st. and 8th ave.

19th E. D.—W. 125th st., Lenox ave., W. 123d st. and 7th ave.

20th E. D.—W. 125th st., 5th ave., W. 124th st., Mt. Morris ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 122d st. and Mt. Morris ave. to the corner of W. 125d st. and Lenox ave., and Lenox ave.

22d E. D.—W. 126th st., 5th ave., W. 125th st. and Lenox ave.

23d E. D.—W. 127th st., 5th ave., W. 126th st. and Lenox ave.

24th E. D.—W. 127th st., Lenox ave., W. 125th st. and 7th ave.

25th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 125th st. and 5th ave. to the corner of W. 127th st. and 7th ave., 7th ave., W. 125th st. and 8th ave.

26th E. D.—W. 128th st., a diagonal line from the corner of 5th ave. and W. 128th st. to the corner of Lenox ave. and W. 127th st., W. 127th st., 7th ave. and W. 128th st.

27th E. D.—W. 128th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Lenox ave. and W. 128th st. to the corner of 5th ave. and W. 127th st., W. 127th st., and a diagonal line from the corner of W. 127th st. and Lenox ave. to the corner of 7th ave. and W. 128th st.

28th E. D.—W. 128th st., 5th ave., and a diagonal line from the corner of 5th ave. and W. 127th st. to the corner of Lenox ave. and W. 128th st.

29th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 7th ave. and W. 128th st. to the corner of Lenox ave. and W. 129th st.; thence a diagonal line from the corner of Lenox ave. and W. 129th st. to the corner of 5th ave. and W. 128th st., and W. 128th st.

30th E. D.—W. 129th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 129th st. and Lenox ave. to the corner of W. 128th st. and 7th ave., and 7th ave.

31st E. D.—W. 130th st., Lenox ave., W. 129th st. and 7th ave.

32d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 131st st. and 7th ave. to the corner of W. 132d st. and Lenox ave., Lenox ave., W. 130th st. and 7th ave.

33d E. D.—W. 133d st., Lenox ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 132d st. and Lenox ave. to the corner of W. 131st st. and 7th ave., and 7th ave.

34th E. D.—W. 134th st., Lenox ave., W. 133d st. and 7th ave.

35th E. D.—W. 135th st., Lenox ave., W. 134th st. and 7th ave.

36th E. D.—W. 136th st., Lenox ave., W. 135th st. and 7th ave.

37th E. D.—W. 135th st., 5th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 136th st. and 5th ave. to the corner of W. 135th st. and Lenox ave., and Lenox ave.

38th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 135th st. and Lenox ave. to the corner of W. 136th st. and 5th ave., 5th ave. and 135th st.

39th E. D.—W. 135th st., 5th ave., W. 134th st. and Lenox ave.

40th E. D.—W. 134th st., 5th ave., W. 133d st. and Lenox ave.

41st E. D.—W. 133d st., 5th ave., W. 132d st. and Lenox ave.

42d E. D.—W. 132d st., 5th ave., W. 131st st. and Lenox ave.

43d E. D.—W. 131st st., 5th ave., W. 130th st. and Lenox ave.

44th E. D.—W. 130th st., 5th ave., W. 129th st. and Lenox ave.

45th E. D.—W. 129th st., 5th ave., and a diagonal line from the corner of W. 128th st. and 5th ave. to the corner of W. 129th st. and Lenox ave.

46th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of E. 130th st. and 5th ave. to the corner of E. 129th st. and Madison ave., Madison ave., E. 129th st. and 5th ave.

47th E. D.—E. 129th st., Madison ave., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 129th st. and Madison ave. to the corner of E. 130th st. and 5th ave., and 5th ave.

48th E. D.—E. 130th st., Madison ave., E. 131st st. and 5th ave.

49th E. D.—E. 131st st., Madison ave., E. 132d st. and 5th ave.

Twentieth Assembly District.

1st E. D.—E. 115th st., 8d ave., E. 117th st. and Park ave.

2d E. D.—E. 119th st., 3d ave., E. 118th st. and Park ave.

3d E. D.—E. 120th st., 2d ave., E. 118th st., 8d ave., E. 119th st. and Lexington ave.

4th E. D.—E. 119th st., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 118th st. and 1st ave. to the corner of E. 116th st. and Pleasant ave., Pleasant ave., E. 117th st. and 2d ave.

5th E. D.—E. 117th st., Pleasant ave., E. 116th st., 1st ave., E. 115th st. and 1d ave.

6th E. D.—E. 116th st., Pleasant ave., E. 117th st., Harlem River, E. 118th st. and 1st ave., including Randalls Island and Sunken Meadow

7th E. D.—E. 123d st., Harlem River, E. 117th st. and Pleasant ave.

8th E. D.—E. 116th st., Pleasant ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Pleasant ave. and E. 115th st. to the corner of 1st ave. and E. 119th st., E. 119th st. and 1d ave.

9th E. D.—E. 121st st., 1st ave., E. 120th st. and 2d ave.

10th E. D.—E. 122d st., a diagonal line from the corner of 3d ave. and E. 122d st. to the corner of 2d ave. and E. 121st st., E. 121st st., 3d ave., E. 120th st. and Lexington ave.

11th E. D.—E. 121st st., Lexington ave., E. 119th st. and Park ave.

12th D.—E. 122d st., Park ave., E. 120th st. and Madison ave.

13th E. D.—E. 123d st., Lexington ave., E. 121st st. and Park ave.

14th E. D.—E. 124th st., Park ave., E. 122d st. and Madison ave.

15th E. D.—E. 120th st., Lexington ave., E. 123d st. and Park ave.

16th E. D.—E. 119th st., 8d ave., E. 122d st. and Lexington ave

17th E. D.—E. 123d st., 2d ave., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 121st st. and 2d ave. to the corner of E. 122d st. and 3d ave., and 3d ave.

18th E. D.—E. 122d st., Pleasant ave., E. 120th st., 1st ave., E. 121st st. and 2d ave.

19th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 2d ave. and E. 122d st. to the corner of 1st ave. and E. 123d st., E. 123d st., Pleasant ave. and E. 122d st.

20th E. D.—E. 124th st., Harlem River, E. 123d st., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 123d st. and 2d ave. to the corner of E. 124d st. and 2d ave., and 2d ave.

84th E. D.—W. 134th st., Lenox ave., W. 133d st. and 7th ave.

85th E. D.—W. 135th st., Lenox ave., W. 134th st. and 7th ave.

86th E. D.—W. 136th st., Lenox ave., W. 135th st. and 7th ave.

87th E. D.—W. 135th st., 5th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 136th st. and 5th ave. to the corner of W. 135th st. and Lenox ave., and Lenox ave.

88th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 135th st. and Lenox ave. to the corner of W. 136th st. and 5th ave., 5th ave. and 135th st.

89th E. D.—W. 135th st., 5th ave., W. 134th st. and Lenox ave.

40th E. D.—W. 134th st., 5th ave., W. 133d st. and Lenox ave.

41st E. D.—W. 133d st., 5th ave., W. 132d st. and Lenox ave.

42d E. D.—W. 132d st., 5th ave., W. 131st st. and Lenox ave.

43d E. D.—W. 131st st., 5th ave., W. 130th st. and Lenox ave.

44th E. D.—W. 130th st., 5th ave., W. 129th st. and Lenox ave.

45th E. D.—W. 129th st., 5th ave., and a diagonal line from the corner of W. 128th st. and 5th ave. to the corner of W. 129th st. and Lenox ave.

46th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of E. 130th st. and 5th ave. to the corner of E. 129th st. and Madison ave., Madison ave., E. 129th st. and 5th ave.

47th E. D.—E. 129th st., Madison ave., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 129th st. and Madison ave. to the corner of E. 130th st. and 5th ave., and 5th ave.

48th E. D.—E. 130th st., Madison ave., E. 131st st. and 5th ave.

49th E. D.—E. 131st st., Madison ave., E. 132d st. and 5th ave.

Twenty-first Assembly District.

1st E. D.—W. 137th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Riverside Drive and W. 137th st. to the corner of Broadway and W. 136th st., W. 136th st. and Hudson River.

2d E. D.—W. 137th st., Broadway and a diagonal line from the corner of Broadway and W. 136th st. to the corner of Riverside Drive and W. 137th st.

3d E. D.—W. 138th st., Broadway, W. 137th st. and Hudson River.

4th E. D.—W. 139th st., Broadway, W. 138th st. and Hudson River.

5th E. D.—W. 140th st., Broadway, W. 139th st. and Hudson River.

6th E. D.—W. 141st st., Broadway, W. 140th st. and Hudson River.

7th D.—W. 142d st., Broadway, W. 141st st. and Hudson River.

8th E. D.—W. 144th st., Broadway, W. 142d st. and Hudson River.

9th D.—W. 141th st., Hamilton pl., and a diagonal line from the corner of Hamilton pl. and W. 143d st. to the corner of Broadway and W. 144th st.

10th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 144th st. and Broadway to the corner of Hamilton pl. and W. 143d st., W. 143d st. and Broadway.

11th E. D.—W. 143d st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 143d st. and Hamilton pl. to the corner of W. 142d st. and Broadway, and Broadway.

12th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 142d st. and Broadway to the corner of W. 143d st. and Hamilton pl., Hamilton pl. and W. 142d st.

13th E. D.—W. 142d st., Amsterdam ave., W. 141st st. and Broadway.

14th E. D.—W. 142d st., Convent ave., W. 144th st., Hamilton Terrace, W. 141st st., Convent ave., W. 140th st. and Amsterdam ave.

15th E. D.—W. 141st st., Amsterdam ave., W. 140th st. and Broadway.

16th E. D.—W. 140th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 139th st. and Broadway.

17th E. D.—W. 139th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 140th st., Convent ave., W. 141st st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 136th st. and Broadway.

18th E. D.—W. 141st st., Edgecombe ave., W. 140th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 140th st. and 8th ave. to the corner of W. 139th st. and Edgecombe ave., Edgecombe ave. and St. Nicholas ave.

19th E. D.—W. 141st st., a diagonal line from the corner of 7th ave. and W. 141st st. to the corner of 8th ave. and W. 140th st., W. 140th st. and Edgecombe ave.

20th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 140th st. to the corner of 7th ave. and W. 141st st., 7th ave. and W. 140th st.

21st E. D.—W. 140th st., 7th ave., and a diagonal line from the corner of W. 139th st. and 7th ave. to the corner of W. 140th st. and 8th ave.

22d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 140th st. and 8th ave. to the corner of W. 139th st. and 7th ave., 7th ave., W. 137th st. and 8th ave.

23d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 139th st. and Edgecombe ave. to the corner of W. 140th st. and 8th ave., 8th ave., W. 137th st. and Edgecombe ave.

24th E. D.—W. 137th st., 7th ave., W. 136th st. and 7th ave.

25th E. D.—W. 138th st., Lenox ave., W. 136th st. and 7th ave.

26th E. D.—W. 140th st., Lenox ave., W. 138th st. and 7th ave.

27th E. D.—W. 140th st., 5th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 138th st. and 5th ave. to the corner of W. 139th st. and Lenox ave., and Lenox ave.

28th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 138th st. and Lenox ave. to the corner of W. 139th st. and 5th ave., 5th ave., W. 137th st. and Lenox ave.

29th E. D.—Harlem River, E. 134th st., Madison ave., E. 137th st. and 5th ave.

30th E. D.—W. 141st st., 5th ave., W. 140th st. and 7th ave.

31st E. D.—W. 142d st., 7th ave., W. 141st st. and 8th ave.

32d E. D.—W. 142d st., 7th ave., W. 141st st. and 8th ave.

33d E. D.—W. 143d st., Seventh ave., W. 142d st. and 8th ave.

34th E. D.—W. 143d st., Lenox ave., W. 142d st. and 7th ave.

35th E. D.—W. 144th st., Harlem River, W. 143d st., 142d st., Lenox ave., W. 142d st. and 7th ave.

36th E. D.—W. 144th st., 7th ave., W. 143d st. and 8th ave.

37th E. D.—W. 145th st., 8th ave., W. 142d st. and Bradhurst ave.

38th E. D.—W. 142d st., 8th ave., W. 141st st. and Bradhurst ave.

39th E. D.—W. 145th st., Bradhurst ave., W. 141st st. and a diagonal line from the corner of St. Nicholas ave. and W. 141st st. to the corner of Edgecombe ave. and W. 140th st., and St. Nicholas ave.

40th E. D.—W. 145th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 143th st. and Edgecombe ave. to the corner of W. 141st st. and St. Nicholas ave., and St. Nicholas ave.

41st E. D.—W. 140th st., St. Nicholas ave., Hamilton Terrace, W. 141st st., Convent ave., W. 140th st. and Amsterdam ave.

42d E. D.—W. 162d st., Harlem River, 8th ave., W. 152d st., Bradhurst ave., W. 155th st. and Speedway.

43d E. D.—Harlem River, W. 153d st. and 8th ave.

44th E. D.—W. 153d st., Harlem River, W. 151st st., Macombs pl. and 8th ave.

45th E. D.—W. 152d st., 8th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 150th st. and 8th ave. to the corner of W. 151st st. and Bradhurst ave., and Bradhurst ave.

46th E. D.—W. 155th st., Bradhurst ave., W. 145th st. and Edgecombe ave.

47th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 151st st. and Bradhurst ave. to the corner of W. 150th st. and 8th ave., 8th ave., W. 148th st. and Bradhurst ave.

48th E. D.—W. 151st st., Harlem River, W. 149th st., 8th ave. and Macombs pl.

49th E. D.—W. 149th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 149th st. and 7th ave. to the corner of W. 148th st. and 8th ave., and 8th ave.

50th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 148th st. to the corner of 7th ave. and W. 149th st., W. 149th st., Harlem River and W. 148th st.

51st E. D.—W. 148th st., Harlem River, W. 147th st. and 8th ave.

52d E. D.—W. 148th st., 8th ave., W. 145th st. and Bradhurst ave.

53d E. D.—W. 147th st., Harlem River, W. 146th st. and 8th ave.

54th E. D.—W. 146th st., Harlem River, W. 145th st. and a diagonal line from the corner of 7th ave. and W. 145th st. to the corner of 8th ave. and W. 146th st.

55th E. D.—Harlem River, W. 147th st. and 7th ave. and W. 145th st., W. 145th st. and 8th ave.

56th E. D.—W. 145th st., Harlem River, W. 144th st. and 8th ave.

Twenty-third Assembly District.

1st E. D.—W. 165th st., Fort Washington ave., W. 164th st., Broadway, W. 163d st., Fort Washington ave., W. 161st st. and Riverside Drive.

2d E. D.—W. 163d st., Amsterdam ave., W. 162d st. and Fort Washington ave.

3d E. D.—W. 163d st., Harlem River, W. 162d st. and Amsterdam ave.

4th E. D.—W. 164th st., Harlem River, W. 163d st. and Amsterdam ave.

5th E. D.—W. 164th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 163d st. and Broadway.

6th E. D.—W. 165th st., Harlem River, W. 164th st. and St. Nicholas ave.

7th E. D.—W. 165th st., Edgecombe ave., W. 164th st. and Fort Washington ave.

8th E. D.—W. 166th st., Edgecombe ave., W. 165th st. and Fort Washington ave.

9th E. D.—W. 168th st., Audubon ave., W. 165th st. and Fort Washington ave., W. 165th st. and Hudson River.

10th E. D.—W. 171st st., Haven ave., W. 170th st., Audubon ave., W. 170th st. and Haven ave.

11th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Audubon ave. and W. 169th st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 170th st., W. 170th st., Harlem River, W. 165th st., Edgecombe ave., W. 167th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 168th st. and Audubon ave.

12th E. D.—W. 171st st., Amsterdam ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 170th st. to the corner of Audubon ave. and W. 169th st. and Audubon ave.

13th E. D.—W. 172d st., Fort Washington ave., W. 171st st., Audubon ave., W. 170th st. and Haven ave.

14th E. D.—W. 173d st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 171st st. and Fort Washington ave.

15th E. D.—W. 172d st., Amsterdam ave., W. 171st st. and St. Nicholas ave.

16th E. D.—W. 174th st., Audubon ave., W. 172d st. and St. Nicholas ave.

17th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 149th st. and 7th ave. to the corner of W. 148th st. and 8th ave., and 8th ave., W. 172d st. and Audubon ave.

18th E. D.—W. 175th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 181st st., Harlem River, 170th st., Amsterdam ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 173d st. to the corner of Audubon ave. and W. 174th st., W. 174th st. and St. Nicholas ave.

19th E. D.—W. 177th st., Depot lane, 177th st., Wadsworth ave., W. 175th st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 173d st., Fort Washington ave., W. 172d st., Haven ave., W. 171st st. and Hudson River.

20th E. D.—W. 177th st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 176th st., Audubon ave., W. 175th st. and Wadsworth ave.

21st E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 175th st. and Audubon ave. to the corner of W. 177th st. and Amsterdam ave., Amsterdam ave., W. 175th st. and Audubon ave.

22d E. D.—W. 177th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 175th st. to the corner of Audubon ave. and W. 176th st., W. 176th st. and St. Nicholas ave.

23d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 178th st. and Audubon ave. to the corner of W. 179th st. and Amsterdam ave., Amsterdam ave., W. 177th st. and Audubon ave.

24th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Wadsworth ave. and W. 179th st. to the corner of St. Nicholas ave. and W. 178th st., W. 178th st., Audubon ave. and W. 177th st.

25th E. D.—W. 179th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Fort Washington ave. and W. 179th st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 178th st., W. 178th st. and St. Nicholas ave., St. Nicholas ave. and W. 177th st.

26th E. D.—W. 178th st., Wadsworth ave., W. 179th st., St. Nicholas ave., a diagonal line from the corner of St. Nicholas ave. and W. 178th st. to the corner of Wadsworth ave. and W. 177th st., W. 177th st. and Broadway.

27th E. D.—W. 178th st., Broadway, W. 177th st. and Pinehurst ave.

28th E. D.—W. 179th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Fort Washington ave. and W. 179th st. to the corner of Broadway and W. 178th st., W. 178th st. and Northern ave.

29th E. D.—W. 181st st., Haven ave., W. 180th st., Northern ave., W. 178th st., Pinehurst ave., W. 177th st., Depot lane, W. 177th st. and Hudson River.

30th E. D.—W. 181st st., Northern ave., W. 179th st. and Haven ave.

31st E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of Northern ave. and W. 181st st. to the corner of Pinehurst ave. and W. 180th st., W. 179th st. and Northern ave.

32d E. D.—W. 181st st., Fort Washington ave., W. 180th st. and a diagonal line from the corner of W. 180th st. and Pinehurst ave. to the corner of W. 181st st. and Northern ave.

33d E. D.—W. 181st st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 181st st. and Broadway to the corner of W. 180th st. and Fort Washington ave., Fort Washington ave.

34th E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 180th st. and Fort Washington ave. to the corner of W. 181st st. and Broadway, Broadway, W. 182d st., Wadsworth ave. and W. 180th st.

35th E. D.—W. 180th st., Broadway, W. 179th st. and Fort Washington ave.

36th E. D.—W. 179th st., Wadsworth ave., W. 180th st., Audubon ave., St. Nicholas ave., Broadway, W. 178th st. and Broadway.

37th E. D.—W. 181st st., Audubon ave., W. 180th st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 179th st. and Wadsworth ave.

38th E. D.—W. 180th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 179th st. and St. Nicholas ave.

39th E. D.—W. 181st st., Audubon ave., W. 183d st., Amsterdam ave., W. 185th st., Harlem River, W. 181st st., Amsterdam ave., W. 180th st., Audubon ave., W. 181st st. and St. Nicholas ave.

40th E. D.—W. 183d st., Audubon ave., W. 182d st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 181st st., Wadsworth ave., W. 182d st. and Broadway, 41st E. D.—W. 185th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 183d st. and St. Nicholas ave.

42d E. D.—A diagonal line from the corner of W. 186th st. and Audubon ave. to the corner of Amsterdam ave., and W. 187th st., W. 187th st., Harlem River, W. 185th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 184th st. and Audubon ave.

43d E. D.—W. 186th st., Audubon ave., W. 184th st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 185th st. and Wadsworth ave.

44th E. D.—W. 187th st., Wadsworth ave., W. 185th st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 183d st. and Broadway.

45th E. D.—A line beginning at a point at the Hudson River opposite the northerly end of Bennett ave. and running east to Bennett ave., Bennett ave., Broadway, W. 181st st. and Hudson River.

46th E. D.—Fairview ave., Wadsworth Terrace, W. 190th st., Wadsworth ave., W. 191st st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 186th st., Wadsworth ave., W. 187th st. and Broadway.

47th E. D.—W. 188th st., Audubon ave., W. 187th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 187th st. to the corner of Audubon ave. and W. 186th st., W. 186th st. and St. Nicholas ave.

48th E. D.—W. 190th st., Amsterdam ave., Laurel Hill Terrace, W. 187th st., Audubon ave., W. 188th st. and St. Nicholas ave.

49th E. D.—Dyckman st., Harlem River, W. 187th st., Laurel Hill Terrace, Amsterdam ave., W. 190th st. and St. Nicholas ave.

50th E. D.—Hillside ave. St. Nicholas ave., W. 191st st., Wadsworth ave., W. 190th st., Wadsworth Terrace, Fairview ave and Broadway.

51st E. D.—Dyckman st., Vermilyea ave., Arden st., Nagle ave., Hillside ave., Broadway, Bennett ave., a line running west from the northerly end of Bennett ave. to the Hudson River, and Hudson River.

52d E. D.—Academy st., Sherman ave., Dyckman st., Nagle ave., Arden st. and Vermilyea ave.

53d E. D.—W. 206th st., Harlem River, Dyckman st., Sherman ave., Academy st., Nagle ave. and Amsterdam ave.

54th E. D.—W. 211th st., Harlem River, W. 206th st., Amsterdam ave., Nagle ave., Academy st. and Sherman ave.

55th E. D.—Hawthorne st., Sherman ave., Academy st. and Cooper st.

56th E. D.—W. 213th st., Seaman ave., Academy st., Vermilyea ave., Dyckman st., Hudson River and Harlem River.

57th E. D.—Isham st., Broadway, W. 207th st., Sherman ave., Hawthorne st., Cooper st., Academy st. and Seaman ave.

58th E. D.—W. 211th st., Amsterdam ave., Sherman ave., W. 207th st. and Broadway.

59th E. D.—Harlem River, Broadway, Spuyten Duyvil Creek, Harlem River, W. 211th st., Isham st., Seaman ave. and W. 213th st.

60th E. D.—Spuyten Duyvil Creek, Broadway and Harlem River.

JOHN R. VOORHIS,
MOSES M. McKEE,
JAMES KANE,
JACOB A. LIVINGSTON,
Commissioners of Elections.

October 5th, 1918.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BEAVER Wanted. — Furmoss and sealette, Blumenthal's. Telephone Miltex, Madison Square 1080.

BEAVER Wanted.—Open for Sidney Blumenthal Furmoss beaver. Telephone 9030 Farragut.

BEAVER Wanted.—Open to buy Blumenthal's furmoss. Farragut 4078.

BOTANY SERGES AND BROADCLOTH Wanted.—764 S 42-inch French serge, shades 616 and 52; quality 408 48-inch storm serge, shades 616 and 62; quality 355 48-inch, shades 616, 0504, X750. Call, or write, B. Vogel, care Bloomingdale Bros.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber, ready to place stock orders of Spring coats and suits. Call with samples, Blaustin, Lerner & Baum, 279 5th Av.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at Spring sample coats and suits. 43 West 33d St., 5th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and capes all week, 5th. 105 Madison Av.

COATS Wanted. — 1,000 better coats; spot cash; any quantity. Farragut 5154.

COATS Wanted.—Better grade; cash. Tel. 7117 Chelsea.

CORDUROYS Wanted.—Wide wale, two-tone, and solid colors, navy, Burgundy, and green. Fried & Rapkin, Chelsea 0689.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Holden & Leonard reindeer 453, Gibert serge 8200, U. S. 838. Madison Square 4173.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy for cash job, any quantity velveteens, serge, jersey or tricolette dresses; exceptional bargains only considered; samples 9 to 12. Wiener, 53 W. 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing order on Spring samples, serges and silk; call all day. 134 W. 26th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Cleveland Jobber looking at Spring lines; ready to place orders. Room 1010, 225 4th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking taffeta wash dresses; call all week. Stecker, 17 West 28th.

DRESSES Wanted. — Looking at Spring styles. Call any day, Room 301, 116 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Spring dresses, 43 West 33d St., 5th floor.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists Wanted.—Better grade, cash. National, Franklin 4343.

ESQUIMETTE Wanted.—At a price. Madison Square 2715.

FURMOSS Wanted.—Quantity. Call or phone 1,123 Broadway, Room 615, Farragut 3844, 11:30 to 12:30.

FURMOSS BEAVER Wanted. — Blumenthal's. Farragut 9075.

LINING Wanted.—Open to buy quantity of flowered satin lining at the price. Rothstein & Melcon, 129 West 29th.

SERGE Wanted.—Will exchange 40-inch serge, green, Burgundy, brown, for navy. Chatham Fibre, 225 4th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—100 pieces 0936, navy. Phone I. Satz, Gramercy 2118.

SILKS Wanted.—Manufacturers, what have you in silks that you cannot use? Cash for large or small lots. Madison Square 376.

VELOURS Wanted.—Clark and Dana, high shades. Sprayregen & Marks, 158 West 20th.

WAISTS Wanted.—Open for jobs, sample lines and odd lots of wash, Georgette and silk waists. Call with samples and stock lists Wednesday morning, (office closed today,) Marshall Field & Co., Broadway, at 18th St., third floor.

WAISTS Wanted.—Biz jobber open for job of cotton waists; quantity no object; spot cash. Call Tuesday, 1,270 Broadway, Room 717. Madison Square 9232.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Open for large quantity of American Woolens Company all-wool poplin, all colors, for cash. 3d. Miller & Son, 127 West 27th.

Contracts Wanted.

MANUFACTURER, cutting and making Government flannel shirts, open for outside contracts; capacity 800 dozen weekly. P 665 Times.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BAFFIN-HUDSON BEAVER, mole and Karnal plush; short sacks and coats with muffs to match that are made and look like real fur. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

BEAVER.—Short beaver coats, also stoles and muffs to match; beaver, plush, mole, and Karnal plush; lower prices, best value; immediate delivery. R. Simon & Co., 22-24 West 26th.

COATEES AND STOLES.—Plushes, karami, Behring seal, and all fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

COATS. — High-grade, immediate delivery; silvertip bolivias, silvertones, Normandies, velours, plie fabrics, &c.; spring line for jobbers now ready. Mezeritsky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—Big bargain ladies' and misses' winter coats, American, Kersa and others, to close out at remarkable sacrifice. Ehrlich Bros., 28 East 10th. Stuyvesant 5562.

COATS, SUITS.—Made of crystal cord, silvertone, velour du nord, velour, to close out, from $27.50 to $75. Eisenberg & Sommerfeld, 42 East 31st St.

COATS.—1,000 to close out, in all the season's newest shades and materials, at rear alley low prices. J. P. Slater & Co., 11 West 32d St.

COATS.—Exceptional value of juniors' and ladies' coats, all desirable materials for immediate delivery. American Maid Coat Co., 37 W. 20th.

COATS.—All wool Pom Pom, Bolivia, broadcloth and velour, fur and self-trimmed; immediate delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 29 West 20th.

COATS.—Jobs to close out; if interested take advantage of this offer. Supreme Mfg. Co., 19 West 21th St.

COATS.—Medium priced, stylish coats to be closed out immediately at rock-bottom prices. Emanuel, 47 W. 34th.

COATS.—5,000 cloth and pile fabric coats, $8.75 and $10.50, exceptional value. American Maid Coat Co., 37 West 20th.

COATS.—Have big assortment of velours and plushes, for immediate delivery. Kanowitz Rosen, 54 West 21st.

COATS.—1,000 wool velours, assorted styles, 14 to 44, at $2.25, $3.75 and $4.75. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

COATS.—5,000, 2 to 6 and 8 to 14, all materials; prices from $3 up. Rosh & Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS, better grade, to close out reasonable. Wilmide Cloak Co., 1,133 Broadway.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, fur trimmed; big sacrifice. Feldman, 54 East 13th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Better grade at closing prices. Cooper & Grace, 302 5th Av.

COATS.—Plushes, velours, silvertones, plain, fur trimmed; cheap. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

COATS.—Girls', children's, to close out; all kinds. Schwartz, 31 West 15th.

COATS to close out cheap. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

DRESSES.—2,000 silk, serge and velveteen dresses to close out at a price. Pan-American Waist & Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st St., N. Y. C.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge, satin and jersey dresses to close out at low prices; all colors in desirable styles. Ivy Dress, 38 West 32nd.

DRESSES.—Serges, silk, wool, jersey, velveteens in stock for immediate delivery, at special price. Harris, 150 Madison Av.

DRESSES.—1,000 high grade serges and satins; to close out at a sacrifice. Klif Dress Co., 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, satins, serges, velveteens and jerseys, to close out at $6.50. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Velveteens, serge, wool, jersey and silk dresses, cheap. Annetta Lingerie, 127 West 25th. Farr. 5093

DRESSES.—60 serge, satin, velvet, oxford and jersey dresses, to close out. Elite Dress Co., 126 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Jersey, serge, silk and tricolette, better kind. Gloeaner Dress Co., 40 West 38th, second floor.

DRESSES.—Job, 2,000 serges and silks, close out for price. Gross & Liebowitz, 134 W. 26th.

Dresses; 1,000 serge, satin, jersey, velvet; close out. Wohl, 12 West 17th.

Dresses; jersey, broadcloth, velvet; exceptionally low prices. Dubcas, 19 W. 24th.

Dresses; 1,000 silks, serges; sacrifice. L. Epstein, 19 West 24th. Farragut 9142.

DRESSES.—Sell our $6.00 velvet dresses. Queen, 149 West 36th

FLANNELETTES.—300 36 inch wide gray stripes, reasonable. Gramercy 6330.

FLANNELS.—White and unbleached, suitable for interlining; reasonable price. Gramercy 1000.

FURS.—Coatees, stoles, capes and muffs. Dubrger, 48 East 8th St.

KHAKI REMNANTS, 16 oz., fine quality; reasonable. Alden Woolen Co., 160 Greene.

KNITTED KHAKI CLOTH.—2,500 yds of 14 oz. knitted khaki cloth, 44 inches wide, in short lengths, ranging from 1 yd. to 2½ yds. Address Box 23 Woonsocket, R. I.

LINEN.—Nonerushable natural Irish; green, rose, cadet, oyster, and brown. Phone Chelsea 1799.

McKENNEY'S OVERCOATINGS and Mackinaws, reasonable price. Gramercy 6330.

PAJAMAS and bathrobes for sale. Chelsea 7665.

PEARL BUTTONS.—2,000 gross fresh water pearl buttons, 36 ligne. Apply Room 903, 225 5th Av., City.

PERCALES.—Have 21 cases Garner's 64 square percale, 20c. Merchants' Textile Exchange, 147 North 12th Street, Phila.

turned to the use of wood in order to save coal for furnace purposes. Although the brass lines are selling well, the black iron pieces are much in demand, as they do not tarnish as quickly. Prices have advanced, owing to the shortage of labor and materials.

***

Dress Business Picking Up.

With the gradual subsiding of the Influenza epidemic in various parts of the country has come an increase in the duplicate orders for Fall dresses received in this market. While it is not yet marked, possibly aside from the business coming from New England territory, where the plague burned itself out first the signs of improvement are such that some of the "wash-knead" members of the trade are beginning to be sorry they cleared their racks at the panic prices they did. While their action has disturbed the rest of the trade to some extent, it was said yesterday that this would soon pass and that prices would shortly swing back to normal levels for this time of the year.

***

Jobbers Must Be Careful.

Not the least of the commercial burdens that will fall upon business men during the reconstruction period which will follow the ending of the war effects the jobbing trades. Particularly is this true of jobbers who handle only staple merchandise, such as piece goods, hosiery, underwear, &c. Many of these concerns still have Fall goods owed them that were bought at high prices, and most of them are also committed to Spring merchandise purchased at even higher levels. Their need of working months in advance of the retail season, coupled with prospects of lower prices that peace would bring and the unscrupulousness of many retailers in the matter of cancellations, make it imperative, it is said in the trade, for the wholesalers to "watch their step" very carefully these days.

Sues Van Kleek for $25,000.

Chester W. Van Kleek of 35 West Sixty-fifth Street, was arrested yesterday on an order of supreme Court Justice Bijur in a suit by Miss Lillian E. Ferns, daughter of Robert J. Ferns of New Rochelle, to recover $25 000 damages for breach of promise. The plaintiff alleges that Van Kleek agreed in July 1917, to wed her, but has since told her father he does not intend to do so. She alleges that he has a large income and is a member of a prominent family.

Telegraphers to Decide on Strike.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the local Commercial Telegraphers' Union will be held this week, probably on Saturday, when the question of further action will be decided if by that time S. J. Konenkamp, President of the union, has not complied with the request of the local organization and called a strike. This announcement was made yesterday by Percy Thomas, head of the New York Council.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

PLUSH COATS, fur-trimmed, better grade for immediate delivery. A. L. Schulman, 27 West 20th St., N. Y. C.

ORLAN, 06077, also 09070 navy; 50 pieces each; best cash off

"King" Coal

"King" Coal is the one autocrat whose throne is in no danger. It is essential to mine as much as possible of America's supply to feed the factories and forges that are furnishing the sinews of war.

Operating through property leases assuring a liberal income over its interest charges, the Hartland Colliery Company owns approximately 13,000 acres of valuable coal lands in a famous coal section.

We invite requests for our free Circular T, describing the 7% TWO YEAR SINKING FUND MORTGAGE NOTES of this Company.

A. H. Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Short Time Secured Notes

Yielding 7½% to over 8%

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

Send for Special Investment Offering No. 145.

THE DOLLAR; ITS PRESENT VALUE.

The purchasing power of the dollar fluctuates with such general changes in the country's affairs as are caused by the war.

The value of the dollar measured in terms of merchandise is materially LESS than in former years. And yet—
the value, in the purchase of high-grade bonds, is considerably MORE.

Wise investors are taking advantage of this situation, and by the purchase of bonds at low prices, are providing an income for the future at very attractive rates.

Send for circular T-37, a list of representative offerings.

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston San Francisco Chicago

SOUTHERN PACIFIC

Special Circular "33" on request.

Merrill, Lynch & Co.
7 Wall St., New York
Telephone Rector 6070
Chicago Detroit Cleveland
Members New York Stock Exchange.

Tilney, Ladd & Co.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Permanent 4s, due June, 1925, to yield about 7%.

New York

Suggestions for Investors may be had on request
A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.
Investment Securities.
62 Cedar St., New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston Buffalo Cleveland Baltimore Minneapolis

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Strong but Cautious Under News of Austria's Fall —5 Per Cent. Money.

The cheerfulness of the financial community over the surrender of Austria under terms which were expected to reflect something of the armistice program to be offered to Germany found moderate reflection in the security markets yesterday. Stocks started off with considerable strength, but it appeared as though the money situation continued to maintain a restraining influence over business, and while net gains were general, except among certain war stocks, they were not large enough to denote exuberance among traders. It was worth noting that the railroad group as a whole moved forward under fairly steady buying, with as much favor displayed toward the low-priced as the so-called carriers.

The stock market still is swayed by local conditions, the chief one being money. The ruling promulgated recently by the Money Committee in co-operation with the authorities of the Stock Exchange in respect to margins on bank loans went into effect without having any noticeable influence on trading. In volume business was substantially less than last Friday, and Thursday, too, but it could hardly be said that the contraction resulted directly from the imposition of a 30 per cent. margin instead of the conventional 20 per cent. Rather, the disposition was shown by the market to stay comparatively dull, not because of current developments, but for fear of what might appear in the credit situation later as the remaining details are worked out in financing the last Liberty Loan. The fact was as apparent as ever that last week's movement to reduce stock market loans to the level of Sept. 16 had unsettled speculative operations to a degree which could not be offset until traders received some sort of assurance that further shocks like that would not be likely to come upon them so suddenly. The appointment of a committee of Stock Exchange members to confer with the Money Committee on credit matters was announced late in the day, a development which was hoped in brokerage circles to forecast the equalization of loans in a way which would remove much of the criticism aroused last week.

The Fourth Liberty Loan bonds were placed on the market, changing hands to a total of about $9,400,000 at the single price of 98. The quotation was fully in line with expectations based on the prevailing market appraisal for the other 4¼ per cent. issues. The price was a little more than 1 per cent. less than the initial quotation for the third 4¼s last May, but purely market considerations called for 98 or thereabouts, as the outstanding 4¼s sold at exactly that level at Saturday's close and they opened very close to that level yesterday. The Government is empowered by law to support the market for the last loan, and the firm retention of the opening quotation might have aroused thought that supporting orders were in the market. There was no particular evidence of this, however, as the third 4¼s continued close to 98 and the others moved only slightly lower.

While the stock market was stimulated by the war news only in a general way the same situation did not prevail in the market for foreign exchange. Here were positive movements betokening the trend of sentiment produced by Austria's defection from the side of Germany. The Paris rate went to 5.45% for cable transfers, compared with 5.46¾ on Friday, a rate most favorable to French exchange in more than three years. Swiss cables moved down from 4.98 on Friday to 5.04, and Holland exchange to 42, against 42.25. Scandinavian quotations moved markedly in favor of New York, Stockholm cables going from Friday's level of 28.60 to 28. The Spanish rate declined from 20.50 to 20.25, a point which brought the normal quotation within reaching distance.

The stock market noted that call loans were made as low as 5 per cent., with most accommodation offered at 5½ per cent. As the supply of funds for market purposes was not indicated as increasing by the decline of the rate from 6 per cent., the movement was considered with academic interest alone.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rented 62 francs for cash. Exchange on London, 26 francs 8 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 87 francs 55 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High	5½	High	6
Low	5	Low	5½
Renewals	5½	Renewals	6
Last	5	Last	5½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances..... 4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days	6	Sixty days	6½
Ninety days	6	Ninety days	6½
Four months	6	Four months	6½
Five months	6	Five months	6½
Six months	6	Six months	6½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days..... 4½@4⅞
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 4¾@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 5½@6

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days..... 6
4 to 6 months..... 6

Other Names.

4 to 6 months..... 6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.75¾	$4.75¾	$4.75¾	+.00¼
Cables	4.76⅝	4.76⅛	4.76⅝	+.00⅜
Francs—				
Demand	5.46⅞	5.46⅞	5.46⅞	+.00¼
Cables	5.45⅞	5.45⅞	5.45⅞	+.00¼

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Demand or Checks.	Close. Cables.
4.8695 London	$4.75⅜	$4.76⅜
5.1826 Paris	5.46¾	5.45¾
China—		
Hongkong	80.00	80.25
Peking	154.00	154.25
Shanghai	127.00	127.25
19.50 Greece	19.40	19.45
40.20 Holland	41.625	42.00
32.44 India—		
Bombay	35.48	*35.73
Calcutta	35.48	*35.73
5.1826 Italy	6.36	6.35
Japan—		
Kobe	54.50	54.75
Yokohama	54.50	54.75
19.30 Spain	20.125	20.25
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	27.70	28.00
Copenhagen	26.25	26.70
Christiania	26.60	26.90
South America—		
42.64 Buenos Aires	45.125	45.25
34.42 Rio	24.60	24.75
5.1826 Switzerland	5.06	5.04
51.46 Russia (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	18.80	18.90
500 rubles	18.70	18.80

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers— 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.72¾	$4.71⅞	$4.72¾	$4.70⅝

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $438,144,490; balances, $51,208,051; United States Treasury credit balance, $1,187,012; Federal Reserve credit balance, $48,773,841.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London 49¼d, official; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, NOV. 4, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	686,880	1,127,440	1,463,978
Year to date	118,551,817	160,505,422	174,591,855

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
21⅛	21⅜	2,100	Advance Rumely	19¾	21⅝	19¾	21⅝	+2⅜
55	55¼	2,900	Advance Rumely pf	51⅜	55	51⅜	53	+4¼
5	5⅛	11,900	Alaska Gold Mines	4⅝	5¼	4⅝	5	+ ⅝
2⅝	2¾	14,200	Alaska Juneau	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
26⅞	27¼	300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	27¼	27¾	26⅞	26⅞	...
101½	102	500	Am. Agricul. Chem	102¼	102⅞	102	102	...
60½	60¾	600	Am. Beet Sugar	58⅝	60¾	58⅝	60⅜	+ ⅛
45⅝	46⅛	6,100	Am. Can	46½	46⅞	45½	46	− ⅝
93⅜	94⅜	100	Am. Can pf	93¾	93¾	93⅜	93¾	+ ⅜
84¼	85¼	1,800	Am. Car & Fdry	85	85½	84⅜	85¼	+ ⅜
110	112	300	Am. Car & Fdry pf	109¾	110¼	109¾	110¼	+ ⅛
41⅜	42	300	Am. Cotton Oil	42	42¼	42	42	− ⅛
90	95	100	Am. Express	95	95	95	95	+4
15	15½	900	Am. H. & Leather	15½	15½	15	15	−1⅛
80½	81¾	100	Am. H. & L. pf	81¾	81¾	81	81	− ⅛
45¾	46	900	Am. Ice	45¾	46	45¾	45¾	− ½
54½	57	400	Am. Ice pf	54½	54½	54½	54½	−1½
58	58¾	1,700	Am. International	58	58¼	57⅝	57⅝	...
40⅝	44¾	1,200	Am. Linseed	41⅜	41⅝	40⅝	41	− ⅛
64½	64½	1,000	Am. Locomotive	64½	64⅝	64¼	64½	...
4	5	200	Am. Malting	4⅞	5	4⅞	5	+1¼
41	42¾	300	Am. M. 1st pf.c.of d	42	42	42	42	+3
88	88¾	9,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref	87¾	88¾	87¼	88¾	+1⅝
109½	110	300	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	110	110	110	110	+1⅜
109¾	110	30	Do. odd lot	110¼	110¼	110¼	110⅛	...
89⅞	90	1,100	Am. Steel Fdries	90	90¾	89½	89⅞	+1⅜
110	110½	200	Am. Sugar Ref	110	110¾	110	110⅜	+ ¼
110	115	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	111⅝	111⅞	111⅝	111⅝	+ ⅝
97	97½	18,200	Am. Sumatra Tob	108	108	94½	97	−9¾
80	88	100	Am. Sumat. Tob. pf	84	84	84	84	−2
108	109	2,100	Am. Tel. & Tel	108¾	109¼	108½	108½	+ ½
50¼	51⅛	600	Am. Woolen	51⅜	51⅞	50½	50½	− ⅝
94⅝	95¼	100	Am. Woolen pf	95	95	95	95	+ ⅛
32½	34	100	Am. Writing P. pf	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	+ ⅛
14¾	15	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S	14⅝	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝	− ⅛
48	50	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S.pf	50	50	50	50	− ⅛
70⅝	70¾	7,400	Anaconda Copper	70½	70⅞	70¼	70⅝	+ ⅛
1	2	200	Assets Realization	1½	1½	1½	1½	...
94	94½	1,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	93½	94¼	93½	94⅜	+1⅝
88	86½	700	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	85½	86⅜	85½	85½	+1⅝
8	8½	200	At. Hym. & At	8	8	8	8	−1
102	103	200	Atlantic Coast Line	102⅜	103	102⅜	103	+1
111	111⅝	5,200	At., Gulf & West I	108	113	108	111	+3⅜
63	64⅜	50	At., Gulf & W. I.pf	64⅜	64⅜	64⅜	64⅜	...
78	78½	21,300	Baldwin Loco	78⅝	79½	77⅝	78½	− ½
56¼	56¾	1,500	Baltimore & Ohio	56½	56⅞	56⅜	56½	− ⅝
58	61	600	Baltimore & O. pf	60	60¾	60	60¾	− ½
101	103	300	Barrett Co	103	103	103	103	+1
1⅜	1⅞	2,300	Batopilas Mining	1⅞	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞	...
62½	62⅝	800	Bethlehem Steel	62½	62⅝	61⅞	62½	−2½
62⅜	62½	27,800	Beth. Steel, class B	63¾	64	61⅞	62½	−1
102	103	700	Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf	102	102	102	102	...
102	103	50	Do. odd lot	101¾	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	...
21⅜	23	200	Booth Fisheries	22	22	22	22	...
39¼	40	1,200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	38⅞	40	38½	40	+1½
71	74	100	Brown Shoe	71	71	71	71	+4
10¼	10½	300	Bruns. Ter. & Ry S	10	10	10	10	...
154¾	156	900	Burns Brothers	153	155¾	152¼	155⅜	+ ¾
10⅝	11	700	Butte Cop. & Zinc	10½	10⅝	10¼	10⅜	+ ¼
22¾	23¼	100	Butte & Superior	24	24	24	24	−1
44¼	44⅝	100	California Packing	44	44	44	44	+ ⅝
20	20½	900	California Petrol	20⅜	20¾	20¼	20½	+ ⅛
61	62	100	California Pet. pf	62	62	62	62	...
69¼	70¼	200	Calumet & Arizona	69¼	70	69¼	70	+1¼
166⅜	167½	1,500	Canadian Pacific	166¼	168	166½	166¼	+1½
62¾	63	1,600	Central Leather Co	62⅜	63¾	62⅝	63	...
36¾	37¼	500	Cerro de Pasco Cop	37	37	36¾	36⅝	− ¼
95¼	96¼	700	Chandler Motor	94⅜	96	94½	95½	+1
59⅜	60	1,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	59¾	60	59	60	+1½
7⅝	8	600	Chi. Great Western	8	8	8	8	...
24½	25	500	Chi. Great West. pf	25¼	25¼	24⅞	24⅞	− ⅛
50¼	50¾	1,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P	50¼	50¼	50⅛	50¼	− ½
82	83	900	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	81¾	82⅜	81½	82⅜	+2
102	103	100	Chi. & Northwest	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	+1½
28⅛	28¾	2,300	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	28¼	28¾	28	28¾	+1½
81	81¾	200	C., R. I. & P. 7 p.c. pf	81	81	80½	80½	+ ⅛
70	70¾	700	C., R. I. & P. 6 p.c. pf	69¾	70	69¾	70	+ ¼
22¼	22¾	2,300	Chile Copper	22⅝	22¾	22¼	22¼	+ ⅛
41½	42	100	Chino Copper	42	42	42	42	+1
38	38¼	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L	38	38	38	38	...
24¼	26	100	Col. & Southern	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅞	+ ⅝
53	60	2,000	Colorado Fuel & I	55	55	55	55	+1½
39⅝	40	600	Columbia Gas & El	39¾	39¾	39	39¾	+ ⅛
102¾	103	700	Consolidated Gas	102⅝	103	102⅝	103	+ ⅜
71	72½	100	Continental Can	72¼	72½	72¼	72½	+1½
48	48¾	21,800	Corn Products Ref	49¾	49¾	48	48	−1¾
102	103¾	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	+ ⅝
55⅝	55⅞	5,300	Crucible Steel	55⅝	56	55	55¾	+ ⅛
88	90	100	Crucible Steel pf	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾	...
30⅝	31	2,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	31¼	31¼	30⅝	31	− ⅛
80	80⅝	300	Cuba Cane S. pf	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	+ ⅝
11¾	11¾	1,000	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	10⅞	11	10⅞	11	...
47¼	47⅞	1,200	Distillers' Secur	47¼	47⅞	47¼	47⅝	− ⅝
14½	14⅝	3,100	Dome Mines	14⅜	14⅝	14	14⅜	− ⅛
5	5¼	100	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	5	5	5	5	−2¼
17¼	17⅝	2,600	Erie	17¼	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	+ ⅜
33¼	33½	2,100	Erie 1st pf	33	33⅝	33	33¼	+ ⅛
24	24¼	200	Erie 2d pf	24	24¼	24	24¼	+ ⅛
29	29½	500	Gaston, W. & W	29	29½	29	29½	+ ⅛
44¼	44⅝	300	General Cigar	44¼	44¾	44¼	44¾	+ ⅜
155	155	200	General Electric	154½	154½	154½	154½	+ ½
129	130	1,700	General Motors	130	131⅛	129¾	129¾	+ ⅛
84	84½	1,400	General Motors pf	82	85	82	85	+3¼
56⅛	57	300	Goodrich Co. x d	57	57	56⅛	56¾	+ ⅛
101½	102	300	Goodrich pf	101½	101¾	101½	101⅝	...
80	82	100	Granby Copper	81	81	81	81	−3
96¾	97	3,500	Great Northern pf	94⅜	96⅞	94½	96¼	+2¾
31⅜	31⅝	1,400	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	31½	31⅝	31⅜	31½	...
55⅞	55⅞	800	Greene-Can. Cop	55⅜	55½	55	55⅛	+ ⅝
47	47	100	Haskell & Barker	45	45	45	45	...
102	102¼	300	Illinois Central	102	102¼	102	102¼	+ ¼
54¼	54½	2,000	Inspiration Copper	54¼	54½	54	54⅜	+ ¼
8	8¼	100	Interboro Consol	8	8	8	8	+ ¼
35	35	100	Interboro Con. pf	35	35	35	35	...
14	14	100	Int. Agricultural	14	14	14	14	...
35⅞	36	300	Int. Agricultural pf	35⅞	36⅛	35⅞	36⅛	+1
104¼	104¾	800	Int. Harvester new	104¼	108½	103¾	104¾	+2¼
107	107	100	Int. Harv. pf. new	107	107	107	107	−2½
30¼	30½	3,800	Int. Mer. Marine	30¼	30½	29⅞	30	+ ⅛
121½	122¾	35,500	Int. Mer. Marine pf	121½	123½	121½	123¼	+1½
33⅝	34	2,500	Int. Nickel	33⅝	35⅞	33⅜	33⅝	− ⅛
62½	63	100	Int. Paper pf., sta	62⅞	62⅞	62⅝	62⅞	− ⅛
4	7	100	Iowa Central	4	4	4	4	...
21¼	21⅝	2,700	Kansas City Southern	20⅞	21⅜	20⅞	21⅜	+ ⅝
37	38	100	Kelly Spring Tire	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	+ ⅛
39⅜	39⅝	5,500	Kennecott Copper	39⅜	39⅝	39⅜	39⅜	− ⅛
72	72	1,500	Lackawanna Steel	72	72	71⅜	71½	−1
85	85	100	Laclede Gas	85	85	85	85	+ ⅝
20	20½	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	20	20	20	20	...
61	62	100	Lehigh Valley	62¾	62¾	61½	61½	−1
37¾	38⅜	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	38¼	38¼	38¼	38½	+2
117½	118⅜	400	Louis. & Nash	116¾	117⅞	116½	117⅞	+1½
97	103	100	Manhattan Elev	98½	98½	98½	98½	+ ½
35¾	36	1,400	Maxwell Motors	35	36	35	36	+1½
65	69	100	Max. Motors 1st pf	65	65	65	65	+2¼
27⅛	27¾	700	Max. Motors 2d pf	27⅝	27⅝	27¼	27⅝	+ ⅜
102	102½	21,000	Mexican Petroleum	105⅜	105	103⅝	102¾	+4¾
101¼	104	100	Mex. Petroleum pf	102¾	102¼	102¼	102½	+1½
27⅜	27⅝	300	Miami Copper	27⅜	27⅝	27¼	27⅝	− ¼
44¼	44½	4,300	Midvale Steel	44⅜	44⅝	43⅝	44¼	− ¼
12½	13	800	Minn. & St. L. new	12½	13	12½	12⅝	+ ⅛
94	95	100	M., St. P. & S. M.	94	94	94	94	...
6	6¼	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	6	6	6	6	...
28¼	28½	19,800	Missouri Pacific	27⅝	28½	27	28¼	+1½
58½	59	1,200	Missouri Pacific pf	58	59	58	58⅝	+1½
15⅞	16	800	Nat. Cond. & Cable	16	16	15¾	15¾	− ⅛
61	62	300	Nat. Lead	60	61	60	61	+1
104	108	200	Nat. Lead pf	105	105¾	105	105¼	+ ¼
20	20½	1,100	Nevada Con. Copp	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	+ ⅛
31	32	700	N. O., Tex. & Mex	32	32¾	31½	32¼	+ ¼
103	104	2,500	N. Y. Air Brake	104	104	99¾	100	−5
80	80¼	3,300	N. Y. Central	79¼	80¼	79¼	80¼	+1½
39¼	39⅝	1,700	N. Y., N. H. & H	39¾	39¾	39½	39⅝	+ ⅜
22¾	23⅛	600	N. Y., Ont. & West	21¼	22½	21¼	22½	...
108½	109	800	Norfolk & Western	108⅝	109	108¾	109	+ ¼
95¾	95½	5,400	Northern Pacific	94	95¾	93½	95½	+2¾
45⅝	45¾	5,500	Ohio Cities Gas	45½	45¾	44¾	45½	+ ⅜
78	78	200	Ontario Mining	78	78	78	78	+ ¼
33⅜	33⅝	300	Pacific Mail	33⅜	33⅝	33⅜	33½	+ ⅛
24½	24½	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel	24½	24½	23¾	23¾	+ ½
84	85⅜	1,100	Pan-Am. P. & T	65½	67	65½	66½	+1½
121¼	122	300	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	116	116	116	116	+2⅜
47⅝	48	1,200	Penn. R. R	47⅝	48	47⅝	48	+1¼
57½	60	3,600	People's Gas, Chi	57½	60	57	60	+3½
15¼	15⅝	100	Pere Marquette	15¼	15¾	15¼	15⅝	− ⅛
34½	34⅞	1,900	Philadelphia Co	34½	34⅞	33⅝	34	− ⅝
46¼	46¾	1,100	Pierce-Arrow	46¼	46¾	45¾	45¾	...
101	101¼	500	Pierce-Arrow pf	101¼	101¼	101	101	− ⅛
17¼	17⅜	2,100	Pierce Oil	17¼	17¼	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅛
49	49	400	Pittsburgh Coal	49	49	49	49	− ⅛
83⅛	83¾	200	Pittsburgh Coal pf	83⅛	83¾	83⅛	83⅝	+ ⅝
35¼	35⅝	1,000	Pitts. & West Va	35¼	35⅝	35	35½	+1
79	80	200	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	79	79	79	80	+1
67¼	67½	300	Pressed Steel Car	67¼	67½	67¼	67½	+ ¼
123	125	300	Pullman Co	125	125	124⅝	125	...
67½	67⅝	700	Railway Steel Sp	66¼	67⅝	66½	67¼	+1½
24⅝	24⅞	500	Ray Con. Copper	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	+ ⅛
80	80¼	11,900	Reading	80	80¾	80	80	+ ¾
38	38½	500	Reading 2d pf	39¼	39¼	39	39	− ¾
79½	80	2,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	79¼	79¾	78¾	79¾	...
30	30¼	300	Rep. Iron & S. pf	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾	...
120	121	1,400	Royal Dutch t r	124	125	120	121	+1
9⅝	9⅞	100	Saxon Motor	9¼	9¼	9¼	9½	...
9⅝	9⅞	2,200	Seaboard Air Line	9⅝	9⅝	9	9⅝	+ ⅜
21	21½	700	Seab. Air Line pf	21	21¾	21	21¼	+ ⅞
34⅝	35	1,500	Sinclair Oil Refin	34¼	35	34¼	35	+ ⅝
50¼	50¾	100	Sloss-S. Steel & I	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¾	...
103¾	104	69,700	Southern Pacific	103¾	105	103¾	104¾	+1½
32⅝	32¾	17,900	Southern Railway	31⅝	32⅝	31⅝	32¼	+ ⅛
69⅝	70	1,000	Southern Ry. pf	69⅝	70	69¼	70	+1
84½	84¾	50	Standard Milling pf	84½	84½	84½	84½	...
64¾	65	6,700	Studebaker Co	64¾	65¼	64¾	65¼	+1¾
42	42	100	Stutz Motor	42	42	42	42	...
37	37	100	Superior Steel	37	37	37	37	+1
16⅝	16⅝	700	Tenn. C. & C	16⅝	16⅝	16¼	16¼	+ ⅛
186	189	2,300	Texas Co	186	189	186	187	+3¼
20	22⅝	8,600	Texas & Pacific	20	22⅝	20	22¼	+2⅝
18½	20	1,200	Third Avenue	18½	20	18¼	19¾	+1½
77	78½	11,200	Tobacco Products	77	78½	75½	78	+1⅝
133¾	133¾	5,400	Union Pacific	133¾	133¾	131⅞	133⅝	+1⅝
71	71½	700	Union Pacific pf	71	71½	71	71⅝	+ ⅝
36⅞	36⅞	100	United Alloy Steel	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	− ⅛
101	102	1,300	United Cigar Stores	101	102	101	102	+1
143¾	145	300	United Fruit	143¾	145	145	145	...
14	14	100	U. S. Cast I. P. & F	14	14	14	14	...
100½	101	10,400	U. S. Indus. Alco	100½	101½	97	100	−2⅜
67⅝	69¼	4,200	U. S. Rubber	67⅝	69¼	67⅝	69	+1¾
103	103	300	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	103	103	103	103	...
47	47½	300	U. S. S., R. & M	47	47	47	47	...
43	50	100	U. S. S., R. & M. pf	43	46	46	46	...
101¾	101¾	125,200	U. S. Steel	101	102	100¾	101¼	+ ¼
111½	111⅞	300	U. S. Steel pf. x d	111½	112	111½	112	+1¾
88½	90	1,600	Utah Copper	88½	89½	88½	88½	+ ½
13	13⅛	100	Utah Securities	13	13	13	13	...
58	59	700	Va.-Car. Chemical	56¾	58	56¾	58	+2½
109¾	112	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	110	110	110	110	+ ¾
69	70	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C	69	69	69	69	...
9⅜	9½	1,800	Wabash	9¼	9¼	9⅜	9⅜	+ ⅛
39¼	39⅝	1,000	Wabash pf. A	38¾	39½	38¾	39⅛	+ ⅝
78	79	100	Wells Fargo Exp	78	78	78	78	...
13⅞	14	6,800	Western Maryland	13⅞	14⅛	13⅞	14	+ ⅝
60	60¼	200	Western Pacific pf	60	60	60	60	− ¼
93	93½	400	Western Union Tel	93

The Stock Market and Peace Securities

are discussed in current issue of our semi-monthly publication

Securities Suggestions

This with booklet describing

The Part Payment Plan

will be sent free. Write us for "Q."

R.C. MEGARGEL & CO.

Investment Securities

27 Pine Street—New York

Municipal Bonds

To Net 4½ to 6%

Circulars on request.

Farson, Son & Co

Members New York Stock Exchange.

115 Broadway, New York City

ODD LOTS

Write Dept. 2.

CHISHOLM & CHAPMAN

MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
MEMBERS NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE

71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY
161 WEST 125th ST. N.Y. HARLEM BRANCH
12 N. BROADWAY, YONKERS, N.Y.
32 COURT STREET, BROOKLYN, N.Y.
777 BROAD STREET, NEWARK, N.J.

Singer Manufacturing
Freeport, Texas
Remington Typewriter

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.

Phone Rector 6340. 74 Broadway, New York.
Private telephone to Boston.

Cities Service Pfd.
Edmunds & Jones
Holly Sugar Com. & Pfd.
Jones Bros. Tea
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
Winchester Arms

GWYNNE BROS

25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad

ROBINSON & CO.

Investment Securities

26 Exchange Place New York

Members New York Stock Exchange.

TRUST MEANS CONFIDENCE.
We act in any confidential capacity having to do with finance, investments, or your estate.

Metropolitan Trust Co.
of the City of New York,
60 Wall Street.

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin

NOBLE & CORWIN

25 Broad St. New York

Great American Insurance RIGHTS

Telephone 1111 Broad.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE:
Office of
THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, TRUSTEE,
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF NEW YORK SHIPBUILDING CORPORATION FIRST MORTGAGE THIRTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS, DATED NOVEMBER 1, 1916, DUE NOVEMBER 1, 1946.

Pursuant to Section 4 of Article Four of the Mortgage of the New York Shipbuilding Corporation to The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee, dated 1 November 1, 1916, securing its First Mortgage Thirty-Year Five Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, the undersigned Trustee hereby gives notice that two bonds of such issue will be purchased by the Trustee for the Sinking Fund provided in said mortgage, to an amount sufficient to exhaust One Hundred Eighty-Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($187,500), being the moneys now held by it in such Sinking Fund. The Trustee hereby invites from the bondholders offers for the sale to it on NOVEMBER 25, 1918, of such bonds. As provided in said Mortgage, such offers shall in each case be for all or any part of the bonds so offered. The Trustee will be prepared to pay a sum not exceeding an amount sufficient to nearly as may be to exhaust such moneys now held in the Sinking Fund will be accepted, provided that the price or prices accepted will in no event exceed, in addition to accrued interest, one hundred two and one-half per centum (102½%).

No offers may be received after November 25, 1918, the undersigned Trustee will notify bondholders whose offers are accepted, so that delivery of the bonds covered by such acceptance may be made to the Trustee at the office in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on November 25, 1918.

All offers must be in writing, be enclosed in sealed envelopes, state the number or numbers of the bonds offered, and name the price or prices at which the same are offered.

All offers must be received at the office of the Trustee on or before noon of November 18, 1918.

THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, TRUSTEE.
Pittsburgh, Pa., November 1, 1918.

BRIGGS-SEABURY ORDNANCE COMPANY
(Now Savage Arms Corporation)

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. GOLD BONDS:

Pursuant to provisions of Article Fourth of the First Mortgage, dated August 18, 1915, between Briggs-Seabury Ordnance Company and Savage Arms Corporation and Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, under which the said Briggs-Seabury Ordnance Company issued its First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds, all such bonds now outstanding, other than those maturing December 31st, 1918, have been duly called for redemption on December 31, 1918, at 105 per cent of the principal thereof together with interest.

Upon surrender for cancellation to said Trust Company at its office, No. 46 Wall Street, New York City, on or after December 31, 1918, of any of said bonds, with the coupons payable December 31, 1918, thereto attached, the holder thereof will be entitled to receive from said Trust Company, 105% of the principal amount of the bonds so surrendered and interest on such principal from June 30, 1918, to December 31, 1918.

Pursuant to the terms of the aforesaid trust agreement, none of the bonds thus called for redemption shall bear interest from and after December 31, 1918.

Any of said bonds registered as to principal should be transferred to bearer at the time of surrender.

Proper ownership certificates covering interest to be paid as above are required by the Internal Revenue Department to be furnished at the time of such payment.

FRANKLIN TRUST COMPANY, Trustee
15 WM. J. MONTGOMERY,
October 21, 1918. Vice President

PENNSYLVANIA IRON WORKS COMPANY.

NOTICE is given that under the provisions of the Trust Mortgage the following six First Mortgage Five per cent. Gold Coupon Bonds of the Pennsylvania Iron Works Company, for $1,000 each, due November 15, 1921, have been drawn for payment, and will be paid at 105 and interest, at the office of The Land Title and Trust Company, Trustee, Philadelphia, Pa., on November 15, 1918, on which date interest will cease.

Bonds Nos. 80, 86, 92, 127, 138, 245.

THE LAND TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
Philadelphia, October 15, 1918.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED

Fifty-Year Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 6th day of December, 1918, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $50,000 for said purchase and reserves the right to reject any or all orders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee. By R. G. CURTS, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1918.

LOST OR STOLEN

$50,000.00

THE PROCTOR & GAMBLE COMPANY 7% notes, series A, due March 1, 1919, temporary certificates Nos. M2756-2805, inclusive, for $1,000.00 each.

If found please notify

F. S. MOSELEY & CO.

28 Exchange Place, New York, N. Y.

NEW LIBERTY BONDS APPEAR ON 'CHANGE

First Sale of $3,800,000 Makes Record for Any Single Issue.

$9,439,000 IN ENTIRE DAY

The War News from Austria Stimulated the Whole Bond Market Yesterday.

The Fourth Liberty Loan 4¼ per cent. bonds were traded in on the Stock Exchange for the first time yesterday at a price of 98, which was recorded for all transactions. The first sale reported on the ticker represented the largest accumulation of sales of a single issue ever announced in a transaction, the amount being $3,800,000, and the day's complete turnover of $9,439,000 helped to make the total business done in the bond department of the Exchange the second largest of the year.

The initial quotation of 98 for the new Liberty issue was established through a comparison of buying and selling orders in the hands of the bond brokers. The other 4¼s closed on Saturday at this level, and this fact, presumably, was the basis of the opening sale. The second and third 4¼s started off yesterday slightly under 98, but did not fluctuate far from this level during the course of trading.

The first day's market in the new bonds was in line with expectations. Conditions which governed the other issues carrying the same interest rate were expected to govern dealings. The fact that the first sale was about a point under the quotation recorded in the initial transaction in the third 4¼s last May was looked upon merely as an indication that the market appraisal of bonds of this class had been altered somewhat in the interval. The second 4s, dealt in first on Oct. 29 last year, started off at par and the first 3½s on June 15, 1917, opened at 100.2, later in the day going slightly under par.

The news of Austria's acceptance of the armistice terms acted to stimulate the whole bond market yesterday. In some respects the dealings in corporation issues, principally railroad bonds, were the most remarkable in several years. In volume of sales, these issues were no more than moderately active, but price advances were large. It appeared as though the expectation of an early ending of the war had persuaded owners of bonds to hold on to them, with the result that buyers had to bid high to get what they wanted.

As examples, the Illinois Central Louisville Division, 3½s advanced 9¼ points over the last preceding transaction a few days ago; Chesapeake & Ohio general 4½s rose 3⅝; Western Maryland 4s 3½; Great Northern refunding 4s 2⅞, and Atlantic Coast Line unified 4s 2½ points. A number of issues carrying privileges of conversion into stock were strong, gaining as much as a point between sales.

The French municipal issues, bonds of the Cities of Paris, Bordeaux, Lyons, and Marseilles, were strong and the French Government 5½s rose to 103⅝. There was a good demand all the way along for the Anglo-French 5s and the various United Kingdom issues.

Total sales of bonds of all classes amounted to $20,323,000. Of fifty representative corporation issues all but two recorded advances for the day.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Nov.	1.15⅝	1.13⅛	1.13⅞	1.15⅛	...
Dec.	1.13⅝	1.10⅝	1.13⅝	1.13	1.17¼
Jan.	1.14⅝	1.11⅝	1.14⅛	1.14⅛	1.13½

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Last Year.
Nov.	68⅜	67	68⅜	67⅝	...
Dec.	67⅝	65¾	67⅜	66⅝	58⅜
Jan.	67½	65½	67¼	66¼	...

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 77@77½c; No. 2 white, nominal; No. 3 white, 76¾@77c; No. 4 white, 76@76½c; ordinary clipped, 76½@77½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.	Prev. Last Year.
Nov.	26.25	26.25	26.25	26.20	25.87
Jan.	24.75	24.65	24.75	24.70	23.10
Ribs—					
Nov.	22.10	22.00	22.10	22.10	...
Jan.	22.02	21.90	22.02	22.05	22.75
Pork—					
Nov.	34.80	34.50	34.80	34.90	...
Jan.	39.50	39.75	39.80	39.90	42.55

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	Close.	Close.	Prev.
December	8.80	8.80	
March	9.25	9.25	
May	9.55	9.55	
July	9.85	9.85	
September	10.15	10.15	

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
November	1.61⅝	1.61	1.61⅜
December	1.63	1.62	1.62⅝
January	1.64	1.63½	1.64

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday 3,856 pkgs. A shortage of high-grade fresh butter, and prices were further advanced 1c, with a firm feeling at the close. Medium qualities are sharing modern in the improvement. Renovated doing a little better. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 60¼@61c; extras, 92 score, 60¾@60¼c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 57½@59½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 53@56½c; lower grades, 40@52c; unsalted, higher than extras, 62@62½c; extras, 61@61½c; firsts, 58½@60c; seconds, 57@58c; State dairy-tubs, finest, 58½@59c; good to prime, 56@58c; common to fair, 48@56c; renovated, extras, 57½@58c; firsts, 48½@49½c; lower grades, 43@48c; Pennsylvania creamery, firsts, 59½@60c; ladles, current make, firsts, 41½@42c; seconds, 40c; lower grades, 38@39c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 40@40½c; No. 2, 39½@39¾c; lower grades, 37@38½c.

EGGS.—5,853 pkgs. The extreme scarcity of new-laid eggs is becoming more acute. The recent advances in prices have not checked the demand in the slightest, with the supply, and the competition to secure the few lots arriving that contain a good proportion fit for the best class of trade is keeping quotations well up. Receivers having desirable stock on hand or arriving are able to name almost their own prices within reason, and the sales reported support the demand for advance in quotations, about 2c a dozen. Seriously mixed and lower qualities are still extremely irregular and meet only a moderate demand, but the best of the supply shares in the improvement in better qualities. Storage eggs are very strong, and it is becoming difficult for dealers to supply their needs. Some sales of high-cost goods are reported a little above previous quotations, which are revised accordingly. Nearby white eggs continue extremely scarce, and any uniformly fancy lots arriving are taken at very extreme prices. Mixed and irregular qualities show a wide range in value. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 64@65c; extra firsts, 61@63c; firsts, 59@60c; seconds, 52@56c; dirties, No. 1, 45@46c; No. 2 and poorer, 40@44c; checks, good to choice, dry, 41@42c; undergrades, 35@40c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 47@48c; firsts, charges paid, 42@44c; seconds, charges paid, 42@44c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western henneryy whites, fine to fancy, 94@98c; ordinary to prime, 75@92c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 75@94c; gathered whites, 72@82c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 62@66c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery brown, 90@92c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 85@85c.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Stockholders of the Republic Rubber Corporation, at a special meeting yesterday, authorized an increase in the capital stock. The plan provides for $10,000,000 first preferred cumulative 7 per cent. stock; $2,500,000 second preferred, 8 per cent. cumulative stock, and 650,000 shares of common stock without par value.

It was announced by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. yesterday that the 5-year, 7 per cent. gold notes of the United States Rubber Company, offered in exchange for the dozen issues of 5 per cent. bonds of the General Rubber Company, due Dec 1, had practically all been taken up by conversion.

The following officers were elected at the organization meeting of the Niagara Falls Power Company, which is a consolidation of Hydraulic Power Company, Cliff Electrical Distributing Company and the old Niagara Falls Power Company: Jacob F. Schoellkopf, Chairman of the board; Stacy C. Richmond, President; Paul A. Schoellkopf, Vice President and General Manager; Phillip A. Barton, Vice President, and Morris Forbes, Jr., Vice President and counsel.

COTTON ADVANCES ON ACTIVE COVERING

Austria's Surrender and Cold Weather at the South Moving Market Influences.

An active covering movement, taken up from Saturday's session, featured the trading on the Cotton Exchange yesterday. The market rose sharply from the start, opening prices registering substantial gains from Saturday's final prices. At the high prices of the day December sold at 29.04c; January, 28.35c; March, 27.95c, and July, 27.40c, all from 170 to 188 points up from Saturday's closing quotations. Before midday, however, prices fluctuated irregularly, active months moving to their low position, but the declines were not severe and were occasioned solely by profit taking and the liquidating of old longs.

The market was no doubt influenced by the capitulation of Austria, the prospect of lower rates of insurance and the fact that last week's frosts have stopped growth in some sections of the cotton belt. Liverpool also showed a better tone yesterday, the market there being active and higher for all positions.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Dec.	27.85	29.04	27.85	28.95@29.00	27.16
Jan.	27.25	28.35	27.00	28.20@28.30	26.50
Feb.	....	....	....	27.95 bid	26.23
March	26.90	27.95	26.58	27.85@27.95	26.13
April	....	....	....	27.55 bid	25.95
May	26.60	27.65	26.25	27.45@27.57	25.85
July	26.25	27.40	26.05	27.14@27.15	25.70
Aug.	....	....	....	26.60 bid	25.20
Sept.	25.25	25.40	25.10	26.30 bid	24.80

The local market for spot cotton was steady at 30.70c for middling upland; up 145 points; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 30.27c; New Orleans, 29.50c; Savannah, 30c; Augusta, 28.50c; Memphis, 30c; Houston, 30.50c; Little Rock, 29.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	20,162	19,957	34,019
Exports	.....	15,136	15,644
Exports, season	962,748	923,004	1,358,078
New York stocks	110,250	105,910	110,517
Port stocks	1,253,889	1,167,864	988,497
N. Y. arrivals	9,195	12,753	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 20.76d for middling, and 20.37d good middling. Sales 1,000 bales, American 1,000. Imports, 11,000 bales of which American 9,000. Futures opened quiet 22 to 31 points off, but closed steady 17 to 88 points advance. November, 20.77d; December, 19.90d; January, 19.39; February, 18.73d; and March, 18.07d. Manchester: Yarns irregular and cloths dull.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.
2s registered	90¼	90⅝
2s, coupon, 1930	90½	106
2s, Panama, '38, reg	99	99½
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	99	99½
3s, registered, 1946	89	
3s, coupon, 1946	89	
3s, conversion, 1947	89	
4s, registered, 1925	106	106⅜
4s, coupon, 1925	106	106⅜
3s, Panama, '61, reg	88	92
3s, Panama, '61, coupon	88	92
5s, Fed Land Bank, '38	104½	105

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
4⅛s July, 1967	100¾	101¼	100½
4⅛s June, 1965	100¾	101¼	100½
4⅛s Mar., 1964	100¾	101¼	100½
4⅛s Nov., 1957	100¾	101¼	100½
4⅛s May, 1957	100¾	101¼	100½
4⅛s Mar., 1960-30	96	96½	96
4⅛s Mar., 1964	96	96½	96¼
4⅛s Apr., 1966	96	96½	96¼
4⅛s Mar., 1962	96	96½	96¼
4⅛s Sep., 1960	96	96½	96¼
4s May, 1959	90½	91½	90
4s May, 1957	90½	91½	90
4s Nov., 1956	90	91	89⅝
4s Nov., 1955	90	91	89⅝
4s Nov., 1958	90	91	89⅝
4s May, 1919	99¾	99¾	99¾
4s Nov., 1918	99½	..	99½

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
3½s Nov., 1955	80¾	80	..
3½s Nov., 1954	81½	82¾	81
3½s May, 1954	81½	82¾	81

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1924-1931	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1921-1923	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1919-1920	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1919-1923	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1924-1932	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1940-1953	4.60	4.50	4.70
4½s 1930-1939	4.60	4.50	4.70
4½s 1922-1929	4.70	4.50	4.70
4½s 1919-1921	4.70	4.50	4.70
4½s 1940-1953	4.70	4.50	4.70
4½s 1926-1930	4.70	4.50	4.70
4½s 1918-1925	4.70	4.50	4.70

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
516 Cities Service	288½	287	288	289
2,625 Cities Service pf	76¼	75¾	75½	76¾

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	14	17
Adiron Elec Power pf	64	68
Am Gas & Electric	97	101
Am Gas & Electric pf	89½	92
Am Light & Traction	224	227
Am Light & Trac pf	94½	96
Am Power & Light	..	..
Am Power & Light pf	72	75
Am Public Utilities	..	..
Am Public Utilities pf	38	41
Am W W & Electric	7½	9
Am W W & E 1st pf	64	68
Am W W & E partic	14	17
Carolina Pow & Light	27	..
Carolina Pow & Lt pf	87	90
Colorado Power	25	27
Colorado Power pf	96	98
Columbus Electric pf	70	76
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	25	27
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	46	48
Conn Power	75	79
Consumers Power pf	80	85
Eastern Texas Electric	51	54
Eastern Texas Elec pf	71	76
El Paso Electric	72	78
Elec B & S pf	90	95
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75
Federal Light & Trac	7	10
Federal Lt & Trac pf	34	41
Galveston-Hous Elec	24	30
Galveston Hous Elec pf	60	65
Gas & Elec Securities	200	250
Gas & Elec Sec pf	80	85

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	96	98½	98
Am W W & E col 5s	67	69	68
Appalachian Pow 5s, '32	69	72	70
Cin Gas & El 5s, '56	90	92	90
Cities Service Deb 7s	108	113	108
Cities Ind & P 7s, '19	97	99	98
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	74	78	76
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	94	100	96
Conn Power 5s, 1963	84	89	86
Dallas Elec 5s, 1922	84	88	86
East Tex Elec col 5s	82	88	86
East Tex Elec 7	91	96½	96
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	90	90
Empire Gas & F 6s, '26	96½	98¾	98
Empire Ref 6s, 1927	90½	93¼	93
Gt West Pow 5s, '46	77	78	78
Gt West Pow 6s, '2525	87	90	90
Int M Ry, L & P 6s	97	100	

Middle W U 6s	25	35	30
Miss River Pow 1st 5s	70½	73	73
Miss River Pow 5s, '51	88	92	88
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	89	91	90
Nor States Pow 7s, '41	89	93	93
Nor Tex Elec col 5s	70	83½	83
Omaha & C B 5s, 1928	77	85	85
Puget Sd T, L & P 5s	96	98	98
Rochester Ry & Lt 5s	93	96½	96
So Cal Edison 5s, '39	87	90	90
Twin States Gas & El 5s, 1953	..	80	96
Un L & P 1st 5s, '32	80	84	84
Un L & R deb 6s, '26	87	90	90
Un Util ev 6s, 1943	90	95	95
Utah Securities 6s	86	87	87
Wash I W L & P 6s	94½	98	98
Middle W U 6s, 1925	85	90	90

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,265 Alaska Gold	5⅝	4⅝	5
5 Ahmeek	79½	79½	79½
200 Bonanza	25	25	25
150 Anaconda	70⅞	70⅞	70⅞
75 Ariz Com'l	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
200 Butte-Balak	30c	30c	30c
330 Calumet & Ariz	60	60	60
27 Calu & Hec	455	450	455
240 Cop Range	48⅜	48¼	48⅜
15 Davis-Daly	5¼	5¼	5¼
858 East Butte	11	10⅞	11
20 Franklin	38½	38	38
10 Greene-Can	55	55	55
80 Hancock	71¾	7	7¼
120 Isle Royale	25½	25½	25½
25 Kerr Lake	6	6	6
50 Keweenaw	1	1	1
65 La Salle	3	3	3
1,045 Mayflow-O C	4¼	4	4
162 Mohawk	57¼	56¼	57

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
195 New Arca	1⅞	1½	1⅝
100 New Riv pf	66	66	66
15 Niplssing	8¼	8¼	8½
35 North Butte	14	14	14
135 Oljibway	1	75c	75c
25 Osceola	55	55	55
95 Powd Expans	10¼	10⅛	10⅛
20 Quincy	68	68	68
470 Santa Fe	62	60	60
30 Seneca	14¼	14¼	14¼
175 Shannon	4	4	4
50 South Lake	1¼	1¼	1¼
65 Superior Cop	61½	61½	61½
2,800 Super & Bos	4¾	4¼	4¾
110 Trinity	32¼	32¼	32¼
205 U S Sm pf	47	46	47
1,690 *Utah Apex	3	2⅞	2⅞
220 Utah Con	9¾	9¾	9¾
1,765 Utah Metals	2¼	2	2

Railroads.

4 Bos & Alb	135	135	135
148 Bos Elev	73½	73	73½
5 Do pf	96½	96½	96½
4 Fitchb'g pf	60	60	60

Miscellaneous.

25 Am Agr Ch	102½	102¼	102¼
40 Do pf	94½	94½	94½
10 Am Pneumatic	2	2	2
Do pf	5¾	5¾	5¾
2d pf	5½	5½	5½
60 Am Sugar	111	109¾	109¾
25 Do pf	117¾	111	111¾
370 Am T & T	100	108	108¾
46 Am Wool pf	95	94½	95
10 A. G. & W. I	111	111	111
50 Booth Fish	22	21½	21½
120 Century Sil	13¾	13¾	13¾
110 Cub P Com't	13¾	13¾	13¾
32 Edison	165	164	165
188 Fairbanks Co	57½	57	57¾
24 Gen Elec	174	174	174
35 Gorton	30	30	30

Bonds.

$10,000 Alaska Gold 6s, B	34½	34½	34½
$500 Swift 5s	95	94¼	95
4,000 UnitFrtStl	96½	96¼	96½

*25x dividend.

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
5 Con Coal	89¾	89¾	89¾
7 Con Power	103	103	103
30 Hous O pf	72	71½	71½
97 Mt Vern M	16	16	16
100 Do pf	73½	73½	73½
6 M & M P N	..	..	..

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
Bk	27	27	27
10 Md Casualty	75	75	75
5 Nat Bk Com	33	33	33
120 United Rys	20¾	20¾	20¾
5 U S F & G	111	111	111
100 W B & A	20¾	20¾	20¾

Bonds.

$15,000 A C L 4s	79	79	79
2,000 Balt El 5s	91	91	91
1,000 Cent Co 5s	95	95	95
13,000 Con Pow n	95½	95½	95½
8,000 Con Pow n	73½	73½	73½
4½s	83¾	83¾	83¾

$5,000 Con Pow 5s	95	95	95
2,000 Cos 6s "A"	82	82	82
2,000 Tide Co 5s	75	75	75
10,000 M C Co 5s	..	..	..
1,000 Mun Gas 5s	1	1	1
2,000 W Va C 5s	76	78	76
Gen'l Oil 6s	..	..	..
Mt Vern M 6s	..	..	..
Pat Con 5s	..	..	..
Pub Serv 5s	..	..	..
Wash Gas 5s	..	..	..
Wash Ry & El 4s	76	78	76
Wash Ry & El 5s	78	78	78
Wash Ry & El 5s	78	78	78
Wash Ry & El 5s	78	78	78

$400,000,000 SAVED FROM BOLSHEVIKI

Two-Thirds of Russia's Gold Reserve Is in Possession of Siberian Government.

PAYMENTS TO BERLIN STOP

German Paper Abandons Hope That Remainder of "Indemnity" Will Be Forthcoming from Reds.

Russian Government gold valued at 800,000,000 rubles, taken from Petrograd by the Bolsheviki, has been saved at Kazan by the Omsk Government, generally recognized as a foundation for the reorganization of Russia, A. J. Sack, director of the Russian Information Bureau in New York, announced last night on the authority of the Russian Embassy at Washington.

The gold, representing two-thirds of the reserve in the Russian Treasury when the Bolsheviki gained control of the capital late in 1917, was transported by them to Kazan and thence to Samara. Agents of the Omsk Government obtaining possession of it took the metal to Omsk.

News of the coup was cabled to Washington by I. A. Michalloff, Secretary of Finance at Omsk, Mr. Sack said. The gold is worth approximately $400,000,000.

The Omsk Government, according to recent advices from Russia, is rapidly gaining recognition among the anti-Bolshevist councils as the nucleus for the formation of a conservative Government.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 4.—The indications are that Russia will refuse to make any further indemnity payments to Germany, according to the Frankfort Gazette.

The newspaper says that Russia, which had paid two installments of the war indemnity, has stopped the transport of gold and banknotes to Germany. "Evidently," adds the Gazette, "she refuses to pay the last part of the indemnity."

CALL FOR UNION ON TRADE.

French Business Leaders Urge Co-operation Among Allies.

PARIS, Oct. 31.—The Industrial and Commercial Federation, the most influential business men's organization in France, held a luncheon today in support of the movement for the creation of an economic union among the Allies. The subject was discussed by André Lebon, former Minister of Commerce and now President of the Federation, together with the Presidents of the American, Italian, Belgian, and Franco-Serbian Chambers of Commerce in Paris.

M. Lebon said that the change in the government of Germany, while it might be considered a punishment of Germany's former rulers, constituted in no way a guarantee for the future, as the German people had been entirely responsible for the acts of those who led them and had acquiesced in such acts, sometimes by silence, sometimes by approval, and always by actual complicity. He urged that the Allies should insure preferential treatment among themselves "to avoid being submerged anew by German commerce."

The Allies, he noted, were masters of the world's markets in all raw materials except coal. Germany, he declared, should be placed under the wardship of the Allies, not in a military or political way, but economically.

Sir John Pilter, Honorary President of the British Chamber of Commerce, recommended the creation of an interallied customs union.

PALMER TAKES OVER AMERICAN TRUSTS

Property Custodian Attaching Funds of Women Married to Germans and Austrians.

WILL EXCEED $21,300,000

Countess Szechenyi, Formerly Gladys Vanderbilt, at Head of List with $9,000,000.

Alien Property Custodian A. Mitchell Palmer announced yesterday that he had either taken over or was engaged in legal steps to take over the property and trust funds in this country of women of American families who had married Germans and Austrians and of the German and Austrian heirs of such former American women.

When the action against such properties is completed the United States Government will have taken control of property valued at more than $21,300,000 which had previously been owned or held in trust for descendants of wealthy American families, most of whom are now in possession of German and Austrian titles. The largest single amount involved is $9,000,000 in the name of Gladys Vanderbilt Szechenyi, the daughter of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt and Alice G. Vanderbilt. She is now a resident of Budapest, Hungary. Several descendants of John Jacob Astor are among those whose interests in this country are being taken over. The list includes:

Baroness Augusta Luise von Alten, Budapest, Austria, formerly Augusta L. De Haven, and Sarah E. von Camps, Hanover, Welfel, Germany, formerly Sarah E. De Haven, granddaughters of the late Louisa G. Bigelow, formerly of Chicago. Estate valued at about $1,460,000. Each has a life interest in one-third.

Baroness Lydia G. von Hammerstein, formerly Lydia Griswold of New York. Small interest in estate of George Griswold of New York and $15,500 in stocks.

Baroness Clara Erhart von Truchsess, Düsseldorf, Germany, formerly Clara Erhart of New York. Life estate in trust fund of $500,000; stocks, $63,600; bonds, $426,800; notes, $62,900; cash, $17,429.22.

Berwind Estate Affected.

Gertrude, Baroness von Bocklin, Rust bei Ringsheim, Baden, Germany, formerly Gertrude Berwind of Philadelphia, Penn. Under the will of Charles F. Berwind, her father, late of Philadelphia, she received more than $300,000 in property, which was put in trust with the property received by the other heirs in this estate.

Baroness Olivia Louise von Rothkirch, Schloss Massee, bie Trebnitz, Schlesien, Germany, formerly Olivia Louise Brown, daughter of William John Brown of New York, N. Y. Life interest in trust approximating $1,000,000.

Baroness Mathilda L. Bornemisza, Budapest, Austria, Baroness Margaret von Wucherer, Steiermark, Austria, and Anna von Dory Johahaza, Steiermark, Austria, daughters of the late James Price of Philadelphia and grand-daughters of the late Samuel Harlan of Philadelphia, and Baroness Manon Dumreicher, Baron Tibor von Berg, Baron Tassilo von Berg, and Baron Max von Berg, children of the deceased daughter, Baroness Sallie Mae Berg. The above enemies share in the income of a trust under the will of Sarah Maria Price, valued at $275,000, and also in a trust created under the will of Samuel Harlan, Jr., valued at $75,000.

Baroness Cornelia C. Zedlitz, Berlin, Germany, formerly Cornelia Carnochan Roosevelt, daughter of the late Charles Y. Roosevelt of New York. Her husband, Baron Clemens Zedlitz, died in 1901. Under a trust agreement made in 1880 in contemplation of marriage, her property, valued at about $3,000,000, was put in trust, reserving to her a life interest. Personal property valued at $200,000 also was taken over.

Countess Marguerite Isabelle Eugenie Victorine de Stuers Obendorff, wife of former German Ambassador to Austria, and daughter of Alphonse de Stuers, Minister of Holland in France. She is a grandniece of the late Henry Astor, grandson of the original John Jacob Astor, and inherits a share in his estate. Her mother was Countess Margaret Laura Zhorowski, daughter of Alida Astor, a sister of Henry Astor and daughter of William Astor. Trust fund $60,000, created by deed of trust by her father; cash, $9,492.25 and 8-15 interest in New York City property.

Countess von Francken Sierstorpff, Zyrowa Leschnitz, Prussia, formerly Mary Knowlton, daughter of Edwin F. Knowlton of New York. Life interest trust fund $1,200,000, left under the will of her father; bonds, $3,600; notes, $21,457.55; insurance policy, $10,000; bank account, $216.05. Remainder interests of Count Edwin Victor Guido Friedrich Wilhelm Heinrich Casper Johannes Maria Sierstorpff, and Count Hans Clemens Herman Friedrich Wilhelm Heinrich Casper Alexander Maria Sierstorpff, sons of the above enemy, also taken over.

$4,000,000 Securities Taken Over.

Countess Gladys Vanderbilt Szechenyi, Budapest, Hungary, daughter of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt and Alice G. Vanderbilt. Nearly four million dollars in securities taken over; also income from five million trust fund created under the will of her father.

Countess Harriot Sigray, Ivancz Nagycsakny, Hungary, daughter of the late Marcus Daly of Montana. Securities taken over, $1,000,000; cash, $13,-669.81.

Countess Gladys McMillan Cornet, Brussels, Belgium, formerly Gladys McMillan, daughter of the late James H. McMillan of Detroit. Life interest in one-tenth of trust of $4,500,000, created under the will of James McMillan, her grandfather. Life interest in two-thirds of trust of $450,000, created under the will of James H. McMillan, her father. Life estate one-tenth trust of $600,000, created under the will of Mary L. McMillan, her grandmother. Securities also taken over, $149,725.

Jayta Humphreys von Wolf, Munich, Germany, daughter of the late Frederic Humphreys of New York, the founder of the Humphreys Homeopathic Medicine Company. Life interest in a trust valued about $50,000, consisting largely of stock of the above company and bank balance, $3,036.91.

Clara von Gontard, Berlin, Germany, daughter of the late Adolphus Busch and Lilly Busch of St. Louis. Life interest in trust fund created under the will of Adolphus Busch, securities valued at $900,000, including stock holdings in Anheuser-Busch Brewing Company, St. Louis.

Mary Trowbridge von Zepplin, Germany, formerly Mary Wilkens, Detroit, Mich., wife of Conrad von Zepplin and daughter of the late Lizzie C. Wilkens of Detroit. Life estate trust fund, $40,000.

Children of Sophie von Bohlen und Halbach, Baden, Germany, formerly Sophie Bohlen, daughter of General William Henry Charles Bohlen of Pennsylvania. She died in 1915 and her children, all residing in Germany, became beneficiaries of her estate, including trust funds totaling $1,500,000, and bonds, $4,000.

Helen H. von Stralenheim, Dresden, Germany; Louise von Trutzschler zum Falkenstein, Vogtland, Germany, and Josephine von Arnim, Dresden, Germany, daughters of David Lenhitt, deceased, late of New York. Each has life estate, one-fifth of $225,000 trust, created under the will of their father.

Katie von Kracker, Mecklenburg, Germany, formerly Katie Ellias, daughter of the late Henry Elias, brewer of New York. Life interest in one-half of a trust created under the will of her father, valued at $300,000.

A number of smaller properties, owned by or held for German and Austrian women of American families, will also be taken over.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Forecast:

N. Caro.—Fair and colder Tues.; cloudy Wed.

S. Caro. and Ga.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Fla.—Fair Tues.; rain Wed.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair and warmer Tues.; partly cloudy Wed.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Tues.; rain Wed.

Ohio—Fair Tues.; cloudy and warmer Wed.

Ind. and Minn.—Fair and warmer Tues.; rain Wed.

Mich.—Fair and warmer Tues.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Dr. Jackpot	.02
Alta	.03	Justice	.01
Andes	.04	Mexican	.10
Best & Belcher	.01	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.03
Caledonia	.01	Overman	.01
Challenge Con	.03	Potosi	.08
Confidence	.10	Sierra Nevada	.01
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con	.06
Con. Virginia	.14	Utah	.01
Hale & Norcross	.02	Mexican dollars	.77¼

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.50	Booth	.02
Cash Boy	.04	Florence	.10
Halifax	.09	Goldfield Cons	.18
Jim Butler	.47	Goldfield Merger	.01
McNamara	.21	Great Bend	.02
Midway	.07	Jumbo Extn	.08
Mizpah	.03	Kewanas	.03
Monarch Pitts	.04	Lone Star	.01
Montana	.09	Silver Pick	.02
North Star	.06	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.08	Manhattan Cons	.04
Tonopah Divide	1.47½	Nevada Hills	.02
Tonopah Exten	1.45	Rochester	.34
West End	1.07½	Round Mountain	.16
West Tonopah	.12	United Eastern	4.00
GOLDFIELD.		White Caps	.11
Atlanta	.03		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5	5⅛	Isabella	5⅞	6
Dr. J'pot	3½	4	McKinney	7	10
Elkton	5	7	Portland	100	102
El Paso	10	25	U. Gold M.	12	13½
Golden C.	175½	178	Vindicator	30	45
Granite	19	25	Rose Nicol.	10½	11

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

GROVE ST, 52 and 54, s s, 75 ft e of Bleecker St, 50x100, prior mtg $15,000; Grove St, 56, s s, 125 ft e of Bleecker St, 25x102.2; Grove St, 58, 25x100.2, Oct. 25; Thayne-Cowen Corporation to Sterling Holding Corporation, 290 Broadway, due as bond, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$6,000

PLEASANT AV, 411, w s, 67.6 ft s of 122d St, 16.8x100, P. M., Nov. 1; Rachel Rusciano to Henrietta Hirsch, 1,043 Southern Boulevard, 4 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $2,500; attorney, Max Altmayer, 290 Broadway.$2,000

5TH ST, 528 East, s s, 281.11 ft w of Avenue B, 19.8x96.2, one-third part, June 23; Lena and William Klein to Johannah Mutschler, 290 Central Av, Jersey City, N. J., 3 years, interest as per bond, prior mtg $5,000; address L. Klein, 505 East 15th St.$2,500

57TH AV, s w corner of 127th St, 49.11x110, July 6; Finnish Workers' Educational Association of Manhattan to Credit Union, 48 Wallace Av, Fitchburg, Mass, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Hillquit & Levene, 30 Church St.$25,000

57TH AV, s s, 77.2 ft n of 74th St, 25x100, P. M., Nov. 4; Charles E. Mitchell to Herman Wood, 50 West 77th St, 5 years, 5 p. c.; attorneys, Weekes Bros., 52 William St.$110,000

6TH ST, 208 and 210 East, s s, 130 ft e of 3d Av, 50x97, ½ part, Nov. 4; Ida Mosch to the Miewiel Co., 162 East 23d St, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. W. Erdtmann, 1,612 Broadway, Brooklyn..$500

56TH ST, 208-210 West, s s, 122.7 ft e of Broadway, 50x116.2x50.2x120.2, P. M., Nov. 1; E. L. Barnett and 48th St. R. & C. Co. to Mary L. Rogers, 626 West 136th St, 5 p. c., prior mtg $—; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$38,000

107TH ST, 226 East, s s, 250 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11, P. M., Nov. 4; Sebastiano di Palermo to the Metropolitan Sav Bank, 59 Cooper Square, 5 years, 5 p. c.; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St..$7,500

127TH ST, 29 West, n s, 328.9 ft w of 5th Av, 18.9x99.11, P. M., Nov. 4; Charles E. Haskell to Florette R. Steindler, 210 Riverside Drive, et al., executors, due Sept. 4, 1923, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Kurzman, O. & F., 25 Broad St.$5,000

137TH ST, s s, 181.6 ft e of 8th Av, 15.6x99.11, Oct. 30; Theresa W. Robinson to Edna P. Allen, 105 West 137th St, installments, $75 month 6 p. c., prior mtg $7,000; attorney, Pope B. Billups, 203 Broadway $500

183D ST, n s, 104.1 ft e of Broadway, 16.8x74.4, Nov. 4; Mary C. Rogers to George Hagelweide, 66 Irving Place, due March 1, 1920, 6 p. c, prior mtg $5,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1,000

Bronx.

COURTLANDT AV, 583-97, w s, 63.9xirregular; Philip H. Lee to J. & M. Haffen Brewing Co., $3,804 3d Av, Oct. 31, due as per bond; attorney, Frees & McE., 3,029 3d Av $23,000

DEVOE AV, s e corner of West Farms Road, 62.10x100x102.11x107.9; David Schlesinger to Rasac Realty Co., 814 West End Av, Nov. 1, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $3,000

PARK AV, n e corner of 188th St, 35.4x100x 42x100.2; May H. Dwyer to Benenson Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, prior mtg $29,000, Oct. 25, due as per bond; attorney, F. K. Kelly, 391 East 149th St.....$5,000

PARK AV, 4,726, e s, 42x100; May H. Dwyer to Benenson Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, prior mtg $25,000, Oct. 25, due as per bond; attorney, Benenson Realty Co., 509 Willis Av $6,000

239TH ST, 320 East, n s, 25x100; Franz Junge to Louis Eickwart, 29 Fletcher Av, Mount Vernon Av, Oct. 28, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$700

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

CHERRY ST, 362, mtg $16,000; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Mary T. Casey, 352 West 46th St; attorneys, Cary & Carroll, 58 Wall St.; interest of $13,000

52D ST, 453 West, mtg $16,000; Isabelle M. Heines to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

104TH ST, 29-31 East, mtg $2,500, New $1,000; Mollie Ettlinger to Samuel L. Ettlinger, 225 West 108th St; attorney, Geza Elchhorn, 309 Broadway.....$1

61ST ST, 64 West, mtg $3,500; Classic Realty Corp. to Elizabeth Riley, 154 West 55th St; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

Bronx.

BANTA LANE, n s, 69 ft e of Billar Place, 47x70x45x77; Caroline Nelson to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co., 258 East 138th St; attorney, J. W. Bryant, 391 East 149th St.....$1

CLINTON AV, e s, 64.2 ft s of 181st St, 42.11x72.1; also 172d St, w s, 150 ft s of Boston Road, 100x200; John E. Miller and Jane Starr to New York Realty, 32 Waverly Place; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St.....$1

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, s w corner of 163d St, 31.172.8x102.11x 74; Joseph H. Schwartz to Amanda Wundram, 401 East 154th St; attorneys, Goldfein & W., 350 Broadway.....$1

LOTS 8 to 17, Parcel 12, map of William B. Ogden; Merle L. St. John to Edwin B. Sheldon, Delhi, N. Y.; attorney, Daniel Seymour, 80 Broadway.....$6,002

156TH ST, 300-302 East; Elmira M. Schwitters et al to Henry Winder, 302 East 138th St, and ano, exrs; attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway $26,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,865, ½ part of store; Wilkens & Von Seth to Christian Bang, 2,865 Broadway, 5 years from Aug 31, 1918; attorney, Albert R Lesinsky, 149 Broadway.....$1,680

WATER ST, 86, s s; Trustees of Sailors' Snug Harbor to William J Farrell, 22 East 29th St, extra lease, 21 years from Nov 1, 1918; 21 years renew; attorney, Dan Daly, 28 Nassau St.....$1,000

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

123D ST, 56 East; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Thomas M. Mordessi et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

EAST BROADWAY, 232, and Division St, 221; Samuel Padwee against Aaron L. Furetz et al., action to set aside deeds, &c.; attorney, A. Rickman.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,836 and 1,838; Frederic de F. Foster et al. against John H. Bodine et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. A. Alcock.

122D ST, 171 and 173 East; Emil Altman against Christian Jaeger et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Lewis & Schaap.

Bronx.

213TH ST., s w corner of Willet Av, 100x 100; William J. Thompson against Adelaide McKeon et al., partition; attorney, L. E. French.

LOTS 57, 58, and 59, map of 250 lots, known as Thompson-Rose Estate; William J. Thompson et al. against Charles Edgar Thompson et al., partition; attorney, L. E. French.

LOTS 78 and southerly one-half of Lot 77, map of 250 lots, known as Thompson-Rose Estate, also White Plains Road, n e corner of Gun Hill Road, 310x149x irregular; Adeline T. Paskert against Alexander Thompson et al, partition; attorney, L. E. French.

PLIMPTON AV, w s, 300 ft n of 170th St, 75x100; Helen M. Blakeslee against Delta Holding Corpn, et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Wesselman & Kraus.

MORRIS AV, w s, 158.4 ft n of 184th St, 25x86.9; Evelyn M. Fanning et al. against John Fleming et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cloeman, Sertn & Gotthold.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans filed for new buildings.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Greene St, 159, to a five-story loft; estate of A. Strauss, 89 Fulton St, owner; A. S. Macgregor, 3 West 87th St, architect; cost, $4,000.

72d St, 125 West, to a five-story dwelling; Inwood Realty Co., 271 Broadway, owner; S. Cohen, 32 Union Square, architect; cost, $20,000.

5th Av, n e corner of 43d St, to a one-story church; Emanuel Congregation of the City of New York, premises, owner; S. A. Hertz, 149 5th Av, architect; cost, $20,000.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

An interesting deal which indicates the coming apartment house building activity after the war was closed yesterday in the upper Park Avenue section in the purchase by the M. S. C. Holding Corporation of the two five-story flats at 115 and 117 East Eighty-second Street. They cover a plot 75 feet front by 102.2, between Park and Lexington Avenues. The property was sold by Pease & Elliman for the Lawyers' Realty Company. It is assessed at $94,000.

James E. R. Carpenter is President of the buying corporation. He has been identified in the erection of some of the largest Park Avenue apartment structures. He is planning to improve the Eighty-second Street site with a nine-story apartment house as soon as normal conditions prevail in the building market.

$235,000 Madison Avenue Deal.

The ten-story apartment house at 778 and 780 Madison Avenue, on a plot 40 by 80 feet, between Sixty-sixth and Sixty-seventh Streets, adjoining the large Cutting residence on the latter corner, has been sold. The price is said to be $235,000. The property recently figured in several transactions. Arthur C. Sheridan sold it on June 17 to Albert H. Stone who several weeks afterwards resold it to the 780 Madison Avenue Company. Last week is was transferred to the North Madison Avenue Corporation. The identity of the new purchaser could not be learned yesterday, but it is said to have been bought for investment.

Title Passes to Nassau Street Building.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company took title yesterday, subject to a mortgage of $600,000, to the fourteen-story Morse Building on the northeast corner of Nassau and Beekman Streets. It was transferred by Charles W. Hall. The building covers a plot 85.3 on Nassau Street by 69.11 on Beekman Street and is assessed for $700,000, the land value being $485,000. It adjoins the former American Tract Society Building on the upper half of the Nassau Street block.

Resale of $72,000 Dwelling.

The home of the late Gustav Schwab, at 31 West Forty-seventh Street, has been resold by Thomas Southard to an investor who plans to alter the Structure into stores and apartments. The property, which consists of a four-story and basement modern dwelling on a lot 23.10 by 100.5, was held at $72,000. Frederick Fox & Co., in conjunction with Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., negotiated the sale.

Pasadena Apartments in $1,207,500 Lease

At an aggregate rental of about $1,207,-500, the twelve-story Pasadena apartment house, with stores on the southwest corner of Broadway and Sixty-first Street, has been leased for a period of twenty-one years to a new company, represented by Stoddard & Marsh, attorneys. The Pasadena is owned by the Columbian Realty Company, Jacob A. Zimmerman, President, which has held the property since 1907. The structure fronts 87.3 feet on Broadway and 81.6 feet on Sixty-first Street, with southerly and westerly lines of 125.4 and 75.5 feet, respectively.

$18,000 Lease for Dance Hall.

George B. Grundy has leased the ballroom over the Audubon Theatre from the Broadway & 168th Street Company, controlled by William Fox, for a dancing hall. The lease is for a term of years at an annual rental of $18,000 a year. Frederick Fox & Co. were the brokers. Mr. Grundy held the lease of the Grand Central Palace main floor for a dancing hall until that building was taken by the Government for a hospital, and he recently leased the St. Nicholas Skating Rink, which has been altered into a dance hall.

Private Dwelling Sales.

The Lawyers Mortgage Company sold to Dr. Alfred W. Herzog 121 West Eighty-third Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 16.8 by 100. Dr. Herzog holds title to the adjoining dwelling, No. 133.

Ernest E. Baldwin sold the residence, 17 by 100, at 261 West End Av., to a client of Pease & Elliman. The purchaser will occupy.

Tenement Deals.

Ernest L. Adler purchased from Herman J. Messing, for a client, 111 East Ninety-sixth St., a five-story tenement, on a lot 25 by 100. The larger part of the building was recently destroyed by fire and the purchaser will file plans shortly to erect on the premises a modern five-story triple flat.

Samuel Pilscheck, through J. G. Abramson as attorney, sold to Louis Pinkus the five-story double flat and stores, 10 East 114th St., 25 by 100, adjoining the corner of Fifth Av., held at $30,000.

Harry Grohman purchased from Lowenfeld & Prager, operators, 310 West 152d St., a six-story "walk up" apartment, on a plot 40 by 100. E. J. Harlan negotiated the sale.

The Bronx Market.

The Denmore Realty Company has sold to Morris Kohn, for investment, 3,672 and 3,674 Park Avenue, two two-family dwellings, on a plot 40 by 150.

William Krimsky has purchased, for investment, from the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company 434 and 436 East 166th Street, two two-family houses, on a plot 50 by 118.

The two five-story new-law flats on the northwest corner of Park Avenue and 188th Street, covering a plot 77 by 100, have been purchased, for investment, by Miss Mary Dwyer. The Benenson Realty Company acted as broker. The same company has also sold to a client of Philip J. Knoblock, attorney, the property at 2,157 Crotona Avenue, on plot 30 by 231.

Brooklyn.

The Realty Trust has sold for the Alco Building Company the one-family brick dwelling, with garage, 2,012 Sixtieth Street, Mapleton Park, to Harry Greenman, for occupancy; also, the brick dwelling 707 New Jersey Avenue, East New York, to Esther Ginsberg.

Sol Berman has purchased the building 1,130 East Twenty-ninth Street, in the Flatbush section, on a plot 40 by 100, held at $8,500, from the Pygmalion Realty Company.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, NOV. 4.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, 25, s w corner of Goerck St, 13 to 19, 25.3x100; Miriam Straus and another, executors, to Leah Landesman (Straus) and Bernhard Straus, 622 West 141st St, all liens, Oct. 1; attorney, Samuel Hellinger, 309 Broadway.....$100

BROOME ST, 35, s w corner Goerck St, 25.2x 100; Leah Landesman et al. to Lemira Realty Corp., 622 West 141st St, all liens; attorney, S. Hellinger, 309 Broadway...$100

CHERRY ST, 244, n s, 25.3x138; Max Mandel to Cornician Realty Co., 503 13th St, Brooklyn, mtg. $17,000, Nov. 1; attorney, I. Rosenstein, 503 13th St, Brooklyn.....$100

HORATIO ST, 78, s s, 169.4 ft w of Greenwich St, 25x87.5, partition sale, June 1, 1918; John Griffin, referee; Annibetta C. Simonson, 197 Park Av, Port Richmond, S. I., one of defendants, Sept. 26....$9,300

NASSAU ST, n e corner of Beekman St, 85.3x69.11; Charles W. Hall to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., mtg. $600,000, Nov. 2; attorneys, Bu cher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av.....$1

PLEASANT AV, 411, w s, 67.6 ft s of 122d St, 16.8x100; Henrietta Hirsch to Rachela Rusciano, 413 Pleasant Av, mtg $2,500, Nov. 1; attorney, Max Altmayer, 290 Broadway $100

WATER ST, 60, n w s, 24.4x70.8x24.5x71.3; Young & Griffin Coffee Co. to Brooklyn Terminal Co., 104 Pearl St, b. and s., c. a. g., Feb. 19, 1917; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

WATER ST, 58, n s, 137.7 ft w of Old Slip, 21.7x70.8, mtg $10,000; Pearl St, 92, s e s, 45x21x irregular, all liens; same to same, all liens, c. a. g., Oct. 18, 1917; same attorney $1

3D AV, 1,874, w s, 75.11 ft n of 103d St, 25x100; Regal Building Co. to Fannie G. K. Williams, at 9th Av. and Shore Road, Long Island City, Borough of Queens, Oct. 31; attorney, Louis A. Sable, 51 Chambers St. $500

57TH AV, e s, 77.2 ft n of 7th St, 25x100; Herman Woog to Charles E. Mitchell, 3 East 85th St, Nov. 4; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

6TH ST, s s, 130 ft e of 3d Av, 50x97; Mary ... Arcitzberg to Ida Mesch, 10 Covert St, Brooklyn, one-half part, quit claim, confirmation deed, all liens, Dec. 14, 1917...$1

7TH AV, w s, 50.11 ft n of 120th St, 50x 99.10; Francis Scallon to Margaret Scallon, 544 Manhattan Av, mtg. $70,000, all liens, Sept. 18, 1915.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Margaret Scallon to James J. Scallon, 105 Gerry St, Elmhurst, L. I., mtg. $70,000.....$1

11TH ST, 340-54 West, n s, 22 ft w of Washington St, 50x44x irregular; Francis C. and Isabel Brennan to Katharine G. Brennan, 351 West 11th St, all title, b. and s. and c. a. g., Oct. 28; attorney, Herbert McKennis, 99 Wall St.....$100

14TH ST, n s, 119 ft w of Avenue A, 25x 103.3; Fidelia Mittelmann to Marne Holding Co., 51 East 96th St, all liens, Oct. 31; attorney, Samuel Hellinger, 309 Broadway $1

54TH ST, 331 East, n s, 283.9 ft w of 1st Av, 19.9x100; Fidelia Mittelmann to Marne Holding Co., 51 East 96th St, all liens Oct. 31; attorney, Samuel Hellinger, 309 Broadway $1

54TH ST, 323 East, n s, 250 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.5; Fidelia Mittelmann to Marne Holding Co., 51 East 96th St, Oct. 31; attorney, S. Hellinger, 309 Broadway.....$1

56TH ST, 208 and 210 West, s s, 122.7 ft e of Broadway, 50x116.2x50.2x120.2; 48th Street R. & C. Co. to E. L. Barnett, 18 East 41st St, mtg $120,000; attorneys, Henry, M. & M., 62 William St.....$100

80TH ST, s s, 363 ft w of Av A, 25x102.2; Mary Dunn to Anna M. Burbidge, 313 West 25th St, all liens, Oct. 28; attorney, Peter McElligott, 217 Broadway.....$1

82D ST, n s, 175 ft e of Park Av, 75x102.2; Lawyers Realty Co. to M. S. C. Holding Corp., 641 5th Av, mtg $65,750, all liens, Nov. 4; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

88TH ST, 210 East, s s, 185 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.8; 88th St, 212 East, s s, 210 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.8; 88th St, 214 East, s s, 235 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.8; Miriam Straus and another, executors, &c., to Leah Landesman (Straus) and Miriam and Bernhard Straus, 622 West 141st St, Oct. 1; attorney, Samuel Hellinger, 309 Broadway.....$100

88TH ST, 210 East, s s, 185 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.8; 88th St, 212 East, s s, 210 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.8; 88th St, 214 East, s s, 235 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.8; Leah Landesman et al. to Lemira Realty Corp., 622 West 141st St, all liens; attorney, S. Hellinger, 309 Broadway.....$100

107TH ST, 226 East, s s, 250 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Metropolitan Savings Bank to Sebastiano di Palermo, 663 East 188th St, all liens, Nov. 2; attorney, Max Silverstein, 309 Broadway $1,000

127TH ST, 29 West, n s, 328.9 ft w of 5th Av, 18.9x99.11; Florette R. Steindler et al., executors, to Charles O. Haskell, Orange, N. J.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

JEROME AV, n e corner of Kirkside Av, 106.5x126.2x100.1x113.7; Cecil Platt to Charles W. Edwards, Glen Ridge, N. J., mtg $2,345, Dec. 13, 1916; attorneys, Miller & B., 55 Liberty St.....$1

LOT 609, map of Wakefield, 100x114; Mary E. Gillings to Peter Gillings, 737 East 219th St, Dec. 30, 1916; attorney, J. V. Sheridan, 3,18 Westchester Av.....$1

LOT 36, Block 45, map of Morris Park; Morris Park Estates to Anna Lassow, 3,858 3d Av, Oct. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

LOTS 71, 72, and 78, map of Woolf & Woolf; Anna W. Schaefer to Laura E. Walker, 538 West 179th St, Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

PARK AV, n e corner of 188th St, 35.4x100x 42x100.2; also Park Av, 4,726, e s, 42x100; Reville-Siegel Co. to May H. Dwyer, 1,821 Waterbury Pl, mtg $40,000, Oct. 28; attorney, F. K. Kelly, 391 East 149th St.....$1

RYER AV, e s, 208.1 ft n of Burnside Av, 24x95.4; Alice M Nolan to Roger A Nolan, 2,050 Lorillard Pl, ½ part, Oct 18; attorney, Alice M Nolan, 2,030 Ryer Av.....$1

WESTCHESTER AV, n w s, 99.11 ft n e of Jackson Av, runs n w 67.7x n 29.11x s e 85.1x s w 28.10; David Schlesinger to Rasac Realty Company, 814 West 42nd Av, mtg $18,000, Sept 24; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Company, 160 Broadway.....$1

3D AV, 3,651, 50x136; Rose Nudelman to Fannie Millman, 718 Tinton Av, ½ part, mtg $55,000, Oct 29; attorney, Fannie Millman, 78 Tinton Av.....$100

180TH ST, n s, 187.3 ft e of 3d Av, 48 to Monterey Av x101.1x33.1x100; Anna M Jones to Elliam Realty Corp, 855 East 163d st, mtg $28,000, Nov. 1; attorney, Kirk & D, 130 Fulton St.....$100

239TH ST, 329 East, n s, 25x100; Louis Eickwort to Franz Junge, 4,286 Park Av, mtg $3,500, Oct. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

131ST ST, 614 and 616 West; Likery Iron Works, Inc., against Clover Farms Co., Inc., owner; $436

71ST ST, 31 West; Kahn Window Shade and Awning Co., Inc., against Parkside Operating Co., Inc., owner; Edward Spiegel, contractor $746

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

54TH ST, 260 West; Monroe M. Golding, Inc., against Henrietta B. Karsch et al; March 29, 1918 .....$35

8TH AV, 938; Monroe M. Golding, Inc., against Jacob Appell Estate et al; March 29, 1918 .....$36

42D ST, 130 and 132 West; American Hardware Corp of N. Y. against Bush Terminal Co. and Exhibition Building, Inc., et al; Oct. 29, 1918 .....$714

28TH ST, 20 East; Hyman Finkelstein et al against Salvatore Maiselle et al; Oct. 21, 1918 .....$125

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted—North Shore, L. I.

Have client for houses and acreage, about $50,000; mean business; quick action. J. H. PENNOCK, 186 Remsen St., Brooklyn. 8371 Main.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Bay Ridge Bargain

$28,000

Beautiful house, 12 rooms, 3 baths; extensive grounds; wonderful view; above price value of ground without house; very easy terms. Address "OPPORTUNITY," 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forest Hills Gardens

15 Minutes from Penn. Station.

Houses and Villa Plots for Sale.

SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.

47 W. 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MOUNTAIN SIDE HOME.
2 MACHINE GARAGE.
Plot 150 ft. x 190 ft.
ALL FOR $11,000.

Wonderfully situated 800 ft. elevation in most alluring real country, near N. Y. C. **Unsurpassed commutation on D., L. & W.** Thirteen big rooms, three tiled baths, tiled washroom; arrangement includes solarium, open balcony, pool and billiard room, immense stone cellar, fine veranda, steam heat, parquet floors, electric light, open fireplace, panelled walls and hardwood trim first floor, white enameled Life Insurance Co., mtg. $600,000, Nov. 2; attorneys, Bu

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

17TH ST., 206 EAST, near Stuyvesant Park.—For business women; four rooms, bath, elevator.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Nicely furnished 2 rooms, bath. Merritt, 9281 Murray Hill, before 6.

44TH ST., 141 EAST.—Two large bedrooms, living room, kitchen, bath, roof garden, completely furnished. Apply E. C. Lackland, Apartment 10B.

61ST ST.—9 EAST.

One very large light room, beautifully decorated; parquet floor; bath; rent $65.

76TH, 55 EAST, (near Park Av.)—Handsomely furnished 7 rooms, bath; southern exposure. Mrs. Coyle, Lenox 1690.

ALL DESIRABLE FURNISHED APARTMENTS, PARK AV. SECTION. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

APARTMENT HOMES, $150 to $1,000. Personally Inspected—East—West Side. APARTMENT RENTING CO., 176 West 72d St. Columbus 1277.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

ATTENTION — APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath; $14 week up and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St.

Attractive High-class.
Sublet, six rooms, two baths.
570 PARK AVENUE.
H. S., Shoemaker.

PARK AV.—APARTM NT, COMPLETE IN EV RY DETAIL; EXQUISITELY FURNISHED; FRENCH ATMOSPHERE; LARGE MUSIC ROOM; SILVER AND LINEN OPTIONAL. CAFE VOISIN IN BUILDING. PLAZA 2465.

SAN JACINTO, 18 East 60th St.
Two or more rooms and bath.

Furnished—West Side.

34TH ST., 130 WEST.—Comfortably furnished two rooms, kitchenette, and bath; southern exposure; immediate possession; rent $85; references required. Apt. 2.

49TH, 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no objectionable applicants; highest references; $35-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH ST., W ST.—Bachelor apartments, completely furnished, 2, 3 rooms, bath; $85 to $100, including service; also unfurnished, 65 to 85; modern building; elevator. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.
Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

47TH, 152 WEST, (Felix-Portland Hotel)—Desirable suites, two rooms, bath, $21 to $24.50 week; European and American plan; American plan, meals, $14 week.

48TH, 13 WEST.—Nonhousekeeping, one-three room suites; private baths; furnished or unfurnished; also 3 handsome large rooms, beautifully decorated, on parlor floor with bath; parquetry floors; unfurnished; maid service; telephone in basement.

57TH, 264 WEST.—High-class private apartment; corner rooms, everything new. De Witta.

58TH, 132 WEST.—12 rooms, 5 baths, exquisitely furnished, sublet, December to May, or longer; four master's, four maids', Wickliffe Gray agent, Columbus 3974.

59TH, 24 WEST.—Housekeeping apartment, three rooms, charmingly furnished, southern exposure.

59TH 116 WEST.—Overlooking Park, two-room studio apartment, kitchenette; beautifully furnished.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Two or three rooms, bath, kitchenette.

60TH, 22 WEST.—High-class furnished two, three and four rooms; private hotel service; unsurpassed surroundings; near Central Park.

61ST, 9 WEST.—Elegantly furnished two-room apartment; kitchenette; private bath; $100 month.

72D, 124 WEST.—Beautifully furnished apartments, 3 rooms, $120 per month; 4th floor; front view. Apartment 10G.

72D ST., W ST.—Attractively furnished two rooms, bath and kitchenette; cozy; $175 month.

72D, 121 WEST.—Four suites of rooms, bath, $45 to $60 month. Janitor, Apt. 12G3.

79TH, 20 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, $50 weekly; private apartment; no E. 6 E.

80TH ST., 2 W ST.

The Berrige o.—To sublet, handsomely furnished three room, bath house keeping apartments. Ship 1 to 4 months. Rent reasonable. Apply Superintendent.

84TH ST., 16 W ST.—Lady going to Wellesley wishes to rent 5 rooms furnished apartment with floor front, 1 year. Apply Superintendent.

86TH, 20 W ST.—One room, bath, southern exposure, 5th, 8 E.

91ST, 2,469 Park—Desirable apartment; 6 large rooms, completely furnished; linen, china; exposure, 7th floor; 6 months, $225; immediate possession; modern; decorating. Schwab.

93D ST., W ST.—Attractively two, three room suite; private family; references. Cost 10.

94TH, 54 W ST.—Desirable rooms, private bath; electricity; quiet surroundings; owner; reference.

105TH, 213 WEST.—Beautiful, large, sunny parlor, 1 or 2 bedrooms, phone, Mason.

108TH, 854 WEST.—7 large, sunny, airy rooms, 2 baths, exceptionally well furnished, piano, linen and silver optional, near bus, cars and subways, references exchanged. Telephone 9368 St. Nicholas.

110TH, 420 W ST.—Three rooms, kitchenette apartment; Winter, $75, year, $65. Hawley.

110TH, 60 W ST.—Four rooms, bath, piano, elevator, $100 per month.

113TH ST., near Broadway.—High class bachelor apartment of two rooms and bath, steam heat, electric lights, dining room in hallway. Ira S. McIntosh, 544 W. 113th. Telephone Morningside 1850.

113TH, 517 WEST.—Very beautiful furnished apartment of 2-4-5-6 rooms; high-class, front; elevator house. Telephone Morningside 8240.

118TH, 420 WEST.—Attractive 6 rooms, front apartment, overlooking Columbia. Apartment 25.

118TH, 210 WEST, (Hotel Cecil.)—Very desirable 2-room suite, private bath; 1 room, with bath for hotel service.

181ST, 605 WEST.—Six attractive, sunny rooms; recently lease only $110 a month. Apartment 62.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice apartments, 4 to 12 rooms; East, West; $150 up. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 500 W. 57th—Columbus 3974.

Apartment Homes, $150 to $1,000
Personally inspected, east, west side.
Apartment Renting Co.,
176 West 72d St. Tel. Columbus 1277.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs Dingleman, Location Specialist, 174 W. 72d. Col. 836.

BANK ST., 23, (Near 7th Av. and 11th.)—Three large, sunny rooms, with bath and kitchen, fireplaces, $60.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED three-room apartment; immediate possession; reference. 3008 Riverside, Apartment 1-A.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st Subway.)—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished, six-room elevator. Phone 4848 Riverside. Immediate possession. Apt. 12.

BROADWAY, 2,353.—Newly renovated; electricity; substantially furnished; 4 rooms, 7 rooms; $30-$37.50. Schwab.

BROADWAY, 2,785.—Four or five front rooms, living, 2 bedrooms. Pfeiffer.

CALL ON MILLER, 102 West 50th St., WE SUBLET APARTMENTS. Circle 3067.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 460, (near 108th.)—Apartments, 2 to 5 rooms, facing Central Park; newly furnished; all improvements, elevator, telephone; $100 monthly.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
148 West 72d St. Phone Col. 2750.

FURNISHED hotel apartment, six rooms, two baths, to sublet; Marie Antoinette, Broadway and 66th St. Inquire of lessee, Apartment 3H.

FURNISHED Apartments a Specialty; Town, Country—Renting 200 West 72d. Col. 5565.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 562 W 'ST 72D ST.

HUDSON ST.—Ess Studio 8, (9th Av., 14th.)—Two rooms, bath; $35.

KITCHENETTE, two rooms, bath, electricity, elevator, Broadway, (167th-168th Sts.;) immediate possession; owner at officer's training camp. Seen Tuesday. Stern, 220 West 109th.

LADY would let beautiful library, connecting bedroom, bath; electricity; open fireplace. For appointment phone Schuyler 2612.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 50, (115th.)—Seven large, sunny corner rooms, overlooking park; $100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (Between 84th and 85th Sts.)—9 rooms, 3 baths; handsomely furnished piano, Victrola; immediate possession; long, short lease. Mrs. Coyle, Schuyler 5090.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th.)—Most central section on Drive, 7 rooms, 2 baths, 3 rooms facing drive. Manager.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—10 rooms, 3 baths; charmingly furnished; $450 a month. Telephone 1654 Spring.

WEST END AV., 574.—Handsomely furnished 4 room corner apartment, 2 baths; 5 months from Dec. 1, $330 monthly. G. W. Bishop, Schuyler 5000.

WEST END AV., 780.—Attractively furnished five-room apartment. Brahin.

114½ WEST 57TH ST.
Most beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms and bath, (living room 20x20 feet, open fireplace;) Steinway grand piano.

114½ WEST 57TH ST.
Unusually wonderful studio, three rooms and bath; (studio room 25x65 feet, two open fireplaces;) most artistically furnished.

New Jersey.

Atlantic City—Beautifully furnished apartment, six rooms and bath; Boardwalk block; $75 for Winter months; private phone and electricity. Suites, 164 So. Maryland Av.

Unfurnished—East Side.

4TH AV., 469, (Bet. 31st and 32d Sts.)—2 rooms and bath, $30; new, modern; electricity, fireplace, shower bath, maid service. Apply on premises, or Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 1190.

123D, 5 EAST.—Parlor floor and others; baths, heat, electricity, fireplace; kitchenette; building just completed. Housekeeper.

49TH ST., 16 EAST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; gas and electric light free; also basement suitable for business. HERBERT SIE, EMAN, 41 East 42d St.

78TH ST., 42 East (new elevator apartments.)—Two large, light rooms, with bath; all hotel conveniences, including excellent French restaurant. Agent on premises.

136TH, 10 EAST.—Elevator apartment, eight large, outside rooms; superior service; $60-$75.

GRAMERCY PARK, 41—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, fireplace, closets, French windows; $75.

1,180 MADISON AV., (COR. 87TH ST.) seven-room apartment, $1,200; white wood, electric lights, large rooms; very attractive; near subway express. Apply on premises.

MADISON AV., 543.—Two large rooms and private bath.

UNIVERSITY PLACE, 86, (near 11th St., one block east of 5th Av.)—Bright apartment, five rooms, kitchen, bath; also furnished apartment; references.

WASHINGTON SQUARE DISTRICT.—Modern apartment, 6 rooms, large living room, $1,300 a year. Telephon 1652 Spring.

Unfurnished—West Side.

8TH, 11 WEST.—2 rooms and bath; steam; cheap rent. Apply on premises.

50TH ST., 17 WEST.—Handsome apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath, $85 monthly up; lease. Apply premises.

56TH, 227 WEST.—Two, four large, light rooms, newly remodeled; elevator; accessible.

529 W 47 WEST.—Beautiful five and three room apartments, kitchenettes; electricity; near 5th Av.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, cor. 7th Av.
Two Room Duplex Apartment, $2,000.
Six Room House keeping Apartment, $3,000.
Seven Room Duplex Apartment, $4,200.
Eight Room Simplex Apartment, $4,500.
Apply to the Resident Manager.

61ST, 106 W ST.—7 ROOMS AND BATH; ELECTRIC LIGHT, STEAM HEAT, HOT WATER; $75.

144 WEST 65TH ST.
Remodeled private house apartments, two and four rooms, kitchenette; exceptionally large, light rooms; parquet floors; open fireplaces; hot water supply.

76TH, 38 WEST.—Two rooms, three baths; passon; this house is to enter 1st room 15x27, other rooms in proportion; $1,700.

76TH, 709 W ST.—Corner W st End Av.; spacious and sunny room and bath, maid service; rent reasonable; $45.

77TH ST., 128 WEST.—Room, private bath, steam heat, electricity; private house, gentleman.

76TH, 278 WEST.—Double, single rooms, suites; entire floor; gentlemen, business couple; references.

78TH, 143 WEST.—Large rooms, twin beds, running water; steam heat; electricity, telephone.

72D, (Central Park W st.)—Large room, bay window, parquet floor, electricity, heat, hot water; private house. Col. 1242.

72D, 301 WEST.—One large, double room with bath, and a 3-room suite with bath; reference.

72D, 330 WEST.—Large room facing Hudson and Drive; small room; electricity.

72D, 261 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; references.

6 WEST—Sunny rooms, adjoining bath; steam heat, running water; references.

73D, 106 WEST.—Just opened; newly furnished large rooms, bath, electricity; $8-$15.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Small rooms, running water, southern exposure, electricity, references.

74TH, 161 WEST.—Large bachelor room, bath; steam heat, electric light; references.

75TH, 138 W ST.—Desirable large, adjoining bath, $8-$10; electricity; parquetry; hot water.

75TH, 155 WEST.—Parlor with private bath, complete, steam heat, electricity; large rooms.

75TH, (322 West End Av.)—Two desirable small, front rooms; private house; references.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Nicely furnished bedroom and sitting room with running water.

76TH, 251 W ST.—Two rooms, bath; continuous hot water; entire floor; electricity.

77TH, 161 WEST.—Front parlor, southern exposure, 25x11 feet; electricity, parquet floor; furnished to suit; must be seen to be appreciated; other room. Schuyler 5503.

77TH, 125 WEST.—One sunny room, near baths; fine home; no cooking allowed.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, with, without bath room; piano, electricity, phone; $3 up.

78TH, 28 WEST.—Attractive, large, medium front rooms; electricity, steam; gentlemen; references.

78TH ST., 134 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large rooms, running water, private bath, electricity.

78TH, 158 W ST.—Large parlor; southern exposure; electricity; private bath; refined house.

79TH, 307 WEST.—Three rooms, bath; $50 weekly; private apartment house. GE.

80TH, 146 W ST.—Beautiful furnished parlor floor; electricity; private bath; separate or en suite; other rooms; private bath; also small; renovated throughout.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Single; southern exposure; bath, electricity, phone; exceptional; $50 monthly.

82D, 66 WEST.—Large room, 20x20; connecting lavatory and private bath; parquet floors, new; southern exposure; every convenience.

82D, 225 WEST.—Two sunny rooms, single suite, Apt. 4 west. Schuyler 4770.

84TH, 74 W ST, (Second Floor.)—Delightfully furnished large, comfortable rooms for business people; suitable as studio; unlimited hot water, steam heat, bath, electricity; telephone; $6-$12; Christian family; references.

85TH, 212 WEST.—Young woman wishes share rooms with congenial business girl or student; terms reasonable; telephone. Cor. KEE.

87TH ST., 203 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished sunroom suite, adjoining bath; private entrance. Campbell.

8 7TH, 260 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, well-appointed room; lavatory; shower; high-class apartment; private family; $8; references; people and children.

87TH, 108 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath, electricity; also single room.

88TH, 325 WEST, (Eroceam Hall.)—Exclusive bachelor dwelling; rooms, $6-$15; references.

89TH, 50 WEST.—Opening select house; new, modern furnishings; double rooms; private baths; single, running water, steam, electricity.

89TH, 58 WEST.—Beautiful southern room, private bath, heat, hot water; alcove.

94TH, 252 W ST.—Private family would let to gentleman comfortable front room, adjoining bath; exclusive. Telephone Riverside 3960.

72D, 62 W ST.—Two front rooms, in private house; seclusion.

95TH, 36 W ST.—Large, sunny rooms, twin beds, refined home; moderate; references.

96TH ST., 27 W ST.—Handsome large room, adjoining room; private family; $8.

97TH, W ST.—Well furnished comfortable 2 or 3 room suite, high-class apartment; private family; 5 West.

98TH, 253 W ST.—Large, attractively furnished room, adjoining bath; sunny, warm, comfortable.

98TH, 309 W. ST.—Two sunny rooms, suite; comfortably furnished; piano; private, $30.

99TH, 363 W ST.—Large room, southern exposure; private house; near Riverside Drive.

101TH, 247 WEST.—Two bedrooms; Japanese gentleman; electricity; new, homelike, clean. Beidler.

102D, 23 W ST.—Single room, heated, adjoining bath; elevator; $3.50.

106TH, BROADWAY.—Superior home accommodations for one or two gentlemen; reference.

107TH, 547 W ST. (Apt. 4B.)—Attractive, well furnished; private bath; gentlemen. Cathedral 2789.

72D, 544 WEST.—(Near Broadway.)—Large, sunny room, with private bath, large dressing room, in private house; also other rooms; running water.

113TH, 272 W ST.—Newly furnished residence; large room; bath, electricity; $6.

114TH, 528 W ST.—Attractive front room, overlooking Columbia library; references.

115TH, 606 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, bath; also single; all conveniences; subway. Thomas.

117TH, 409 WEST.—Large, sunny south rooms, housekeeping privilege; references; apartment 41.

121ST, 362 W ST.—Elegant large, newly decorated, with light housekeeping privileges. Tel. Morningside 2928.

152D, 511 W ST.—Beautiful large room, suitable for 1 or 2 persons see ring refined surroundings; private house.

145TH, (Northeast Corner.)—Large front room, southern exposure; gentleman; congenial. May r.

168TH, 601 WEST.—(Apartment 36.)—Telephone Audubon 5631; sunny room, modern apartment, private family; no other roomers, with or without breakfast; must be seen to be appreciated; no somable.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—2 bright, connecting rooms; also parlor and board optional. Telephone Academy 1807.

Gentleman may have beautifully furnished room, private family; high-class. Schuyler 4562.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 50.—Front, sunny, overlooking park; business woman. Telephone Morningside 2538.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 800.—River outlook; two rooms, private bath; exclusive; references; private phone. Audubon 4854; breakfast privilege optional.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 715.—Beautifully furnished, attractive room; large closet, running water. Phone Audubon 4477.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 460.—One or two people; large room next bath; breakfast optional; block from 116th subway. She r r.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (Cor. 94th.)—Beautiful large rooms; private bath connecting. Apt. 21.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (Cor. 86th St.)—Beautifully furnished, large front room; elegant house.

WEST END AV., 1,050, (92d.)—Large room, medium, lavatory, $6.50-$7; references.

WEST END AV., 674, (93d St.)—Large front room, private residence; one gentleman. Phone River. 8277J.

WEST END AV., 205, (near 72d St.)—One large front room with bath; references required.

WEST END AV., 410, (70th.)—Front room, elevator apartment; refined surroundings. Hevrey.

WEST END AV., 354, (77th St.)—An unusually pleasant rear parlor with private bath.

WEST END AV., 284.—Room, view of river; 3 windows facing Schwab's.

Brooklyn.

Large well furnished room in handsome, private home, desirable neighborhood, convenient to cars, near cars, reference. 873 Park Place, Brooklyn.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Gentleman elderly, wants medium sized furnished room, with kitchenette having bath near. Must be in well equipped elevator apartment near Broadway subway, between 99th and 181st. Address S 42 Times Downtown.

Sunny room wanted by Jewish gentleman; price $3; state particulars. R 497 Times Downtown.

Jewish gentleman desires room, high class; private family, in Heights. O 380 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

69TH, 145 WEST, (Broadway.)—Furnished rooms, single or en suite, adjoining bath and shower; 1st floor. Bue ley.

69TH, 63 WEST.—Attractive, clean, single room adjoining bath; refined house, with owner; references.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Attractive, large, medium front rooms; electricity, steam; gentlemen; references.

70TH, 129 WEST.—Room, private bath, steam heat, electricity; private house, gentleman.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Double, single rooms, suites; entire floor; gentlemen, business couple; references.

71ST, 143 WEST.—Large rooms, twin beds, running water; steam heat; electricity, telephone.

72D, (Central Park W st.)—Large room, bay window, parquet floor, electricity, heat, hot water; private house. Col. 1242.

72D, 301 WEST.—One large, double room with bath, and a 3-room suite with bath; reference.

72D, 330 WEST.—Large room facing Hudson and Drive; small room; electricity.

72D, 261 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; references.

6 WEST—Sunny rooms, adjoining bath; steam heat, running water; references.

73D, 106 WEST.—Just opened; newly furnished large rooms, bath, electricity; $8-$15.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Small rooms, running water, southern exposure, electricity, references.

74TH, 161 WEST.—Large bachelor room, bath; steam heat, electric light; references.

75TH, 138 W ST.—Desirable large, adjoining bath, $8-$10; electricity; parquetry; hot water.

75TH, 155 WEST.—Parlor with private bath, complete, steam heat, electricity; large rooms.

75TH, (322 West End Av.)—Two desirable small, front rooms; private house; references.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Nicely furnished bedroom and sitting room with running water.

76TH, 251 W ST.—Two rooms, bath; continuous hot water; entire floor; electricity.

77TH, 161 WEST.—Front parlor, southern exposure, 25x11 feet; electricity, parquet floor; furnished to suit; must be seen to be appreciated; other room. Schuyler 5503.

77TH, 125 WEST.—One sunny room, near baths; fine home; no cooking allowed.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, with, without bath room; piano, electricity, phone; $3 up.

78TH, 28 WEST.—Attractive, large, medium front rooms; electricity, steam; gentlemen; references.

78TH ST., 134 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large rooms, running water, private bath, electricity.

78TH, 158 W ST.—Large parlor; southern exposure; electricity; private bath; refined house.

79TH, 307 WEST.—Three rooms, bath; $50 weekly; private apartment house. GE.

80TH, 146 W ST.—Beautiful furnished parlor floor; electricity; private bath; separate or en suite; other rooms; private bath; also small; renovated throughout.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Single; southern exposure; bath, electricity, phone; exceptional; $50 monthly.

82D, 66 WEST.—Large room, 20x20; connecting lavatory and private bath; parquet floors, new; southern exposure; every convenience.

82D, 225 WEST.—Two sunny rooms, single suite, Apt. 4 west. Schuyler 4770.

84TH, 74 W ST, (Second Floor.)—Delightfully furnished large, comfortable rooms for business people; suitable as studio; unlimited hot water, steam heat, bath, electricity; telephone; $6-$12; Christian family; references.

85TH, 212 WEST.—Young woman wishes share rooms with congenial business girl or student; terms reasonable; telephone. Cor. KEE.

87TH ST., 203 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished sunroom suite, adjoining bath; private entrance. Campbell.

87TH, 260 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, well-appointed room; lavatory; shower; high-class apartment; private family; $8; references; people and children.

87TH, 108 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath, electricity; also single room.

88TH, 325 WEST, (Eroceam Hall.)—Exclusive bachelor dwelling; rooms, $6-$15; references.

89TH, 50 WEST.—Opening select house; new, modern furnishings; double rooms; private baths; single, running water, steam, electricity.

89TH, 58 WEST.—Beautiful southern room, private bath, heat, hot water; alcove.

94TH, 252 W ST.—Private family would let to gentleman comfortable front room, adjoining bath; exclusive. Telephone Riverside 3960.

72D, 62 W ST.—Two front rooms, in private house; seclusion.

95TH, 36 W ST.—Large, sunny rooms, twin beds, refined home; moderate; references.

96TH ST., 27 W ST.—Handsome large room, adjoining room; private family; $8.

97TH, W ST.—Well furnished comfortable 2 or 3 room suite, high-class apartment; private family; 5 West.

98TH, 253 W ST.—Large, attractively furnished room, adjoining bath; sunny, warm, comfortable.

98TH, 309 W. ST.—Two sunny rooms, suite; comfortably furnished; piano; private, $30.

99TH, 363 W ST.—Large room, southern exposure; private house; near Riverside Drive.

101TH, 247 WEST.—Two bedrooms; Japanese gentleman; electricity; new, homelike, clean. Beidler.

102D, 23 W ST.—Single room, heated, adjoining bath; elevator; $3.50.

106TH, BROADWAY.—Superior home accommodations for one or two gentlemen; reference.

107TH, 547 W ST. (Apt. 4B.)—Attractive, well furnished; private bath; gentlemen. Cathedral 2789.

72D, 544 WEST.—(Near Broadway.)—Large, sunny room, with private bath, large dressing room, in private house; also other rooms; running water.

113TH, 272 W ST.—Newly furnished residence; large room; bath, electricity; $6.

114TH, 528 W ST.—Attractive front room, overlooking Columbia library; references.

115TH, 606 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, bath; also single; all conveniences; subway. Thomas.

117TH, 409 WEST.—Large, sunny south rooms, housekeeping privilege; references; apartment 41.

121ST, 362 W ST.—Elegant large, newly decorated, with light housekeeping privileges. Tel. Morningside 2928.

152D, 511 W ST.—Beautiful large room, suitable for 1 or 2 persons see ring refined surroundings; private house.

145TH, (Northeast Corner.)—Large front room, southern exposure; gentleman; congenial. May r.

168TH, 601 WEST.—(Apartment 36.)—Telephone Audubon 5631; sunny room, modern apartment, private family; no other roomers, with or without breakfast; must be seen to be appreciated; no somable.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—2 bright, connecting rooms; also parlor and board optional. Telephone Academy 1807.

Gentleman may have beautifully furnished room, private family; high-class. Schuyler 4562.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 50.—Front, sunny, overlooking park; business woman. Telephone Morningside 2538.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 800.—River outlook; two rooms, private bath; exclusive; references; private phone. Audubon 4854; breakfast privilege optional.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 715.—Beautifully furnished, attractive room; large closet, running water. Phone Audubon 4477.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 460.—One or two people; large room next bath; breakfast optional; block from 116th subway. She r r.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (Cor. 94th.)—Beautiful large rooms; private bath connecting. Apt. 21.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (Cor. 86th St.)—Beautifully furnished, large front room; elegant house.

WEST END AV., 1,050, (92d.)—Large room, medium, lavatory, $6.50-$7; references.

WEST END AV., 674, (93d St.)—Large front room, private residence; one gentleman. Phone River. 8277J.

WEST END AV., 205, (near 72d St.)—One large front room with bath; references required.

WEST END AV., 410, (70th.)—Front room, elevator apartment; refined surroundings. Hevrey.

WEST END AV., 354, (77th St.)—An unusually pleasant rear parlor with private bath.

WEST END AV., 284.—Room, view of river; 3 windows facing Schwab's.

Brooklyn.

Large well furnished room in handsome, private home, desirable neighborhood, convenient to cars, near cars, reference. 873 Park Place, Brooklyn.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Gentleman elderly, wants medium sized furnished room, with kitchenette having bath near. Must be in well equipped elevator apartment near Broadway subway, between 99th and 181st. Address S 42 Times Downtown.

Sunny room wanted by Jewish gentleman; price $3; state particulars. R 497 Times Downtown.

Jewish gentleman desires room, high class; private family, in Heights. O 380 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

38TH ST., 20 EAST.—Large room; private bath; one small room; meals served.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $14 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths, small, furnished; unexcelled board.

49TH ST., 16 WEST.
Rooms, with board; references; table board, $15; 58 WEST.—Attractively furnished single room; table board; references.

54TH, 34 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure, private bath; also single room.

57TH, 323 W.—Beautifully furnished front parlor adjoining bedroom; steam, electricity.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny rooms, private bath, table board.

69TH ST., 105 WEST.—Large room, private bath; smaller room; steam heat; references.

6 WEST—Sunny rooms, adjoining bath; steam heat, running water; references.

73D, 106 WEST.—Just opened; newly furnished large rooms, bath, electricity; $8-$15.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Small rooms, running water, southern exposure, electricity, references.

74TH, 161 WEST.—Large bachelor room, bath; steam heat, electric light; references.

75TH, 138 W ST.—Desirable large, adjoining bath, $8-$10; electricity; parquetry; hot water.

75TH, 155 WEST.—Parlor with private bath, complete, steam heat, electricity; large rooms.

75TH, (322 West End Av.)—Two desirable small, front rooms; private house; references.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Nicely furnished bedroom and sitting room with running water.

76TH, 251 W ST.—Two rooms, bath; continuous hot water; entire floor; electricity.

77TH, 161 WEST.—Front parlor, southern exposure, 25x11 feet; electricity, parquet floor; furnished to suit; must be seen to be appreciated; other room. Schuyler 5503.

77TH, 125 WEST.—One sunny room, near baths; fine home; no cooking allowed.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, with, without bath room; piano, electricity, phone; $3 up.

78TH, 28 WEST.—Attractive, large, medium front rooms; electricity, steam; gentlemen; references.

78TH ST., 134 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large rooms, running water, private bath, electricity.

78TH, 158 W ST.—Large parlor; southern exposure; electricity; private bath; refined house.

79TH, 307 WEST.—Three rooms, bath; $50 weekly; private apartment house. GE.

80TH, 146 W ST.—Beautiful furnished parlor floor; electricity; private bath; separate or en suite; other rooms; private bath; also small; renovated throughout.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Single; southern exposure; bath, electricity, phone; exceptional; $50 monthly.

82D, 66 WEST.—Large room, 20x20; connecting lavatory and private bath; parquet floors, new; southern exposure; every convenience.

82D, 225 WEST.—Two sunny rooms, single suite, Apt. 4 west. Schuyler 4770.

84TH, 74 W ST, (Second Floor.)—Delightfully furnished large, comfortable rooms for business people; suitable as studio; unlimited hot water, steam heat, bath, electricity; telephone; $6-$12; Christian family; references.

85TH, 212 WEST.—Young woman wishes share rooms with congenial business girl or student; terms reasonable; telephone. Cor. KEE.

87TH ST., 203 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished sunroom suite, adjoining bath; private entrance. Campbell.

87TH, 260 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, well-appointed room; lavatory; shower; high-class apartment; private family; $8; references; people and children.

87TH, 108 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath, electricity; also single room.

88TH, 325 WEST, (Eroceam Hall.)—Exclusive bachelor dwelling; rooms, $6-$15; references.

89TH, 50 WEST.—Opening select house; new, modern furnishings; double rooms; private baths; single, running water, steam, electricity.

89TH, 58 WEST.—Beautiful southern room, private bath, heat, hot water; alcove.

94TH, 252 W ST.—Private family would let to gentleman comfortable front room, adjoining bath; exclusive. Telephone Riverside 3960.

72D, 62 W ST.—Two front rooms, in private house; seclusion.

95TH, 36 W ST.—Large, sunny rooms, twin beds, refined home; moderate; references.

96TH ST., 27 W ST.—Handsome large room, adjoining room; private family; $8.

97TH, W ST.—Well furnished comfortable 2 or 3 room suite, high-class apartment; private family; 5 West.

98TH, 253 W ST.—Large, attractively furnished room, adjoining bath; sunny, warm, comfortable.

98TH, 309 W. ST.—Two sunny rooms, suite; comfortably furnished; piano; private, $30.

99TH, 363 W ST.—Large room, southern exposure; private house; near Riverside Drive.

101TH, 247 WEST.—Two bedrooms; Japanese gentleman; electricity; new, homelike, clean. Beidler.

102D, 23 W ST.—Single room, heated, adjoining bath; elevator; $3.50.

106TH, BROADWAY.—Superior home accommodations for one or two gentlemen; reference.

107TH, 547 W ST. (Apt. 4B.)—Attractive, well furnished; private bath; gentlemen. Cathedral 2789.

72D, 544 WEST.—(Near Broadway.)—Large, sunny room, with private bath, large dressing room, in private house; also other rooms; running water.

113TH, 272 W ST.—Newly furnished residence; large room; bath, electricity; $6.

114TH, 528 W ST.—Attractive front room, overlooking Columbia library; references.

115TH, 606 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, bath; also single; all conveniences; subway. Thomas.

117TH, 409 WEST.—Large, sunny south rooms, housekeeping privilege; references; apartment 41.

121ST, 362 W ST.—Elegant large, newly decorated, with light housekeeping privileges. Tel. Morningside 2928.

152D, 511 W ST.—Beautiful large room, suitable for 1 or 2 persons see ring refined surroundings; private house.

145TH, (Northeast Corner.)—Large front room, southern exposure; gentleman; congenial. May r.

168TH, 601 WEST.—(Apartment 36.)—Telephone Audubon 5631; sunny room, modern apartment, private family; no other roomers, with or without breakfast; must be seen to be appreciated; no somable.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—2 bright, connecting rooms; also parlor and board optional. Telephone Academy 1807.

Gentleman may have beautifully furnished room, private family; high-class. Schuyler 4562.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 50.—Front, sunny, overlooking park; business woman. Telephone Morningside 2538.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 800.—River outlook; two rooms, private bath; exclusive; references; private phone. Audubon 4854; breakfast privilege optional.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 715.—Beautifully furnished, attractive room; large closet, running water. Phone Audubon 4477.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 460.—One or two people; large room next bath; breakfast optional; block from 116th subway. She r r.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (Cor. 94th.)—Beautiful large rooms; private bath connecting. Apt. 21.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (Cor. 86th St.)—Beautifully furnished, large front room; elegant house.

WEST END AV., 1,050, (92d.)—Large room, medium, lavatory, $6.50-$7; references.

WEST END AV., 674, (93d St.)—Large front room, private residence; one gentleman. Phone River. 8277J.

WEST END AV., 205, (near 72d St.)—One large front room with bath; references required.

WEST END AV., 410, (70th.)—Front room, elevator apartment; refined surroundings. Hevrey.

WEST END AV., 354, (77th St.)—An unusually pleasant rear parlor with private bath.

WEST END AV., 284.—Room, view of river; 3 windows facing Schwab's.

Brooklyn.

Large well furnished room in handsome, private home, desirable neighborhood, convenient to cars, near cars, reference. 873 Park Place, Brooklyn.

BOARD WANTED.

East Side.

Brother and sister (Jewish) wish two rooms, board, with refined private family; no objection to one or two more guests; references exchanged. O 388 Times.

A lady and two daughters want large room, bath, and board, below West 90th. Anderson, 317 West 93d.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Long Island.

INVALIDS CHRISTIAN SANITARIUM, nonsectarian, beautiful location; moderate rates. Bayside, L. I. Phone Bayside 3006W

Whittier Inn, Sea Gate, N. Y. Harbor, 45 minutes out; room, board, $18 up; solarium, open fireplace. Tel. Coney Island 900.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $10 and up; furnished cottages; booklet.

New Jersey.

300 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL, TWENTY MINUTES FROM NEW YORK SUBWAY.
Not a sanitarium in any sense, but a Colonial house of a private family, which can accommodate comfortably a few guests, who desire rest and quiet and are nurses care if necessary; the rooms are flooded with sunshine; they are unusually large and immaculately kept; everything is home cooked, and the best obtainable; very extensive grounds, large porches. 1 Pal

HELP WANTED—Female.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl in family of 3; good home. Telephone Murray Hill 420.

LADY, understanding Spanish, to typewrite Spanish circular letters; state price per hundred; give nationality. A 515 Times Downtown.

LAUNDRESS.—First-class laundress; stay all week. Brown, 117 West 141st. Audubon 9840.

LEDGER CLERK
accustomed to make large number of postings daily; must be accurate, and only those thoroughly experienced need apply. Cohen, Goldman & Co., 694 Broadway.

MAID.—First-class visiting maid, understanding hair dressing; city reference. Apply Hotel Gotham, 9 to 11, Apt. 501.

MAID, French, to help care for little girl, 9 years old; willing and obliging; good home. Call 561 5th Av., between 11 and 2.

MATRON for Jewish institution situated in the Catskill Mountains; must have experience and be well recommended. Write Sanitarium Committee, Workmen's Circle, 175 East Broadway.

MODEL, size 16, for dresses; work all year round. I. Rabinowitz Apparel Co., 37 W. 28th St.

MOTHER'S HELPER, refined, care of children. 321 Mt. Prospect Av., Newark, N. J.

MOTHER'S HELPER, willing refined maid, for baby; comfortable home, good wages. Wertheim, 1,245 Lexington Av., 89th St.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATORS; HIGHEST PAY; $18 TO $20; OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE; PLEASANT WORKING CONDITIONS. CROMWELL, CHILDE & JOHN W. SMITH, INC., ROOM 510, 32 BROADWAY. CALL TODAY.

NURSE, highly efficient, capable and trustworthy, for 2-year child, call from 9 to 12; references required. Mrs. H. Dattelbaum, 447 Fort Washington Av.

NURSE.—Trained; for 18 months old baby; must be highly recommended, reliable; good salary; state age and experience. B 383 Times.

NURSE, child 2½; personal references. Call Tuesday, apt. 2-B, 502 W. 87th. Schuyler 3831.

NURSE wanted, doctor's office; city references. 344 West 71st, Apt. 5A. Telephone Columbus 5953.

Nurse or nursery governess for child of ... living in Bronxville. O 507 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT in office of cloak and suit manufacturing concern; good chance for advancement. Advise, stating age, experience, and salary expected. S. M., 219 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT. — Dependable young woman to take charge of files, mail distribution, and telephone; location near Grand Central; state full particulars and salary desired. S 387 Times.

OFFICE WORK.—Young ladies for general office work; $10 start; splendid opportunity for advancement. G. C., 27 Times Downtown.

PATTERN CUTTER wanted to cut duplicate patterns of ladies' outer garments; those having had experience with a fashion publishing house preferred. Fashionable Dress, 170 5th Av.

RECORD CLERK.—For our jewelry workroom we need a woman to keep cost accounts; must be accurate at figures and a plain, clear penwoman; a knowledge of jewelry is preferable; apply by mail only; applications to receive consideration must state experience and salary expected. Address Superintendent, Abraham and Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESLADY, EXPERIENCED, FOR BAKERY. APPLY 9-0 A. M., CUSHMAN'S, 58TH ST. AND 9TH AV.

SALESWOMEN.
B. ALTMAN & CO.,
MADISON AV.-FIFTH AV.,
34TH AND 35TH STS.,
NEW YORK,
HAVE VACANCIES FOR THOROUGHLY COMPETENT SALESWOMEN IN THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:
HANDKERCHIEFS,
LEATHER GOODS,
MEN'S HOSIERY,
MEN'S FURNISHINGS,
MEN'S GLOVES,
SILVERWARE,
STATIONERY,
TOILET ARTICLES,
UMBRELLAS.
MUST BE ACCUMSTOMED TO THE BEST PATRONAGE. GOOD POSITIONS ASSURED, WITH EXCELLENT PROSPECTS FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY AT 35TH ST. (EMPLOYES') ENTRANCE, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 6.

SALESWOMEN.
R. H. MACY & CO. HAVE VACANCIES IN THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS FOR COMPETENT SALESWOMEN OR FOR WOMEN WHO ARE ABLE TO BECOME COMPETENT SALESWOMEN THROUGH THE AID OF OUR DEPARTMENT OF TRAINING:
LACES,
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,
MERINO UNDERWEAR,
BOOKS,
[illegible]KES,
[illegible]
USEFURNI[illegible]NGS.
APPLY AT OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, SECOND BALCONY, REAR, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE, ANY TIME DURING THE DAY.

SALESWOMEN.
WITH EXPERIENCE IN
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR,
NOTIONS,
NECKWEAR,
TOYS.
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

SALESWOMEN,
WITH EXPERIENCE IN
TOILET GOODS,
RUBBER GOODS,
SUNDRIES.
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

SHOPPER.—YOUNG GIRL; ONE ACQUAINTED WITH MILLINERY GOODS PREFERRED. L. L. WARSHAUER, 54 WEST 38TH.

STENOGRAPHER.
Wholesale house desires stenographer capable of writing own letters and taking charge of traffic correspondence and adjustments; must be energetic, reliable worker. B. D., 185 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, as assistant to branch sales-manager; one having experience handling salesmen's reports, follow-ups, telephone orders, &c.; $20 to start; rapid advancement to someone possessing initiative, resourcefulness; give details of experience. Box 200, City Hall Station.

STENOGRAPHER and clerical worker to assist in advertising department of large publishing house; position permanent; state salary, experience, and nationality. A. K., 119 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Only office assistant in staple business, executive offices; pleasant, daylight surroundings; moderate work; salary $15; state age, nationality, education, experience. Opportunity, R 490 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant wanted in skirt house; one who has been employed in similar lines preferred. Advise, stating age, experience, and salary expected. Manufacturer, B T 116 Times.

STENOGRAPHER,
experienced; $18 week to start; permanent position.
TENSION ENVELOPE CO.,
87 34TH ST., BROOKLYN.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Experience desirable but not necessary; permanent position; pleasant office, near Hamilton Ferry, Brooklyn; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address P. O. Box 40, Station T, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHERS, (two,) French-English, well-established firm; steady position, good future; speaking Spanish preferred; $30-$35 per week. Beers Agency, Flatiron Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER in busy office, at least two years' experience; salary $12 to commence; state previous experience. A 482 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, willing worker; one familiar in cloak and suit house, also billing; good salary, permanent position. K. P., 501 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by Christian firm; one with experience handling small office and follow-up work; state age, experience, and salary expected. B 855 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS for high-class advertising concern in Wall St. district; excellent opportunity; state experience and salary. Box 824, New York.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, thoroughly experienced; also general office experience; apply at once. B. Levy, 306 Vernon Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; POSITION PERMANENT; $13. A 500 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER in law office; answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary desired. G 783 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER to newspaper woman; salary $15. Apply 10 o'clock, Room 907, Longacre Bldg., 42d St.-Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER in office of large publishing house; good opportunity for bright, intelligent girl. A 862 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, by wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. R 481 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; steady position; opportunity for advancement. W. X., 5 410 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and bill clerk, knowledge of Spanish, able to translate; good opportunity. Box 300, 437 Marbridge Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, who can operate dictaphone; $15 to $20 weekly; will teach if necessary. Miss Kelly, Room 225, 280 B'way.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced teacher of stenography and bookkeeping wanted for business school. Write M. K., 200 E. 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER with experience; accurate; good, steady position for right person. G 140 Times.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
REQUIRE COMPETENT SALESWOMEN FOR THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:
RIBBONS,
SILVERWARE,
LEATHER GOODS,
ART NEEDLEWORK,
STATIONERY,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
APPLY AFTER 9:45 A. M., EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE, W. 43D ST., NEAR 5TH AV.

STOCK CLERK for private restaurant; familiar with grocery or restaurant line preferred; state age, experience, and salary expected. Z 346 Times Annex.

TEACHER of common branches in modern institution; school beautifully situated; hour from city; 12 months' position; Saturday and Sunday off; no outside duties. Write Box "T. S.," Pleasantville, N. Y.

TEACHERS wanted; English, speaking French, Spanish. Buccini's Language School, 220 West 59th.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR wanted for essential establishment; eight-hour day, half day Saturday; one with central office experience preferred. B 345 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR in mercantile house; must have experience; good opportunity. Wertheimer Bros., 19 East 24th St.

TYPIST.
Bright young lady with general office experience; state age, nationality, and salary desired. Address Typist, 273 Times Downtown.

TYPIST and dictaphone operator for wholesale optical house; half day Saturday all year round; salary according to ability. F. A. Hardy & Co., 37 W. 26th St.

TYPISTS for addressing envelopes on Underwood; experienced only need apply; permanent position; hours 9-5; salary $12 week to start. Apply Room 540, 42 Broadway.

WAITRESS AND PARLOR MAID.—GOOD OPPORTUNITY; MUST HAVE EXCELLENT REFERENCES. CALL BETWEEN 10 AND 12 A. M., A. MORGAN, ROOM 1001, 17 MADISON AV.

WAITRESS for general work in cafeteria and tearoom; short hours. 18 West 43d.

WOMAN above 25 for general housework in Protestant family of three; honesty and loyalty more important than previous experience; good wages, pleasant home. Call morning before 11, Mrs. Nonaka, 29 Claremont Av., city.

WOMAN for general work in cafeteria and tea room; short hours. 18 West 43d.

WOMEN, MIDDLE AGED,
AS PACKERS,
CARRIERS AND STOCK WORK.
EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY.
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

WOMEN AND GIRLS
can obtain steady employment in light manufacturing; good pay; excellent opportunities for advancement for ambitious workers.
APPLY GENERAL OPTICAL CO.,
Washington St., Mount Vernon.

WOMEN for labeling, cartoning, and wrapping medicines; pleasant working conditions; hours, 8 A. M. to 5:30 P. M., Saturdays, 12 noon; use 7th Av. Subway or 6th Av. elevated to 18th St. William R. Warner & Co., 113 West 18th St., 4th floor.

WOMEN.—A Jewish orphanage, one hour from city, requires women, well educated, with ability to supervise small groups of Jewish children living in cottages; knowledge of household management essential. Write Dr. Bernstein, Pleasantville, N. Y.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER FOR SMALL FAMILY APARTMENT; NO WASHING; GOOD PAY. CALL ALL DAY TUESDAY, MRS. A. COHEN, 63 WEST 110TH ST., APARTMENT 6D.

YOUNG LADY in the order dept. of a Brooklyn shoe manufacturing corporation; a knowledge of the shoe manufacturing business desired, but not essential. Address J. L., 416 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY wanted, neat, bright, willing, for clerical work; bookkeeping knowledge preferred; Christian firm. Apply 280 Broadway, Room 631.

YOUNG LADY wanted, neat, bright, willing, for clerical work, commercial banker's office; experience not essential; state age and salary. Y. L., 129 Times.

YOUNG LADY to take care of collection system in wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. R 482 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, experienced, to handle book department; capable of buying and selling books; reference. Apply Technical, G 134 Times.

YOUNG LADY wanted as office assistant in wholesale butter and egg house; state salary and religion. S 413 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY as clerk, with knowledge of stenography. Lebanon Hospital, Cauldwell and Westchester Avs., Bronx.

YOUNG WOMEN FOR CLERICAL POSITIONS BETWEEN THE AGES OF 16 AND 20; EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY; RAPID ADVANCEMENT FOR THOSE WHO QUALIFY; HOURS, 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.; SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. APPLY ROOM 502, 25 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK, N. Y., BETWEEN 9 A. M. AND 12 M.

YOUNG WOMAN as assistant in lamp testing laboratory; 2 years high school or equivalent essential; hours 9 to 5; Saturday 12:30 o'clock; lunch served on premises; salary $10 to $12 to start, with good opportunity for advancement. Call or write. Open Election Day from 11:30 to 12:30 to interview applicants. Electrical Testing Laboratories, 80th St. and East End Av.

YOUNG WOMAN.—Wanted, for general office work, young woman with intelligence, initiative, and some memory; must be familiar with typewriter and willing to learn Dictaphone; permanent position for right person; chance for advancement. K 221 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN as nurse and companion to convalescing young woman; prefer one who can make herself generally useful around house; good home, congenial surroundings; state particulars. A 500 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG WOMEN

with college of technical school training, able to do simple drafting work, lettering, and plotting charts; business experience preferred; good salary to start and advancement; write, stating age, experience, and salary desired. A. H. C., 463 West St., Manhattan.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syl-la-bic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Bklyn.

INSPECTORS.—Confident and qualified inspectors are urgently needed for the examination of the construction of airplane parts; we are instituting a course to give women the necessary training to fit them for this work; we give them assistance in obtaining positions. Write, phone, or call for particulars, Educational Department, West Side Y. M. C. A., 32 West 57th St., N. Y. C.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.
New class in Business English forms Thursday, Nov. 7, 6 to 8 o'clock. Observe teaching methods and class procedures by attending this session. No obligation incurred. Write or telephone for ticket of admission. Ask also for Free Bulletin 70. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

ATTENTION—GIRLS—LADIES.
Learn filing course, $10.
Telephone operating, Elevator operating, Typewriting, Dictaphone, Stenography, Comptometer.
City and Government positions.
CAPTAIN O'BRIEN,
112 EAST 23D.
OPEN ALL DAY ELECTION DAY.

FILING—INDEXING.
Positions open for our graduates after a month's intensive training.
Day and Evening Classes.
Visitors welcome any time.
Over three thousand graduates.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, "Opportunities for Women," and details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St. N. Y.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Individual Training. Beginners, advanced students, post-graduates. Begin any time. Hours student's convenience. BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL, 500 5th Av. at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY
as a drugless physician. Day and evening sessions, both sexes, class NOW forming. Write for Booklet C. Caliropractic University of New York, 1,416 Broadway, New York. Phone Bryant 6956.

PREPARE for RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS. Read "What Women Can Do;" free copy sent on request. Rose L. Fritz School, 354 5th Av.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING, PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

WOMEN prepared sanitary inspector, $1,500; 25 vacancies; evenings. Mondell, 280 Madison Av.

Employment Agencies.

MIGHILL EXCHANGE, Flatiron B'ld'g.—Splendid opportunities; accountants, bookkeepers, stenographers, clerks, others; investigate.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, TYPISTS, ETC, FREE REGISTRATION. FULTON AGENCY, 489 5th Av., 93 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clericals, $10-$25. Ross Webber Agency, 1,009 Tribune Building.

MIGHILL EXCHANGE, Flatiron Bldg.—Stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks, many others; free registration.

HELP WANTED—Male.

A UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PLANT
NEEDS YOU!

Construction laborers required to rebuild large Government plant; no experience necessary; men between 21 and 50 acceptable.

Men employed in this work, if they prove satisfactory, will be advanced to steady factory positions when plant is completed.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,
T. A. GILLESPIE LOADING CO.,
AGENT,
SOUTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY.

Directions to plant: Take Penn. R. R. or Jersey Central to South Amboy, and trolley from there direct to plant;

OR TO

Representative at

UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,

142 Bowery, New York City;

211 Bowery, New York City;

240 West 23d St., New York City;

20 East 22d St., New York City;

OR TO

UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,

810 Jay St., Brooklyn, N. Y.;

OR TO

UNITED STATES
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
9-11 Franklin St.,
Newark, N. J.

Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 50.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

LINEN SALESMAN.
We require an experienced salesman for our Linen Department. Apply to Superintendent.

ALSO,
CARPET DEPARTMENT.
Require several men to act as stock porters in our Carpet Department. Apply to Manager, Carpet Department, Third Floor, East Building.
U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 219.

ACCOUNTANTS (juniors) on permanent staff C. P. A. firm; unusually desirable opportunities for several accountancy students to learn profession; American or Canadian nationality preferred; manufacturing experience desirable; commencing salaries according to experience — $1,000-$2,000. S 431 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Those having had experience with C. P. A. or chartered accountants preferred; references will be investigated; a permanency; salary to commence, around $40 weekly; railroad fare paid. Address Edmund Wilcox, General Auditor, P. O. Box 51, Alexandria, Va.

ACCOUNTANT.—Assistant, with firm of certified public accountants; permanent position; excellent opportunity for advancement; state full details of experience, references, salary, age. K 208 Times.

ADVERTISING.
A large mercantile establishment is in immediate need of the services of a young man, 17 or 18 years of age, to assist in the advertising department; must be bright, capable, and have had some experience in office work. H 408 Times Downtown.

ASSEMBLERS. — WANTED, EXPERT RADIATOR ASSEMBLERS AND TESTERS FOR AEROPLANE RADIATORS; GOVERNMENT WORK; 8 HOURS; 60C.-$1.50 PER HOUR; LUNCH FREE. MARLIN-ROCKWELL CORP., 143D ST. AND SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, BRONX.

HELP WANTED—Male.

An essential industry, doing Government work and going through a period of reorganization, needs the following:

MACHINE DESIGNER,

JUNIOR MECHANICAL ENGINEER,

FOUR DRAFTSMEN,

ONE CONSTRUCTION DRAFTSMAN,

ONE ELECTRIC DRAFTSMAN.

This is an excellent opportunity for desirable men to secure a permanent connection. Write or call immediately, Employment Department, National Conduit & Cable Co., Hastings-on-Hudson.

Take Van Cortlandt Park Subway train to 242d St. Change there to Hastings surface car. Fare, 10 cents.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. G 137 TIMES.

ASSISTANT FOREMAN.
Must be married and not over 38 years of age, to assist in taking charge of large cloth hat and cap plant; only an experienced man in this line will be considered; big opportunity for right man; state age, experience, references. A. F., 501 Times Downtown.

BANK MESSENGER, 16-17 years of age; give education and references; fine chance for advancement; $600 year to start. B 269 Times.

BILL CLERK.—Hours 7 A. M. to 3 P. M.; work every 3rd Sunday; $65 monthly and meals; apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, etc. D. D., 120 Times.

BILLING CLERK.—Elliott Fischer operator; plain work; experienced, rapid and accurate; permanent position. Revillon Freres, 26 West 35th.

BLACKSMITH AND HELPER ON COMMERCIAL AUTO BODIES; 48-HOUR WEEK; BEST WORKING CONDITIONS; GOOD WAGES; STEADY WORK. APPLY PETER BARRETT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, NAVY AND JOHNSON STS., BROOKLYN.

BODY BUILDERS ON COMMERCIAL AUTO BODIES; 48-HOUR WEEK, BEST WORKING CONDITIONS, GOOD WAGES, STEADY WORK. APPLY PETER BARRETT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, NAVY AND JOHNSON STS., BROOKLYN.

BOOKKEEPER.—WE REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A HEAD BOOKKEEPER CAPABLE OF TAKING FULL CHARGE OF OFFICE, ASSUMING ALL RESPONSIBILITY; MUST HAVE A THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING; THIS IS AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR A CAPABLE PERSON; ATTRACTIVE SALARY TO START WITH OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; REPLIES CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL; POSITION TO BE FILLED AT ONCE. A 521 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, thoroughly familiar with double entry bookkeeping and having a knowledge of export business, for a Brooklyn manufacturing corporation; a knowledge of Spanish desired but not essential. Address S. B., 417 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by a large importing concern; a first-class bookkeeper for customers' ledger; must write a legible hand and be accurate in figuring and posting; state age, reference, experience, and salary desired. R 471 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER who is reliable, quick, and capable directing several assistants, control accounts, monthly financial statements, account sales, by Gentile mercantile concern; $35; permanent; state age, experience. R 494 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced in double entry, general office work and typewriting; understanding iron and steel work; state age, reference and salary expected. B 341 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—One experienced in new metal business preferred; must have accounting experience; excellent opportunity for right party; salary $25 to $30. A. 517 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry; permanent position; opportunity for advancement; give details of experience, references, salary, age. K 210 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; one with insurance brokerage experience preferred; write, giving experience, draft status, and salary desired. J. B., 777 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, first-class, by New York Curb house; good chance for advancement. Write, stating salary expected and experience. A 519 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, wanted in hardware store; state salary wanted. B 852 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted, by manufacturer, elderly man with knowledge double entry, take care of payroll and billing. K 101 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent and reliable; state age, salary, experience, and references; export. A 524 Times Downtown.

BOYS
FOR OFFICE WORK.
PERMANENT POSITIONS WITH GOOD FUTURE.
We pay $9 a week to start and $10 a week after a month of satisfactory service to boys who have graduated from school; age 14 to 17; half a day Saturday.
OPPORTUNITY FOR PROMOTION TO CLERICAL AND MECHANICAL POSITIONS.
Apply by letter only,
Mr. Prentzlein,
Public Telephone Department,
Room 202, 24 Walker St., N. Y. C.
NEW YORK
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

BOYS
for mail and messenger services in large electrical business; must be 16 years of age.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S., PERMIT NO. 113.

BOYS.—14-17; IMPORTANT BUSINESS CONCERN, FINANCIAL DISTRICT, HAS PERMANENT POSITIONS, WITH OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT, FOR SEVERAL ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES; CONGENIAL WORK, SHORT HOURS, ENABLING EVENING SCHOOLING; SALARY $45 MONTH; APPLICATION CONFIDENTIAL. H 667 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOYS.—A number of boys over 16 years of age to do general work; good opportunity to those possessing ability. National Biscuit Co., Employment Office, 85 10th Av., at 15th St. Licensed by U. S., E. S., Permit No. 345.

BOYS wanted in collection department of large concern for work on card files; good opportunity ahead for ambitious boys for better positions; reply, stating age, salary expected, etc. B 690 Times Downtown.

BOY.—A finance corporation desires the services of a bright boy over 16 years of age for messenger work; salary, $40 monthly, with an excellent opportunity for advancement. H 798 Times Downtown.

BOY.—General office work in woolen business; must be good writer, quick and accurate, and of neat appearance; good chance advancement. Bolton Worsted Mills, 19 East 24th.

BOYS
for general utility; a good opportunity to learn the seed business; stable and essential.
PETER HENDERSON & CO.,
35-37 Cortlandt St.

BOY wanted, bright, energetic; unusual chance for advancement with large construction organization; state age, education, and salary expected. B 354 Times.

BOYS, 16-18, desiring to learn the electrical light and power switchboard trade; no experience necessary. U. S. E. S. 52. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th.

BOYS, 16 TO 18,
strong, to work in stockroom; steady work. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th St. U. S. E. S. Permit No. 52.

BOYS wanted for light factory work; rapid advancement; come prepared to start 8 A. M. Wednesday. David E. Kennedy, Inc., 55 5th Av.

BOY for errands and general office work; permanent position. Apply after 10 A. M., Arma Engineering Co., 252 West 29th St.

BOY in office, large corporation; opportunities for advancement for industrious boy. P. O. Box 485, City Hall Station.

BOY wanted for mercantile office; chance for advancement. Call with reference at 347 Madison Av., Room 1910.

BOY, in clothing designer's office; good opportunity; $12 per week. Room 818, 70 5th Av.

BOY, bright, for large publishing house; excellent opportunity. Charles Scribner's Sons, Supply Dept., 597 5th Av.

BOY wanted in law office; answer, stating age and salary expected. S 425 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOY, BRIGHT, AMBITIOUS,
to learn printing trade.
McCall, 236 West 37th St.
U. S. E. S. Permit No. 87.

BOY.—Publishing house; good opportunity; chance for advancement. B. H., P. O. Box 97, Madison Square.

BOY.—Strong boy wanted in hardware store. Apply 982 6th Av.

BOY.—Wanted errand boy, office helper; start $7. Room 210, 145 Nassau St.

BUYER.—WANTED, EXPERIENCED BUYER AND MERCHANDISE MANAGER FOR RETAIL GROCERY, DOING ANNUAL BUSINESS OF OVER TWO AND A HALF MILLION; LOCATED IN VIRGINIA; GOOD SALARY AND COMMISSION. ADDRESS, GIVING REFERENCES, W. F. V., P. O. BOX NO. 666, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK.

CARPENTERS AND LABORERS.

SPEND THIS WINTER IN THE SOUTH AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., ON CANTONMENT WORK; FINE CLIMATE. APPLY

UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
310 JAY STREET, BROOKLYN;
120 CLINTON ST., MANHATTAN;
240 W. 23D ST., MANHATTAN.

JAMES STEWART & CO., INC.

CARPENTERS
First-class men on factory work, for our Edgewater, New Jersey, plant, steady work, steamers leave W. 95th St. dock, N. Y. American Can Co.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; 15 years' experience; white; can drive any make car. Devine, 530 West 179th St. St. Nicholas 9869. Apt. 51.

CHAUFFEUR wanted for Ford delivery car; good pay for right man. B 343 Times.

CLERKS.
MEN WITH CLERICAL EXPERIENCE, BETWEEN AGES 19 TO 45 YEARS; MUST BE ABLE TO OPERATE TYPEWRITER.
APPLY 9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
TRAINING SCHOOL,
121 W. 17TH ST.,
NEW YORK, N. Y.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 113.

CLERK.—Chief production clerk wanted by a modern plant having high percentage of Government orders for their regular product; this is not a wartime position, but an excellent opportunity, with a modern and systematic organization. In answering state all particulars to Production, Box 234 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Young man as stock clerk and office assistant; permanent position, with good chance for advancement. J. S. Hoffman Co., 181 Franklin St.

CREDIT MAN, one with banking experience preferred; good opportunity to become manager of department; state full details, age, and salary expected. K 66 Times.

COMMERCIAL art and lettering wanted; small jobs; studio. 6 Patchin Place.

CONTRACTORS on dresses wanted. Fishman Bros., 12 West 17th St.

CREDIT MAN
AND
OFFICE MANAGER.
A progressive wholesale cloak house offers good opportunity to one who can systematize his work and take charge of office detail; we want a man who can write a forceful and intelligent business letter. Box 30, 437 Marbridge Bldg.

DIE MAKERS.
Must be first-class mechanics.
Employment Office,
METROPOLITAN ENGINEERING COMPANY,
1,219 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.
Licensed U. S. E. S. Permit 61.

DRAFTSMEN,
HELP BUILD
AEROPLANES
FOR UNCLE SAM.

FIRST-CLASS LAYOUT AND DETAIL DRAFTSMEN FOR AEROPLANE FACTORY DOING DEVELOPMENT AND EXPERIMENTAL WORK ON ALL KINDS OF AEROPLANES.

UNEXCELLED WORKING CONDITIONS.
APPLY OR WRITE
EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
CURTISS ENGINEERING CORP.,
GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

Take L. I. Railroad train from either Penn. Station, N. Y., or Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, to Garden City.

DRAFTSMAN.
FIRST-CLASS TOOL DESIGNER ON LIGHT JIGS, FIXTURES, AND GAUGES; PERMANENT POSITION WITH OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT TO COMPETENT MAN. U. S. GOVERNMENT INSTRUMENT WORK; LOCATION, NEWARK, N. J. STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY WANTED, TO M. H., 121 TIMES.

DRAUGHTSMAN.
All-around, competent mechanical draughtsman for large manufacturing plant; permanent position; advancement.
AMERICAN EVER READY WORKS
OF THE
NATIONAL CARBON CO.
THOMPSON AV. AND ORTON ST.,
LONG ISLAND CITY, OR
U. S. EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
171 HUNTER AV., (BRIDGE PLAZA,)
L. I. CITY.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 126.

DRAFTSMEN experienced on electrical power plant or sub-station work; permanent positions with a growing public service company for competent men. Address Draftsmen, Box 48, Long Island City.

DRUGS.—In wholesale drug house, experienced drug checkers; advancement. 91 Fulton St. Licensed by U. S. E. S. 276.

DRAFTSMAN.—Young man, with some experience in mechanical tracing. Apply Room 705, 140 Liberty St.

DRAFTSMAN-CHECKER. — Mechanical; 8 years' experience; piping layouts. L 76 Times.

DRAFTSMEN.—Familiar with airplane or ship work. Apply Room 273, 1 Broadway.

DRUG HELP WANTED.
LARGE DRUG HOUSE
MODERN BUILDING AND EQUIPMENT.
PERMANENT POSITIONS FOR THREE MEN IN SHIPPING DEPARTMENT. EXPERIENCED IN DRUG BUSINESS PREFERRED.
ALSO
THREE EXPERIENCED MEN FOR ORDER PICKERS. THESE POSITIONS PAY $75.00 PER MONTH AND PREMIUM. BOYS AS ORDER PICKERS, IF EXPERIENCED, CAN EARN $60.00 PER MONTH AND PREMIUM.
S 419 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EFFICIENCY MEN for time study work; Government war work and later permanent connection leading to advancement; state age, education, experience, and salary expected. H 757 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER.
We desire college man to work in our research laboratories.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U.S.E.S., PERMIT NO. 113.

ENGINEERS
for power plant for our Edgewater, N. J., factory; five minutes from West 95th St. dock, New York. Also Firemen. Steamers leave dock half hourly. American Can Co.

ENGINEER; experienced; eight-hour shift; $100 per month. Apply Chief Engineer, Hotel Gregorian, 42 West 35th St.

ENTRY CLERK.
Experienced; take charges from call; notions and fancy goods. P. C., 501 Times Downtown.

EXPORT CLERK.
One who understands thoroughly exporting of toilet preparations; must be able to handle export correspondence, shipping, billing, alcohol drawback, &c; answer only if you are experienced in this line. Call or write, V. Vivaudou, Inc., 418 West 25th.

ESTIMATOR on printing, lithographing, and engraving; must be thoroughly experienced; none other need apply. B 337 Times.

EXECUTIVE MANAGER,
age 35-40, who has earned no less than $5,000 yearly; must possess strong personality and executive ability, to take charge of the management of different departments in large manufacturing plant; one who has thorough experience and ability in handling organization in manufacturing plant together with taking charge of purchases and all details connected therewith. A brilliant future and rare opportunity to man with ability to develop and improve the efficiency of all departments; state former experience in detail, giving age and salary expected; all communications treated confidentially. Address A. L., 501 Times Downtown.

FIREMAN, thoroughly familiar greenhouse firing. Apply before 5 P. M., Pinaling Rose Gardens, 69 Colden Av., Flushing, L. I.

FIREMAN or assistant fireman; white or colored; low pressure; apply today. Frankling Arms, 68 Orange St., Brooklyn.

FOREMAN. — Wanted, first-class general carpenter foreman, with experience on house and cottage construction; must be thoroughly familiar with rough carpentry and interior trim work; no others need apply. A 504 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN, elderly, for reception room, large publishing house; must be neat appearing, know how to announce people. Write, stating experience and salary, F. B., 140 Times. Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 142.

HELPERS, STRONG,
on cable machines; experience unnecessary; Government work. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th St., U. S. E. S. Permit No. 52.

JUNIOR MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

A graduate mechanical engineer who has had two or three years' experience, preferably along maintenance lines,

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S., PERMIT NO. 113.

JUNIOR ASSISTANTS
for messenger and mail service in large electrical business; must be 16 years of age.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U.S.E.S. Permit No. 113.

LATHE OPERATORS.
Strong young men, with or without experience, to break in as piece workers on shell operations for our Edgewater, N. J., plant; five minutes from West 95th St. Dock, N. Y. Steamers leave half hourly. American Can Co.

LAYOUT MAN,
TOOL DESIGNERS
WANTED AT ONCE FOR
BUFFALO, N. Y.
1 LAYOUT MAN,
20 TOOL DESIGNERS;
GOOD PAY.
TRANSPORTATION PAID.
APPLY U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
HALL OF RECORDS,
81 CHAMBERS ST., NEW YORK,
OR U. S. EMPLOYMENT BUREAU
NEAREST YOUR HOME.

LEDGER CLERK.—Experienced; accustomed to handling large number of accounts; permanent position, with chance of advancement; state age, references, experience, and salary. K 209 Times. 1

LEDGER CLERK
accustomed to make large number of postings daily; must be accurate, and only those thoroughly experienced need apply. Cohen, Goldman & Co., 694 Broadway.

MACHINISTS.
First-class, all around sh

HELP WANTED—Male.

WATCHMAN, BETWEEN 25 AND 50; $4 A DAY FOR EIGHT HOURS WORK; UNIFORM FURNISHED; APPLY 7 A. M., TUESDAY, WOOD & CO., 31 B'WAY.

WATCH SALESMAN, with experience in high grade shops, AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

WATCHMAN—Night, for large warehouse; must have highest references; salary $18 weekly. B 338 Times.

WELFARE AND LABOR MAINTENANCE.—Practical man who has accomplished things; one with executive and creative ability; no theorist; unlimited future and good salary for right man to start; don't think you are too big for this position, as only man of proven ability considered; correspondence absolutely confidential. K 211 Times.

YOUNG MAN AS AN ASSISTANT ON BOOKS; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; ONE WHO HAS HAD ENTRY CLERK EXPERIENCE PREFERRED, BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. G 138 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN to learn wholesale watch and jewelry business; opportunity for intelligent, ambitious young man to eventually become salesman; must be willing to start at bottom, making himself generally useful, assist in shipping, taking orders, &c. Write in detail, giving age, education, experience, and salary desired to start. A 512 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for clerical position; must be quick and accurate at figures; neat penman, understand typewriting and have A1 reference; salary to start $15 per week, with excellent chance for advancement. August Mietz Corp., 138 Mott St. See Mr. Zulch.

YOUNG MAN to take charge of trimming and buttons departments and keep records for a shirt house; closed Saturdays, open Sundays; state age, salary, and references. A 522 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to start at moderate salary in bank where advancements are made from the ranks; an opportunity offered to learn the banking business. Address Box 35, 2,121 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in storeroom, familiar with electrical and plumbers' supplies. Call 9:30 A. M. Chas. Cory & Son, 145 Spring.

YOUNG MAN, 17, bright, strong, wanted by importer; permanent with prospects. B 851 Times.

YOUNG MEN.

We desire a few capable men having at least five years' experience in sales, shop, cost, accounting department of an electrical manufacturing business, preferably familiar with telephone equipment.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St. LICENSED BY U. S. E. S., PERMIT NO. 113.

YOUNG MEN

for messenger and mail service in large electrical business; must be 16 years of age.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St. LICENSED BY U.S.E.S., PERMIT NO. 118.

YOUNG MEN as inspectors on the Ediphone. Call Wednesday, Thos. A. Edison, 114 Liberty St., Room 703.

Instruction.

IF YOU ARE AWAKE

to the tremendous field of opportunity opening to men who are familiar with Foreign Trade Practices and principles, you will profit by investigating the Foreign Trade Class now forming at the West Side Y. M. C. A.

The most comprehensive and interesting Foreign Trade training ever offered in New York will be completed during the next six months with Dr. Edward Ewing Pratt, former Chief, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, as active director. Associated with Dr. Pratt in the lectures will be a staff of recognized authorities on International Commerce.

The special Foreign Trade booklet, "The Dominating Factor in American Business," explains your opportunities in this field and gives full details of the course. Let us send it to your business address at once.

W. ST SIDE Y. M. C. A., Educational Division, Department J. 502 West 57th St., New York.

INSPECTORS.—Competent and qualified Inspectors are urgently needed for the examination of the construction of airplanes and airplane parts.

We are instituting a course to give the necessary training to obtain certificate of qualification as aircraft inspector.

Government pay is $5 a month and up.

We are in touch with and have the approval of the Government.

Men who obtain our certificate will be assisted by us in obtaining a Government appointment.

Write, phone or call for particulars.

EDUCATIONAL DEPT., 4TH FLOOR, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

* POSITIONS AT $12 TO $30 A WEEK for TRAINED filing clerks; Government positions start at $1,000 a year; we train you thoroughly and promptly for these positions and place you; only school affiliated with a filing equipment house; instruction by experts. Classes now forming. Apply today. Phone Franklin 2261.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING.

The Shaw-Walker Company, 60 Franklin St., near Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.

New class in business English forms Thursday, Nov. 7, 6 to 8 o'clock; observe teaching methods and class procedures by attending this session; no obligation incurred. Write or telephone for ticket of admission; ask for Prof. Bulich; Tel. 75. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

MEN WANTED to learn a paying professional trade, Mechanical Dentistry. Splendid opportunities for trained men. Practical work all through. Perfectly equipped laboratories. Call or write. West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B., 25 West 45th St., New York.

MEN—EARN $25 TO $75 A WEEK. We teach Mechanical Dentistry by actual practice; no book study, short course, day or evening; easy payments; big demand now for our students. Write for free Booklet "C." Bodee Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 W. 44 St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

EARN $25 to $75 weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture studio and commercial photography; 3 months' studio practice; day or evening; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "H." N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY

as drugless physician; day and evening sessions; both courses; class now forming; write for Booklet B. Chiropractic University of New York, 1,416 Broadway, New York. Phone Bryant 6956.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

IF you are ambitious and want to increase your earning capacity quickly, investigate our Home-Study Training. Accepted applicants guaranteed satisfaction. International Accountants Society, 309 B'way, N. Y. City.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. Send for booklet and pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

MEN, over 21, plenty positions now open, moving picture operating; large field; pays $30 weekly upward; we teach you day and evening. Call at once. 644 8th Av., 42d St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 1916 five-passenger, in full condition, new tires, one extra; mirrorscope, spotlight, bumper; a real bargain. Baum, 415 West 55th, phone Columbus 7606.

BUICK 1918, 7-passenger; exceptional motor, good condition; see all day. Sachs, 101 5th Av., at 17th St.

BUICK roadster; wire wheels; time payments. Empire, 1,700 Broadway, (one flight up.)

BUICK, 1918, light 6 touring; like new; many extras; no dealers. Tel. Bay Ridge 2175-W.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK, 1918, touring car; 1917 Buick Sedan; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,700 B'dway.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

CADILLAC, seven-passenger 1917 touring car, carefully driven; perfect condition; great bargain; cash; no dealers. Address E. B. S., Times, or telephone 3453 Cortlandt.

CADALLAC landaulet, 1916; owner must sell at once; $1,450. Phone before 12. Pierson, Schuyler 6276.

CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.

ALEXANDER G. HARRIS, 1,700 Broadway.

CHALMERS brougham, town car; latest model, like new; also Pierce-Arrow touring, excellent condition; no dealers. 3490 Columbus.

CHANDLER
Rebuilt and Refinished.
USED CARS.

Model 18 7-passenger Fisher Sedan.
Model 17 7-passenger Springfield Sedan.
Model 17 7-passenger Limousine.
Model 18 4-passenger Chummy Runabout.
Model 18 7-passenger Touring.
Model 18 7-passenger Touring.
Model 18 4-passenger Dispatch.
Model 18 2-passenger Sport Roadster.
BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORP., 62d St. and Broadway.

CHANDLER 7-passenger, 1918 model, complete equipment; A1 condition; run two months. Telephone Audubon 4854.

CUNNINGHAM 1917 TOURING.

ALEXANDER G. HARRIS, 1,700 Broadway.

DANIELS CABRIOLET; a rare bargain; beautifully upholstered; wire wheels; run only 3,000 miles; lots of extras. Apply owner, Cortlandt 544.

DE DION-BOUTON SEDAN.

Most beautiful car in city; can't be told from new; Special built Brewster body; Westinghouse electric starter and lights; six Rudge-Whitmore wire wheels; condition guaranteed. International Automobile Exchange, 150 West 55th St.

DODGE, 1917, Sedan; excellent condition; also touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,700 Broadway.

DETROIT ELECTRIC with Edison batteries; newly painted; beautiful car; a bargain at $850. Phone Mr. Parrack, Columbus 3725.

DODGE 1918 Sedan; full equipment; excellent condition. Johnson, 133 8th Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 812.

DODGE SEDANS, 1918 AND 1917.

ALEXANDER G. HARRIS, 1,700 Broadway.

DORT 1917 5-pass. Sedan. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and Broadway.

FORD touring; Westinghouse starter, electric lights, shock absorbers, extra tires; mechanically perfect. Twinis, 74 Bay 26th St., Brooklyn.

HAYNES 1918, 6 cylinder, 7-passenger; latest series; fitted with new spare. Garrabrant, 536 Broad St., Newark. Mulberry 3240.

HUDSON Cabriolet, Super Six. 9657 Riverside.

INTERSTATE 1917 5-pass. Touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and B'way.

LANCIA 1918 FOUR-PASSENGER. Practically new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

KNOX limousine-landaulet, 6 cylinder, wire wheels; high class; original cost over $7,000; sell for $1,500; handsomest car in New York. 1,930 Broadway.

LEXINGTON brougham, condition like new, guaranteed by maker. Lexington, 1,850 Broadway. Columbus 1280.

LOZIER 1917 six-cylinder coupe, (inside drive,) excellent condition; any demonstration; price reasonable. Lozier Motor Co. of N. Y., Inc. Phone Bryant 3088.

MARMON 1918 Cabriolet, Fleetwood; unusually attractive.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY, 665 5th Av. Plaza 4837.

MARMON 1917, 7-passenger, guaranteed same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 1880 Broadway. Columbus 1028.

MARMON 1917 Limousine, guaranteed same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 1880 Broadway. Columbus 1028.

MARMON 1917, 4-passenger touring, guaranteed same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 1880 Broadway. Columbus 1028.

MARMON.—Touring; perfect condition; time payments. Empire, 1,700 Broadway, (one flight up.)

MARMON, 1917, Sedan; also limousine and touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

NATIONAL, late model, 12-cylinder, like new; no reasonable offer refused, many extras. 1,203 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 4636, open evenings.

$390.00.

Quick sale; 6-60 Oakland; wire wheels, 2 extra shoes; fine condition; 5-passenger, close-coupled touring car. Prager, 618 W. 115th. Cathedral 2931.

OLDSMOBILE cabriolet, 8 cylinders, 2 extra rims and tires, covers, chains, bumpers, spotlight; recently overhauled; runs like new; bargain. Telphone Bank, Orchard 842.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 Touring, excellent condition. Marmon Automobile Co., 1880 Broadway. Columbus 1028.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 5-pass. Touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and B'way.

OVERLAND touring; excellent condition; practically new; electric starter, lights; many extras; any demonstration desired; must sell, cash or time. 550 East 140th, Stationery Store.

OVERLAND 1917 Sedan or runabout, both in perfect condition; sell one or both reasonable for cash or time. 2,030 Broadway.

PACKARD 1918 FLEETWOOD TOWN CAR. PRACTICALLY NEW. INQUIRE PARK PLAZA GARAGE, 626 UNION ST., BROOKLYN.

PACKARD 1914, 48 H. P., touring and limousine body, excellent condition. Marmon Automobile Co., 1880 B'way. Columbus 1028.

PACKARD 1917 BROUGHAM LIMOUSINE. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

PACKARD, 1918, 3-35; new, undelivered touring car; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SAXON roadster, 6 cylinder, for sale; excellent condition; wire wheels; good looking; extra sedan top. Telephone Beekman 6511.

SEDAN BODIES, new, custom made, for Hupmobiles; discontinuing this branch of business; will sell below cost. Charles E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,741 Broadway.

SIMPLEX 38, brougham, shaft drive; perfect condition; must sell. 1,930 Broadway.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, 1918, thoroughly overhauled and newly painted; cost $2,200; will sell $1,600; equals new. DEMONSTRATE. 124 Telegram.

STEVENS-DURYEA seven-passenger touring car, Model C, electric self-starter; perfect condition. B. E. L., 714 5th Av.

STUTZ 1917 and 1916 4-Pass. ALEXANDER G. HARRIS, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1917 Touring; wire wheels; mechanically perfect; will sell very reasonably. Park Plaza Garage, 929 Union St., Brooklyn.

TWIN SIX PACKARD Sedan, classy, excellent condition; price $4,200. Phone Murray Hill 8720.

WINTON model 83. Enclosed drive, Westinghouse Air Springs. Extra tire and complete equipment. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.

PEUGEOT Suburban Sedan, latest improvements.

CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.

1918 NATIONAL Suburban Sedan; used only six weeks; special job.

1918 CHANDLER touring.

1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.

1917 PIERCE-ARROW 4-passenger.

1917 MERCER 4-passenger; sport model.

1917 CADILLAC limousine.

1917 STUTZ 4-passenger touring.

1917 STUTZ Speedster.

1916 STUTZ roadster; practically new.

1916 STUTZ Speedster, Bearcat.

1915 CADILLAC Sedan.

1915 CADILLAC touring.

1917 BUICK roadster.

HUDSON touring, 7-passenger.

1917 FORD roadster; electric starter.

TRUCKS! TRUCKS!

GARFORD FIVE-TON "dump" power hoist; has set of brand-new tires.

NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, 237 WEST 55TH ST.

TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO., Inc. 1,778 BROADWAY, AT 57TH ST.

1918 Paige Sed. 1917 Overland Lim.
1917 Buick Sedan. 1917 Cadillac Lim.
1917 Hudson Sedan. 1917 Buick Lim.
1918 & '17 Dodge Sed. 1917 Buick Lim.
1917 Chandler Sedan. 1917 & '16 Cadillac Tg.
1917 Oldsmobile Sed. 1917 Hudson, Tg.
1917 Hupmobile Sed. 1917 Overland Tg.
1918 Chandler Tg.

Time payments can be arranged.
Open Sundays 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.
OPEN EVENINGS AND SUNDAY.
Phone Circle 1417.

1917 MARMON CHUMMY 4-PASS.
1917 DODGE SEDAN.
1916 CADILLAC 7-PASS. TOURING.
1916 MARMON 7-PASS. TOURING.
1915 PACKARD 38 SEDAN.
1915 PACKARD 38 LIMOUSINE.
1915 PACKARD 38 TOURING.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO., 10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078, 5079.

SECOND-HAND CARS.—Discontinuing this branch of business; stock includes Hupmobile tourings, roadsters, sedans; Cadillacs, Overlands, &c.; no reasonable offers refused. Charles E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,741 Broadway.

HANDSOME PAIR BEAR ROBES; also 2 beautiful PLUSH ROBES (GENTLEMAN'S full lined overcoat; also chauffeur's fur coat; perfect condition; no cards offers refused. PRIVATE STABLE, 148 E. 39th, nr. Lex. Av.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) Limousine, $8 H. P. CADILLAC (1918) Limousine, like new. CADILLAC (1918) four passenger. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

1918 HUDSON 7-passenger touring car in excellent condition. J. J. Barrett, 141 So. Lexington Av., White Plains, N. Y. Phone 2183-R.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND INC., Broadway and 50th St.

Twin Six Packard sedan, classy, excellent condition; price, $4,200. Phone Murray Hill 8720.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PERSONAL.—INFORMATION WANTED OF the heirs of John and Esther Golden, or Goulding, formerly of Williamsburg, N. Y. Chas. S. Pettee, Admr., P. O. Box 1436, Providence, R. I.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BUICK 1918 7-PASS. TOURING.
MARMON 1918 Brougham; Town Car.
CADILLAC 1918 TOWN-CAR.
CADILLAC 1918 4-PASS.
OLDSMOBILE 1918 Roadster; run 100 miles.
FIAT FLEETWOOD Touring; latest imp.
HUDSON 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
CHALMERS 1917 LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
HUDSON 1917 TOWN CAR.
LANCIA 25 FLEETWOOD Sporting 4-Pass.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.

STEARNS KNIGHTS	OVERHAULED GUARANTEED
1917 Touring, 4 cyl.	
1917 Limousine, 4 cyl.	PRICES
1915 Landaulet, 4 cyl.	REASONABLE
1917 Touring, 8 cyl.	

TOURING AND LIMOUSINE BODIES.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

Motor Trucks.

WANTED—WHITE TRUCKS.

Private owner will pay spot cash, or trade 1-ton worm-drive Fords and cash, for ¾ or 2-ton White trucks. Give full particulars by mail only. M. A. Ward, 981 3d Av.

VIM PANEL BUSINESS CAR.
Model D 20, 1½ ton;
good condition; price $400.
Colt-Stratton Company,
109 W. 64th St. Tel. 7100 Columbus.

D. E. ¾-Ton Closed Delivery Wagon; refinished, A1 condition. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phones 4210-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD cars, nicely appointed; monthly service solicited, theatre, shopping. Ortenblad, Riverside 4426.

PACKARD 1917, beautiful limousine; hour, week, month, trip. Wilmarth, Tel. Columbus 8030.

PACKARD 7-passenger for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Murray Hill 4661.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED, 500 AUTOS.
SPOT CASH WAITING.
Bring cars to door. Telephone or write.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1,763 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2476.

WANTED—A limousine or landaulet, not older than 1917; high grade; must be in good condition; state price and make, with full description, to private cash buyer. Address Box G 144 Times.

WANTED, limousine top for 1917 five-passenger Stearns car; must be cheap. Answer in writing, giving details and price. Ned B. Johnson, 141 Broadway.

CARS WANTED.—Will pay spot cash for any good make. Phone Decatur 4636, 1,203 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Open evenings.

FORD wanted, touring or runabout; reasonable price; please state price and particulars in first letter. K 212 Times.

WANTED—Stutz, National, Pierce Arrow, Packard, or Buick; price must be reasonable. P. O. Box 103, Flushing, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE wanted; Sedan, Touring or Roadster; best price paid. Felnberg, 559 East 140th.

CADILLAC Sedan or coupe; no dealers. E. P. S., 807 Lexington Av., City.

Automobile Instruction.

20 REASONS 20

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 226 W. 57th St., at Broadway. Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue A.

Auto School: Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U.S. Send for booklet and pass Y. M. C. A. to school. Telephone Columbus 902 W. 57th St. 7920. Special classes for ladies.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50.
BEDFORD Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL,
1,121 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

$300 PER WEEK.
LONG-DISTANCE HAULING.

Yearly contract. Must deposit 25% toward purchase of new 3½ or 6 ton truck suited to our requirements. Operating fleet of Trucks Boston, New York, Philadelphia. PHONE S. M. WEIMER, BRYANT 2926.

DRUG STORE.
ESTABLISHED 6 YEARS.
SELL AT SACRIFICE.

Drug store in fast-growing section on subway line, near armory, 1,000 men stationed; store completely equipped; no lease; sell quickly; owner died; big chance; $3,500; will take part notes; no dealers; seen Sunday or all week. Mrs. Ambos, 2,639 Jerome Av., Kingsbridge Subway Station.

FOUNDRY WORK WANTED.

Well-equipped foundry located at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., turning out especially high grade of gray iron castings, is in a position to sub-contract on Government or other work; especially equipped to make machine or general machine castings; prompt delivery guaranteed. Write or wire Poughkeepsie Chamber of Commerce.

PRINTERS, STATIONERS AND GREETING CARD MANUFACTURERS:

Steel die engraving plant consisting of 8 power stamping machines and accessories, fully equipped; for sale at a bargain price. Excellent opportunity for entering a profitable enterprise. Will furnish full particulars on application. A 857 Times Annex.

Business associate wanted, man or woman, active or silent, to invest $10,000 and take half interest in enlarging & developing business. Exceptional opportunity to make large profits from the start; good salary. Further details at interview—no brokers or schemers. Successful. A 845 Times Annex.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.

An established motor transportation company with more business than present capacity will enter into yearly contract with several parties having $2,500 necessary to purchase truck; business guaranteed. Address Motor, B 350 Times.

To finance lucrative industrial enterprise, capital up to $25,000 is desired, with assurance of safety and good returns; principals only. A 515 Times Downtown.

$100,000 additional capital is required by well-established and well-rated export and import corporation. C 320 Times Downtown.

LUNCHROOM-RESTAURANT, self-serving, traffic section, $100-$300 daily; trial terms arranged. Swarts, 220 East 42nd St.

Fashionable Dressmaker; high class trade, wishes to go with high-class ladies' tailor, to reduce expenses. K 19 Times.

LONG established stenographic business for sale; location and income good. R 483 Times Downtown.

$1,500 capital needed to continue ladies' high grade hat factory; well established. C. C. 501 Times.

Experienced procurer of capital seeks dependable connections. H 797 Times Downtown.

Modern hardware business; big income; sacrifice price. Nehemiah, 54 Myrtle Av., Bklyn.

Three live letters that sell things, $10; evidence on request. K 31 Times.

Business Notices.

CORPORATIONS organized New York, including everything, $63.50; collections everywhere. Eichner, 1,547 Broadway. Bryant 7745.

FOR SALE.

Clothing.

SAVE MONEY ON FURS.
VISIT OUR HOUSE.
We have a special line in samples of LADIES' COATS. MEN'S COATS.
SETS OF LATEST STYLES.
Make your choice from our large stock of skins and have it made into anything you want. Money refunded if not satisfactory. A. MURSTEN, 23 EAST 8TH ST. TEL. STUYVESANT 3071.

Furniture.

Very large settle, suitable for studio, at sacrifice; seen by appointment. Mrs. A. E. Jameson. Tel. 6045 Morningside.

Horses and Carriages.

For sale to close the estate of Margaret E. Zimmerman, one pair docked tail horses, one pair long tail horses; also coupe, landau, and opera bus, blankets, harness, &c. Can be inspected at her stable, 206 East 52d St., or particulars may be had of Cruickshank Company, 141 Broadway.

Pianos and Organs.

RENT A PIANO, SMALL SIZE.
$4 MONTHLY AND UP.
Mahogany, oak, walnut and mission.
JAMES & HOLMSTROM PIANO CO., INC.,
23 East 14th St.

COURT DECISIONS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Jesse Fuller, Jr. of Brooklyn, N. Y., was admitted to practice.

25—Watts, Watts & Co., Ltd., pet., v. Unione Austriaca di Navigazione, &c.—Decree reversed, with costs, and cause remanded for further proceedings in conformity with opinion of this court.

28—Pittsburgh Melting Co., aplt., v. G. E. Totten, Inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry of Dept. of Agriculture.—Decree affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded.

The Chief Justice announced the following orders of the court:

524—W. U. Tel. Co., aplt, v. Louisville & Nashville Rd. Co.—Per curiam; dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

457—The Zanesville & Western Rd. Co., pff., v. C. F. Williams, administrator, &c.—Per curiam; dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

380—Louisville & Nashville Rd. Co., pff., v. the State of Alabama.—Per curiam; dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

352—Deschutes Rd. Co., aplt., v. Eastern Oregon Land Co.—Per curiam; dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

479—Int'l Paper Co., pet., v. The Schooner "Gracie D. Chambers," &c.—Motion to advance granted, and case assigned for Dec. 9.

668—Detroit United Rd., aplt., v. City of Detroit.—Motion to advance granted, and case assigned for Dec. 9, at the head of the call for that day.

345—A. L. Bugarman, pff., v. U. S.; 437—C. T. Schenck, pff., v. same; 436—E. Baer, pff., v. same, and 548—C. Kornmann, pff., v. same.—Motion to advance granted, and cases assigned for Jan 6.

716—The Columbus Rd. Co., Power & Light Co., aplt., v. The City of Columbus, Ohio, et al.—Motion to advance granted, and case assigned for Jan 6.

84—The Estate of P. D. Beckwith, Inc., pet., v. the Commissioner of Patents.—Pet. for writ of cert. to Court of Appeals of the D. of C., granted.

649—A. Crocker, et al., trustees, pets., v. J. F. Malley, Collector of Int. Rev.—Pet. for writ of cert to First Cir. Court of Appeals, granted.

682—D. Tyrell, pet., vs. E. C. Shaffer et al.—Pet. for writ of cert. to Okla. Supreme Court granted.

625—Seaboard Air Line R. R. Co., pet., vs. J. J. Gray.—Pet. for writ of cert. to S. Car. Supreme Court granted.

523—Western Union Telegraph Co., aplt., vs. The Atlanta & West Point R. R. Co.—Pet. for a writ of cert. herein denied.

524—Same vs. The Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co.—Pet. for writ of cert. herein denied.

525—Same vs. The Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis R. R.—Pet. for writ of cert. herein denied.

558—Same, pet., vs. Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co.—Pet. for writ of cert. to Sixth Cir. Court of Appeals denied.

624—The Cudahy Packing Co., pet., vs. W. K. Bixby et al., receivers, &c.—Pet. for writ of cert. to Kansas City Court of Appeals denied.

648—Louisiana Navigation Co., pet., vs. Oyster Commission of La. et al.—Pet. for writ of cert. to La. Supreme Court denied.

683—The State of La., pet., vs. New Orleans Land Co.—Pet. for writ of cert. to La. Supreme Court denied.

678—S. T. Hills, as Trustee, &c., pet., vs. C. D. Stimson Co.—Pet. for writ of cert. to State of Wash. Supreme Court denied.

686—M. Sugar, pet., vs. U. S.—Pet. for writ of cert. to Sixth Cir. Court of Appeals denied.

687—Same vs. Same—Decision same.

703—S. R. Maynard, pet., vs. M. G. Reynolds et al., &c.—Pet. for writ of cert. to Eighth Cir. Court of Appeals denied.

717—D. Sturm et al., pets., vs. J. S. Stump et al.—Pet. for writ of cert. to Fourth Cir. Court of Appeals denied.

Order.—It is ordered by the court that Section 3 of Rule 37 of the Rules of Practice of this court be amended so as to read as follows: 3. Where an application is submitted to this court for a writ of certiorari to review a decision of a Circuit Court of Appeals or any other court, it shall be necessary for the petitioner to furnish as an exhibit to the petition a certified copy of the entire transcript of record of the case, including the proceedings in the court to which the writ of certiorari is asked to be directed. The petition shall contain only a summary and short statement of the matter involved and the general reasons relied on for the allowance of the writ. A failure to comply with this provision will be deemed a sufficient reason for denying the petition. Thirty printed copies of such petition and of any brief deemed necessary shall be filed. Notice of the date of submission of the petition, together with a copy of the petition and brief, if any, in support of the same shall be served on counsel for the respondent at least two weeks before such date in all cases, except where the counsel to be notified resides west of the Rocky Mountains, in which cases the time shall be at least three weeks. The brief for the respondent, if any, shall be filed at least three days before the date fixed for the submission of the petition. Oral argument will not be permitted on such petitions, but they may be submitted in open court by counsel or by the Clerk on request of counsel, and no petition will be received within three days next before the day fixed upon for the adjournment of the court for the term.

366—Occidental Const. Co., pfff., v. U. S.—Motion to dismiss submitted for defendant in support of motion and for plaintiff in opposition thereto.

692—Altheimer & Rawlings Investment Co., pet., v. E. B. Allen, U. S. Collector, &c.—Motion to dismiss petition for writ of certiorari granted, submitted for respondent.

—Jacob Abrams, S. Lipman, H. Rosansky, H. Lachowsky, and M. Steimer, pffs., v. U. S.—Motion to admit plaintiffs to full submission for plaintiffs, with leave to counsel for the defendant to file opposition within four days.

290—Oregon-Washington Rd. & Nav. Co., pff., v. Stoddard Lumber Co.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for defendant.

494—The Okla. Operating Co., aplt., v. J. E. Love et al., &c.—Motion to advance submitted for appellant.

2—The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Rd. Co., pff., v. A. J. Fink.—Passed, to be restored to the call on motion of counsel for plaintiff.

—Same, pff., v. W. M. Forbes.—Motion to dismiss submitted for defendant in support of motion and for plaintiff in opposition thereto.

—Lay et al., pffs., v. R. C. Lay et al.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for defendants and for plaintiffs in opposition thereto.

372—C. B. Shaffer, aplt., v. E. B. Howard, State Auditor, &c., et al.—Passed, to be restored.

625—Western Union Telegraph Co., aplt., vs. the Atlanta & West Point R. R. Co.—Motion to dismiss submitted for appellee and for aplt. in opposition thereto.

602—Altheimer & Rawlings Investment Co., pet., v. E. B. Allen, Collector of Int. Rev.—Pet. for writ of cert. to Eighth Cir. Court of Appeals submitted by both pet. and resp.

709—J. F. Bishop, administrator, et al., pets., v. Great Lakes Towing Co.—Petition for writ of cert. to Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals submitted.

710—Pittsburgh Coal Co. of Ill., pet., v. Great Lakes Towing Co.—Pet. for writ of cert. to Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals submitted.

726—Northwestern Elec. Equipment Co., pet., v. Benjamin Electric Mfg. Co.—Pet. for writ of cert. to Second Circuit Court of Appeals submitted for both pet. and resp.

310—Gulf Oil Corp., pet., v. C. G. Lewellyn, Collector of Int. Rev., &c.—Argued.

312—Alaska Pacific Fisheries, aplt., v. U. S.—Argued.

235—U. S., pfff., v. E. M. Comyns et al.—Argument commenced for pfff. and continued for defts.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Nov. 5—Nos. 285, 361, (and 392, 393, and 394,) 357, 277, (and 329, 330, and 353,) 320, (and 321,) 21 orig., 218, 378, 3 orig., and 1.

FOR SALE.

POUGHKEEPSIE, NEW YORK, INVITES THE MANUFACTURER TO INVESTIGATE

Who wants larger manufacturing quarters, Who is seeking a superior distributing location,

Who is desirous of obtaining factory or building accommodations immediately,

Who is prevented from building by the War Industries Board or increased cost of construction.

We have several plants engaged in the manufacture of nonessential war products at Poughkeepsie that will sell or lease their properties to any reputable manufacturing institution employing male labor. Four ways of transportation—N. Y. C. and C. N. E. railroads; Hudson River; Motor Truck by State Highway. Let us know your requirements.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
POUGHKEEPSIE, NEW YORK.

We Make and Sell
NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS
AND CREDIT FILES.

Lowest prices. Small monthly payments. No interest charges. Written guarantee. Old registers repaired, rebuilt, bought, sold, and exchanged.

THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO.,
New York Office, 1,170 Broadway.
Jersey City Office, 24 Newark Av.
Brooklyn Office, 75 Court St.

Dining room, vicinity Columbia University; accommodate 125 persons; newly renovated; modern conveniences with full equipment. Z 343 Times Annex.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED,
NONVISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $6.00.
VISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $12.00.
Initial Payment Applies if Purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.,
339 Broadway, at Worth St. TEL. 5408
20 E.23d St., opp. Madison Av. FRANKLIN.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following promoted to be Captains:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Peterson, R. W.	Shaw, H. W.
Umburn, L. R.	Wall, C.
Wenner, H. L., Jr.	Lazenby, E. K.
Speer, O. K.	Spiegel, B. E.
Steele, G. H.	

Following appointed Captains:

Sanes, K. I.	Merritt, C. W.
McClain, J.	Nicholson, J. M.
Phillips, W. L.	Vedder, H. A.
Huffman, W. G.	Petty, H. H.
Stone, G. H.	Leckert, E. L.
Davis, F. C.	Driscoll, W. S.
Wegeforth, H. M.	Dandurant, L. J.
Neuberger, J.	McCall, T. E.
Porterfield, E. P.	McCormick, F. L.
Kimble, H.	Walsh, E. A.
Scrivener, D. S.	Utley, J. D.
Orr, C. C.	Thomas, S. B.
Hussey, C. B.	Berggren, T. J.
Estopinal, J. A.	Dodge, Q. M.
Wholey, C. C.	Kirk, A. A.
Reesor, O. R.	Jones, O. A.
Parker, G. H.	Rhodes, T. A.
Fahnestock, E.	Duff, R. R.
Floyd, W. O.	Durfee, Jr., B.
Moore, W. A.	Worthington H.
Eakins, C. F.	Schmid, W. F.
Williams, J. P.	Brindamour, J. E.
O'Connor, E. T.	Stevenson, E. C.
Mayes, O. B.	Hull, H. C.
Smith, A. E.	Morrison, W. R.
Flanagan, B. F.	Frink, R. P.
Nightingale, J.	Weinfield, L. M.
Ayer, G. D.	Snyder, R. G.
Bird, J. E.	Hilton, D. C.
Lee, W. P.	

Following to Camp Crane with Surg. Group No. 9:

CAPTAINS.

Barrow, C.	Ross, W. F.
Fewsmith, J. L.	Warden, H. F.
Kaull, L. P.	Withers, I. A.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Friedman, S. S.	Witherstone, W. H.

Hendricks, Capt

WRECK MOTORMAN CHOSEN AT RANDOM

B. R. T. Men, at Hylan Inquiry, Say He Was Sent Out with No Question as to Qualifications.

HAD NEVER RUN OVER LINE

Total Training Only 80 Hours—Prosecutor Lays Foundation for Bringing In Officials.

The investigation begun in Brooklyn before Mayor Hylan, sitting as a Magistrate to fix the criminal responsibility for the wreck on the Brighton Beach line of the B. R. T. on Friday night, which caused the death of ninety-four persons and the serious injury of more than 100, revealed that Motorman E. A. Lewis, who ran the train, had had a total of not more than eighty hours' training as a motorman and had never run a train on the Brighton Beach line before.

Lewis, whose real name is Luciano, volunteered to take charge of the train after a day's work as train dispatcher at the Culver Depot, when he learned that the B. R. T. was short six motormen on the Brighton line because of the strike. District Attorney Lewis, who questioned the witnesses, devoted much of his time to laying a foundation for proof that Lewis, or Luciano, had never been regularly trained as a motorman, had never been compelled to undergo an examination to test his qualifications, and that he was picked, haphazard, at the last minute to run the train.

The first move at the hearing was to put in evidence the names of President T. S. Williams, Vice President J. J. Dempsey, and other officials and Directors of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and its subsidiary, the New York Consolidated Railroad. District Attorney Lewis said his plan was to show that no regulations were in force to insure only the employment of fit men where human lives were at stake, and to fix the blame for the failure on those legally charged with the responsibility for the safe operations of trains. The hearing had not progressed far when it was adjourned until Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

Whitney Again Attacks Hylan.

No legal steps were taken yesterday to question the propriety of Mayor Hylan sitting as a Magistrate in the case, although Public Service Commissioner Travis H. Whitney reopened the attack on the Mayor. In addition to his earlier charge that the Mayor disqualified himself for any judicial position in the inquiry by publishing his conclusions as to the guilt prior to the hearing, Commissioner Whitney assailed the Mayor on three other points.

He made public copies of thirteen letters, written by Mayor Hylan while a County Judge, to Vice President John J. Dempsey of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, soliciting places with the company for personal friends or thanking Mr. Dempsey for finding places for his friends. These were written at times between June 3, 1915, and May 8, 1917. Mr. Whitney pointed out that actions to which the B. R. T. was a party were being tried before Judge Hylan during this period.

Commissioner Whitney also asserted that Mayor Hylan, who was formerly a motorman for the B. R. T., had been discharged for driving a train around a curve at excessive speed. His third objection to Mayor Hylan was that the Mayor was an honorary member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, whose members had been accused of sharing the responsibility for the disaster by going on strike without warning.

Mayor Hylan declined to make any statement when his attention was called to these charges. His Secretary said in his behalf:

"Commissioner Whitney's personal attack will not deter the Mayor from doing his full duty in the inquiry now being conducted."

The Text of the Complaint.

The complaint, which furnished the basis for the John Doe inquiry before Mayor Hylan, was made by Police Lieutenant Francis J. Finn, and was as follows:

"Francis J. Finn of Police Headquarters, aged 49 years; occupation, Lieutenant, Police Department of the City of New York, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that on Nov. 1, 1918, in the city and county aforesaid, one Edward Luciano, alias Anthony Lewis; one Samuel Rosoff, one John Doe, and one Richard Roe, the last two names being fictitious, their true names being unknown to the deponent, each aiding and abetting the other, did commit the crime of manslaughter as follows:

"On Nov. 1, 1918, the said Luciano being the motorman in charge of and operating a railroad train on the Brighton Beach line, the said Rosoff being the guard upon said train, and the said John Doe and Richard Roe being the agents of the corporation or railroad and having charge, supervision, and control of the operation of the said train and the employment and direction of the motorman and crew thereof, did unlawfully cause the death of one E. E. Porter of 309 Caton Avenue, Brooklyn, and about eighty other persons, who were passengers upon said railroad train, in the following manner:

"The said Luciano, Rosoff, John Doe, and Richard Roe, each aiding and abetting the other, did knowingly cause and permit the said railroad train to be operated at an excessive and dangerous rate of speed around a curve near Malbone Street, on the said Brighton Beach line, causing the derailment and wrecking of said train, and did knowingly suffer and permit the said train to be operated by an insufficiently trained and inexperienced incompetent, and unqualified motorman and crew, and upon and over an improperly constructed roadbed and track, the derailment and wrecking of the said train and the deaths caused thereby resulting from the unlawful and culpable negligence of the said Luciano, Rosoff, John Doe, and Richard Roe."

The first witness called at the hearing was James H. Walker, Secretary of the Public Service Commission, who furnished records relating to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and its subsidiaries. He was followed by Peter Gorman of 108 Saratoga Street, a towerman at Franklin Avenue, who said that the train which later was wrecked was bearing no distinguishing lamps in front when it arrived at his tower. Unable to tell what track it should take, he switched it along Fulton Street. The motorman stopped the train immediately and shouted to Gorman that he was on the wrong track.

Showed No Lights.

Towerman Gorman then ordered him to go ahead to the next switch, and the train was finally shunted back on the Brighton Beach line. Gorman said it was the duty of the motorman and conductor to see that the colored lights indicating the route of the train were burning in front, but that there were no lights whatever on this particular train.

This testimony was brought out by the District Attorney to prove that Motorman Lewis knew nothing of his duties, and that the mistake which he made in not having his lights burning was one of the causes of the accident, because Lewis speeded up later to make up for the time lost in getting back to the right track.

Edward N. Brody, trainmaster at the Culver Depot, gave evidence which District Attorney Lewis believed to be highly damaging to B. R. T. officials, as indicating that little pains or system were used in training men to be motormen. He said he was discussing the shortage of motormen caused by the strike, when Lewis, who had been dispatching trains, broke in with: "I'll take a train out."

Division Supt. T. F. Bluette, who was present at the discussion, spoke up, according to Brody, and said: "This man is a qualified motorman."

Brody then assigned him to a train. Brody, who was in charge of making up train crews at the Culver depot, admitted that he had never seen any record indicating that Lewis had any qualifications. He said he took the word of Bluette and of Lewis himself and sent him without question to take a train. Brody was asked if there was any system of records in which men were registered as qualified train operators.

"I don't know," he said. "I never saw any records of that kind."

Brody said he had seen Lewis riding with other motormen to learn train operation, but that he knew Lewis had never before been in charge of a train on the Brighton Beach line.

Joseph Doyle, a passenger on the train which was wrecked, said he thought it was going seventy miles an hour when it jumped the track in the tunnel. He said that at every stop, after the train had missed the switch, passengers had been thrown from their seats as Lewis brought the train from high speed to a sudden stop. He said many passengers, frightened by the way the train was being handled, got out at the preceding station in time to avoid the accident.

George Nordstrom corroborated this, and said that several minutes after the accident he and a friend had seen Motorman Lewis, and his friend asked: "What was the matter with your brakes?"

"Somebody must have been tampering with them," replied Lewis. "There was something the matter back in the fourth and fifth cars."

Nordstrom quoted his friend as denying this and accusing Lewis of not having touched the brakes.

District Attorney Lewis said the man who had this discussion with the motorman would be called at a later hearing. An examination of the wrecked train, he said, convinced experts that there had been nothing the matter with the brakes.

Bail Fixed at $5,000.

At the end of the hearing Mayor Hylan fixed the bail of Lewis at $5,000 and that of Samuel Rossof, a guard, who was technically a defendant with him, at $1,000.

Before the hearing District Attorney Lewis called at the St. Regis Hotel, at the request of Governor Whitman, and discussed the accident, promising to lay every fact in connection with it before him. At Republican headquarters Governor Whitman said later in the day:

"I assured District Attorney Lewis that he would have all the support that the State could give him in making the investigation."

The letters made public by Public Service Commissioner Whitney showed that Mayor Hylan had asked the B. R. T. to hire new men, to reinstate old employes, and to give better jobs to some men working for the B. R. T. who were dissatisfied with their places. Mr. Whitney made this statement:

"I have said that Mayor Hylan has been Magistrate and County Judge with criminal jurisdiction, and have asked whether he ever initiated any criminal proceedings as to competent motormen or otherwise. He has railed loudly and capitalized personally Brooklyn prejudice against the B. R. T., but he has opposed or failed to act upon plans that would have allowed steel cars to take the place of wooden cars, and, while a Judge, privately sought and obtained favors at the hands of the B. R. T. The Fulton Street elevated must be strengthened or replaced to carry steel cars safely. He has had this responsibility since he became Mayor and has failed to act. Why?

"As County Judge he frequently had before him civil damage suits against the B. R. T. The court records are open to every one as to the outcome of these suits. Yet while he was a County Judge, sitting judicially in cases brought against the B. R. T., and when that company might regard his favorable attitude as important, he frequently wrote asking for jobs. That is, publicly he was personally capitalizing the unpopularity of the company, as a Judge he was acting, as the records show, and he was privately obtaining favors from the company.

"Mayor Hylan is anxious to be known as a letter writer. I feel it necessary to make public letters that the Mayor apparently has not yet felt free to publish. Some time ago, in inquiring as to methods of employment and of training employes, I learned of frequent recommendations by Judge Hylan. Several days ago, with the power of subpoena at my disposal, I secured the letters of which copies and reproductions are now made public. They speak for themselves. Why is the Mayor eager now to sit judicially?"

Typical Hylan Letters.

The following are typical letters:

County Court Chambers, Kings County,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
John F. Hylan, County Judge.
April 22, 1916.

Mr. J. J. Dempsey, Superintendent of Transportation, Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Dempsey: The bearer is Mr. Joseph Bacchi of 146 Hamburg Avenue, who wishes to be reinstated with your company.

Any consideration you may be able to consistently extend to him will be appreciated. Very truly yours,
JOHN F. HYLAN.

County Court Chambers, Kings County,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
John F. Hylan, County Judge.
April 14, 1916.

Mr. J. J. Dempsey, Superintendent, Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dr. Mr. Dempsey: I am very much interested in Mr. Milton Brandt, who is a ticket agent at the Union Street Station in the subway and who is desirous of obtaining a position as conductor on the surface cars.

The reason Mr. Brandt desires to be transferred to the surface cars as a conductor is that he will have an opportunity to earn a better salary. He is married and finds it is very hard for himself and his wife to get along on the salary he is now earning.

Any consideration you may extend to Mr. Brandt will be appreciated.
Very truly yours,
JOHN F. HYLAN.

County Court Chambers, Kings County,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
John F. Hylan, County Judge.
March 20, 1917.

Mr. J. J. Dempsey, Superintendent, Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Dempsey: The bearer is Mr. Charles Worter of 966 East Ninety-sixth Street, Brooklyn, a young man in whom I am very much interested. He wishes very much to obtain a position with your company. I can recommend him as an honest, capable, and energetic young man.

Any consideration you may extend to him will be greatly appreciated by me. Very truly yours,
JOHN F. HYLAN.

County Court Chambers, Kings County,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
John F. Hylan, County Judge.
March 20, 1917.

Mr. J. J. Dempsey, Superintendent, Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Dempsey: The bearer is Mr. Henry F. Wodemeyer of 434 Himrod Street, Brooklyn, a young man in whom I am personally interested.

He wishes to obtain a position with your company. I can recommend him to you as an honest, capable, and energetic young man.

Any consideration you may extend to him will be greatly appreciated by me. Very truly yours,
JOHN F. HYLAN.

Goes Into Mayor's Record.

In attacking the qualifications of the Mayor to sit as a Magistrate in the case, Commissioner Whitney said:

"I am not surprised that Alfred E. Smith repudiates the efforts of Mayor Hylan and his friends by public statements and advertisements, to capitalize personally and politically a disaster.

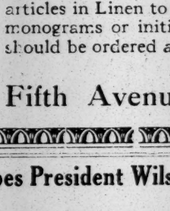
"Mayor Hylan was once a motorman on the B. R. T. I am informed, on inquiry, that he was dismissed from the service for having taken a curve at excessive speed. Perhaps that peculiarly qualified him now to sit in judgment, as a Magistrate, to determine whether another motorman took a curve at excessive speed. He talks of laws and ordinances that would insure competent motormen. Will he describe the provisions of a law that would have guaranteed Motorman Hylan to be so competent that he would not take a curve at excessive speed?

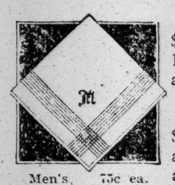
"This accident is the climax to labor difficulties in which both sides have been narrow minded and unmindful of public obligations. Neither side acted in accordance with either the letter or the spirit of the understanding between President Wilson and the great labor leaders of the country that there would not be strikes and that the Government would secure justice for labor. Should there not, therefore, be a Grand Jury or other inquiry to fix the responsibility for violation of President Wilson's industrial peace?

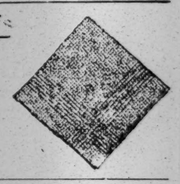
PROTECTION
against loss of either principal or interest is absolutely guaranteed to the holders of our
5% GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

GET IT NOW!
And practice economy in Cooking. It deliciously flavors left-overs; makes second cuts equal to first; makes the monthly allowance go further. Economize!
LEA & PERRINS SAUCE
THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE
Get that *tang* and *flavor!*

The Search-Light
OF PUBLIC SCRUTINY has been turned on the Arnheim Uniforms for over FORTY YEARS.
To-day, these Uniforms in their military accuracy, fit and are MODELS OF SATISFACTION to Army, Navy, Marine and Aviation Officers.
Uniforms Made to Order
from $30 up. OVERCOATS too. A few all ready to wear away. Open all day.
W.S.S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS SHOULD BE BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.
P. S.—*Every stamp you buy helps "Unconditional Surrender."*
Arnheim Axioms.

Buy Thrift and W. S. S. Regularly
Christmas Handkerchiefs (All Pure Linen) *at* McCutcheon's
"THE LINEN STORE" has long been famous for its wonderful Holiday stocks of Pure Linen Handkerchiefs. It is, therefore, with great pleasure that we announce that our selection this year is quite as complete as those of previous years, notwithstanding war conditions.
It gives us added pleasure to be able to share with our patrons generous advantages in price, due to our foresight in anticipating the present Linen shortage before prices advanced.
Hand-Embroidered Handkerchiefs

We are showing a fine selection of sheer, dainty Swiss, Spanish, Irish and Madeira Hand Embroidered Handkerchiefs.
Swiss, 50c, 65c, 75c, $1.00 each, and up.
Spanish, 35c, 50c, 65c, 75c, $1.00 each, and up.

Irish, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 each, and up.
Madeira, 35c, 50c, 75c, 85c, $1.00 each, and up.
Plain Hemstitched Handkerchiefs
All Pure Linen, of McCutcheon Quality
For Women: In sheer and medium weights, $2.00, 3.00, 4.50, 6.00, 9.00 per dozen, and up.
For Men: Generous in size, wide or narrow hems, $4.00, 6.00, 7.50, 9.00 per dozen, and up.
McCutcheon's Initial Handkerchiefs
All Pure Linen, Neatly Hand-Embroidered

For Men: $6.00, 7.80, 9.00 and 12.00 per dozen, and up.
For Women: $3.00, 4.00, 6.00 and 7.80 per dozen, and up.

Men's, 75c ea. Women's, 50c ea.
Children's Initial Handkerchiefs, 3 for 65c
Khaki Linen Handkerchiefs For Army Men

Pure Linen, ample large. An excellent and most practical gift for any Army man.
Prices: 65c and 75c each.
We respectfully suggest that Handkerchief selections be made at once, while stocks are complete, and we call attention, further, to the fact that patrons will find it decidedly advantageous at this time to add to their own stock, as well as to select Handkerchiefs for gift purposes.
Special Note—Handkerchiefs or other articles in Linen to be embroidered with monograms or initials for the Holidays should be ordered *at once*.

Reg. Trade Mark
Fifth Avenue, 34th & 33d Streets

LOST AND FOUND.
Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—At Child's Restaurant, Columbus Circle, noon, Nov. 4, black leather pocketbook containing sum of money, photograph in small gilt frame, and small red leather notebook; reward. Finder please phone Chelsea 3500.

LOST—Last Saturday afternoon, in 3d Av. "L" train, "Sibyl" 2½x2½ Camera No. 5, Carl Zeiss F6.3 lens. Write or phone Lieut. S. T. Fortuine, Rockefeller Hospitalu, Plaza 6800. Reward.

LOST—Nov. 3, on Harlem Speedway at about 138d St., a silver vanity case with a little more than $3 in bills and change. Finder please notify F. Megnin, 72 Pinehurst Av. Liberal reward.

LOST—Friday, Nov. 1, a diamond and platinum bar pin. Finder return to Apartment 7E, 120 West 70th St., N. Y., and receive suitable reward and no questions asked.

LOST—On Brooklyn Bridge, between 3 and 4, a handbag containing two $50 Liberty bonds and two $10 Liberty bonds, and a teachers' check; reward. B 356 Times.

LOST—Broadway, 70th-65th Sts., or on No. 5 Washington Square Bus, 26 inch string blue lapis beads, alternating small gold beads; reward. B 264 Times.

LOST—Gold chain bracket with ruby, sapphire, emerald, old fashioned setting, Lincoln penny. Mrs. H. L. Bodman, 35 East 68th St.; reward.

LOST—Sunday, leather pocketbook, containing 2 bonds, diamond ring, $40, on 40th St., between 2 and 4 P. M. Liberal reward. 1,129 45th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Between 40th and 62d St., on Fifth Av., sum $45, Monday, between 2:30 and 4 P. M. McMaher, 6 East 62d St. Tel. Plaza 8988. Reward.

LOST—Left in taxicab from 47th St. and Broadway to 260 Wadsworth Av., blue fox stole; colored driver; suitable reward. Phone St. Nicholas 312.

LOST—$200; a soldier going over lost this amount Friday or Saturday. Finder may reach owner through Carl Percy. Telephone 412 Gramercy.

LOST—Between Hotel Webster and 47th St. Theatre, diamond and platinum earring; reward if returned to Hotel Webster, 40 West 45th.

LOST—Pocketbook, yesterday, containing $200; widow's savings; reward; no questions asked. Dependent, S. K., 110 Times.

LOST—Hotel Vanderbilt, Oct. 31, two rings; reward, no questions asked. Apply Apartment 7B, 157 West 57th St.

LOST — Pearl-diamond ring at Newbury, Labor Day; reward. Harbeck, 306 Lexington Av.

LOST—Zeta Psi fraternity pin with Z of pearls; reward. S 432 Times Downtown.

LOST—Gold fob, initials "J. J. T.," Saturday; reward. 534 5th Av.

Found.

FOUND—Bracelet, Oct. 31, vicinity Columbus Circle. Write H., 288 Columbus Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Oct. 14, small female screw-tail Boston bull, brindle and white; $50 reward for return to Theo H. Clifford, Lyon and Curtis Sts., East Elmhurst, L. I. Tel. 7503 Newtown.

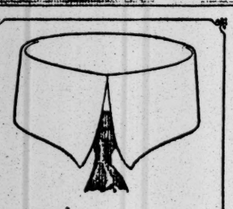
LOST—Small, white, wire-haired fox terrier puppy; hind foot lame; license 9067. Return Coleman, 50 W. 51st. $10 reward.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

BROOKLYNITES
★ VOTE FOR ★
MACMAHON
for County Judge
"He is the best-equipped candidate for this office that I have known in a long time."
"Hon. MARTIN W. LITTLETON,
"Former Borough Pres., Bklyn."

ASK FOR and GET
Horlick's
The Original
Malted Milk
For Infants and Invalids
OTHERS are IMITATIONS

Open till Six
We are Candidates for Re-election
Again we stand before the voters of New York as candidates to represent them in the matter of good clothes.
Standing squarely on our record, we ask you to vote a straight clothes ticket as follows: For your new Winter Suit and Overcoat,—a
Hart Schaffner & Marx Suit and Overcoat
No matter what price ticket you vote—$30, $35, $40, $45 or $50—we know we can surprise you in the amount of style, quality and variety you will find at the price you want to pay.
Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d
Open till 6 P. M. today


SPURWOOD
A collar with marked personality. The mark is E. & W.
E&W
EARL & WILSON

Association of Good Names
Every little while (or oftener) somebody says to us, "Why Hart Schaffner & Marx? Why Stetson? Why Manhattan?—Why not just *WALLACH* Clothes, Hats or Shirts?"
We have answered the question publicly and privately many times—
But—a good tale bears repeating. So here it is again:
We chose these well-known makes of merchandise because, after a pretty careful combing of the market, we found nothing that so nearly filled our requirements of Quality, Style, and Value; and that had done so consistently for so many years.
But there's another big reason.
These Makers feel toward the wearers of their goods as we do. They recognize the importance of satisfying *YOU*—and the greater importance of keeping you satisfied.
They are proud of their goods. Which is why they put their names in them. And there can be no greater assurance of quality than that. Men don't put their names in what they are ashamed of.
Yes, we could make more money on nameless goods; and maybe they would be just as well made—and of just as fine materials.
But we cut "maybe" and "perhaps" and "just as good" out of our Store policy from the start.
An increasing number of New Yorkers like to buy where there isn't any "maybe" about it.
So "perhaps"—we aren't losing by giving up the profit that goes with it.
We think so.
And besides, we like to be associated with good names.
Don't you?
Est. 1887 **Wallach Bros.** Est. 1887
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d. Ave., cor. 122d
The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Does President Wilson deserve a vote of confidence?
READ THE WAR NEWS AND YOU ARE ANSWERED
BACK UP THE PRESIDENT
Every voter should give a generous and appreciative support to the man who is bringing
Peace With Honor
TO THE UNITED STATES
Endorse the President
by voting for
HERBERT C. PELL, Jr.
17th Congressional District.
This advertisement inserted by Herbert C. Pell.

Some Tires!
TIRE BUYERS who know come to Tire Headquarters. The cream of the market is here at worth-while savings. Save a ten spot on your next purchase.

30x3½	Non-Skid	$12.84
31x4	"	18.97
33x4	"	19.97
34x4	"	22.45
36x4½	"	28.93

Get Our Low Prices on Other Sizes.
Manufacturers' Surplus Tire Co.
789 7th Av., bet. 51st & 52d Sts., N.Y.

BACARDI Makes the Perfect
COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL
Try It and Be Convinced.